"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair today; Friday rain, warmer; increasing south winds.
For full weather report see Page 23.

VOL. LXVII...NO. 21,817. NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1917.—TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

ONE CENT In Greater New York. | TWO CENTS Within Commuting Distance. | THREE CENTS Elsewhere.

DEMANDS OF HYLAN WHAT HE KNOWS OF HIDDEN PAPERS

Mayor Presses Tammany Candidate in What He Calls a 'Disreputable' Court Case.

'PUBLIC SCANDAL' HE SAYS

Mitchel, Continuing Attacks Based on Disclosures, Again Questions Murphy.

ALSO DENOUNCES TURNER

Says His Affidavit Exculpating Judge Hylan "Strains Credulity to the Breaking Point."

Mayor Mitchel continued yesterday, in a statement, to ask questions of Judge John F. Hylan, his Tammany opponent, and Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, regarding the disclosures of Judge Hylan's past business dealings now being published in The New York World. The Mayor took up the evidence showing that certain legal papers relating to a case in which Judge Hylan was interested were missing from the Third District Municipal Court of Brooklyn, and that on the margin of the record is the notation: "Taken by Hylan, 1,080 Gates Avenue, party to examine," and he asked these questions:

"I now ask Judge Hylan if he knows where the missing papers in the Whitney case are hidden. I now ask Judge Hylan whether he was the man who attempted to erase the name of Hylan in the court record of the Whitney-Schwartz case. I now ask Charles F. Murphy whether he or others behind the Hylan nomination had previous knowledge of this public scandal." This is the Mayor's statement:

"Nothing could be more brazen than Judge Hylan's attempt to disprove his connections with the swindler, Goslin, by calling Charles E. Turner to his aid. He might as well attempt to prove by John H. McCooey that he never had political relations with Charles F. Murphy.

"Consider what Justice Greenbaum said, in 1906, of Charles E. Turner, Judge Hylan's former office mate and now his defender, when the Supreme Court was asked to pass upon one of Turner's deals:

> There is strong reason to suspect that this action is the result of a conspiracy between plaintiff, (Turner,) his assignor, and the defendants, Whiteman and Uhren, apparently tools of Alfred R. Goslin, to defraud the other defendants.

"With that judicial statement in mind, I fail to see how Mr. Turner's present affidavit can be believed, when we have Goslin's own affidavit backed by Goslin's checks, that Goslin 'agreed to pay Turner for Hylan's campaign expenses, and loan said Hylan $1,000 additional for these campaign expenses'; that 'Hylan and Turner called upon deponent a large number of times'; and that 'Hylan personally handed to said Goslin the assignment of these judgments.'

"Goslin's affidvait is at least credible. It is backed by Goslin's checks, received and cashed by Hylan. Every fact of which we have record can be explained by Goslin's affidavit. It requires the wildest stretch of the imagination to fit the known facts to the affidavit of Turner.

"Turner's affidavit strains credulity to the breaking point in that it asks the public to believe that, with diamond cutting diamond, Turner presuaded Goslin to make out checks to Hylan's order without knowing Hylan and without any security from or interest in Hylan himself. Goslin was a swindler, not a philanthropist.

"If, as Mr. Turner says, Turner owed Hylan money, why should Hylan write a letter in his own handwriting, thanking Goslin for his interest in his behalf?

"Why in this letter should Hylan inclose a note of which Mr. Turner's affidavit makes no explanation?

Calls the "Whole Thing Too Thin."

"The whole thing is too thin. The fact that the only man whom Judge Hylan can produce in his defense is a man denounced by Justice Greenbaum as a tool of Goslin, and part of a conspiracy to defraud, is in itself a proof of Judge Hylan's unfitness for a position of trust.

"Let it be remembered that this man Turner, denounced by the Supreme Court, confessed himself to have been a willing tool and accomplice of Goslin, and admits that with convict Goslin's money he fled the jurisdiction to avoid appearance in court.

"And above all let it be remembered that this man Turner, who now rushes to Hylan's defense, a confessed accomplice of swindler Goslin, was for years the close associate, business familiar and office sharer of John F. Hylan.

"When Mr. Turner swears that Hylan never had dealings, directly or indirectly, with Goslin he states what he must know to be untrue.

"While Turner was associated with John F. Hylan, Hylan acted as attorney for known agents of Goslin. Among his other activities, Goslin extorted money from corporations by making use of a statute which provided a penalty of $250 to be paid by any corporation which refused to show its books and the list of its stockholders. Goslin's scheme was to buy, either in person or through his agents, one share of stock, present it to the corporation, and demand to see the books and lists. No respectable corporation would permit a notorious swindler or his agents to have access to its records. Upon the refusal of the corporation Goslin would institute suit to collect the statutory $250.

"In 1909 Charles M. Dunn, described by Justice Greenbaum as a tool of

Continued on Page 3.

Germans Are Rushing Plans to Meet Our Big Air Fleet

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The Reuter correspondent with the French army says that information in the hands of the French General Staff shows that the Germans are making feverish preparations to meet the Americans in the air next Spring. The number of German battleplanes is to be doubled during the Winter, and airplane and motor factories throughout Germany are being enlarged.

The Fokkers, who are building great fleets of fighting biplanes and triplanes, remarkable for speed and climbing powers, have taken over the great Perzina piano factories in Schwerin. For bombing formations heavy, three-seated machines are being built to carry nearly a ton of bombs apiece. When loaded they will be able to climb 12,000 feet in thirty-five minutes.

HYLAN DECLARES NAME WAS STOLEN

Used in "Strike Suits," Tammany Candidate Asserts, "Without My Knowledge."

DENIES WORK FOR GOSLIN

He Sues The World for Libel, Asking $200,000 — Wants $100,000 from The Globe.

Summons in a suit for $200,000 for libel was served on The New York World last night by Frank Moss of the firm of Moss, Marcus & Wells, attorneys for Judge John F. Hylan, the Tammany candidate for Mayor. A similar action for $100,000 has been begun against The New York Globe, according to the Publicity Bureau of the Democratic Fusion Committee. The summons, it was said, would be followed by formal complaints, which were now in preparation and would be served as quickly as it was possible to do the physical work of preparation. These suits, it was announced, were the result of a publication in these newspapers of the statement that Judge Hylan was attorney for Alfred R. Goslin and his accomplices. Judge Hylan last night sent the following letter to the editor of The World:

"It is a pity that The World, in its malicious desire to injure me as a candidate, has published articles which an ordinary fair investigation would have proved were false. A fair investigation would have shown that the story that I was attorney for Goslin and his tools is a tissue of falsehoods. My associates collected the facts in three hours today.

"The facts are that Charles M. Dunn, an accomplice of Goslin, and whom I did not know, did start 'strike' suits using my name as attorney without my knowledge.

"In the official docket containing records of the cases brought by Dunn, there is a case in which a Charles M. Dunn is a complainant against Ferdinand Benner for $250 in which the attorneys for Dunn are given as Hughes, Rounds & Schurman — ex-Governor Hughes' law firm. I do not know whether an unauthorized use of the name of Hughes, Rounds & Schurman was made in this action, but the court record shows that this firm was superseded by a Jesse W. Toby.

Not Goslin's Attorney, he Says.

"As I have repeatedly said to The World, I never was attorney for Goslin or any tool of his and did not know him. When The World first made its false statement I was mystified. I could not understand how a newspaper claiming to be decent and honest would deliberately make such a statement.

"I never had anything to do, directly or indirectly, with any of the cases listed by you as being actions in which you claim I acted as attorney. I had no knowledge that such actions had been brought until I saw the statement in your paper today. I did not know Dunn when he brought these suits and at the time when he made the false affidavit of service. You have said that Dunn was a crook and an associate of Goslin. I have stated unequivocally, and you are unable to controvert my statement, that I did not know Goslin either. That should have put you on your guard lest you do me an injury, but you have repeated your original falsehood.

"I never brought a 'strike' suit in my life. I never brought action for a penalty in my life, with one exception, and that was when I brought an action for $50 against the B. R. T. for the purpose of establishing the right of a passenger to insist upon having a transfer from one line to an intersecting line. That suit was brought in the public interest and for the purpose of establishing a transfer principle, without regard to the penalty or its amount.

Takes Up "Strike Suits."

"The court records indicate that apparently Dunn did bring suits for strike purposes, and when the person sued responded or showed signs of resistence he allowed the cases to be dismissed. Thus persons whose names he used as attorneys did not learn of these suits. It seems to have been a scheme that Dunn or Goslin evolved. All the records indicate this fact. No complaints were filed except in the Schwartz case and the case where Dunn himself was complainant. The actions were commenced merely by the issuance of summonses.

"The layman may not know that anyone who applies to the court clerk and pays the requisite fees can secure summonses and start actions in the name of any person without the knowledge of that person. This is what Dunn did.

"If The World had taken ordinary care to examine these court records, it would have found intrinsic evidence that these suits were not commenced by me.

"In the case where Dunn was plaintiff the complaint is inclosed in a back, or cover, on which is typewritten the name 'John Hylan,' as the attorney for the plaintiff. If you assume that this is my name, it is misspelled and

Continued on Page 3.

GREAT FIRE SALE OF PERIOD Furniture. Entire stock must be sold regardless of cost. Majority not damaged. Mangel Bros., 115 & 117 West 23d St.—Advt.

PLOT TO DEFEAT THE LIBERTY LOAN BARED AT CAPITAL

War Insurance Conference Told of Widespread Intrigue by Pro-Germans.

INSIDIOUS METHODS USED

Personal Advice, Hampering of Publicity, and Pressure on Banks Disclosed.

LOAN TOTAL $1,500,000,000

That Is Washington's Maximum Estimate—Figures Here Reach $460,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Pro-German agents in the United States, according to reports to the Treasury Department, have directed their energies toward defeating the Liberty Loan. Their organized propaganda is alleged to have borne fruit in scattered localities from Minnesota to Texas, where weak efforts have been made, not openly, but by indirect methods, to discourage subscriptions.

The work of the pro-German agents, officials assert, has been carried on for more than two weeks. Some of the workers have had the temerity, reports to the Treasury indicate, to conduct their operations here in the national capital.

Official recognition of the propaganda against the loan was voiced today by Colonel Herbert M. Lord, representing the War Department at the War Risk Insurance Conference, at which the details of the new soldiers' and sailors' insurance law are being explained to officers and enlisted men from various cantonments.

Organized Effort Made.

"There has been organized effort," said Colonel Lord, who was Chairman of today's meeting, "to discourage and defeat the loan."

This effort, he added, had been made by "seeking to misrepresent the patriotism of the national army."

Colonel Lord added tonight in explanation that what he really said to the conferees was that if they had read the morning newspapers they had observed there was an organized effort to discourage and defeat the loan. He explained also that he had no knowledge other than what he saw in the newspapers and that, so far as he knew, there was no organized effort among the soldiers to discourage the loan.

An official account of the proceedings of the conference, which was held behind closed doors, issued tonight by the Treasury Department, reads as follows:

"In convincing refutation of the slander, which was to the effect that the men of the new national army were opposed to the war, Colonel Lord announced that subscriptions from the army for the loan already aggregate $26,000,000, and that some of the subscriptions were written in foreign languages.

"The announcement caused great enthusiasm among the delegates from the army and navy, marine corps and coast guard, (attending the conference,) 500 of whom swarmed up to the platform following the address and signed war insurance applications, all of which, except forty, were for the maximum of $10,000."

Assembled from various sources, the efforts of workers against the loan appear to have been directed along four main channels:

Attempts to discourage prospective buyers of Liberty bonds.

Efforts to prevent certain banks from handling the bonds.

The publication in certain newspapers and other mediums of publicity of editorials and articles which, while not directly opposing loan subscriptions, tend to discourage buyers.

The prevention, so far as local and sporadic efforts can prevent, of the placing of Liberty Loan posters and advertising literature where they will be most beneficial.

Plotters in Guise of Friends.

Attempts to discourage buyers by the personal plea method have been confined mostly to the East. Instances have been brought to the attention of officials where buyers have been approached, apparently in a spirit of great friendship, and advised not to buy the bonds.

Efforts to prevent banks from handling the bonds have centered chiefly in Wisconsin, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana, Missouri and Oklahoma. The President of a Wisconsin bank has advised the Treasury that his depositors, mostly Germans, or of German parentage, have withdrawn many thousands of dollars from his bank because he aided the First Liberty Loan.

These depositors, he added, had taken their accounts to two rival banks on the understanding that those banks would not aid the second Liberty Loan. The two banks, he reported, were not aiding the loan in any way.

Many banks have felt the pressure of German influence in this propaganda, reports indicate. So pronounced was the movement that the States of Minnesota, North and South Dakota, and Montana recently decided that they would withdraw State funds from any bank which did not support the loan.

In Missouri and Oklahoma the pro-German element is said to have applied strong pressure on bank Directors and officers to induce them to refrain from participating in the flotation of the second loan. This movement proved to be a boomerang, it is said. The banks turned a deaf ear to these representatives and subscriptions are now reported to be increasing heavily in that region.

A check is kept by the Treasury on all newspaper editorials and articles referring to the loan, not only in publications printed in English, but in the foreign language press. A number of such publications, it is asserted, have been industriously printing editorials and articles of a tone apparently studied to produce impressions unfavorable to the loan.

Active Even in Washington.

The fourth phase of opposition—attempts to prevent the posting of Liberty Loan posters and placards in advan-

Continued on Page 4.

British Airplanes Bomb Factory in Rhenish Prussia

LONDON, Oct. 17.—An official communication dealing with aviation issued tonight says:

"British airplanes carried a very successful bombing raid this afternoon into German territory. A factory west of Saarbrücken, some forty miles beyond the German frontier, was attacked, and many bombs were dropped with good effect. Fires were seen to break out in the factory.

"All of our machines returned safely."

Saarbrücken is a city of Rhenish Prussia, southeast of Thever. Its population is about 25,000.

FIND COAL CACHE OF 1,000,000 TONS

Federal Agents Uncover Reserve Supply Hidden in Cleveland District.

MOVE TO COMMANDEER IT

Garfield Again Warns Operators and Strikers That Mines Must Be Kept Working.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The Fuel Administration has found approximately 1,000,000 tons of soft coal "cached" in the Cleveland district by private interests now obtaining a steady supply to meet present needs, and has made plans to commandeer much of this surplus at Government rates if the shortage in other sections makes such action advisable. Under this scheme mines would later be directed to replenish the supply seized as it was needed at the price the Administration had paid for it.

This was one of the most important developments which became known today in connection with the efforts of Dr. H. A. Garfield, the Fuel Administrator, to keep the Government and the manufacturers of war essentials supplied with coal. Investigations are being made in several other districts to ascertain if corporations are storing quantities above immediate needs. Dr. Garfield has persisted in his assertions that the alleged shortage was not as "real" as some operators and manufacturers insisted and has said that he was prepared to "go the limit" where any situation not to the Government's liking presented itself.

Dr. Garfield said today that photographs had been taken of the coal stored in the Cleveland district, and were in the possession of the Fuel Administration as evidence. Facts and figures also have been obtained to show the actual requirements of the firms involved, the amount of coal they are now obtaining above the stored surplus and the nature of their output—whether it contributed directly or indirectly to the conduct of the war. Some of the products included articles made from steel, brass, glass and tubings. A number of them come in the so-called "luxury" class. Many acres of ground have been set aside for the storing of this coal, it was said. Arrangements are already being made for cars to move a large part of the coal from the Cleveland district to other places where it is needed. In the meantime, the country-wide survey will be carried on to determine whether such conditions exist in other sections.

Warning to Miners.

The second development of importance today was an announcement by Dr. Garfield that miners and operators who participated in any way in the threat to tie up production by strikes in order to force the hand of the Fuel Administration in agreeing to price increases for coal at the mine to meet wage increases would not only be branded as unpatriotic, but would find themselves involved in the meshes of Federal law.

Dr. Garfield was in conference during the day with John P. White, President of the United Mine Workers of America, who reported that so far the strikes in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, and Pennsylvania were local in character, although they were threatening to spread. He expressed the hope that the men could be induced to return to work.

Dr. Garfield said that some persons evidently had failed to understand the gravity of the situation confronting the country, and were thinking of themselves first and their country second by advocating strikes in an effort to make the Government act favorably, without due consideration, upon requests for increases over the schedule set by President Wilson.

Such action, he said, could have but one effect. He said he would postpone rather than hasten his decision and use whatever powers were necessary to compel the production of coal to meet the needs of the nation.

In discussing the course he would pursue if operators and miners proved recalcitrant in the face of his warning, Dr. Garfield refused to give his plans in detail. He has open to him under the provisions of the food control law the right to exercise the power of commandeer of mine or output which would involve Government operation. He could seize individual mines or all of the mines. It is not believed, however, that the power of taking over mines will be exercised on a wholesale scale, as it is felt that disputes will be settled and maximum production continued.

Dr. Garfield said that strikes now in progress did not seriously affect production, but he felt that they should not be permitted to spread to other and larger fields if any action or appeal on the part of the Government could prevent such a crisis. He seemed confident that operators and miners would realize their duty to the nation and co-operate to supply its needs pending the decision of the Fuel Administration as to the necessity for increased wages and coal prices. This telegram was sent by Dr. Garfield to miners and operators in certain districts of Illinois, Indiana, and Ohio, where strikes among the miners

Continued on Page 5.

PREDICT WRECK OF TEUTON POWER IN ANOTHER YEAR

Official Reports to Washington Indicate Need of One More Summer Campaign.

INTERNAL BREAK FORECAST

Marked Growth of Spirit of Democracy in Germany Is Established.

ARMY IS SHORT OF MEN

Battleship Crews Sent to Western Front—Austria Puts Landsturm on First Line.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—When will the war end? Government officials, representatives of the Allies in Washington, high officers of the army and navy, and others concerned have been trying to find the answer for weeks. It is now possible to say that, in the light of information received from agents of the United States abroad and from all reliable sources of opinion, the rather general sentiment is that the Central Powers will face defeat and be prepared to make substantial concessions for peace with the end of the next fighting season—about this time next year.

The Government is preparing for military activity of at least three years, but while preparations will not be lessened in any degree, there is a constantly growing feeling that Germany and her partners cannot hold out beyond the Winter of 1918. Well-informed officials say that it is not well to be too optimistic, as the situation is full of uncertainty and they are reticent in making predictions that contain any degree of positive statement. They believe that the way to win the war is to keep everlastingly at it as long as Germany is able to fight.

In this spirit the preparedness program is going forward and it is not beyond the mark to say that the Central Powers will be astonished when they come to feel the force of American military and naval methods.

Guarding Against Misinformation.

At the same time attention is called to the danger of underestimating Germany's reserve strength, both military and economic. Many, indeed most, of the reports that are coming to Washington from Government agents abroad give the impression that things are going badly for Germany and Austria. But it is realized that the tendency of these agents is to lay stress on information which shows the Central Powers to be in the throes and that although the multiplicity of these reports makes an impressive showing, experience has shown that there is another side to the case of Germany and the nations associated with her in the war.

For instance, according to a suggestion made today, it is not doubted here that Germany has made much of the opposition to the war voiced by Senator La Follette and his pacifist following. In this country it is well understood that the La Follette effort to weaken the participation of the nation in the great struggle amounts to nothing in the face of the patriotic determination of the great majority of the American people to fight the war to a finish. Germany, however, in the opinion held in Washington, has probably convinced a large portion of the country's population that opposition to the war is very marked in the United States, so marked that the Wilson Administration will be forced to withdraw from active participation at an early day.

Officials are therefore guarding against being misled as to conditions in Germany, as they understand that Germany is being misled as to conditions in this country. With the danger of over-optimism in mind, they are applying the acid test to all the information that comes to them about the state of affairs in the Central Empires. The sifting process has been thorough, and is considered free from the tendency to exaggerate, and the opinions that have been deduced are therefore regarded as worthy of credence.

Unrest Believed to Be Growing.

This Government is now convinced that the leaven of democracy is working in Germany. Today the prediction was made in one of the best informed Governmental quarters that by this time next year the growing demand among the German people for a larger participation in the management of their Government would have become effective and thus afford the basis for German compliance with President Wilson's dictum, indorsed and subscribed to by the Entente, that no peace is possible until Germany's methods have been reformed to the extent of permitting the German people themselves to furnish the guarantees for the observance of peace terms, which the President will not trust the present rulers of the Empire to fulfill.

The mutiny among the seamen of Germany's Grand Fleet is a case in point. All the evidence reaching the State Department indicates that the outbreak was due to the inculcation of the spirit of democratic revolution among German sailors. Confidence is growing that Chancellor Michaelis will soon be obliged to step down.

One of the features of the situation is that the Prussian autocracy is resisting the effort toward democratization. It is felt here that this failure of the autocracy to realize the danger of the unrest among the people will lay the foundation for a sudden explosion that will have momentous results because of its suddenness, just as the Russian revolution gained headway.

The German Government, according to the advices reaching Washington, has not backed up its accusation of Socialist members of the Reichstag for causing the mutiny in the fleet by ordering the

Continued on Page 2.

AMERICAN DESTROYER IS TORPEDOED BY GERMAN SUBMARINE, BUT MAKES PORT; PETTY OFFICER SLAIN; FIVE MEN INJURED

18 British Ships Were Sunk By U-Boats Last Week; Reventlow Admits Submarine War Is Weakening

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Twelve British merchant vessels over 1,600 tons were sunk by mine or submarine in the last week, according to the statement of the British Admiralty tonight. Six vessels under 1,600 tons and one fishing vessel were sunk.

[In the previous week fourteen vessels over 1,600 tons, two under that tonnage, and three fishing vessels were sunk.]

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.—Count zu Reventlow, mouthpiece of the German Admiralty, publishes in his newspaper, the Deutsche Tageszeitung, an article preparing his readers for a decrease in submarine destructiveness in September as shown by the German statistics, publication of which is about due.

In addition to his earlier explanations of the decrease in the figures of tonnage sunk, Reventlow advances the theory that Great Britain has withdrawn ships from service for the remainder of the year in order to have them in readiness to transport the Argentine harvest in January. These withdrawals, he says, decrease the opportunities of the submarines for sinkings. This theory contrasts with his earlier assertions that Great Britain's available tonnage already had become too smal. for its needs.

Sudden changes in the routes of ships, Reventlow says, are making it increasingly difficult for submarines to find their prey. He attributes to American authority a statement that the voyage of passenger liners between America and England now requires twenty-six days.

ROME, Oct. 17.—The losses to Italian shipping through submarines for the week ended Oct. 14 were four steamers over 1,600 tons. One packet boat and one sailing vessel escaped attacks.

GERMANS FINISH OESEL CONQUEST

Crush Russian Force on Svorb Peninsula and Take 1,100 More Prisoners.

ATTEMPT TO BRIDGE DVINA

Frustrated by Artillery, Petrograd Says—German Baltic Fleet Is Reinforced.

BERLIN, Oct. 17, (via London.)—German troops have captured the Russian island of Oesel, in the Gulf of Riga, in its entirety, it was announced today by the General Staff.

The German statement says that Teutonic naval forces had encounters with Russian torpedoboat destroyers and gunboats north of Oesel Island and in the Bay of Riga, and that these resulted favorably for the Germans. Naval aircraft dropped bombs on Pernau, a Russian port on the Gulf of Riga, where large fires were observed.

The War Office statement says:

The enemy forces which still offered resistance on the Svorb Peninsula have been overcome. As a result the Island of Oesel is fully in our possession. The booty is increasing. More than 1,100 prisoners were brought in yesterday.

Our naval forces have had encounters with Russian destroyers and gunboats north of Oesel Island and in the Bay of Riga, which resulted favorably to us. Without losses on our part the enemy ships were compelled to retire.

Our naval airships have dropped bombs on Pernau, where large fires broke out.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.—The National Tidende's Malmo, Sweden, correspondent telegraphs:

"Between Monday and Tuesday a great number of German warships were seen, including submarines and destroyers. It is believed here that the Germans are reinforcing their Baltic fleet."

Russians on Oesel Cut Off.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 17.—The Russian War Office has completely lost touch with the Russian forces on the Island of Oesel, it was officially announced today.

At 5 o'clock this morning the Germans attempted to throw a bridge across the Dvina River, in the Riga region, but the Russian artillery frustrated their plan and destroyed the bridge work.

One German dreadnought, which ran into the Russian mine field defending Oesel island on Oct. 12, struck a mine, the statement adds. After the explosion the warship made for the coast and its ultimate fate is not known.

The War Office statement reads:

On the Baltic, profiting by the calm, bright weather, the enemy has been actively engaged in aerial scouting, principally in the region of the Baltic Islands. Our aviators ascended to meet the enemy. In an aerial engagement our aviator, Safonoff, brought down an enemy machine, which fell with in our lines. A Zeppelin flew over Moon Sound.

During the day our patrol ships had encounters with enemy torpedo boats.

The enemy continued to develop his success on the island of Oesel, pressing back our detachments, which were covering the mole between Oesel and Moon Islands. Land communications have thus been interrupted between the two islands and we have completely lost touch with our forces on Oesel Island.

An eyewitness who escaped after the landing of the enemy at Tagga Bay reports that, on the morning of Oct. 12, an enemy dreadnought ran into one of our minefields defending the island. After the explosion which followed the warship made for the coast. Its ultimate fate is unknown.

Counterattack Is Imminent.

Regarding the situation in and around the Gulf of Riga, the Semi-official News

Continued on Page 2.

SPIES ASK PLACES IN SECRET SERVICE

Trail of Man Supposed to be in German Pay Led to Arrest of Kuhn and von Seebeck.

SUSPECTS IN THE ARMY

Thirty-five Germans Arrested Here for Spying on Shipping and Shipbuilding Yards.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—What is believed to have been a plan to obtain naval secrets by introducing into the United States Naval Intelligence service a man who was probably employed by the German Government has been nipped in the bud by the Navy Department.

Secretary Daniels permitted it to become known late this afternoon, in connection with the arrest in New York yesterday of Frits Kuhn and George von Seebeck, that a man of unusual ability, whose name for the present is withheld, and who was a friend of both Kuhn and von Seebeck, had sought appointment in the Naval Intelligence service. Had he succeeded he would have been placed in a position to learn many of the secret activities of the United States Navy.

When this man's record was investigated it was decided that, despite his facility as a linguist and his capacity in other directions, which would have made him a valuable member of the Naval Intelligence service if he were to use his qualifications as a loyal servant of the American Government, his antecedents were such as to render it extremely dangerous for the Navy Department to accept him in so important a confidential capacity. Other circumstances revealed by the investigation caused the belief that he was in the employ of the German Government.

For fear of disclosing information that might hamper or thwart investigations now being made, Secretary Daniels was not inclined to enter into fuller particulars regarding the frustration of the effort of this man to enter the Naval Intelligence service. But it was learned that it was as a direct result of the investigation of the would-be Naval Intelligence officer that both Kuhn and von Seebeck were arrested and sent to Ellis Island to be interned as dangerous enemy aliens.

Man of Valuable Parts.

When the man in question made his application for appointment to be a member of the Naval Intelligence service the Navy Department took it under advisement and began an investigation. This is always done in the case of candidates for this important branch of the naval service. The navy wanted to know about the man's past, where he had lived, what had been his occupation, and who were his friends. The investigation showed that he was able to speak a number of languages fluently. So far as ability went, it was found that he was a man of many parts who by sheer force of training, initiative, general knowledge, and familiarity with international naval affairs, would surely have capacity in the difficult task of gathering naval intelligence, provided his motives were correct and he wished to give the Government honest and loyal service.

The investigation of his antecedents and friendships had not gone very far, however, before the investigators began to suspect that he might not be the right man for American Naval Intelligence work. Among other things, it was found that the man had been in intimate touch with two men in New York City. These men are Frits Kuhn, who before the outbreak of the war was London representative of the Deutsche Bank, and George von Seebeck, who had also been connected with a German bank in London. Kuhn and von Seebeck, the latter of whom is believed to be a son of General Baron von Seebeck of the German Army, who commanded one of its corps sent through Belgium in the earlier days of the war, had been living in London ostensibly as German banking experts, but both left England when there was a prospect they would be interned by the British authorities. They came to New York, found employment with the Guaranty Trust Company, which dropped them from its rolls, and were at the time of their arrest connected with an importing house on the waterfront of New York.

Following the trail of the Naval Intelligence candidate's associations led across

Continued on Page 3.

ATTACKED BY UNSEEN FOE

Brief Details Indicate U-Boat Fired and Got Away Unscathed.

SLAIN MAN IS LOST AT SEA

Gunner's Mate Osmond Ingram Blown Overboard and His Body Not Recovered.

WOUNDS OF OTHERS SLIGHT

Official Report of Encounter in War Zone Oct. 16 Hides Name of the Vessel.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—News of the torpedoing and disabling of an American destroyer by a German submarine in European waters was flashed to the Navy Department tonight by Vice Admiral William S. Sims, commanding the naval expeditionary force abroad. One member of the crew was killed by being blown overboard and five others, including a gunner's mate, were injured, but not seriously.

Vice Admiral Sims gave few details, but it is assumed that there was no fight and that the U-boat made good her escape after launching a torpedo without showing herself.

In accordance with the policy of secrecy concerning American naval operations the department did not divulge the name of the destroyer or the exact place of the encounter.

Official announcement was made by Secretary Daniels in this statement:

"The Navy Department has received a message from Vice Admiral Sims stating that on Oct. 16 an American destroyer was torpedoed by a submarine while on patrol duty in European waters.

"The vessel was not sunk and has since arrived in port.

"The casualties were as follows:

"Killed: Osmond Kelly Ingram, gunner's mate; next of kin, (mother,) Bettie Ingram, 504 Third Street, Pratt City, Ala. Ingram was blown overboard and his body was not recovered.

"The wounded, none of whom were seriously injured, are:

"Herman Henry Pankratz, gunner's mate, second class; next of kin, (brother,) Robert William Pancratz, 4,818 Lee Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

"William Edward Merritt, seaman; next of kin, (mother,) Ellen Merritt, 264 East Fifty-fourth Street, New York.

"Frank William Kruse, fireman, first class; next of kin, (wife,) Margaret Kruse, 724 Indian Avenue, Toledo, Ohio.

"Patrick Rutledge, oiler; next of kin, (wife,) Nonna Rutledge, 431 West Thirty-first Street, New York.

"William Seimer, fireman, second class; next of kin, (father,) Henry Seimer, Dundas, Minn."

This is the first time an American warship has been hit by the enemy since the war began. Destroyers convoying troops and merchantmen have engaged submarines and are believed to have accounted for some of them, and the ships patrolling the European shipping lanes undoubtedly have had many an encounter of which nothing has been heard, but until yesterday none had been touched by a hostile shot.

Naval gun crews on armed American merchantmen have not been so fortunate. Many of them have had to abandon their charges and take to the boats—usually after an attack without warning—and one officer and thirteen men have lost their lives, while four men now are in German prison camps.

In all the navy has lost one officer and sixteen men, the only men of America's fighting forces actually killed in action.

Naval officers believe that the torpedoed destroyer was taken unawares by the submarine and had no chance to bring her guns into play. They think it probable that the U-boat accidentally stumbled upon the patrolling destroyer and was fortunate enough to get into position to launch a torpedo and dive to safety without ever showing more than her periscope.

It is believed, too, that the destroyer must have been steaming slowly over her beat, for at top speed these craft present an almost unhittable target to the submarine.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 17.—Herman H. Pankratz, one of those wounded on the destroyer attacked by a German submarine, has two brothers serving in the navy. He enlisted himself here three years ago. His home is in Claremont, N. H.

There is no such address in New York as that given as the home of William Edward Merritt. The West Thirty-first Street address given in the case of Patrick Rutledge is a warehouse.

OUR WARSHIPS MAKE U-BOAT WORK RISKY

Cruising Radius of Destroyers Forces Submarines to Spend Most of the Time Submerged.

BASE OF AMERICAN FLOTILLA IN BRITISH WATERS, Sept. 30.—In the five months of active service that they have seen in the great war the American

destroyers have steamed collectively a total distance of 875,000 miles. This is more by several times the distance cruised in two whole years of peace. And what makes the figures all the more impressive is that they have been reached without the loss of a single life or a very serious mishap to any of the units.

Roughly, the destroyers have spent five-eighths of their time at sea and their average time in port has been three days after each turn of five or six outside.

Clear weather and long days have favored them and aided the men in learning the technique of their business of combating the submarines, convoying troop ships and merchantmen, patrolling the shipping routes and rescuing survivors from torpedoed ships.

The Americans, therefore, can claim no small part of the credit for the gradual decrease in shipping losses. First of all, the addition of their units to the Allies' forces, patrolling as they do an area as large as that bounded roughly by the great V formed by New York, Detroit and Knoxville, was certain to make life less comfortable for the U-boats. Next the Americans applied all the tactics of the long experienced British, and in some instances improved on them.

All destroyers added to their equipment depth charges and other devices. Then the crews learned some more about the business of smoke-screening a merchant fleet while they beat off the attacking submarine with gunfire and depth charges. Their gunnery, too, has greatly improved. One gun crew saw the spar of a sunken ship the other day, which they at first thought was a periscope, and shattered it at 2,000 yards.

Many New Ideas Introduced.

New ideas also have been and are constantly being worked out with a view to rendering the work of the submarine increasingly difficult. Filled with enthusiasm over each new experience had with the enemy, the Americans are not slow to apply a more effective method of dealing with him the next time he shows his head above water. For instance, two officers, working on designs for new destroyers, have introduced many new ideas gained from observations made in this anti-submarine game. Still others have suggested changes in gun-firing. In fact, something new is being worked out all the time.

In the period of active service over here each destroyer has taken many turns at patrol duty. This means five or six days away from port at a stretch in varying kinds of weather when the routine is to "eat, sleep, stand watch and get seasick." Occasionally this routine is broken by the call to general quarters, usually caused by the presence of a U-boat or crew of a torpedoed ship.

Every destroyer has to its credit at least one encounter with a submarine while some of the more fortunate have stalked two or three under-water craft. At no time, however, have the submarines shown fight. They always avoid a meeting.

The depth charges are feared most by the U-boat commanders. These weapons, as announced recently by the American Navy Department, are high explosives timed to explode by water pressure at the desired depth. Naval officers make no secret of the effectiveness of this new-found antidote for the submersible.

German Morale Weakening.

The wide cruising radius of the American boats also has helped to produce unmistakable signs of a weakening in the morale of the U-boat crews. They have made their U-boats spend more time under water than they used to do. There is not so much destruction of ships by gunfire and bombs as formerly. The augmented destroyer patrol has made the submarines use up more torpedoes, with the result that they have to return to their base more frequently for reloading.

When not patrolling the shipping lanes, the destroyers have been convoying food and supply ships and transports. An assignment to convoy American troop ships is welcomed by the men.

The destroyers also have taken laurels in the humanitarian task of rescuing survivors of torpedoed ships. The Americans began snatching torpedoed crews from watery graves the day of their arrival and for a long time not a week passed without several destroyers accounting for survivors.

This rescue work is more often than not done in mine-infested areas and places where U-boats are known to be lurking, and is always attended by grave danger to the rescuer. Frequently while one destroyer is picking up survivors another will run protecting circles around the scene. More often, however, the hazardous work is done single-handed, the destroyer guns booming into space as a warning to submarines not to attempt to interfere.

NORWEGIAN STEAMER SUNK.

Crew of Ship Lost in Mediterranean Is Missing.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.—The Norwegian steamer Themis has been sunk in the Mediterranean, according to an announcement by the Norwegian Foreign Office, received here today. All the members of the crew are missing.

The Themis, 7,402 tons gross and 445 feet long, was built in Sunderland, England, in 1911 and owned in Tonsberg.

DUTCH OFFER US SHIPS FOR COASTWISE TRADE

Also Would Let Vessels Transport Supplies to Vladivostok in Return for Foodstuffs.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—It was reported today that members of the Dutch Commission had submitted to the War Trade Board a proposal for the release of a considerable quantity of the tonnage now held up in Atlantic seaports and that the matter was being given careful consideration.

It was said that the diplomats offered as a primary condition that none of the vessels should be employed in the war zone, but might be used in the transportation of supplies to Vladivostock and for the coastwise trade.

Compensation was asked, it was understood, in money and supplies, including a certain quantity of foodstuffs for Holland. Holland also wanted greater freedom in commercial relations with the Dutch East Indies where noncontraband commodities were concerned. The Dutch Government, in return, was willing to give the strictest guarantees that no supplies permitted to go to Holland from the United States would be re-exported into Germany in their original form or in by-products. Holland would like some cattle fodder, but had little hope of obtaining aid in that quarter.

The proposal, it was said, was taken under consideration, but no decision was reached, and it is considered unlikely that any shipments of foods to Holland will be permitted for some time to come. While negotiations are under way, the War Trade Board will remain firm in its position taken that Holland shall get nothing which might go to the Central Powers in the form of fats or other by-products.

In this connection there was a report that the Dutch steamer Zeelandia, bound for Holland from Argentina, had been refused bunker coal and was unable to proceed. This action was in line with the policy announced by the Exports Administrative Board before it was reorganized into the War Trade Board.

An attaché of the Dutch commission said today that a Dutch shipping firm's representative in this country had reported the nontransmission of a cablegram sent by him to Holland, indicating that the British embargo upon the use by the Dutch of the British commercial cables is in effect between the Netherlands and the United States. Minister Van Rappard stated that he had suffered no inconvenience in transmitting legation telegrams to The Hague, but that he did not know whether Dutch business interests were experiencing any difficulty.

Tardieu's Mission Extended.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—The Journal Officiel promulgates a decree renewing for another six months the special mission to the United States of Captain Andre Tardieu. The previous authorization expired on Oct. 20.

BIG GUNS THUNDER ON FLANDERS FRONT

Haig Sends Very Brief Messages, but Berlin Emphasizes the Heavy Fire.

MAY INDICATE A NEW DRIVE

Intense Artillery Fire Northeast of Verdun Is Reported by Paris.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—A laconic message from Sir Douglas Haig today in regard to the western front is regarded, coupled with Berlin wireless reports of heavy artillery fire on the Flanders front, as a sign that a new British drive may be imminent. Even in tonight's bulletin the British commander told of nothing but the gunfire.

The dispatch from the British Headquarters today reads:

"There is nothing of special interest to report."

The official communication, issued tonight, says:

Hostile artillery has shown considerable activity during the day northeast of Ypres and on the coast sector. The activity of our own artillery on the battle front continues.

There is nothing further of special interest to report.

The Belgian communication issued at Havre says:

Yesterday our artillery successfully shelled enemy works in the region of Dixmude. Our fire during the artillery action on Oct. 15 and 16 caused very serious damage to the enemy organizations in the region of Dixmude.

BERLIN, Oct. 17.—The artillery fire on the Flanders front gained in intensity in certain sectors yesterday and last evening, while this morning it increased in violence along the whole front, Army Headquarters announced today. The statement reads:

Front of Crown Prince Rupprecht.—In Flanders the artillery duel swelled again yesterday to considerable intensity from the inundated region on the Yser to the Lys. In some sectors the intensity of the fire increased in the evening, and on the whole front this morning. Except for reconnoitring engagements, which were numerous between La Bassée Canal and the Scarpe, there was no infantry activity.

Front of the German Crown Prince.—The artillery duel northeast of Soissons developed yesterday into extreme violence at times and continued into the night. In Western Champagne, in the Argonne, and on the eastern bank of the Meuse the artillery activity reached a greater violence.

Ten enemy airplanes and one captive balloon were shot down yesterday.

Dunkirk has again been attacked by our aviators, who observed conflagrations caused by their bombs.

In reprisal for the dropping of bombs by enemy aviators on open German towns, bombs have been dropped by us on the town of Nancy, lying within the region of the French operations. Large fires resulted.

The supplementary statement tonight reads:

In Flanders, northeast of Soissons, and on the eastern bank of the Meuse, there were lively artillery engagements.

Heavy Gunfire at Verdun.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Violent artillery fighting is in progress on the Verdun front east of the Meuse, the War Office reports in both the day and night bulletins. The day statement reads:

In Belgium our patrols in the course of reconnoissances before our new lines brought back thirty prisoners.

We repulsed several attacks, made southeast of Juvincourt, near Mont Carnillet, and on the front north of Chaume Wood. In the last-named region the artillery fighting became very intense late in the night. We made a successful attack on a German trench at the foot of the heights on the Meuse, and brought back prisoners.

There is nothing to report from the remainder of the front.

The official communication issued tonight says:

Lively artillery actions have occurred at various points along the front, particularly in the region of the Allies Plateau and on the right bank of the Meuse.

In the Argonne two enemy surprise attacks failed completely.

WILSON 'READY TO FIGHT.'

Painleve Calls Rousing of America One of the Greatest of Events.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Medill McCormick, Representative at Large from Illinois, was the guest of honor as the representative of the American Congress at a luncheon given today by French Senators and Deputies. Mr. McCormick, responding to a toast, said he had come to Europe fearful for the strength of France, but that he had drunk from the well-spring of her power.

Premier Painleve, in a speech, said: "I am happy to welcome an allied citizen and a representative of American democracy. The arousing of a continent in support of justice will prove one of the greatest events in history. President Wilson is working in behalf of justice and humanity and he is ready to fight. France, I venture to say, is not unworthy of America's co-operation, for France will continue to struggle and conquer despite all she has endured."

After paying tribute to General Pershing, the Premier concluded:

"General Pershing's sword and that of France will write the first chapter in the society of nations."

INDICTS PETTIGREW.

South Dakota Jury Holds ex-Senator Violated Espionage Law.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17. — Information reached here tonight that the Federal Grand Jury at Sioux Falls, S. D., had indicted former United States Senator Richard F. Pettigrew of South Dakota, for violation of the Espionage act.

Mr. Pettigrew, who is in Chicago getting treatment, was interviewed at a hotel late tonight:

"If I have been indicted," said Mr. Pettigrew, "it was for a speech I made about two weeks ago in Sioux Falls. I said that we were in a war in which we had no business, that we were involved because certain people were on ships where they should not have been. Further, I declared that since we were in the war, the best thing for us to do was to back out gracefully."

On second thought he suggested another reason why he might have been indicted.

"It might be," he said, "for a letter which I sent out in July, 1917, headed 'Making the world safe for hypocrisy,' and dedicated to Woodrow Wilson."

SEE TEUTON LOSS OF POWER IN YEAR

Continued from Page 1.

trial of the accused members, and this is looked upon as a sign of fear on the Government's part to risk the disclosures of a public hearing.

Conditions in Austria are encouraging from the viewpoint of the United States and the Entente Allies. The new Emperor is apparently afraid that he will lose his crown unless peace comes soon.

It is well known here that Austria is sick of the war and would go to extremes to bring about a cessation of hostilities. She fears that if the Allies win, a fear that has sunk deep into the Teutonic heart, revolution in Hungary, probably spreading to the rest of the empire, will follow, with the result that the Austrian crown will be thrown into the discard. Should the Central Powers win the Austrian Emperor would confront the likelihood that all-powerful Germany would make Austria a vassal nation.

This Government is prepared to drive smashing blows into the German defense with the resumption of the active fighting season next Spring. President Wilson is determined to see the conflict to a finish. He is keen for the participation of the American fleet, as well as the army, and the encouraging reports of the lessening of German resistance are believed to have stimulated that determination.

SENDING SAILORS TO FRONT.

Shortage of Soldiers Given as Cause of New German Move.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—A high naval authority states that there is considerable evidence of the weakening of the crews of German battleships by the removal of trained sailors to the western front. Recently a battleship crew was lined up and the first hundred men were drafted as soldiers.

This is the result of the shortage of men rather than a punitive measure following the naval disaffection.

The places left vacant have been filled by conscripts and the crews have been considerably demoralized.

Volunteers for the submarines can now be obtained only by giving the U-boat crews food much superior in quality to the rations of the rest of the fleet.

LANDSTURM ON FIRST LINE.

Austria's Need of Men Shown by the Use of Reserves.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Austria's army has been so worn down that it has been necessary to draw upon the Landsturm for men for first-line duty, according to cable dispatches today from Berne.

These reports quote proceedings in the Austrian Reichsrath recently when the Austrian Minister of National Defense, replying to assertions from the Military Committee that the old men called out of the Landsturm were unfit for service, said the wearing down of the Austrian military forces made it absolutely necessary to call for auxiliary service with the shortest possible delay, even though this had brought out a large number of men unfit for service.

REPORT HELFFERICH WILL BE SACRIFICED

Effort to Save Chancellor's Post —Coal Scarcity Is More Acute in Berlin.

By GEORGE RENWICH.

Copyright, 1917, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 17.—All the German papers agree that the political crisis must not be regarded as over. The situation, it is said, will remain unaltered until the Chancellor, after his return to Berlin, has had time to consider his position. It is probable, too, that nothing will happen before the Kaiser's Balkan visit is concluded.

It appears that Michaelis, before going East to visit the occupied territories, made a desperate effort to save himself from what must be regarded even by himself as his certain fate. He is reported to be convinced that the sacrifice of the Minister of Marine is not enough, and that he actually offered to throw Vice Chancellor Helfferich out of the Government ship is stated by the National Liberal Boersen Zeitung. The paper adds that the position of Vice Chancellor was offered to one of the leaders of the majority in the Reichstag.

The Berlin Zeitungsam Wittag says the person to whom the post was offered was von Payer, leader of the Progressive Peoples' Party. The Boersen Zeitung says the offer was refused, "as no leading personality in the Reichstag has any desire to go aboard the sinking ship."

While the crisis hangs fire the German press is devoting an enormous amount of space to the operations on Oesel Island. No recent war event, perhaps, has had so many lengthy articles and telegrams devoted to it as this operation. Great stress is laid on the co-operation between the navy and army work of the warships, being highly praised with the obvious aim of further minimizing the reports of trouble in the fleet.

Another matter to which the press devotes much attention is the problem of fuel for the Winter.

"We have little coal," says the Vossische Zeitung, "and that little is uncertain. It is probable that unless the authorities take action Berlin and its suburbs will contain only unheated houses. The heating question has become as serious as that of food supply. If coal fails, then work in offices, factories, and shops must cease.

The writer says that though the people can endure a shortage of food for a long time, the absence of heat would very quickly have a disastrous effect on the morale of the masses.

By The Associated Press.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 17.—A German Socialist newspaper says the Socialists have decided to vote against the new war credit of 10,000,000,000 marks which is to be submitted to the Reichstag in December unless Chancellor Michaelis resigns.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 17.—The Berlin correspondent of the Fremdenblatt of Hamburg discerns indications that forces actually are at work in the entourage of Chancellor Michaelis with the thought of a military dictatorship, or at least with the idea of having the Chancellor continue in office in defiance of the Reichstag, supporting himself by military backing.

Conservative and Socialist papers in Germany have been engaged in a controversy for some time on the subject of a dictatorship, but hitherto it had not seemed to be of such a nature that it should be taken seriously.

TEUTONS ISOLATE HUNGARY.

Attempt to Conceal Agitation There —Austrians Avoid Repatriation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Oct. 17.—The Austro-Germans have isolated Hungary from the rest of the world. During the last three weeks no newspaper correspondence has been permitted to leave Hungary.

The Gazette de Lausanne learns that the measure is due to serious agitations and riots against the German masters. The paper adds that it is impossible to bottle up a population of 20,000,000.

The Arbeiter Zeitung of Vienna sarcastically remarks that while such important events are passing in Germany the Kaiser's proper place is in Berlin, not wandering about Europe.

If You Like the Good Old Kind

TRY

Evans' Ale

XXX Cream
India Pale
Burton
Old Musty

DIRECT FROM THE WOOD. FINEST TEN WORLD KNOWS

KAISER TALKATIVE ON TRIP TO BALKANS

Let Painleve Come and Take Alsace, Correspondent Quotes Him as Saying.

LUNCHEON A SERMON TEXT

Unworthy of Any German to Live Well, He Asserts, When Best People Go Without Things.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 17, (via London.) —Karl Rosner, war correspondent of the Berlin Lokal Anzeiger, has been privileged to travel in the train which took the Kaiser to the Balkans and to sit at luncheon in the restaurant car with him and his staff.

Rosner paints a highly colored picture of William II. dealing with mountains of State documents as the train speeds on the way across Hungary. The Kaiser sat down at the luncheon table with the observation that he had just read Painleve's first speech as French Premier.

"So M. Painleve wants Alsace-Lorraine, does he?" exclaimed the Kaiser.

"Good. But he must come and take it. And what are his but loud-sounding phrases with no trace of reason among his words?"

The Kaiser then treated the company to a eulogy of King Carl and Queen Elizabeth of Rumania, whose good work had "been undone in a few months by hunger for gold and power of certain agitators."

Luncheon apparently consisted of meat and fish courses, with bread and cheese, just "what might have been served in a middle class household," Rosner says. That gives the Kaiser a text for a little sermon.

"It is unworthy of any German," he proclaims, "to live well when even the best people go without things. What we have of foodstuffs is common property, which by just division is sufficient to keep us alive for an unlimited time and which permits us to await final victory with calm. Who takes more than his share depletes our reserves. He is only the servant of his belly and sins against those who serve the fatherland."

SULTAN AND KAISER EXCHANGE HONORS

Turk Gives His Ally the Diamond Star and Gets the Hohenzollern Star and Chain.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 17.—A dispatch from Constantinople says the Sultan of Turkey has conferred on the Kaiser the diamond star of the Iftichar Order, Turkey's highest war decoration, and that the Kaiser presented to the Sultan the star and chain of the Hohenzollern Order with diamonds.

The dispatch adds that the Emperor and the Sultan have held another conference, the Emperor being attended by Dr. von Kühlmann, and the Sultan by Talaat Bey, Grand Vizier; Enver Pasha, Minister of War, and Hakki Pasha, Ambassador to Germany.

SCOFFS AT OUR ARMY AS SAFE TO IGNORE

Troops Can't Arrive Till Summer, Says Major Hoffe—Not Better Fighters Than Rumanians.

AMSTERDAM, Oct. 17.—The Weser Zeitung of Bremen publishes an article by Major Hoffe of the German General Staff on the effect of America's entrance into the war. After reviewing the difficulties of the United States in training and transporting troops to Europe, he says that the American military possibilities may be safely ignored by Germany.

"Before the declaration of war," he says, "the military resources of the United States consisted of an insufficiently trained regular army of only 100,000 and a National Guard of 120,000 hardly trained at all. The various measures taken to increase the army will result in the formation by Spring of an army of about 1,400,000, which has only received minimum training.

"No considerable part of this army can reach Europe before Summer, while, in any case, a large number must be retained at home, so that not more than 400,000 or 500,000 men can be sent to Europe.

"The transport difficulties will be enormous. Two and a half million tons of shipping will be necessary to transport and supply sixteen divisions, and the total American shipping, even allowing for confiscated ships and new construction, will be by Spring only 4,000,000, of which the navy requires 2,500,000.

"Any extensive transport of American troops would cause serious difficulties in supplies to England and France. It must also be remembered that the U-boats are sinking more and more ships daily.

"Finally, the fighting value of the American troops is not great, probably about equal to that of the Rumanians, and there certainly will be fewer of them than of the Rumanians. So, Germany will have an easy task. In fact, it is doubtful whether the Americans will risk the venture of sending an army to Europe at all.

"The only American help to be seriously reckoned with is in the air. Fliers can be quickly trained and easily transported, but the German command has taken all necessary measures to meet this danger. The new enemy directs his efforts less against the German army than against the nerves of the German people and against the internal unity of Germany."

A dispatch from Washington printed in THE TIMES yesterday stated that more than 100,000 American soldiers had been convoyed safely to France already.

$32,550,000 in Army Shoe Orders.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The greatest order ever placed for army shoes has been given by the War Department through contracts just completed, calling for 7,000,000 pairs at an aggregate cost of $32,550,000. This enormous order has been distributed among many factories. Through the Council of National Defense, the Government, and not the contractors, fixed the price at $4.65 a pair.

SPIES ASK PLACES IN SECRET SERVICE

Continued from Page 1.

the train of Kuhn and von Seebeck and resulted in their arrest after their antecedents had been traced. The candidate concerning whom no inkling of his identity is disclosed has been under close surveillance for some time, and it is understood that he either has been arrested, or soon will be, and interned.

The revelation made today regarding the effort of this man to enter the American Naval Intelligence service when associated with other outcroppings would seem to indicate that desperate efforts have been made to place men in posts of responsibility, in some instances as spies, where they might obtain American army and navy secrets. Only yesterday Secretary Daniels confirmed the news of the arrest of a man who gave his name as William Lewis Dunbar, who had succeeded in having himself enrolled in the United States Naval Reserve as an ensign and who served as such from March 20 to Oct. 6 of the present year, when he was discharged and turned over to Department of Justice agents. Secretary Daniels, when asked today for further particulars regarding the Dunbar case, said he had no further disclosures to make at this time.

An investigation is in progress for the purpose of weeding out spies from the American Army. It is believed that paid agents of the German Government have enlisted in the army for the purpose of getting American military information of value to the enemy. Recently the officers in command of the officers' training camp at Fort Myer, Plattsburg, and other points were urged in official telegrams to hunt for a German spy. The lookout for this man was based on the receipt of information by Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell and other high army officials that a man who had been identified as Karl Otto von Heiferich, an officer of the German Army and a member of the German intelligence service, had spent four days in August last at Fort D. A. Russell. His identity was not uncovered until after he had disappeared. Whether he has since been apprehended is not learned.

ARREST 35 GERMANS IN BARRED ZONES HERE

Five Taken in Naval Ship Plant, and Others on and About Hoboken Piers.

Twelve Germans employed on Lackawanna Railroad piers adjoining the Government station in Hoboken and upon ferries and towboats that pass the army piers at all hours of the day and night were arrested by agents of the Department of Justice last night and taken to the internment prison at Ellis Island.

This action followed a raid upon the ship and engine building works of the Gas Engine and Power Company and Charles L. Seabury & Co., on the Harlem River at 177th Street, upon instructions from the Navy Department given through Attorney General Gregory. Five Germans were arrested in the two plants, bringing the total alien arrests of the Secret Police to seventeen for the day.

It was reported by workers on the Lackawanna piers at Hoboken that at least thirty Germans had been taken from the railroad line boats as they docked at Hoboken between 6 and 7 o'clock last night, and some employes asserted they had seen that number held in the immigration room on Pier 8 to await the arrival of the Government tug from Ellis Island.

A squad of agents of the Department of Justice, directed by Captain William M. Offley, arrived at Lackawanna piers at 6 o'clock and arrested immediately a ticket chopper at the main ferry entrance and two aliens employed in the restaurant on the pier. They were hustled under guard to the immigration room and held there. As the ferryboats came in the agents went quietly to the engine rooms of the vessels accompanied by railroad officials and a German was taken from each of three boats.

Six more were taken from the towboats used to pull freight car barges around the harbor and in hauling coal to Boston and other ports. Most of these boats tie up at the Lackawanna piers, adjoining the army piers, every night.

None of the men arrested had barred zone permits, and the names of none of them were given out last night.

The Seabury Company, where arrests were made, is one of the largest concerns of its kind in the country, and is engaged on a number of large Government contracts. The company is one of the best equipped for the manufacture of light naval patrol vessels such as are used in anti-submarine work. The Germans have been in the employ of the company for a considerable time, it is said, and none of them, according to the secret service agents, had a barred zone permit, which all unlinterned Germans are required to have. The plant of the Seabury Company is the centre of one of the most important barred zones in New York City.

The men who were arrested are William Saner, Joseph Schoepe, Henry Freiershausen, Richard Berndt and William Eckerlin. Schoepe, Eckerlin and Saner are machinists, and the other two woodworkers.

This is the first time, since the war began, that enemy aliens have been found at work in a shipbuilding plant in New York. Schoepe is said to have represented himself as an American citizen, and as such to have been employed by the company. He is an expert machinist.

A man who gave his name as William J. O'Neill, and who said he was in the advertising business, was arrested late Tuesday night, charged with personating an officer of the United States Army. The man was arrested in the Hotel Ansonia by Detectives McGowan, Hagan, and Leonard of the Fourth Branch Detective Bureau. On O'Neill the police found a number of letters purporting to be recommendations from officers of the regular army. The man will be turned over to the Federal authorities today.

One Dollar Per Week

will buy a Liberty Bond. This easy payment plan permits every citizen to own at least one of these peerless 4% Bonds. Here is your opportunity to buy the safest investment in the world and to help the boys in France who are offering their lives that this country may continue to enjoy the free and democratic government under which you are living.

We offer the services of this organization in handling Liberty Loan subscriptions and will make loans to aid in the purchase of these Bonds.

Sign up today for a Liberty Bond.

Metropolitan Trust Company
of the City of New York
60 Wall Street 716 Fifth Avenue

GERMANS FINISH OESEL CONQUEST

Continued from Page 1.

Agency today issued the following summary of conditions there as coming from a competent naval authority:

"While our fleet in the zone of operations is being pressed by German forces four times its strength, our army finds itself in a more favorable position, the strength of the German troops landed being insignificant. Tagga Bay, the only place where reinforcements can be disembarked, is exposed to northerly gales, which have been blowing for two days. The transport of our reinforcements to the island of Oesel, however, does not depend upon weather conditions.

"This explains the persistent efforts of German destroyers to penetrate as far as Moon Sound, thereby threatening our communications, and the enemy's desperate attacks against the troops defending these communications. The matter should be settled before long, as we are hastening the dispatch of reinforcements for a counterattack, which is imminent."

WILSON ENCOURAGES 'AWAKENED RUSSIA'

Tells Mme. Breshkovskaya That Education Is Indispensable for Nation's Welfare.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Messages of felicitation upon the union of the United States and the new Russian democracy in the cause of justice exchanged by President Wilson and Mme. Catherine Breshkovskaya, Chairman of the Russian Committee on Civic Education, were made public today at the State Department.

Mme. Breshkovskaya cabled:

"We Russian citizens have been receiving from the American people so many tokens of friendship and expressions of good will to help Russia in her hour of difficulties that we feel an imperious desire on our part to say to the great democracy of the United States how near to our hearts is the union with that democratic people and how fervently we wish to preserve that union and friendship so long as our nations last.

"America as well as Russia is a young country in comparison with other great States. Our power is fresh and full of energy. The many heavy blows we have received during our history have hardened our strength and made us enduring in the struggle with the stern conditions of today. Let us, then look courageously into the face of our future and let us devote all our strength to the creation of a new life based upon justice and mutual trust, life free and bright, built upon the foundation of universal education and love.

"Trusting in the teachings of science, and knowing that the common welfare of all peoples is best served solidly together, we have organized ourselves into a Committee of Civic Education. A widespread education is necessary to make Russia an orderly democratic country. We plan to bring this education to the soldier in the camp, to the working man in the town, and to the peasant in the village.

"We greatly appreciate the willingness of our elder brother in democracy to aid us in building a true democracy that will guarantee our liberties and give to all in Russia equal opportunity. The Russians on our part are ready to be useful to our brethren on the other side of the ocean and defend the ground of their liberty and common welfare from the assaults of whatever enemies may come. Long live our union and friendship."

President Wilson replied:

"It has afforded me genuine pleasure to receive your eloquent message. At this hour, when the historic events of the last few months have brought Russia into such close touch with America, it is most heartening to witness the courage with which the new Russia faces the problems of the future, especially when the high mission of national enlightenment and preparedness for the great duties which fall upon a civic democracy is advanced an daunted by such an educational organization as yours.

"We of America long since learned that intellectual development and moral fitness are the most powerful elements of national advancement. As the individual is the type of the nation, so the nation should embody the highest individual ideals of civic perfection in order to assert and mantain its honorable position in the world-family of commonwealths, fulfilling its material and moral duties toward its neighbors, strong in the might of right and fearless in the cause of truth and justice.

"In the effort to attain this goal, may awakened Russia and enfranchised America advance side by side with mutual affection and confident trust."

ATTACKS ON EAST FRONT.

Russian Attempt to Advance Falls, Berlin Reports.

BERLIN, Oct. 17, (via London.)—Russian detachments have attempted to advance on the main fighting front in the East, the War Office reports today, but have been driven back. The War Office statement reads:

On the mainland (Russian) front there has been a considerable revival in the fighting activity. Enemy detachments were driven back.

Iowa's 'Wets' Win by Small Margin.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Oct. 17.—Complete unofficial returns from Monday's vote on an amendment to the Iowa Constitution providing State-wide prohibition tonight showed the "wets" leading by only 887 votes, and it seemed obvious that an official recount would be necessary. The complete unofficial returns gave the vote as 214,634 against and 213,747 for the amendment.

WINTER BOOTS

Quality

Brown cordovan with tops of brown calf.

Price, $12.00

J. J. SLATER

Established 1859

415 Fifth Avenue
New York

Safety!

Safety lies in avoiding substitutes. The name "Bayer" is on every package and every tablet of genuine Aspirin. Look for

"The Bayer Cross—" (BAYER) *Your Guarantee of Purity"*

TABLETS in pocket boxes of 12 Bottles of 24 and 100
CAPSULES in sealed packages of 12 and 24

The trade-mark "Aspirin" (Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.) is a guarantee that the monoaceticacidester of salicylicacid in these tablets and capsules is of the reliable Bayer manufacture.

AMERICAN RED CROSS MAKES GIFT TO BRITISH

A Million Dollar Contribution Announced in Connection with British Collection Day.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—A list of contributions made public tonight in connection with "Our Day" collection in behalf of the British Red Cross is led by a gift of $1,000,000 from the American Red Cross.

Of this amount $250,000 is for the relief and comfort of the sick and wounded in hospitals and casualty clearing stations in the lines of communications where the British forces are fighting, $250,000 for the maintenance of auxiliary hospitals and convalescent homes in England, and $500,000 for institutions in Great Britain devoted to orthopedic and facial treatment and general restorative work for disabled soldiers.

In a letter Major Grayson M. P. Murphy, head of the American Red Cross Commission in Europe, said:

"We hope that you will accept our contribution as an earnest of the desire of our people to begin to take our share of the burden of the war which your forces have waged for three years in behalf of the whole civilized world."

Preference for the SOHMER PIANO

So universally shown by discriminating piano purchasers everywhere is strikingly exemplified by the fact that there are more Sohmer pianos in use in Greater New York than any other artistic make. Through sheer merit alone the Sohmer has become the choice of the world's greatest musical center.

SOHMER & CO.
Fifth Ave. at 22d St.

CHURCHILL'S

MORE THAN A RESTAURANT A BROADWAY INSTITUTION

Buy Liberty Bonds

A million Americans offer to sacrifice their lives for humanity.

You must supply the money. Do your share

Buy

4% Liberty Bonds

The Safest of known Investments.

A RECENT DISCOVERY

The Best Portrait of

ABRAHAM LINCOLN

The New York Times has just received an original impression of the best photograph of Abraham Lincoln, never heretofore published. It will be reproduced on the first page of the Rotogravure Picture Section of next Sunday's edition of The New York Times. The original photograph was taken in Brady's Studio, in Washington, in February, 1861, a few days before Lincoln was inaugurated President of the United States.

Mr. Lincoln was posed by George H. Story, A. N. A., the present curator emeritus of the Metropolitan Museum of Art. The result is an artist's truth-telling camera study of Lincoln, the man. It is Lincoln as the clear eyes of an artist saw him, a portrait true to the original in dress, form and feature.

The Times reproduction is from a contact print from the original plate and is thought by Mr. Story to be the only such print in existence.

Those who desire this rare portrait should place their order for next Sunday's Times with their newsdealer at once.

The picture as reproduced in next Sunday's New York Times would, a few years ago, have cost as many dollars as the Sunday Times costs cents. It is an extraordinarily true-to-life photograph, well worth preserving and framing.

ROOT FINDS PRIMARY NO BAR TO MITCHEL

Quotes State Constitution as Republican Doctrine of Non-Partisan City Government.

'BEST MAYOR IN 50 YEARS'

Ex-Senator Wants Mitchel Re-elected on Record in Office and as a Great War Leader.

Elihu Root, in a letter sent yesterday to James R. Sheffield, former President of the Republican Club, went strongly on record for Mayor Mitchel's re-election and asserted that no Republican ought to be controlled in the slightest degree by the recent primary vote.

Mr. Root also asserted that Mayor Mitchel should be re-elected, not only because he has been the best Mayor New York City has had in fifty years, but because he has been "a great war Mayor." His defeat, Mr. Root said, would mean the loss of a great lieutenant of the National Government, that the enemies of the country would rejoice as for a victory over loyal Americanism, and that Germany would be encouraged and strengthened in her warfare. He added that "every disloyal man in New York is against him."

After saying that he was for the re-election of Mayor Mitchel as a matter of course, Mr. Root wrote:

"No one familiar with the settled principles of the Republican Party in this State can suppose that in voting for Mayor on the sixth of November he ought to be controlled in the slightest degree by the recent primary vote. No considerations of party loyalty or good faith create any such obligation in a municipal election.

"The people of the State under the leadership of the Republican Party separated municipal elections from State and national elections for the express purpose of making the members of political parties free from party obligation in voting for municipal officers. This was done by the Constitution adopted in 1894. The convention which framed that Constitution was Republican by a large majority. Its President was Joseph H. Choate. Its work was specifically approved by the Republican State Convention of that year. The Republicans carried the State that Fall and by a heavy majority elected their State ticket and adopted the Constitution.

For Business, Not Politics.

"In the address to the people of the State with which the convention submitted its work for the people to approve or reject, the convention said:

> The main features which we propose are as follows:
>
> We seek to separate in the larger cities municipal elections from State and national elections, to the end that the business affairs of our great municipal corporations may be managed upon their own merits, uncontrolled by national and State politics, and to the end also that the great issues of national and State politics may be determined upon their merits, free from the disturbing and often demoralizing effect of local contests. For this purpose it has been necessary, by a series of amendments, to rearrange the terms of office and times of elections of the Governor, State officers, Senators, and municipal officers, so that the elections for State officers will occur at the even-numbered years and the elections for municipal officers on the odd-numbered years.

"The Constitution was adopted upon that authentic and official statement of its purpose and effect. Tammany Hall fought violently against it, but without avail, for the old City of New York voted in its favor, and the City of Brooklyn voted for it by a still larger majority. Well might Tammany oppose these provisions, for they deprive that sinister organization of the tremendous power of party regularity which she had so effectively used to maintain control over the revenues of the City of New York.

"To repudiate or nullify the principle of those provisions would be to restore that power to Tammany Hall. The way in which nominations are made when they are made, whether by primary or by convention, is unimportant. The effect of a nomination is the same either way and the constitutional principle firmly established is that in a municipal election the voters of every party remain absolutely free. This principle cannot be annulled in one party and maintained in the other. We cannot say that Democrats are free to vote as they choose without regard to the Democratic nomination without saying that Republicans are free to vote as they choose in the coming municipal election without regard to the Republican nomination."

Best Mayor in Fifty Years.

Mr. Root said there were two strong reasons why really patriotic Americans in New York City should vote for Mr. Mitchel for Mayor.

"The first reason," he said, "is that he has been tried and has made good as Mayor. I have known personally every Mayor of New York in the past fifty years, and several of them have been my warm personal friends; yet I am satisfied that Mr. Mitchel has been the best Mayor New York has had during all that time. It requires peculiar qualities to succeed as Mayor of New York, and Mitchel has them. He has shown himself not only honest, intelligent, and attentive to duty, but he is a born fighter perfectly fearless, just as ready to fight a man with votes behind him as a man without them, and he has a tremendous enthusiasm for his job.

"According to his understanding, his job is not to draw a salary and be ornamental, but to have a well-governed city, to knock out the crooks and impostors who seek to fatten on the city under all sorts of political pretenses, and to keep things straight and get things done for the benefit of the whole community. It is a rare thing to find a man like this; and, if we really care about the prosperity and good name of our town, we will hold on to him for a second term at least. It is moreover an excellent practice which encourages very good public officers by giving them second terms. It pays for the public to recognize real merit in its servants.

"All this would be true in ordinary times. It is doubly true now. With the tremendous burden of the war upon us, we cannot afford to waste any strength in trying experiments. All personal likes and dislikes should be laid aside. Wherever we have experienced public servants giving us good government, we had better not turn them out and try to break in new men, who may succeed and who may not. At the very best, the change would mean a loss of strength and efficiency on the part of the American people at a time when we need all the strength and all the efficiency that is possible for us.

Great as a War Mayor.

"The second cardinal reason for re-electing Mayor Mitchel is that he has been a great War Mayor. None of the great war Governors to whom success of the Union cause in the Civil War owed so much was the leader of half as many people as Mayor Mitchel has had under his mayoralty during this war. He has been a great patriotic leader, powerful, fearless, active, effective, arousing his people, holding up the hands of the National Government for the cause of free democracy and the security and honor of our country. All true Americans owe him a debt of gratitude, and we ought to express our sense of that by our votes. If we permit him to be turned out of office, a great lieutenant of the National Government will be lost; the enemies of our country will rejoice as for a victory over loyal Americanism; Germany will be encouraged and strengthened in her warfare and many of the young men whom we are sending across the Atlantic to fight for us will pay with their lives for that encouragement to our enemy.

"Every disloyal man in New York is against Mayor Mitchel."

RIEGELMANN'S LEAD REDUCED BY RECOUNT

Coler Gains 350 Votes in First Seven Assembly Districts in Brooklyn.

Gains for Bird S. Coler were the feature of the reinspection of ballots in the contest between him and Sheriff Edward Riegelmann for the Democratic nomination for Borough President of Brooklyn. On the face of the primary returns Sheriff Riegelmann was the winner by a plurality over Coler of approximately 1,200.

The District Attorney's office in Kings was represented at the reinspection of the ballots, which began yesterday morning at the headquarters of the Brooklyn Election Board, 435 Fulton Street. The first seven Assembly districts counted yielded a net gain of 350 votes for Mr. Coler.

Erasures, like those developed in the Mitchel-Bennett recount of the Republican primary ballots, were shown to have been employed by the Democrats, as well in their desire to make sure that Sheriff Riegelmann, who had the backing of the McCooey machine, got the nomination. In some instances it appeared that the eraser had been plied for the benefit of both candidates.

Heavy gains for Mr. Coler were shown by the reinspection of the ballots in the Third Assembly District, where it appeared that he had won sixty votes, not including ballots in protest owing to erasures or for other reasons, and upon which the courts may have to pass. In the First Assembly District, with twenty-eight election districts, Coler's friends claimed a gain of fifteen votes for their candidate. In the Third Assembly District a gain of forty-three was made by Mr. Coler in a single election district, the Fourth.

"I would like to call the attention of the District Attorney to these ballots," said Mr. Coler. "Every ballot is marked in identically the same way and apparently in the same hand. The District Attorney should call a handwriting expert to show that fact, and summon every voter in the district who is recorded on the books as having voted to swear how he cast his vote."

Assistant District Attorney Conway carefully examined all suggestions of possible fraud which came to light. District Attorney Lewis has been investigating the count of the Democratic primary vote and has announced that if the facts as revealed to him warrant prosecution, he will submit the matter to the Grand Jury.

An official inspection of the Democratic primary vote for Justice of the Supreme Court and for Borough President of Queens was started yesterday in the Queens Bureau of Elections, 62 Jackson Avenue, Long Island City. When the count stopped for the day the boxes from only ten districts of the 188 in Queens had been opened, and the changes recorded showed that the errors were so slight that unless more evidence of irregularity is shown tomorrow the count will probably be discontinued.

HYLAN IGNORES WOMAN WHO HECKLES HIM

Candidate Clings to Manuscript When Asked Why He Doesn't Debate with Mitchel.

Judge John F. Hylan, Tammany candidate for Mayor, got his first real heckling of the campaign last night. The candidate spoke at the Labor Lyceum, Willoughby and Myrtle Avenues, Williamsburg. The hall was only partly filled, about 200 men and women making up an audience that was plainly sympathetic. The Judge got a good reception and, following his established campaign rule, he began to read his speech. He had proceeded about half way when a well-dressed woman sitting in the middle of the hall arose and in a high voice said:

"Why don't you debate the issues of this campaign with Mayor Mitchel?"

Judge Hylan was plainly startled and stopped reading. Immediately the crowd began to jeer at the interrupter. There were cries of "Go on, go on," and the candidate began to read from where he left off.

Again the woman interrupted, and holding aloft a newspaper demanded of the candidate why he didn't answer the questions put forth in an advertisement asking for more specific data concerning the Judge's charge that the Rockefeller interests ruled the city.

Again the Judge hesitated and looked embarrassed.

After the meeting, the woman, who was accompanied by two other women, made her way to the street. As she was about to enter a limousine, she said her name was Mrs. John Smith, and that she lived in Brooklyn.

LA FOLLETTE CASE HELD UP.

Investigators Will Hold No More Sessions Until Nov. 26.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—No further sessions of the committee investigating Senator La Follette's speech at St. Paul will be held until Nov. 26. The committee found itself unable to proceed immediately because of Senator La Follette's refusal to take part in the inquiry under the conditions imposed. A readjustment of plans will be necessary, and for the convenience of members of the committee it was deemed best to postpone further meetings until just before the opening of the next session of Congress.

Senator Pomerene, Chairman of the committee, issued this statement today:

"Because of the developments of yesterday the committee has thought it best to seek information from other sources. This is being arranged for but it will take some time to collect it. Members of the committee have engagements which demand their presence at home and for this reason an adjournment has been agreed to until Nov. 26."

It is the intention of the committee to hold executive hearings when it reconvenes. All possible data relating to the accuracy of the statements of fact in the St. Paul speech will be gathered and high officials of the State Department probably will be summoned as witnesses to clear up the facts regrading the Lusitania case.

DEFENDS PATRIOTIC ISSUE.

Mayor Tells Advertisers That Seditious Elements Back Hylan.

Speaking at the Advertising Club, 47 East Twenty-fifth Street, at noon yesterday, Mayor Mitchel defended the stand he has taken on patriotism and asserted that although he did not inject the issue into the campaign he was ready to stand by all that he has said.

"The patriotic issue," the Mayor said, "developed from the 'lineup' behind the various candidates for Mayor and it indicates that nearly all of the forces of disloyalty and sedition are behind the candidacy of Judge Hylan. Another force of disloyal people behind Judge Hylan is the Socialist party."

The Mayor said that a few years ago Charles F. Murphy was instrumental in naming as Governor a man over whom he held a club, so that the Governor would have to do his bidding. When the Governor refused to do what Murphy wanted, he said, the club was used.

"Has Mr. Murphy had in mind Judge Hylan's record?" asked the Mayor. "Has he had in mind his associations, his acceptance of checks drawn by one of the most notorious criminals in New York? Did Mr. Murphy know of this record and regard it as a club that he might hold over Hylan as Mayor of New York to obtain compliance with any demands he might have in mind?"

ADVERTISEMENT.

To Relieve Indigestion

in five minutes take 6 Bell-ans in a cup of hot water. Druggists refund money if it fails to relieve severe attacks. 25c.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

Contains no harmful or deleterious substance

BENNETT IN FAVOR OF WOMAN SUFFRAGE

Republican Candidate Promises to Vote for State Amendment on Election Day.

HOMELESS IN MANHATTAN

Nominee Compelled Largely to Speak in Open Air Here — Three Brooklyn Meetings.

William M. Bennett, Republican candidate for Mayor, announced last night that he was in favor of woman suffrage and would vote for the suffrage amendment on Election Day. The Republican candidate added that while a member of the Legislature he had always voted in the affirmative on the measure.

Mr. Bennett was campaigning in Brooklyn last night, where he addressed three meetings arranged for him by Jacob A. Livingston, the Republican leader of Kings. The meetings were held under the auspices of the regular Republican organizations of the First, Third, and Eighth Assembly Districts, and at their club houses.

In Manhattan friends of Mr. Bennett said today, the Republican candidate for Mayor, figuratively speaking, would be homeless, the Republican district organizations in every instance having refused to have anything to do with his candidacy. In the circumstances Frank D. Wilsey, Chairman of the Bennett Campaign Committee, said that the supporters of the Republican nominee would be compelled to a very large extent to make their campaign in the open air.

"The open-air campaign," Mr. Wilsey said, "is already under way and we are having good audiences, who listen intently to what our speakers have to say. Mr. Bennett himself has not as yet taken active part in the open-air speaking, but he will as soon as he gets through with his campaign in Brooklyn. Next week our fight will be focused on the winning of Manhattan."

It was announced at Bennett headquarters in the Bartholdi Building yesterday that arrangements had been made with Major Gen. Bell for Bennett meetings among the drafted men at Camp Upton. Mr. Bennett will make the journey to the big cantonment on Saturday afternoon and address four meetings.

Mr. Bennett, in a statement made public yesterday, said that if the people of this city wanted a business administration during the next four years they would have to look to him for it. The Mitchel administration, he declared, had shown itself too extravagant and too disposed to spend the city's money for non-essentials to be trusted.

"As to Mr. Hylan, he has shown through his association with Goslin the danger of intrusting the spending of $1,320,000,000 which the city administration will disburse during the next four years to him," said Mr. Bennett. "The fact that he reads speeches, apparently written for him by some one else, shows his ignorance of the form of city government and city affairs. As to Mr. Hillquit, his idea is apparently that all forms of business activity should be taken over by the Government—that we should all become employes of the Government. My theory is that the money of the city should be spent for absolute necessities and not for extravagances, and that it should be spent for the benefit of the citizens and not for the benefit of the Mayor's financial backers."

Governor Appoints McClelland.

Governor Whitman has appointed ex-State Senator James D. McClelland, who is a member of the staff of District Attorney Swann, to represent the State as one of the New York delegates to the tenth international congress of the World's Purity Federation at Louisville on Nov. 8-14.

ASKS HYLAN ABOUT HIDDEN PAPERS

Continued from Page 1.

Goslin, purchased ten shares of the Arizona Consolidated Gold Mining Company for $250. He split the ten-share certificate into ten shares, kept one, and assigned the other nine to associates of Goslin, among whom was the same Charles Turner who makes the affidavit this morning.

Says Hylan Was the Attorney.

"Dunn presented his share to the corporation, demanded to be shown the books, and, when they refused, brought action.

"The attorney of record in this strike suit was John F. Hylan.

"Four of these strike suits were brought by Miss Magher, Goslin's stenographer, against the American Asiatic Steamship Company and against T. Ashley Sparks, President Funch, Edye & Co.

"In all these cases service of the summons upon the corporation was sworn to by Charles M. Dunn. In all these cases the attorney of record was John F. Hylan. Most significant of all, in the light of what I am about to point out, the papers in these cases are now missing from the archives of the court.

"In 1905 Goslin introduced a man named Edgar A. Whitney to Isaac Schwartz, a Brooklyn builder. Whitney told Schwartz that another man, named Bernard Uhren, wanted a garage built in Brooklyn. He declared that Uhren was very rich and would think nothing of paying $1,000 more for the garage than the job was worth.

"Schwartz signed a contract with Uhren for $8,350, agreeing to pay Whitney $500 of the extra $1,000. Schwartz started the garage, but when, after expending $1,830, he sought payment on account, he discovered that on the day he had signed his contract, Uhren had mortgaged his property for $3,000 to Anna Irene Magher, Goslin's stenographer.

"On Oct. 6, 1915, Whitney brought suit against Schwartz for the recovery of the $500 he alleged was due him as half of the extra $1,000 that was to be charged Uhren. When this suit came to trial Goslin's tool, Charles M. Dunn, submitted a false affidavit, declaring that he had served Schwartz with a summons, and judgment was taken against Schwartz by default for $517.

"No reputable lawyer with a knowledge of the facts would take such a case. The attorney of record was John F. Hylan.

Refers to Missing Papers.

"It seems almost unnecessary to add anything to this record, but a still more striking circumstance appears in this case. The papers in the case of Whitney against Schwartz have disappeared from the Third District Municipal Court of Brooklyn. They disappeared while District Attorney Jerome was gathering evidence against Goslin, but in the archives of the court there appears this interesting record:

> Edgar A. Whitney against Isaac Schwartz. Summons issued Oct. 4, 1905; served by Charles Dunn.
>
> Plaintiff appears, John F. Hylan.
>
> Defendant appears, (Blank.)
>
> The Court thereupon rendered judgment on the 10th day of October, 1905, in favor of plaintiff for $500 damages and $2 costs, and $15 extra costs.
>
> Transcript issued Oct. 16, 1905, to John F. Hylan.

"On the margin of this record, is the following notation, relating to the papers in the case: 'Taken by Hylan, 1,030 Gates Avenue, party to examine.'

"The climax to this story is the fact that some one has found it to his interest to destroy this notation by running a mark through the words 'Hylan, 1,030 Gates Avenue.'

"John F. Hylan has been exposed as a man capable of driving his own company to the verge of bankruptcy by suits for his own legal services which an attorney for that company he failed to defend.

"He has been exposed as a lawyer who assaulted decent business as attorney for associates of the swindler, Goslin.

"He has been exposed as the attorney of record in the disreputable Whitney-Schwartz case—a case so black that some one found it necessary to purloin the papers.

"I now ask Judge Hylan if he knows where the missing papers in the Whitney case are hidden?

"I now ask Judge Hylan whether he was the man who attempted to erase the name of Hylan in the court record of the Whitney-Schwartz case?

"I now ask Charles F. Murphy whether he or others behind the Hylan nomination had previous knowledge of this public scandal?"

SAYS HYLAN OPPOSES DRAFT

Senator Ottinger Asserts Candidate Took Stand Against Law.

State Senator Albert E. Ottinger, who tried to put through the New York Republican County Committee a resolution indorsing the candidacy of William M. Bennett, declared yesterday that Judge John F. Hylan, the Tammany Mayoralty candidate, had told him that he was against the selective draft, and that he expected to defeat Mayor Mitchel on that issue. Speaking at the September meeting of the County Committee, Senator Ottinger remarked that Judge Hylan was opposed to the draft, and a day or two later Judge Hylan retorted that this was untrue, as he had signed a petition to Congress urging the enactment of the Selective Draft bill. When seen at his office, 165 Broadway, yesterday Senator Ottinger said:

"I first met Judge Hylan at the United States Hotel at Saratoga the day after he was designated by the Democratic Fusion Committee. After a few pleasantries I told the Judge that I thought he had a chance of being elected and he replied:

"'Yes, I'll beat Mitchel on this selective draft proposition. I attended a meeting at which Mitchel spoke on the selective draft, and he didn't get a hand. The selective draft is not popular with the people, and that is why I am going to be elected."

When Mayor Mitchel was informed last night of the conversation he said:

"I am not surprised, in view of Judge Hylan's backers and connections, that he is opposed to anything to make America stronger in this war with Germany. We now have Mr. Hylan's personal, direct testimony added to everything I have already pointed out for the proposition that there is an issue in this campaign of a national and touching Americanism. Mr. Hylan, according to Senator Ottinger, expects to win because he is opposed to the selective draft and because I am in favor of it. I accept the issue. If the people, like Mr. Hylan, are opposed to American preparedness, I suppose they will vote for him."

When the Mayor was informed that Senator Ottinger had said that he still was for Bennett, he said:

'Well, I suppose Mr. Bennett has got to have a few votes."

SOCIALISTS AID MITCHEL.

Stokes and Slobodin Repudiate Hillquit Because of His War Stand.

J. G. Phelps Stokes, who left the Socialist Party because of its anti-war attitude, announced yesterday that he would not only vote for Mayor Mitchel, but would aid in his campaign. Henry L. Slobodin, Chairman of the New York State Socialist Committee, also announced that he would not support Morris Hillquit, Socialist candidate for Mayor.

"I am not going to vote for Hillquit," said Mr. Slobodin, "or certainly cannot subscribe to his candidacy. I consider him a traitor to Socialist principles and also am opposed to him for his pro-German activities."

Mr. Stokes said he was going to vote for Mayor Mitchel because Hillquit had stated the prime issue of the campaign to be the war policy of the Government.

"I firmly believe," he said, "that the interests of democracy as well as of Socialism, both here and abroad, hang on the issue of this war and that Hillquit and his associates in their opposition to American participation in the struggle are doing more than any other element in America to jeopardize and wreck the prospects of democracy.

As has been so correctly pointed out by many, victory for Hillquit and his peace-at-any-price propaganda would do more to hearten the German Government than a dozen average German 'victories' in Russia, France, or Belgium, and would enormously increase the tragic difficulties and burdens of those who are gladly giving their lives that democracy may triumph."

Dedicate Schuyler Mansion.

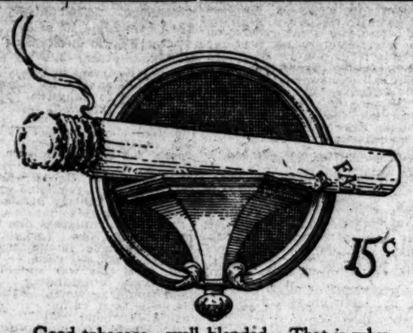
ALBANY, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The 140th anniversary of the Battle of Saratoga was observed in this city today by the dedication as an historic shrine of the Schuyler Mansion, the home of General Philip Schuyler, who commanded the Continental troops previous to the Saratoga fight and prepared them for that combat. Addresses were made by Governor Whitman and Commissioner of Education John H. Finley.

GOOD-BY! third page—hello! last page. That's where I'm going to perch from now on. As an Irishman might say with racial drollery, I've been coming so fast to the front, that I'm going back.

I'll be easier to spot—just flip over your paper, and we're face to face. As always, you'll find my chats as full of tickles as a tailor's tape, and abreast-of-the-hour, though behind The Times.

A Liberty Bond Helps Prove the N. G. In King

Clemons
Civilian and Military Tailor
Broadway at 39th St
19 Years On This Corner



Good tobaccos—well blended. That is why Fatimas are always cool and comfortable.

FATIMA
A Sensible Cigarette

15¢

ASSAILS CITY DEALS IN FOREIGN LOANS

Tammany's Candidate for Controller Charges That Transactions Were 'Absolutely Illegal.'

HYLAN TAKES UP TAXES

Rate Has Become "Little Short of Confiscation," He Asserts—Predicts Budget of $260,000,000.

Speaking at a luncheon of the Brooklyn Civic Club yesterday Charles L. Craig, Tammany Hall-Democratic Fusion candidate for Controller, made the charge that Controller Prendergast had borrowed money for the City of New York at the rate of 9 per cent. in violation of the New York City Charter.

"Controller Prendergast," said the rival candidate for the office he now holds, "has involved the city in huge transactions in foreign exchange. He has made a great number of short-term loans that are absolutely illegal. They have involved the city in huge losses. The facts have been concealed by Mr. Prendergast.

"In 1910 Mr. Prendergast sold $15,620,000 of short-term notes, payable in London and Paris. In 1911 he sold over $46,000,000. In 1912 he sold over $46,000,000. In 1913 he sold over $86,000,000. In the first eight months of 1914, before the outbreak of the war, Mr. Prendergast sold the huge total of $90,436,000 of New York City notes payable in London and Paris. Every one of these loans was absolutely illegal.

"I challenge Mr. Prendergast to point to any provision of the Greater New York charter that authorizes corporate stock, notes or revenue bonds and bills to be made payable in a foreign country. The issues above referred to were corporate stock notes and revenue bonds and bills. For several weeks I have been endeavoring to obtain the particulars of these transactions from the Controller's office. I have been blocked and obstructed at every step.

"When the European war broke out $77,000,000 of these notes were outstanding, payable in London and Paris. This led to the $100,000,000 loan that introduced the pay-as-you-go system. The Wall Street bankers exacted 6 per cent. for the $100,000,000 and also required that the city leave the money on deposit with the subscribing banks at 2 per cent. The City of New York was required to pay $5.03 for each pound sterling had in London as against about $4.85 that the city had received. A like advance had to be paid on the notes payable in Paris."

Hylan Speaks in Brooklyn.

Judge John F. Hylan again carried his Mayoralty fight to Brooklyn last night. Speaking to four audiences, he charged that William Hamlin Childs, Chairman of Mayor Mitchel's Campaign Committee; James H. Post, another member of the committee, and R. A. C. Smith, Dock Commissioner under Mayor Mitchel, were financially interested in sugar companies which had hugely increased their profits by boosting the price of this commodity from 5 to 10 and 12 cents a pound in defiance of President Wilson's mandate against profiteering.

"Are men who will engineer such a deliberate raid upon the people of all classes likely to exert a good influence for you with the officials whom they elect to office on a platform of corporate servility?" asked the Tammany candidate for Mayor. "They are supporting Mayor Mitchel because he is their friend, and remember, the Mayor says 'If you don't like my friends you can go to hell.'"

Judge Hylan predicted that the city budget this year would be approximately $260,000,000, with the special revenue bonds that would be piled on top of the $238,000,000 at which the budget had been tentatively fixed. The tax rate, Judge Hylan said, would be from ten to thirty points higher than this year, while the assessments in many instances exceeded the full value of the property assessed.

"The rate of taxation has become little short of confiscation," Judge Hylan continued. "Yet Mr. Mitchel and his colleagues go on in their happy, rollicking, spendthrift way, with no thoughts of the future and no attempts to lighten our burdens. The Mitchel-Prendergast Administration has paid enormous profits for useless real estate which they have purchased from their intimate friends, and they have leased city property to other friends at rentals that are disgracefully low. When Mr. Mitchel and his colleagues have city property to rent we must be satisfied with a return of 1½ per cent. When Mr. Reynolds, the Mayor's intimate friend, has property to sell to the city he gets profits in some cases of 2,400 per cent."

Cites Dock Property Lease.

Judge Hylan cited as an instance the lease of the dock property at the foot of Joralemon Street, in Brooklyn, which was purchased by the city from the New York Dock Company in May, 1915, for $559,000 and leased back to that corporation for a term of fifty years at $3,518 per annum.

"The lease was made on the recommendation of the Controller, indorsed by Charles A. O'Malley," said Judge Hylan. "Mr. O'Malley is the real estate expert of the Finance Department, appointed by Controller Prendergast at the behest of the real estate ring in which Reynolds, Greve, and Bailey are the dominant figures. He is removable at the pleasure of the Controller. When O'Malley was called before the Grand Jury he refused to testify and tell the truth in reference to the Reynolds-Greve-Bailey land deals unless he was granted immunity from prosecution. Do innocent men exact pledges of immunity from prosecution?"

Mr. Craig said yesterday that he intended to take part in the hearings on the west side improvement which will begin today before the joint committee of the Public Service Commission and the Board of Estimate. In commenting on the tentative proposals of the committee and the rejection of the suggestions contained in them by Vice President Byram of the New York Central Railroad Company, Mr. Craig said:

"The New York Central's reply shows the evil effect of the Mitchel-Prendergast deal. They led the railroad to believe that its desire to acquire the perpetual ownership of the commercial waterfront of the Hudson River north of Fifty-ninth Street would be gratified. Mitchel and Prendergast did their utmost to accomplish the transfer of the city's waterfront to the railroad and ruin Riverside Park."

COLLEGE MEN HEAR MITCHEL.

Mayor Addresses Helpers at Dinner at Columbia Club.

Speaking at a dinner given by the Mitchel College Men's League at the Columbia University Club and at two crowded mass meetings in Harlem, Mayor Mitchel last night continued his account of his stewardship to the people of New York, and declared he was confident in the results or an election when the voters compared the achievements of four years of Fusion with the past record of Murphy and Tammany Hall.

At the meeting at the Columbia University Club, where his hearers were men who are going to work for Mitchel in the campaign, the Mayor emphasized the fact that in the last analysis the election would hang on the way in which the people regarded the dominant issues of this Fall. The first one, he said, was of course Murphyism and Tammany Hall in charge of the city government; the second, the question of the personal fitness of Judge John F. Hylan for Mayor.

"There are around this table a number of lawyers," said the Mayor, taking up this point. "If you have read the facts that have been printed from public records, a very large part of which have been—some of them—directly admitted by the statement that Mr. Hylan addressed to the paper that published these facts, and others of them inadvertently admitted by that most remarkable of documents, the affidavit submitted and printed this morning; if you have followed that state of facts you have already formed your own judgment as to the personal fitness for public trust of an attorney who would associate himself with people of this kind and who would permit himself the acts and the conduct that is here shown spread upon the public records."

The meetings in Harlem, one at Carlton Hall, on 127th Street, and the other at Camp Mitchel, on 125th Street, were enthusiastic in their reception of Mayor Mitchel.

Overcoats Which Have Warm Admirers

MEN who buy custom made suits at $75 and upwards—and are fussy about them—are among those who wear Weber and Heilbroner overcoats.

* *

Our overcoats at $40, $50 and $60 are of the finest fabrics—tailored by men who regard their business as an art.

* *

Overcoats which will appeal to young men because of their correct fashion—and to their fathers because of quality and price—$20, $22.50, $25, $28.50 and $30.

Make Your Dollar Ring for Liberty

Subscribe at Once to the Liberty Loan

The fabrics selected with discrimination, especially for New York taste—every false note of fashion omitted.

* *

Burberry English overcoats, $37.50 to $75.

Officers' Uniforms, $43 and $48.
Officers' Overcoats, $50 and $67.50.

Weber and Heilbroner

Clothiers, Haberdashers and Hatters—Eleven Stores

241 Broadway, 345 Broadway, 775 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 1363 Broadway, 58 Nassau, 150 Nassau, 20 Cortlandt, 30 Broad, 42nd and Fifth Ave.

Clothing at: 30 Broad, 241 Broadway, 1185 Broadway, 44th and Broadway, 42d and Fifth Ave.

235

IF you trade at the department stores you will find it convenient to keep your deposits at our 5th Avenue and 34th Street office—opposite Altman's and the Waldorf. Please ask for Mr. Dunn, our Vice-President.

COLUMBIA TRUST COMPANY

HYLAN DECLARES NAME WAS STOLEN

Continued from Page 1.

the middle initial left out. Ordinary caution and intelligence should have informed you that that complaint never came from me. Would I, as an attorney, have served papers with my name thus misspelled? I invariably used printed backs of a distinctive color with my name and address properly printed thereon.

"In the actions you list as having been commenced by me, the address on the summonses is written incorrectly. The address given in The World and written in long hand on these forged summonses is 1,030 Gates Avenue, while I invariably use the address 1,028 Gates Avenue. Further, the handwriting on these summonses in the spaces that would ordinarily be filled in by the attorney who prepared them is not in my handwriting but is, apparently, in the handwriting of Dunn, judging by his signature.

"I further find in the typewritten synopsis of what you said you would print Wednesday morning, which you submitted to me at 10 o'clock Tuesday night, you include the case of Dunn vs. The Arizona Copper Mining Company. You say I was attorney and that the case was commenced in the Sixth District Municipal Court of Brooklyn, on Oct. 10, 1905. I never heard of such a case and was not attorney in it, and no such case as you describe could have been commenced because the court you say it was commenced in did not come into existence until Jan. 1, 1906.

"I learn that Edgar A. Whitney, the plaintiff in an action referred to by you, in which there appears a false affidavit of service, today voluntarily came to our headquarters and made an affidavit, hereto annexed, that he never retained me and did not know that such a man as John F. Hylan existed at that time.

"If you had taken ordinary care to hunt up Mr. Whitney, you would have learned that when he found himself involved with Goslin and a band of crooks, he went to the office of District Attorney Jerome and told the whole story, which resulted in the exposure of this fradulent affidavit of service.

"You have maliciously and wantonly attempted to do me a great injury. A libel action has been commenced against you and the other newspaper which followed your lead. These actions will be prosecuted to judgment with all possible dispatch.

"I invite honest scrutiny of my private and official life. I especially invite a comparison of my private life, as well as my professional life, with that of the candidate whom you support for Mayor, Mr. Mitchel, and in whose interest you have libeled me, and who, parrot-like, repeats your slanders.

"You control powerful machinery, with which you can give a sinister appearance to the innocent acts of any man. But your whole involved story, running through several days of publication, will crumble, like this falsehood and the preceding ones."

It was said at the office of The New York World last night that an appearance in the case would be noted today.

Silk Shirts Are A Delicacy On Autumn's Menu

THEY are not only the top o' luxury, but also the top o' scarcity this season, and top prices are being asked all about town. I'm asking $5, $6, $7.50 and $9 for fine-quality, hefty-weight silks.

Leaving luxury aside, and considering only *value*, I doubt if you can parallel these Silk Shirts anywhere at their prices.

Patri-Ox Pajamas (White Mercerized Oxford) cut with the spruce swing of an officer's uniform; military flap pockets—$2.75.

JOHN DAVID
STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES
Broadway at 32nd Street

48TH STREET AND BROADWAY

Rector's

Afternoon Tea Dance

In the Main Dining Room from 3 to 6, with the World Famous JAZZ BAND

Led by TED LEWIS, King of the Jazz.

CHESTERFIELD OVERCOATS

Hand-Tailored at the price of those that are not

Chesterfield Overcoats cover a multitude of Shins.

Worn by conservative men in every European and American city.

Smart enough for the Earl of Chesterfield, quiet enough for Comstock.

But must be hand-tailored—all else is vexation of Spirit.

Our tailors have done wonders with it, adhering faithfully to the Chesterfield principle of conservatism, but cutting it finer than the run of Chesterfields and tailoring it exclusively by Hand, which the Earl himself would have been among the first to approve.

Silk Lined at $25, $30 and $35

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE
Men's Clothing Shop, 8 West 38th Street
Separate Shop on Street Level

Benjamin Franklin, says:
"Deny self for self's sake."

The Careful Man's Opportunity

Make up a budget of your income and expenses. Put the surplus in the Second Liberty Loan and you will have the safest investment in the world. Interest at 4%. Bonds convertible into those of a higher rate if issued later. Full particulars will be given and subscriptions received at any of our offices and the Liberty Loan booths at Frederick Loeser & Co. and A. I. Namm & Sons, which are under our direction.

Franklin
TRUST CO.
Established 1888
46 Wall Street, New York
166 Montague Street, Brooklyn
369 Fulton Street, Brooklyn

Don't Let Your Feet Play Traitor!

WHEN, after a long walk or a hard day's work standing up, your feet go back on you, they're *traitors* to the rest of your system.

And now, in this time of national crisis, you can't afford to harbor traitors!

What makes traitorous feet? Pointed, bone-bending, "fashionable" shoes.

Such shoes cause flat feet, corns, bunions, callouses, ingrown nails, twisted toes.

Throw away your pointed shoes—*quick*. Get into Educators, designed by scientists to "let the feet grow as they should." They're

Made for
MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN

LOOK for EDUCATOR on the sole. It is not an Educator shoe unless stamped thus. There can be no guarantee stronger than this trademark, for it absolutely guarantees the whole shoe—every part—the shape—the material—the workmanship. Made by Rice & Hutchins, Inc., 15 High Street, Boston, Mass.

RICE & HUTCHINS
EDUCATOR SHOE

Unless branded thus on the sole it is not an Educator.

White Buck Button Educator for Children

Buy a Liberty Bond!

You should smile!

Club Cocktails

help the smile habit with a perfected flavor that never fails.

PLOT TO DEFEAT THE LIBERTY LOAN

Continued from Page 1.

ingenious places—has been carried on in many places, notably Washington. Afforts to get permission to hang placards in the windows of empty shops here in many instances have met with refusal. In other instances, posters have been torn down. In nearly every case investigated, it was found, it is reported, that the person refusing permission also was entirely out of sympathy with the course of the country.

Not until Colonel Lord's announcement today, however, did officials believe that the effort was organized. They now say it bears all the imprints of a carefully directed conspiracy.

ESTIMATE $1,500,000,000 OF LOAN NOW TAKEN

Half of the Minimum Amount Called for Has Been Subscribed, Washington Thinks.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—By estimates made at the Treasury Department late tonight, the first half of the drive for the sale of the second issue of the Liberty Loan bonds, with the addition of two days, has obtained the subscription of $1,250,000,000. This statement is based on the official reports, which are usually under rather than over actual subscriptions. The impression is strong, therefore, that the total up to the close of business today reached the amount of $1,500,000,000, or one-half the minimum quota set for the country at the beginning of the campaign.

At the rate achieved in the last three days it would now appear certain that the entire $3,000,000,000 of bonds would be placed, and if the rate of subscription during the last days of the campaign for the sale of the first issue should be repeated now there would be strong probability that the maximum of $5,000,000,000 would be reached.

The official returns received at the Treasury Department tonight from all twelve Federal Reserve Banks giving the amount of subscriptions down to the close of business yesterday afternoon showed a grand total of $700,110,150, which is $175,000,000 more than had been reported. This was the largest gain on any one day since the campaign started.

The official figures follow: Boston, $77,700,000; New York, $347,600,000; Philadelphia, $23,348,000; Cleveland, $70,250,000; Richmond, $28,318,600; Atlanta, $8,152,000; Chicago, $77,188,000; St. Louis, $5,165,350; Minneapolis, $15,750,000 Kansas City, $6,202,000; Dallas, $5,728,750, and San Francisco, $34,711,550.

Carefully compiled unofficial estimates indicate that the actual sales to date are as follows: New York, $460,000,000; Chicago, $200,000,000; Cleveland, $105,000,000; Boston and Philadelphia, $100,000,000 each; Richmond, $50,000,000; St. Louis, $45,000,000; San Francisco, $35,000,000; Minneapolis and Kansas City, $30,000,000 each; Atlanta, $15,000,000, and Dallas, $13,000,000. Total, $1,275,000,000.

If the unofficial figures are correct, the daily average sale from now on to the close of the drive on Oct. 27 must be more than $400,000,000, if the maximum quota is to be obtained.

PLAN LOAN DRIVE HERE TO REACH WELL-TO-DO

Bankers Point to Need of Men of Moderate Means to Come to Rescue—Total 460 Million.

Although five-eighths of the time for filing subscriptions to America's second war loan has elapsed, the applications reported in the New York Federal Reserve District aggregate only $460,000,000, or less than one-third of the $1,500,000,000 allotment on the basis of $5,000,000,000 of subscriptions for the whole country. Yesterday's gain was $47,000,000, and the official figures of the Federal Reserve Bank showed returns totaling $380,880,100, compared with $460,000,000, the estimate of subscriptions in hand, and in the mail.

The campaign has reached the stage where still greater efforts will have to be made if this district is to reach its expected total, and bankers expressed the view last night that a survey of results thus far obtained indicated that the mass of people of moderate means, who can well afford to subscribe in amounts ranging from $2,000 to $300,000, had not been quite as responsive as have the men and women who earn small wages. As regards persons of great wealth, it is reported that they will come forward during the closing days of the "drive." The men comprising the "ultra-rich" class are so few in number relatively that it is a comparatively easy matter to reach them, and the most influential bank Presidents have been assigned to the task of soliciting them for very large subscriptions. The principal difficulty encountered by the Liberty Loan committees has been to induce persons of the middle class to do their share in the way of aiding the Government in financing the great war. This class did not do as much as was expected of it in the first Liberty Loan campaign, and it is not doing any better now.

"We have found our campaign more or less faulty in effectiveness in reaching the moderately wealthy classes," declared Charles E. Mitchell, President of the National City Company and member of the Distribution Committee. "I have reference to the class that can subscribe for amounts from $5,000 to $300,000. The minds of the men of this class have become embroiled with the problem of taxation, their minds are affected by fluctuations in the stock market, and they are perturbed by such irrelevant things as the delay in the delivery of definitive bonds of the first issue, and all the while these men are losing sight of the critical necessities of the nation. The magnitude of the demands upon wealth and the penalty that will come to wealth under the enormous needs of this war year, except as they accept the invitation of the Government to subscribe for this premier security of the world, are not fully understood."

Urges Payment out of Earnings.

Mr. Mitchell added that it would be the endeavor of the Liberty Loan workers to drive home to this class of people the absolute necessity of their subscribing to the loan liberally. He said that just as special facilities had been afforded for the small wage earner buying bonds, namely the dollar-a-week partial payment plan, so the banks were ready to help the people of the middle class to subscribe by offering to lend them money at a preferential rate of 4 per cent. Mr. Mitchell asserted that it was imperative that men should borrow from their banks for the purposes of making the loan a success, and pointed out that just as the buyer of the $50 bond on the instalment plan paid for the security out of his future savings, so the man who can borrow $10,000 or $100,000 for the purpose of investing in the Government loan, should pay for the securities out of his future earnings.

Benjamin Strong, Governor of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, in an address before bond salesmen at the Harvard Club yesterday, said that he had just learned that 91 of the 105 negro cooks in the barracks on Governor's Island had subscribed an average of $141 each to the Loan.

"If we had airplanes and Zeppelins bombarding our city twice a week, as they have in London, the need for immediately oversubscribing this loan would be more apparent," Governor Strong declared. "There has got to be an immediate increase in bond sales here. The people of this nation have got to be volunteer purchasers of the issue. There are only two ways in which the Government can raise money. One is by taxation, the other is by bond issues. If this loan is not a success Congress will vote a high rate of taxation that will amount to virtual confiscation of wealth.

"It is a question of will you buy now, will you invest in a sound business proposition, or will you wait until the Government offers you a tax receipt on which there are certainly no returns? No man in this city need be afraid to mortgage his future earnings. The banks will not call loans made on bonds. The banks themselves are backed by the Federal Reserve Banks and a merchant's borrowing capacity on bonds today is greater than a broker's credit obtained on stock securities."

Increases Subscription $15,000,000.

The United States Steel Corporation, which subscribed $50,000,000 to the First Liberty Loan, announced yesterday a subscription of $15,000,000, which, added to an earlier application of $10,000,000, makes a total of $25,000,000. The corporation may yet make a still further subscription.

Among the subscriptions reported yesterday were the following:

U. S. Steel Corp., (additional)	$15,000,000
Farmers' Loan and Trust Co.	5,000,000
Consolidated Gas Co., (subsidiaries)	2,500,000
Marlin-Rockwell Corp.	1,500,000
Savings Bank of Utica	1,000,000
B. Lissberger & Co.	1,000,000
William A. Read & Co.	1,000,000
Bank of Long Island	1,000,000
Rochester Sav. Bk., Rochester, N. Y.	1,000,000
H. W. Johns-Manville Co.	850,000
Philippine National Bank, (subscriptions in the islands)	750,000
City Trust Co., Buffalo	750,000
New York Dock Co., (through U. S. Mortgage and Trust Co.)	600,000
Gaston, Williams & Wigmore, (through Guaranty Trust Co.)	500,000
Hudson and Manhattan Co.	500,000
Railway Steel Springs Co.	500,000
Wessel, Duval & Co.	375,000
The State Bank, New York City	250,000
Underwood Typewriter Co.	250,000
Halle & Stieglitz	250,000
Rogers-Brown Iron Co., Buffalo	250,000
Nat. Silk Dye'g Co., Paterson, N. J.	200,000
De Coppet & Doremus	200,000
Cushman's Sons, Inc.	200,000
Franklin Trust Co., Brooklyn, (additional)	185,000
Beer, Sondheimer & Co., (additional)	175,000
American Steamship Co. Buffalo	150,000
Fifth Avenue Bank, (additional)	125,000
Brooklyn Trust Co., (additional)	107,600
Lyman D. Smith & Co., (through U. S. Mortgage & Trust Co.)	100,000
Louis N. Hammerling	100,000
Nafra Co.	100,000
Louis E. Stoddard	100,000
National Enameling & Stamping Co.	100,000
Robert M. Thompson	100,000
Beer, Sondheimer & Co., Inc.	100,000
Electric Securities Corp.	100,000
The Neustadter Foundation	100,000
Franklin Savings Bank, (through Corn Exchange Bank)	100,000
Herzfeld & Stern, (through National City Bank)	100,000
William A. Rogers, Buffalo	100,000
Nesbit Grammer, Buffalo	100,000
Atlas Crucible Steel Co., Buffalo	100,000
John L. Clawson, Buffalo	100,000
Rhoades & Co.	100,000
The Exchange Buffet Corp.	100,000
Jewelry Trade Committee, (additional)	100,000
Electrical Testing Co.	100,000
Italian Savings Bank	50,000
Charles L. Huishing	50,000
A. J. Elias	50,000
Isaac Rosenfeld	50,000
Martin A. Matzner	50,000
Nicholas P. Young	50,000
A. H. Bull Steamship Co.	50,000

Governor Harding Predicts Success.

W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, was in town yesterday. Asked about the Liberty Loan campaign, he said:

"There is no question as to the result of the campaign. Liberty bonds are the safest investment in the world, and this fact alone should be sufficient reason for people to subscribe to them. But this is not the main reason for buying them. The point is that they will save the lives of our soldiers. We must not talk in terms of investment when we should be talking in terms of human life."

Chauncey M. Depew, former United States Senator, predicted an advance in the price of Liberty bonds immediately following the termination of the war.

"I want to impress one point on the millions of New Yorkers and other Americans who should buy bonds and who have not yet done so," Mr. Depew said. "If this war should end tomorrow every outstanding Liberty Loan bond would be worth 10 per cent. more than its face value. In other words, each $1,000 bond would be worth $1,150 and each $10,000 bond would be worth $11,500 in the open market.

Statement by Loan Committee.

The Liberty Loan Committee has received so many inquiries regarding the conversion of the 3½ per cent. bonds of the first Liberty Loan into bonds bearing interest at the rate of four per cent., that it decided to issue the following statement:

"Owners of interim certificates and definitive bonds of the First Liberty Loan will be able to convert their holdings into four per cent. bonds on and after Nov. 1. There are two ways of effecting this conversion. One is by turning in the bonds or certificates of the first issue to the banks, which will then obtain the new fours from the Federal Reserve Bank. The other is by applying directly to the Federal Reserve Bank. In both instances, the Bond Issue Division of the Federal Reserve Bank will handle this business.

"It is expected that a majority of all the bonds and certificates of the first Liberty Loan will be converted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, even though they were floated through other branches of the Federal Reserve system.

"It will be necessary for persons who obtained interim certificates of the first loan from Federal Reserve Banks outside of New York to have them changed into certificates of this Federal Reserve District before they can be converted into 4 per cents. A branch of the Bond Issue Division at 50 Wall Street will attend to this transfer, as well as to the conversion.

"Holders of coupon bonds may present their securities to the banks of the Federal Reserve Bank, as stated above, but the owners of registered bonds must assign and transfer them to the Secretary of the Treasury before they can convert them."

McAdoo Explains Exemption.

Word was received at the Liberty Loan headquarters yesterday from Secretary McAdoo, setting forth the tax exempt provisions of the 4 per cent. bonds. The statement follows, in part:

Four per cent. Liberty bonds are exempt from all State and local taxes, except estate or inheritance taxes. They are exempt from United States normal income taxes and from all other United States taxes except estate and inheritance taxes and except income surtaxes and excess profits and war profits taxes.

The interest on $5,000 principal amount of bonds and certificates owned by any individual, partnership, association, or corporation is exempt from all United States taxes except estate or inheritance taxes. This is true though their total holdings exceed $5,000. In case of holdings by trustees, each beneficiary is entitled to independent exemption of the interest on $5,000 in trust for him, even though the trustee is identical, if the trusts be separate. In case of families the wife and each child, if the actual owner, is entitled to independent exemption of the interest on $5,000 principal amount so owned. Undistributed income invested in these bonds is not subject to the additional tax imposed by that act upon undistributed income.

A letter from the War Commission of the Episcopal Church, signed by the Chairman of the Commission, Bishop William Lawrence, of Massachusetts, and the Chairman of the Commission's Executive Committee, Bishop James DeWolfe Perry, Jr., of Rhode Island, has been sent to the Episcopal clergymen of the country urging their patriotic support of the nation in the crisis of war.

Viscount Reading, Lord Chief Justice of England, will be the chief speaker at the Liberty Loan mass meeting which will be held this evening at Carnegie Hall. Addresses will also be made by Franklin K. Lane, Secretary of the Interior, and George Wharton Pepper of Philadelphia. President Butler of Columbia University will preside.

Novelist Booms Sales.

Major John Hay Beith, the British novelist, whose pen name is Ian Hay, addressed the Liberty Loan meeting at James McCreery's yesterday.

The other day a rich New York resident said that he would buy a large bond if Douglas Fairbanks, the actor, could be induced to act as auctioneer. The managers of the Liberty Loan Association got into communication with Mr. Fairbanks, in California, and obtained his promise to come to New York and sell the bonds. Mr. Fairbanks is now in town. He will appear at McCreery's at 2 P. M. tomorrow. He will be accompanied by his little son, Douglas Fairbanks, Jr.

The New York Stock Exchange will be closed at noon on Oct. 24 in recognition of President Wilson's proclamation, which designated that day as Liberty Day. The Consolidated Stock Exchange and the Curb are expected to take action similar to that of the big board, and many members of the Exchanges and open-air market are scheduled to spend the afternoon in soliciting subscriptions to the Liberty Loan.

The management of the Hippodrome reported last night that the special efforts put forth at the big showhouse to get subscriptions for the Liberty Loan brought in $106,500 at the evening performance and $6,750 in the afternoon yesterday. The largest subscribers were Harry S. Black, Charles Dillingham and Mrs. John W. Gates.

BROOKLYN HEARS LOAN APPEAL

A Liberty Loan meeting, exclusively for Brooklynites, was held in the Academy of Music in Brooklyn last night. Alfred T. White presided and addresses were made by Police Commissioner Arthur Woods, Thomas W. Lamont of J. P. Morgan & Co., Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, and James M. Beck. The People's Institute Choral Society of 150, voices sang.

Mr. Lamont told the big audience that the sinking of the Lusitania, the destruction of our commerce and the lives of our citizens were contributing causes for the entrance of the United States into the war, but that these did not supply the dominant reason.

"We saw a cruel, rapacious, treacherous Government setting out to conquer the world," he said. "We saw the Prussians trampling down weaker nations, crushing them as they would a hill of ants, murdering the men, attacking the women, maiming the children, committing hideous crimes and exulting in them. And we saw that if such a Government ever succeeded in conquering the heroic French, the sturdy British, the vigorous Italians—we saw that if such a victory ever came to pass—then, next, it would be our turn, here in America."

ALIEN BORN HELP LOAN.

BOSTON, Oct. 17.—High praise for the patriotism shown by citizens of foreign birth or descent in subscribing to the Liberty Loan was expressed today in a report to Governor Aiken of the Federal Reserve Bank by a sales committee.

"They are willing," said the report, "to sacrifice their own business interests in the cause, which is the more remarkable because many of them are people of small means, struggling to make a living and to gain a footing in a land strange to them."

The Loan Committee announced that the total of subscriptions in the district received up to 9 A. M. today was $95,879,000, with Rhode Island leading in the percentage of its maximum allotment subscribed. Boston's total is $30,344,000.

Among the subscriptions received today and not included in the tabulations were those of Paine, Webber & Co. for $1,000,000 on their own account and $500,000 for their customers. Others were $250,000 from the Fall River Bleachery, and $100,000 from Winthrop C. Durfee of Fall River.

$14,400 from 12th Cavalry Troop.

HACHITA, N. M., Oct. 17.—Troop K, Twelfth Cavalry, stationed here, with four officers and an enlisted personnel of seventy-two men present out of a strength of eighty men, subscribed to the second Liberty Loan $14,400 from 11 A. M. to 1 P. M. on Oct. 13, or a matter of $7,200 an hour.

Chicago Reports $11,000,000.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—Liberty bonds worth $11,000,000 were subscribed for today, it was announced tonight, and reports from other points in the Seventh Federal Reserve District were equally encouraging. Among the big subscriptions were $5,000,000 by the Merchants Loan and Trust Company, $1,500,000 by the Pullman Company, and $1,000,000 each by the Union Trust Company, the Illinois Central Railroad Company, and the Lee-Higginson Company. The German Press Club of Chicago decided to invest all its surplus funds in bonds.

5%

GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGE CERTIFICATES

$100 and up

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital, Surplus & Pr. **$9,000,000**
59 Liberty Street, Manhattan
184 Montague Street, Brooklyn

The Great Mass Meeting of the Year

The Lord Chief Justice of England will bring a message to the American People.

The Secretary of the Interior will bring a message from the Administration.

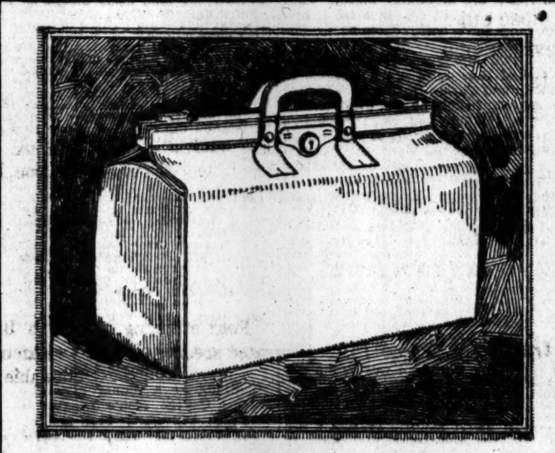
Soldiers, sailors and civilians will gain new inspiration from this LIBERTY LOAN MEETING.

CARNEGIE HALL
ADMISSION FREE—8 P. M.

Speakers:
VISCOUNT READING, Lord Chief Justice of England
FRANKLIN K. LANE, Secretary of the Interior
GEORGE WHARTON PEPPER
NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER WILL PRESIDE

Interborough Band 90 Pieces
Miss Florence Easton Metropolitan Opera Co.

To-Night, Oct. 18
Liberty Loan Committee



THIS Kit Bag is made by us from the finest Oak-tanned young Steer leather. This is stitched to a heavy steel frame. The thread is pure linen, and waxed. The stitches are beautifully regular, and very close together. The leather is so superbly heavy that the frame can never rust through.

The lining is of heavy Persian Goat, very full, to prevent tearing. Even the side pockets are leather lined.

The massive locks and catches are of solid brass, their mechanism *keeps the bag closed*, and the bottom-buttons are brass, with brass rivets.

The handles are of leather, padded comfortably with leather and reinforced with steel.

This bag is worthy of bearing the two marks we have placed upon it—our trademark and our name.

Crouch & Fitzgerald
Makers of Fine Trunks and Hand Luggage Since 1839
TWO SHOPS—177 Broadway—14 West 40th Street.

The Highest Class Talking Machine in the World

THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY
Sonora
CLEAR AS A BELL

FOR its exquisite richness and naturalness of rendition, for its beauty, and for its many unique and exclusive features, you will choose the Sonora, which won highest score at the Panama-Pacific Exposition for tone quality.

$50 $55 $60 $75 $110 $135 $150
$175 $200 $250 $375 $500 $1000

Art styles made to special order. Write or call.

Sonora Phonograph Sales Company, Inc.
GEORGE E. BRIGHTSON, *President*
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street
279 Broadway at Reade Street
50 Broadway (Standard Arcade)
*Brooklyn: 1285 Fulton Street
*(Open Evenings)
N-8

Gidding
PARIS 5TH AVE. AT 46TH ST. NEW YORK
"THE PARIS SHOP OF AMERICA."

Coats—for Young Women

—Smart models in Scotch, plaid homespun—frieze—plain or check velours—platinum coatings—English tweeds—Siberian cloth—vicuna and other fashionable materials—with collar and cuff trimmings of seal, beaver and nutria—
$65 to $95.

Coats without Fur—$38, $45 and $55.

Youthful Hats

Reproductions of French Aviation Caps—Japanese Tam effects from Maria Guy—Worsted trimmed Fur Tams from Cheruit—Coquettish toques and Torpedo Hats from Lanvin—together with smart effects by our own artists—especially priced at $18 to $25.

Shoes For MEN

Footwear for Service $8.89

Though it would be difficult to find shoes with better materials and workmanship at the price, the style features also have received every consideration in these smart dark tan calf shoes.

Made exclusively for us, with strong, durable welted soles and blind eyelets. Elsewhere, shoes of equal quality, would cost you much more.

Main Floor Balcony, 35th St., Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.
Herald Square New York

FOUNDED 1880 LONDON

DE PINNA

Boys in the Sailor Suit days, the Norfolk Jacket and English single-breasted Sack Suit days, and on through to the long trouser days, should be treated in their dress as little men.

Their clothes should be designed so that the boy may have a manly look, while the quality of the fabrics and tailoring should equal in every respect the standards of the most exclusive men's custom tailor.

In our own building we maintain a tailoring department for boys liberally stocked with fine imported fabrics where, from the most correct English models, De Pinna suits and overcoats are designed and finally tailored by real men tailors.

Boys' Norfolk Suits—A variety of exclusive De Pinna models, with and without pleats or belts, made up in a vast variety of patterns, mixtures, navy serges and imported worsteds. $12.50 to $24.50.

Boys' Trench Coats—Made of regulation army cloth and in English mixtures, cut with that military "swing" that is so much sought these days, 5 to 16 years. $22.50 to $32.50.

Boys' Overcoats—English Slip-on and Belted models produced in imported coatings. Hats and caps to match made on order. The coats, sizes 3 to 8 years, $18.50 to $30.00; 9 to 17 years, $22.50 to $40.00.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND TODAY

5th Avenue at 50th Street

McGIBBON & CO.

French, Scotch and Irish Table Linens
Bleached by the deliberate process of nature

Because of long association with Manufacturers abroad and our policy of dealing with them at first hands, we have for sale Large Stocks of Table Damasks, many of them made expressly for us, which brings costs down to lowest figure, and furnishes Table Linen absolutely out of the commonplace in design.

200 patterns to choose from in Table Cloths with Napkins to match
LINEN SHEETS AND PILLOW CASES
LINEN TOWELS AND TOWELINGS

BE AMERICAN—BUY LIBERTY BONDS
Subscriptions received free of charge

37th St. West, Near Fifth Ave.

ESTABLISHED 1847
BOSTON 15 Avenue de la Paix LONDON 175 New Bond St.

Messrs. CARTIER

take pleasure in announcing that they are now located in their new establishment

653 Fifth Ave. at 52nd St.

Officers

of the British, French and Allied Armies and Navies were well acquainted with the superior durability of Fownes Cape gloves, before the War. Since then they have used "Capes" in even larger quantities.

In America Fownes Capes are of the same high Service standard—and are also washable.

Civilians, Army and Navy Officers,—if its a

FOWNES

that's all you need to know about a GLOVE.

Girls' Corduroy Frocks

At $6.98. Youthful one-piece belted model. White cuffs and collar with black tie. Brown, green, navy, red.

At $7.98. As illustrated. Patent leather belt, pockets, white corduroy cuffs and collar with tie. A fetching frock in Copen and rose.

Second Floor.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO

BloomingdaleS

59th to 60th St.—3d to Lex. Av.

STRIKING PICTURE OF LINCOLN.

Picture of Abraham Lincoln, from a photograph taken in Washington in February, 1861, and said to be his best and most natural, reproduced by rotogravure in The New York Times next Sunday. Be sure to order today.—Advt.

EGG SHOWER STOPS COLUMBIA RADICALS

Loyal Students Break Up Meetings Demanding "Academic Freedom."

GOLDMAN DISCIPLE BLAMED

Expelled Student Sought to Make Common Cause with Prof. Beard. Reviving Sedition Issue.

Flying eggs propelled by vigorous but unknown hands assisted in dispersing the second of two mass meetings held at 116th Street and Amsterdam Avenue last night by radicals among the students at Columbia University, ostensibly to protest against the resignation of Professor Charles A. Beard and "the suppression of academic freedom," but in reality, it was said, to revive sympathy for Leon Samson, a student expelled from the university last June for alleged seditious conduct. Samson, said to be a follower of Emma Goldman, has attempted to make common cause with Professor Beard, and was one of the promoters of the demonstration that was held on the steps of the university library two days after Professor Beard wrote his letter of resignation.

Patriotic students, organized like soldiers going into battle, also broke up the first meeting of the radicals, which took place at 116th Street and Amsterdam Avenue at noon yesterday. Members of the Naval Reserve, who are taking radio and engineering courses at the university, assisted in dispersing the first meeting.

About 300 persons, including fifteen policemen, had gathered about a motor truck containing the speakers at the second meeting before the eggs began to fly. Earlier in the day the friends of Samson had distributed handbills on the campus announcing that the meetings were to be held, and these had been followed by promises from the leaders of the conservatists among the students that Samson "would be ducked in the college pond" if he made his appearance.

Samson did not make his appearance at either meeting, and about 150 of the patriotic students were on hand at 8 o'clock last evening when the motor truck, containing three men and two women speakers drew up alongside the curb. This spot had been selected for the meeting because, while it is just outside of the campus of the University, it is on city ground, and permission from the University Council was not necessary to hold the meetings.

Some of the patriotic students climbed to the roof of The Spectator, the student publication, and began to do "snake dances" and sing patriotic airs when the speaking commenced. Then, learning from their leaders that they had as much right at the meeting as any citizen, and that the police were not aggressively in sympathy with the radicals, they formed ranks and surrounded the motor truck and the speakers. William Schneider, one of the speakers, who is a student at the College of the City of New York, where Samson also was a student until expelled, shouted to the crowd not to pay any attention to the disturbers, but found it increasingly difficult to make himself heard as the songs and yells gained in volume.

Then, suddenly, the eggs began to fly. One of them, aimed apparently at the motor truck, struck a policeman, bespattering him and some of the spectators.

"Cut that out," roared the policeman, "or ——," but detecting another egg coming swiftly in his direction, he ducked his head, and the rest of the sentence was lost in the eager scurrying of many persons for cover.

This, and the transformation of the jovial mood of the attackers into something more serious proved too much for the speakers, and the motor truck, gathering momentum as it went, began to move through the crowd to safety. By the time it reached 118th Street the truck was said to be going fully fifty mile an hour, and when last seen was sounding its siren lustily for a clear right of way.

Thereupon, the band of loyal students marched to the south field of the campus, where they listened to patriotic addresses by C. P. Ivins, Vice President of the Senior Class, and others who are not in sympathy with Samson and his radical friends.

The first demonstration, while not as exciting as the second, attracted a much larger crowd. This meeting was announced to be exclusively for students who believed in the reinstatement of Samson and the withdrawal of Professor Beard's resignation. The loyal students distributed circulars decorated with a picture of Samson, accompanied by the following legend:

"Our fighting pacifist. Keep him on the jump. You know him. He slew his enemies with the jawbone of an ass. He will speak again today."

Shortly before noon, several hundred persons, many of them friends of Samson, gathered at the appointed spot, and a few minutes later an automobile arrived, carrying a banner bearing the words: "Vote for the reinstatement of Samson." Simultaneously the loyal students, among them about forty members of the Naval Reserve, came up, and marching in squads, forced their way through the crowd. Captain Gargan and ten policemen from the 125th Street Station were on hand, but did not interfere with the marchers. The manoeuvre of passing through the crowd and forcing them away from the automobile was repeated several times, and then one of the naval reservists jumped on the running board of the car and tore the banner from its fastenings.

"Where is Samson? Show us Samson!" yelled some of the students; but he was not to be seen. Finally, like the speakers at the evening meeting, the lone occupant of the automobile decided it was hopeless to attempt to go on with the meeting, and drove off at top speed. A large crowd followed him for several blocks, yelling and hooting, but made no effort to harm him. His name was not learned.

"We are against such demonstration," said Ivins, in addressing the students last night. "We are in favor of academic freedom, but we have nothing to do with Samson or any of his friends. Samson is not a student of the university and does not belong here. He should stay away. Any further attempts by him or his friends to stir up trouble will be checked by the loyal students as promptly as possible."

NAVY WATCHFUL HERE.

Berlin Rumor of Blockade Sent to All Vessels and Stations.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—"Important—if true." This was Secretary Daniels's comment today on the report that Germany expected to establish a submarine blockade of the coasts of the United States, Cuba, and Canada.

Mr. Daniels made no attempt to minimize the importance of this step if seriously undertaken by the Germans, but indicated that the American Navy was ready to meet any German submarines that might venture to this side of the Atlantic. Mr. Daniels said the report had been sent to all naval vessels and stations.

While it has been demonstrated in the cases of the Deutschland and the U-53 that German submarines are able to cross to this side of the Atlantic, naval officers were inclined today to be skeptical over the Berlin report for the reason that they believe that it would be difficult for the U-boats to remain on this side for successful operations, unless provided with bases.

For nearly a year the naval coast patrol boats have been investigating reports of secret German submarine bases, and this investigation is being continued in all the movements of naval vessels in the coast patrol. If any base has been found the fact has not been disclosed.

PAINLEVE WIRES PERSHING.

Congratulates Commander on His Nomination for General.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Premier Painlevé today sent the following telegram to General Pershing:

"My Dear General: I am informed of your nomination for the grade of General. I desire to congratulate you immediately on the high distinction which has been conferred upon you, which is a just reward for your valor and high military qualities.

"The entire French Army rejoices with me in the promotion of the man who will soon lead to battle and to victory the valiant soldiers of the great American Republic."

FIND COAL CACHE OF 1,000,000 TONS

Continued from Page 1.

have already occurred or are impending:

American citizens engaged in the mining of coal, whether operators or miners, are, for the most part, mindful of the fact that our country is at war, and that the burden rests upon them to produce the coal needed without interruption.

But there are evidently some who fail to understand the gravity of the situation and do not hesitate to advocate strikes at the present time, as a means of forcing the Government to, at once, decide whether the wage increase agreed to at the meetings recently held at Washington by the operators and miners of the Central District should justly be covered by an advance in the prices fixed by the President.

The matter has been submitted to me and all concerned are expected to co-operate. I am giving immediate and close attention to the question and hope to report a decision at an early date. The only circumstance within my control which will delay that decision will be the violation of the spirit of the arrangement between the operators and miners, which was that under no circumstances should the production of coal in the United States, at the present time, be allowed to diminish.

If the operators or the miners attempt to bring pressure upon me to reach a decision, I shall postpone it and use whatever powers are necessary to compel the production of coal to meet the country's needs.

H. A. GARFIELD,
United States Fuel Administrator.

Garfield Calls for Economy.

In a statement tonight Dr. Garfield said the Fuel Administration and the railroads were energetically working on the problem of getting more cars to the mines and that there was every hope that the coal shortage would be remedied. He said that whether the increased demand for coal would be met by an increase of supply would depend upon car supply, the energy and patriotism of the miners, coal operators, and laborers, and also upon the loyal recognition by every citizen that he is responsible for conservation and limitation in the use of coal to the utmost possible extent.

"Our production," he said, "has shown a steady increase over last year's figures so that the total of bituminous coal mined in 1917 will be about 50,000,000 tons greater than in 1916 and increased production of anthracite coal will show an even higher percentage. Complaints have been received from some mines that the increase in wages of miners has resulted in a falling off of production. It is charged that miners will quit work when they have earned a certain amount of money and thus the higher wages shorten the working time. In most cases where investigations have been made, however, it is shown that the short time has resulted much more from the shortage of cars than from the unwillingness of men to put in full hours.

"It is the opinion of the Fuel Administration that if all the people will show the same patriotism in the use of coal which the miners and mine operators are showing in its production there will be enough coal this year for all war purposes and still leave all that is necessary for domestic industries and for keeping the people warm."

CHICAGO NEAR FUEL FAMINE.

Grave Suffering Predicted Unless Mines Are Reopened at Once.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—It was predicted here tonight that if the coal strike in Illinois and Indiana continued for ten days there would be a fuel famine in Chicago and a majority of the big office buildings in the loop district would be compelled to shut down. Reports received from the Illinois coal fields showed the strike spreading and 20,000 workmen were out.

Fred W. Upham, President of the Consumers company, announced that his company had only three days' supply of coal on hand, and that his loss since the strike began had been between 8,000 and 10,000 tons daily, with a much greater shortage in sight.

Many of the operators hurried to Washington, where every effort will be made to impress upon the Administration the urgency of immediate action. The one hope held out was that Dr. Garfield may consent to an increase in the price of coal covering the wage increase demanded by the men. This would amount to 40 cents a ton, it was said.

Dynamite in War Supply Plant.

UTICA, N. Y., Oct. 17.—A stick of dynamite with fuse attached was found in the building of the Paige Condensery Company at Canton today. It was not there last night. The concern has large orders from the allied Governments, especially France.

Joseph

FURS

A Collection of RARE RUSSIAN SABLES

FUR COATS
WRAPS AND SETS

632 Fifth Avenue at Cathedral

MOST LIFELIKE PICTURE OF LINCOLN

Reproduction by rotogravure of the most lifelike photograph of President Lincoln, in the Rotogravure Section of The New York Times next Sunday. As the demand will be great, order today. —Advt.

R. H. Macy & Co. Attractions Are Prices—Quality—Service.

Macy's

Herald Square, Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

We Sell Dependable Merchandise at Prices Lower Than Any Other Store, but for Cash Only.

Fireplace Fixtures For Bachelors and Benedicts

In the Eve-less apartment and in the little home for two these andirons and fire sets of wrought iron or brass will add an attractive, cozy appearance to the warm, cheering fireplace.

Wrought Iron Andirons, $3.34 to $41.25
Wrought Iron Fenders, $9.72 to $14.89
Wrought Iron Fire Sets, $8.49 to $27.25
Flemish Fire Sets, $11.24 to $17.32
Flemish Andirons, $14.43 to $19.34
Wrought Iron Wood Carriers, $8.07 to $14.83
Wrought Iron Wood Boxes, $14.89
Brass Andirons, bright or satin finish, $8.24 to $47.25
Brass Fire Sets, bright or satin, $12.89 to $17.80
Brass Fenders, bright or satin, $10.53 to $33.25
Hammered Brass Fire Sets, $10.49 to $16.49
Hammered Brass Andirons, $20.24 to $27.25
Brass Coal Hods, $9.33 to $10.54
Cape Cod Fire Lighters, $3.74
Gas Logs, all sizes, $4.79 to $8.11
Fire Screens, folding, $3.31 to $10.36

Macy's—Basement, Rear.

Military Fountain Pen at $2.74

Designed for the soldier's needs. Dry Ink Tablets are carried in a special barrel at the top of the pen. One tablet and a little water from his flask will make plenty of ink quickly. No loose parts to annoy him. Complete with ink tablets and pocket clip.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St., Rear.

Four-in-Hands at 94c

New ideas and designs, of repps and twilled silks, more or less conservative. For instance, navy, brown, green, purple, and other dark colors with neat contrasting figures or hair line stripes. Of the sorts that would cost you more elsewhere.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

New Madras Shirts at $2.44

Fresh from the packing cases — a good assortment of woven madras shirts with laundered cuffs attached. Negligee model with turn down collars to match. Plain blue, helio, tan and green. All sizes.

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th St.

Order No More Than You Can Eat

The United States Food administration asks that when you sit down for your noonday lunch, you think of our soldiers and allies across the sea. Order enough to satisfy your appetite, not your eyes. It's one way of eliminating waste. It's one way of making sure they will have enough.

Mr. Hoover Says:

Use less sugar in coffee. Do not frost cakes. This will help greatly in providing for our men now on the battle front.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street

Important!

America asks your support in defending its honor. Buy a Liberty Bond and do your duty. Particulars at Saks & Co.'s Booth, Main Floor.

An Important Special Purchase Brings—

150 Women's Serge and Satin Dresses at $15

Frocks that were made to sell at much higher prices

One of our dressmakers offered us these dresses at an unprecedented figure to close out his remaining stock of these very attractive models. To these we have added many small lots from our regular stock that have been selling at $20, $22.50, and $25.

Included are embroidered all-Wool Serge frocks for street wear, and very smart embroidered Satin Frocks with Self color embroidery for afternoon wear, as well as a cleverly tailored frock of Satin, with Georgette Crepe collar and cuffs. Sizes from 34 to 44 in the assortment.

The values are so unusual that early selection is advised.

Values of More than Usual Importance in

Women's Fashionable Coats at $29.50

One of the season's most favored models, in smart belted effect, with mannish pockets and large adjustable collar of Nutria or Muskrat. Lined throughout with Peau de Cygne and interlined.

Colors: Taupe, Mouse, African, Brown, Navy Blue or Reindeer.

This is only one of the many charming coats featured today at $29.50, many of which are trimmed with "Seal," Coney, Natural Raccoon, Plush or Self fabric.

New Models in Coats for the Woman of extra size

Four stunning models in Broadcloth and Wool Velour, created specially for the woman of extra size. Lined throughout and interlined. Obtainable in Black or Taupe. Sizes 42½ to 56½.

Prices: $39.50 and $45

Today—A most remarkable offering of

Women's Winter Suits Special at $29.50

Silvertone Broadcloth

In their beauty of contour and skilful tailoring these smart suits are far superior to what is usually expected in suits so modestly priced.

Featured are models with short, three-quarter, flare and belted coats, all exact reproductions of exquisite imported creations.

The Materials:
Silvertone Velour, Chiffon Broadcloth, Velour Twills, Gabardines, Men's Wear Serge, Checks, Mixtures, Oxfords.

Each suit Silk lined and warmly interlined. Sizes 34 to 44.

Suits of Unusual Charm for Stout Figures

are now being shown on our fourth floor in very pleasing styles, and in all fashionable materials. Sizes 40½ to 52½.

Prices: $35 to $85

In our highly specialized Misses' Dept.

Individual Models in Winter Suits at $27.50

$27.50

An unusually varied selection at this price, including some of the newest tailored and dressy suits shown for Winter.

Fashioned of mannish mixtures, Oxford or Plain Velour, Broadcloth and Burella, with Self collar or inlaid with Velvet. All colors, and sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Winter Coats at $25

Exclusive belted and straight line models, plain tailored or Fur trimmed, featuring many pleasing style innovations in collars and cuffs. Made of Velour or Fancy Mixtures, lined throughout and interlined. Colors: Beetroot, Taupe, "Seal," Java, Japan Blue, and Navy Blue. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Misses' Afternoon Dresses, $12.95

Dainty surplice, straight line, tunic and draped models, fashioned of Crepe de Chine, or Taffeta and Georgette Crepe combined. Sizes 14 to 18 years.

Beginning To-day, a most extraordinary special

Sale of 1,200 Pairs of Women's Kidskin Boots, Special at $7.25

This is an offering in which the Woman of Fashion will find values such as may truly be termed *remarkable*. The lasts are the most beautiful designed for Winter wear, the leather is of unusually high quality, and the expert manner in which each pair has been made and finished has seldom, if ever, been equaled in shoes so modestly priced. The colors are:

Seal Brown, Beaver Brown, Slate Grey

blending splendidly with the new suits, coats and gowns for Winter. Obtainable in sizes 2 to 8 and widths AA to D, each pair having the very modish 1¾ inch Cuban heel and welted soles.

Gimbel Brothers

31st ST.—BROADWAY—33rd ST.

Store Hours: 9 A. M. to 6 P. M. Every Day

The Baby Shop on the Second Floor

Announces to the young and expectant mothers a full line of the well-known VANTA garments.

Every Garment in the Vanta Line

Is Absolutely the Best Quality in its Grade

Recommended by Doctors, Nurses and Infant Welfare Experts.

Vanta Abdominal Binder

The Pinless Pinning Band

Goes twice around baby's abdomen—smoothly—soft and elastic, yet firm. No pins, no buttons, no sewing—fastens with Vanta Twistless Tape bows. The safe abdominal binder for your baby.

Vanta Vest

The Perfect Infant's Shirt

Fastens in front with Twistless Tape bows secured below curve of abdomen—it won't work up. Double breasted, stays closed, cannot gape. Smooth back, no pins, no buttons, no belt, no safety pin, no turning of baby. Made for children of all ages, in cotton, merino, all wool, silk-and-wool, and all silk.

Vanta V Band

With Slipless Shoulders

This seamless garment has V-shaped back and fastens in front with Twistless Tape bows. May be removed without disturbing other garments. Simple, comfortable. Protects baby from sudden changes in temperature.

Vanta Knit Gertrude

The Perfect Baby's Petticoat

Comes in cotton and merino; no pins, no buttons. Protects baby from draughts; is very absorbent. Fastens at shoulders with Vanta Twistless Tape bows; easily removed without disturbing other garments.

Vanta Twistless Tape

Best for Every Tape Use

Vanta Twistless tape has made possible the safe and simple pinless, buttonless dressing of baby. Cannot kink, curl or ravel—slides easy. Use it for tying baby's dresses; for children's underwear, and for fine lingerie. Ask for it at the Infants' Wear Section.

Vanta Knit Knitie

With new flexible sleeve and seamless shoulder. No binding under arm; insures free circulation during sleep. Prevents drag on shoulder. Ask to see it.

Vanta Diaper

No Pins—No Buttons

Fastens with three twistless tape bows—holds up stockings. Extra thickness where needed—no bulkiness to make baby grow bow-legged. *Free pattern* for making this wonderful Vanta Diaper will be sent to any mother.

NO PINS

A Trained Nurse will give all information to telephone or mail requests.
GIMBELS BABY SHOP—Second Floor

NO BUTTONS

You know Burley tobacco in green blue and red tins

You pipe smokers like Burley tobacco

So you'll like LUCKY STRIKE

The real Burley cigarette

It's toasted

10c

Guaranteed by The American Tobacco Co.

AMERICA TO JOIN PARIS WAR COUNCIL

Lansing Indicates That United States Will Be Represented with the Other Allies.

RUSSIA THE CHIEF PROBLEM

Italy Also Wants Assurances of Aid So She May Resume Her Drive Next Spring.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—It was officially indicated today that the American Government would be represented in the forthcoming war conference which probably will open this week in Paris. The names of the American representatives will not be made public for the present, but it is learned that they will be men of high standing, and that they are available for quick movement to the French capital.

"I think," said Secretary Lansing, commenting on the plans for the conference today, "that I ought to say about the matter of the war conference that there is a prospect that we may be represented in it. As to who will represent the United States there has been no determination actually reached as yet, but we have people on the ground who are readily available."

This will be the first general war conference in which America has taken part. The State Department has been kept fully advised of the proceedings of and conclusions reached at such gatherings, but has not before been officially represented.

In an Entente diplomatic quarter it was asserted today that political, as well as military, naval, and economic questions, would be considered at the conference. Among the more important will be the Russian project for an allied declaration affirming the Russian resolutions concerning the independence of Poland; the Balkan problem, and China. Russia will seek to obtain a declaration from all the Allies, it has been intimated, on peace aims, which will put them unlikely on record as favoring the principles enunciated by President Wilson and the Russian Provisional Government.

Two of the questions to be discussed and upon which decisions must be made are admittedly those of shipping, an underlying practically all others, and Russia. It is hoped that by next Spring Russia will have so rehabilitated her army as to be able to become an effective force in the military situation. Russia's particular problem, before the reformation of her fighting strength and efficiency is achieved, will be to strengthen the control of the provisional authorities, to prevent the withdrawal of more Teuton troops from the Eastern fronts, and carry on such operations as are possible this Winter against the Austro-German and Turkish armies.

While Russia is performing these tasks, the United States will undertake to supply Russia with equipment of every description, rolling stock, guns, munitions, and credits, to be available for the Spring operations. What Russia needs will be stated to the conference by General Alexieff, former Chief of the General Staff, who announced in Petrograd on his departure for Paris that he would outline the Russian situation fully.

MEDICAL OFFICER WOUNDED

Lieut. A. Graham, Attached to British Forces, Is Shot.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—First Lieutenant A. Graham, Medical Officers' Reserve Corps, attached to the British forces, has been severely wounded in the thighs by gunshot. General Pershing so advised the War Department today without giving details. Lieutenant Graham's next of kin is Mrs. William J. Graham, of 153 Park Avenue, Paterson, N. J.

If Lieutenant Graham was shot when serving at the front, as is assumed here, he was the first American of the expeditionary forces to be wounded on the firing-line. One American officer was killed and several enlisted men of the medical department were wounded in the recent bombing of a hospital behind the front. They also were attached to the British forces.

General Pershing also advised the department today that Private Joseph A. Ziemkowski, of the infantry, died Oct. 16, of natural causes. His next of kin was Mrs. Mary Ziemkowski, Manistee, Mich.

GERMANS SLAY TEN IN AIR RAID ON NANCY

French Aviators Attack Enemy's Positions—British Drop Tons of Bombs at Bruges.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Ten persons were killed and forty wounded in a bombardment of Nancy last night by German aviators, the War Office announces. On Monday and Tuesday twenty-five German airplanes were destroyed by the French, or compelled to land in damaged condition. The communication follows:

"At 6 o'clock last night enemy aviators bombarded Nancy violently. Numerous victims among the civilian population are reported. Ten were killed and forty wounded.

"On Oct. 15 and 16 five German airplanes were destroyed, four by our pilots, one by special cannon. In addition, twenty enemy machines fell damaged within the German lines in the course of eight aerial combats.

"Our bombarding squadrons made a number of expeditions. Numerous projectiles were dropped on military establishments at Volkingen, railway stations at Thionville, Mezieres-les-Metz, and Woippy, and factories at Hagondange and Rombach."

LONDON, Oct. 17.—Tons of bombs were dropped on the docks at Bruges, in Belgium, on Monday night by British naval airplanes. The British Admiralty, in a statement announcing the raid, says:

"Naval aircraft dropped many tons of bombs on the Bruges docks on Monday night. On Tuesday one of our fighter patrols downed a double-seater enemy machine in the vicinity of Zarren. The observer fell out and the machine turned over and fell in flames. All our machines returned."

PUSH GERMANS BACK WITH 'TYPHOON FIRE'

Baker's Review Tells of New Artillery Attack That Drives Allied Wedge Deeper.

FRENCH GIVE TIMELY AID

Area of Operations So Widened in Flanders That Flanking Movement May Result.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The allied armies in Flanders have developed a new system of artillery attack, which is described as "typhoon fire" by Secretary Baker in his weekly statement dealing with operations for the week ended last Saturday.

Secretary Baker asserts that the effect of the "typhoon fire" has been deadly, and has caused great concern to the German high command, forcing the Germans to amend their tactical positions. The Secretary also emphasizes the importance of the dispatch of French troops to Flanders, pointing out that it has supplied sufficient masses of troops for the Entente armies to enable them to drive an ever-extending wedge into the German lines.

Here is the review:

"The allied offensive in Flanders continues methodically. Assigned objectives attained with increasing regularity indicate efficient co-ordination of artillery preparation and infantry attacks. The precision of the allied barrage is proved by the low casualties of the assaulting columns. The deadly effect of allied artillery is confirmed to us by reports reaching us regarding the concern of the German high command at the new allied 'typhoon fire,' which is compelling the enemy to amend his tactical dispositions in an effort to meet the shock of shell rained upon his lines.

"French participation in the operations in Flanders is the outstanding feature of events during the past week. The successes attained by the French forces operating north of the British sector, more particularly in the neighborhood of the Houthulst Wood, have given the allied advance in Flanders needed elbow room. Breadth of front is an essential condition for operations which are to have far-reaching result, for confined to a too narrow base, a really important encircling movement can have no sustained value if along its entire length it can be flanked by artillery fire.

An Ever-Extending Wedge.

"The zone of operations in the Ypres salient, formerly too narrow for the proper disposition of large masses of troops, has now, by the French cooperation and their recent successful advance, so extended the line that fighting in what was the Ypres salient has changed in character. It is no longer to be considered a salient, but an ever-extending wedge progressively driven into the German lines. The operations of the French during the last week are in fact complementary to the engagements which resulted in the capture of Messines by the British last June.

"During the engagements of the week, the French everywhere maintained the positions won in the face of repeated onslaughts. Strong German detachments were ordered to dislodge the French, who now hold the advance positions between the Victoire and Pargout farms, east of Draebank. These, however, were repulsed.

"As was to be expected at this season, bad weather has somewhat retarded the allied advance. Operations were hampered owing to the fact that the well drained ground of the Passchendaele Ridge once passed over, the advancing columns are confronted with the water-logged, soggy Flanders plain, which stretches on to Roulers and beyond. The infantry was further impeded by the fact that allied artillery preparation has so plowed up the ground that the terrain has been turned into a sea of mud, making the going almost impossible.

"Torrential rains and low-lying clouds rendered aircraft observation difficult, and under ordinary circumstances would have caused a suspension of offensive operations, but the inclement weather has not prevented the extension and consolidation of allied gains during the week.

"The enemy, as usual, counterattacked in force. His efforts to retake the positions captured by the Allies have in isolated cases been momentarily successful, but eventually failed. The Germans, fearing lest the allied advance in Flanders would be followed by a similar effort along other sectors of the front, particularly north of Verdun, endeavored to thwart allied plans by launching a powerful attack preceded by the usual intensive artillery preparation in this sector. The enemy was able to gain a temporary foothold in certain advanced French lines. Latest advices show that he was driven out after some hot fighting.

"It must be remembered that if a commander in the field is willing to pay the price, both in the lives of his men as well as in an overwhelming expenditure of munitions, he is invariably able to score a local success. This the Germans gained in their assault on the French positions, along the right bank of the Meuse, in the region north of Hill 344. The enemy's success was, however, more short-lived than was to be anticipated, when its cost is taken into consideration, for not only did the French regain the positions momentarily lost, but they are now holding their positions against exceedingly heavy enemy pressure, at the same time successfully carrying on their offensive engagements in Flanders, as well as raiding the enemy's lines at other points.

"Along the northern sector of the eastern front artillery duels are reported.

"In the vicinity of Riga the enemy, after an intensive bombardment of the Russian lines south of Pskoff road, succeeded in temporarily pressing back Russian advance detachments.

"The growing intensity of artillery fire in the neighborhood of Jacobstadt would seem to indicate that the Germans are contemplating an action of some magnitude across the Dwina.

"Along the Rumanian front the enemy attacked in force and gained a foothold in the allied line, from which he was, however, dislodged by a well-directed counterattack.

"Relative quiet reigns along the Italian front.

"In the Val di Daone the Austrians launched an unsuccessful attack.

"Winter conditions now prevail in the Alpine battle zone, rendering important operations impossible; elsewhere the usual artillery activity is noticed.

"No new developments are reported from other fronts."

FOUNDED 1856

WE are vigorous in sustaining our fixed standard of quality—the same dependable woolens and tailoring are available this season as usual in our men's, young men's and boys' clothes. Moderation in cost prevails, due to our early provision of fabrics and all materials essential for our Fall and Winter production.

United States Army Uniforms
Officers' regulation outfits

Every *"Liberty Bond"* you buy represents an inestimable unit in the humane structure being formed by the United States to obliterate the oppression of mankind. Subscription Booth—Main Floor.

BROKAW BROTHERS
1457-1463 BROADWAY
AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

Quality—Service—Price
DALE
BUY Direct from FACTORY AND SAVE MONEY

Display Extraordinary
Come—Look!
109 West 13th St. New York.
1 Door West of 6th Ave.
Dale Lighting Fixture Co.

GUARANTEED FIRST MORTGAGES
We offer the Following Mortgages on New York City Real Estate

Amount of Loan	Guaranteed Rate of Interest to Investor	Stories	Material	Type	Rental	Value of Security
$6,500	5%	4 & Bas't	Brick	Apartment	$2,076	$14,000
13,000	5%	3 & Bas't	Brick	Dwelling	Owner Occupies	23,000
15,000	5%	4 & Bas't	Brick	Stores & Apt.	5,288	26,000
19,000	5%	4 & Bas't	Brick	Apartment	5,100	32,000

Details of other offerings in various amounts, with photographs of properties, furnished upon request.
Also Guaranteed First Mortgage Certificates $100 & up, paying 5%.
Free from Personal Taxation.
Write for booklet "The Ideal Investment," and October Investment List.

New York Title and Mortgage Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS OVER $3,000,000
135 Broadway, New York. 203 Montague St., Brooklyn
Phone 4880 Cortland Phone 7100 Main

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR THE 4% "SECOND LIBERTY LOAN" SOLICITED AND EXECUTED FREE OF CHARGE.

War Revenue Tax Law Booklet Free on Request.

WHO WROTE "CHRISTINE"?

The publishers have been attacked because they do not know whether Mrs. Cholmondeley's remarkable book is fact or fiction.

Is CHRISTINE Fact or Fiction?

Many readers have openly expressed their opinions of *Christine*—few have denied it to be one of the most truthful books evoked by the great war.

Is CHRISTINE Worth While?

Read what English critics say of Christine:

"A truly remarkable book. There is a sweet, wholesome human picture in the relationship of Christine towards her mother, a sunny wisdom and helpfulness." — *The Royal Cornwall Gazette.*

"Shows remarkably keen observation, sparkles with humour and is often deeply moving—moving to tears."—*Aberdeen Free Press.*

"The letters of a loving daughter to a devoted mother—bright, tender, hopeful and witty. A remarkable, pathetic, human document."—*East London Sentinel.*

"So realistic both in style and matter as to leave no doubt that its author wrote from actual experience . . . it tells a simple story with piquant directness and sure human instinct."—*The Daily Telegraph.*

"Told so vividly it is hard to believe it written by any but an eye-witness."—*London Times.*

"One of the most vital and intense condemnations of Germany that has been or will be produced. . . . One can hardly doubt its genuineness."—*Land and Water.*

CHRISTINE

has sold more than 40,000 copies in less than three months—a convincing proof of its value, worth and reality to the reading public.

Eighth Edition now at all bookstores. $1.25

THE MACMILLAN COMPANY Publishers New York

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

SALE TO-DAY

Original Paris Models

Women's Suits, Costumes, Gowns, Coats, Wraps and Hats

At Largest Price Reductions Ever Made

18 Paris Model Gowns

From Suzanne, Paulette, Becker, Paquin, Aline or Arnold.

95.00

Heretofore $145.00 to $295.00

21 Paris Model Gowns

From Callot, Beer, Premet, Jenny, Georgette, Martial Armand, Paquin, Drecoll, Lanvin, Doeuillet, Brandt or Doucet.

145.00

Heretofore $295.00 to $595.00

10 Paris Model Coats

From Paquin, Aline, Brandt, Premet, Drecoll or Maurer.

100.00

Heretofore $145.00 to $295.00

9 Paris Model Coats

From Bernard, Brandt, Cheruit, Jenny, Callot or Premet.

150.00

Heretofore $245.00 to $395.00

7 Paris Model Wraps

From Premet, Bernard, Doeuillet, Paquin, Georgette or Lanvin.

250.00

Heretofore $395.00 to $595.00

31 Paris Model Hats

From Lucie Hamar, Georgette, Odette, Jeanne Duc, Paulette et Berthe, Camille Roger, Leontine, Suzanne Talbot, Jeanne Lanvin, Evelyne Varon, Maria Guy, Louison, Caroline Reboux, Maison Lewis.

25.00

Heretofore $35.00 to $115.00

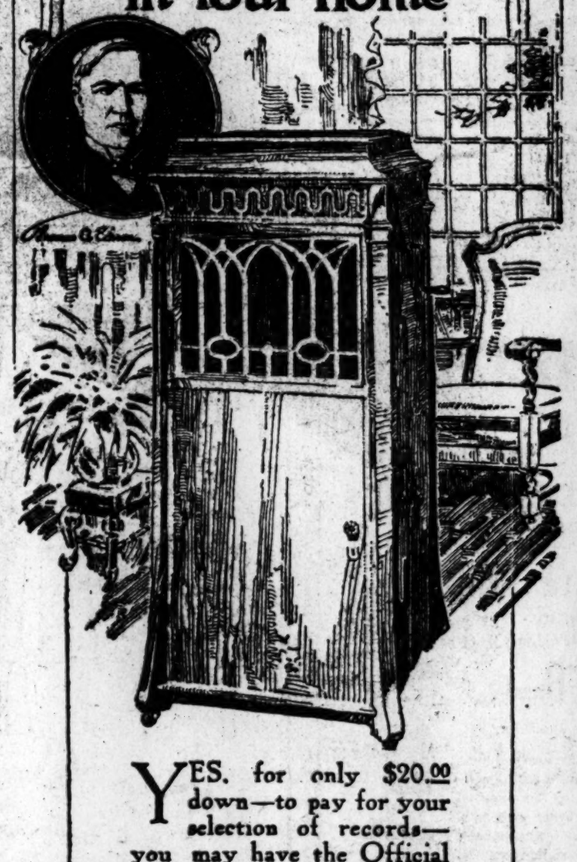
23 Paris Model Suits

Suits and Three-piece Costumes from Premet, Lanvin, Suzanne, Brandt, Paulette, Bulloz, Bernard, Paquin or Margaine Lacroix.

95.00

Heretofore $145.00 to $295.00

Only $20.00 Puts The NEW EDISON In Your Home



YES, for only $20.00 down—to pay for your selection of records—you may have the Official Laboratory Model of the New Edison in your home at once. Pay nothing on the instrument for thirty days after delivery. Then only $15.00 a month for the balance—a year and a half to pay.

Come In Today

Attend a concert of the New Edison in our recital hall. Judge the superiority of Music's Re-Creation. *Ask for the details of our special easy payment offer.*

The Edison Shop
The Phonograph Corp. of Manhattan—Prop
473 Fifth Avenue Opposite the Public Library

BUY A LIBERTY BOND

Walk-Over Shoes sell regularly at $5. to $12. per pair.

Walk-Over SHOES

We still offer Walk-Over Shoes at $5.—the same price that obtained before leather took its big jump. In all Walk-Over stores. Shoes are in black and tan leathers—fashioned on smartest lasts. This offer should make many new friends for Walk-Over Shoes, wherever Walk-Over stores are located.

$5.

A limited line of Walk-Over Shoes at four dollars, for men only. Black and tan leathers, on two lasts, but those two in perfect style and full of comfort.

$4.

The above two shoe values are exceptional; it will repay anyone desiring great shoe value to purchase Walk-Overs. The well-known Walk-Over trade mark is your assurance of shoe quality. There are no "stuck-on" prices in Walk-Over shoe stores.

We carry a full line of Phoenix Hosiery for men and women

Walk-Over Shoe Stores

New York City: 179 Broadway; 1173-75 Broadway; 1459 Broadway; 144 Bowery; 253 W. 125th St.; 623 W. 181st St.
Brooklyn: 1354 Broadway; 545-7 Fulton St.; 5498 Fifth Ave.
Bronx: 367 Melrose Ave.
Yonkers, N. Y.: 9 N. Broadway
Newark, N. J.—795 Broad St.
Paterson, N. J.—121 Market St.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—397 Main St.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT

"We can Save a few Dollars a week for him"

"We can and We will"

Buy a Liberty Bond

Any Bank or Trust Co. will tell you how

This Appeal is Published by the Auto Car Company, Ardmore, Pa., Manufacturers of "The Autocar Motor Truck."

FRANCE
sends you

Perrier
The Champagne of Table Waters

DRINK TODAY
at Club, Hotel or Restaurant

By the author of
"The Man on the Box"

The Luck of the Irish

By HAROLD MAC-GRATH

$1.40

Do you like a story that makes you forget your troubles? Do you like an adventurous hero who does all the things that you would enjoy doing—if you only could?

That's the kind of book that Harold MacGrath has written, and that's his kind of hero. A red-headed young man inherits money. With the money comes adventure from New York to Singapore, and the luck of the Irish and his humor bring him through everything with flying colors.

Get it at your bookseller's to-day

HARPER & BROTHERS

Established 1817

BUY - USE - ENJOY
Welsbach
GAS MANTLES
Upright or Inverted
Best for LIGHT STRENGTH ECONOMY
"REFLEX" BRAND
18¢ - two for 35¢
"No 4 WELSBACH"
13¢ - two for 25¢

AMERICAN AIR CRAFT.
Airplanes and balloons with the United States Army in France shown in The New York Times Mid-Week Pictorial this week. Printed by rotogravure. Twenty-four pages. On all news stands—10 cents.—Advt

SHIPYARDS TO WORK BOTH DAY AND NIGHT

Federal Board Plans to Speed Up Construction with a 24-Hour Schedule.

STRIKE OUTLOOK BETTER

San Francisco Labor Is Reported to Have Promised to Accept Adjusters' Finding.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The United States Shipping Board is at work on a plan to get twenty-four hours of service a day out of all shipyards in an effort to speed up the construction of a great merchant fleet, and all interests involved have been asked to co-operate in the drive.

If this can be accomplished it is believed that many thousands of tons can be added to the 1,000,000 mark given by an official yesterday as an estimate of the amount of tonnage which would be turned out between now and March 1.

Some of the shipyards have been working on a single eight-hour shift, and the men in charge of the program are determined that that condition must be corrected immediately. Organized labor has been asked to bend its best efforts to obtain the workmen necessary for two, and, if possible, three such shifts a day.

In the meantime at least one shipyard at Groton, Conn., will be put on the twenty-four-hour basis. Charles W. Morse, who is directing the construction of twelve wooden and six steel ships, came to Washington and asked Shipping Board officials if the Government would pay for the installation of an electric light system and meet the overtime charges of men on extra shifts if he "never stopped work." He was told that the Shipping Board would meet his conditions.

"Then I'll show you how ships can be built," he said, and went away.

It is understood that Mr. Morse hopes to get his program going within ten days. Other shipyards will be asked to follow this example as rapidly as labor can be obtained.

As a result of a misinterpretation of messages from the Federal Wage Adjustment Board, Chairman Hurley of the Shipping Board announced today that the shipyard strikes had been settled at Portland as well as at Seattle, Wash. The Adjustment Board is now engaged in an effort to compose the difference between employers and workers at Portland, and Mr. Hurley explained tonight that a message from there relating to the settlement at Seattle led to his error.

Reports about the prospective settlement of the labor disputes on the Pacific coast were received as the best news in a long time. On Monday conferences will be held in San Francisco to make final settlement of the trouble there. The workers in the San Francisco yards have returned to their labors and have agreed to accept the decisions reached.

It was felt that the clearing up of the trouble on the Pacific coast would have a vital effect on the labor situation in the shipyards on the Great Lakes and on the Atlantic coast. Labor leaders, it was said, were working in complete unison with the Government.

Rear Admiral Capps, General Manager of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, has appointed a production committee, composed of eminent engineers, who will make a complete survey of the industry, map out the situation in every shipyard, and bend all of their efforts to obtaining supplies to hasten construction. Charles Piez, President of the Link Belt Machine Company of Chicago, Philadelphia, and Indianapolis, is to head the committee, which includes Charles Day, electrical engineer, of Philadelphia; Arthur Mason, erecting engineer, of Chicago, and Frank Kirby, naval architect, of New York. The Atlantic coast yards have been visited by these men, and a conference was held here today with Admiral Capps.

The committee has authority to call upon any engineer in the country as problems arise, and one of the prominent engineers of the Ford motor plant already has been notified that his services will be required. A tour will be made shortly to the Pacific coast. It is probable that an agent will be appointed for each of the important shipyards.

DOCK BUILDERS STRIKE AT GOVERNMENT YARD

Union Recognition Demanded at $4,500,000 Port Newark Terminal Plant.

Union men employed on the plant of the Submarine Boat Corporation at Port Newark Terminal were called out yesterday afternoon. Ninety-four were taken away from their work by their business agent, and it is feared that most of the 600 men now employed there will go out.

Recognition of the union is desired, and according to the union representatives the men will remain out until a conference between the agents and the representatives of the Lackawanna Bridge Company, which is building the plant, can be arranged.

Threats of a strike were made last Thursday when union representatives notified the city authorities that the bridge company had refused to recognize the union.

Business agents of twenty-three unions visited the plant yesterday afternoon, but only Albert S. Peters of the pile drivers' and dock builders' organization was allowed to enter. He immediately called out ninety dock builders and four engineers.

John A. Johnston, Vice President of the International Association of Structural Iron Workers and Bridge Builders, declared that the union was being discriminated against, and that the local job was the only one in this vicinity that was not a "closed shop."

The Submarine Boat Corporation, for which the shipbuilding plant is being erected, expects to construct 200 steel ships for the Government at the Newark plant. The boats are to be built under the supervision of the Emergency Fleet Corporation, which is furnishing the capital for the plant. It expects to spend approximately $4,500,000 on the yards and to employ 15,000 men.

Fifty-three Patrolmen Graduated.

Fifty-three patrolman were graduated yesterday afternoon from the Police Training School after a two months' course. There were sixty-four men in the original class, but eleven of these were drafted for the army. The exercises were under Lieutenant Charles Schofield, the physical instructor. Commissioner Woods presented to Frederick A. Haf aes the Bloomingdale Trophy, a revolver, as the most proficient student.

EXPLAINS NAVAL ACCIDENT.

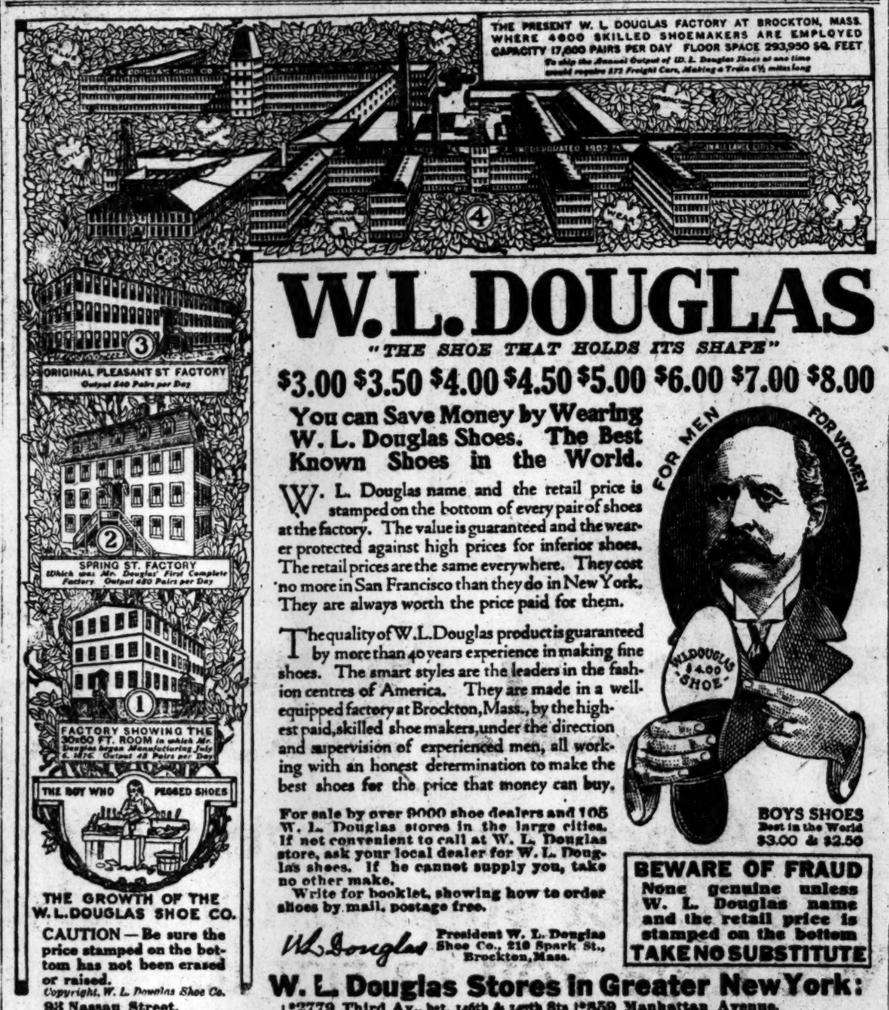
Boiler Tube of Patrol Boat Blew Out, Killing One Man.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Secretary Daniels today received a report on the accident on board a naval scout patrol boat along the Atlantic coast. The name of the vessel was withheld for naval reasons. One man was killed and another severely injured. The report to the Navy Department said that the accident was due to the blowing out of a return tube in the boiler.

Dennis Sheehan, seaman second class, N. N. V., was scalded about the head and entire body. He died while he was being taken ashore. His next of kin is John Sheehan, 547 Throop Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y. Vance L. Perkinson, chief boatswain's mate, United States Naval Reserve force, was scalded about the head and shoulders. His condition is serious, but he is expected to recover.

John Sheehan, brother of the dead sailor, yesterday communicated with the Navy Yard asking for further information. Dennis Sheehan was known as a crack baseball and basketball player in Brooklyn. He joined the Second Naval Battalion when war was declared and was some weeks later detailed to duty on a coast patrol boat.



CAUTION—Be sure the price stamped on the bottom has not been erased or raised.

Copyright, W. L. Douglas Shoe Co.

93 Nassau Street.
755 Broadway, corner 8th St.
847 Broadway near 14th St.
*1352 Broadway, cor. 36th St.
1495 Broadway (Times Square)
*984 Third Avenue.
*1452 Third Avenue.
*2202 Third Av., cor. 120th St.

W. L. DOUGLAS

"THE SHOE THAT HOLDS ITS SHAPE"

$3.00 $3.50 $4.00 $4.50 $5.00 $6.00 $7.00 $8.00

You can Save Money by Wearing W. L. Douglas Shoes. The Best Known Shoes in the World.

W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom of every pair of shoes at the factory. The value is guaranteed and the wearer protected against high prices for inferior shoes. The retail prices are the same everywhere. They cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York. They are always worth the price paid for them.

The quality of W. L. Douglas product is guaranteed by more than 40 years experience in making fine shoes. The smart styles are the leaders in the fashion centres of America. They are made in a well-equipped factory at Brockton, Mass., by the highest paid, skilled shoe makers, under the direction and supervision of experienced men, all working with an honest determination to make the best shoes for the price that money can buy.

BOYS SHOES
Best in the World
$3.00 & $2.50

For sale by over 9000 shoe dealers and 105 W. L. Douglas stores in the large cities. If not convenient to call at W. L. Douglas store, ask your local dealer for W. L. Douglas shoes. If he cannot supply you, take no other make.

Write for booklet, showing how to order shoes by mail, postage free.

W. L. Douglas
President W. L. Douglas Shoe Co., 210 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

BEWARE OF FRAUD
None genuine unless W. L. Douglas name and the retail price is stamped on the bottom
TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

W. L. Douglas Stores in Greater New York:

*2779 Third Av., bet. 146th & 147th Sts
347 Eighth Avenue.
*230 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, cor. Pearl.
708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton.
*1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Avenue.
*478 Fifth Avenue, cor. 11th Street.
*859 Manhattan Avenue.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
*HOBOKEN—120 Washington St.
*UNION HILL—276 Bergenline Ave.
*NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
*PATERSON—192 Market Street.
*TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad

*Stores marked with a * carry complete lines of W. L. Douglas Shoes for Women.*

AIDS SWEDISH MINISTER.

State Department Cables to London Concerning Mail Seizures.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—At the request of the Swedish Minister the State Department has communicated with Ambassador Page in London relative to the detention of the Swedish mail boxes and pouches, held by the British Embassy at Washington, with a view to facilitating the release of these things unless the British Government considers that there are good reasons for continuing to hold them. In addition the State Department has transmitted, for the Swedish Legation, a code telegram destined for delivery to the Swedish Foreign Office, forwarding a request from Minister Ekengren to his Government to urge the British Government to order the release of the mail.

The Swedish Minister has assured the State Department that the mail is not of an unneutral character, that the diplomatic seals were not broken and the mail was not tampered with en route to Halifax. The United States Government has no direct interest in the affair so far as its present information goes.

Every Bit a Food!
Grape-Nuts
IS REAL BODY-BUILDING NUTRITION

When the work of three is left to two

That's not a far-off prospect for business offices.

Already it is a reality in some. It's a situation that can't be ignored.

Are you fixed to meet it?

Speedy and accurate work can hardly be expected from an overworked staff—especially on accounting jobs.

You can't count for relief on the usual surplus of Bookkeepers, Bill Extenders, and other Figure Clerks.

They'll be marching in khaki.

But you can count on the Comptometer to equalize the burden—*even when the work of three is left to two.*

You can count on its rapid-fire action equally effective on Addition, Multiplication, Division, Subtraction—to extend the productive power of your shortened force on all figure operations:

Proving Postings; Balancing Accounts; Adding Daily Sales; Extending and Footing Invoices, Payroll and Estimates; Figuring Costs.

Now's the time to investigate—before the emergency grows acute.

Anyhow, it's a measure of economy, no matter what happens.

Get in touch with a Comptometer man—you'll find his address below. Invite him to drop in with his machine—*not to argue*—but to show you what it will do by doing it.

Felt & Tarrant Manufacturing Co., 1713-1735 N. Paulina St., Chicago, Illinois

CONTROLLED-KEY
Comptometer
ADDING AND CALCULATING MACHINE

New York Soliciting Office
350 Broadway

By GUSTAVUS MYERS

$2.50 net

Sold At All Book Stores

Most all of us have a bowing acquaintance with the Tammany Tiger. Here's an opportunity to enter his lair and see at first hand the political nature of His Majesty.

No one can afford to miss a single page of this book—so full of startling revelations is it from start to finish.

The real facts about the Tweed Ring, the rise to power of Richard Croker, the Lexow Committee Investigation, the Sulzer Impeachment, the activities of Charlie" Murphy, are presented in a most interesting way.

No voter in New York should miss this opportunity to become intimately acquainted with the character and aims of the party he is to vote for or against.

THE HISTORY OF TAMMANY HALL. By Gustavus Myers. $2.50 Net. At All Book Stores.

BONI & LIVERIGHT, INC.
105 West 40th Street.
Publishers of THE MODERN LIBRARY
Limp Croft Leather, 60¢ Per Vol.

champions change, but it's *always* the UNDERWOOD

Why?

The test of a typewriter is its speed, accuracy and durability.

For twelve consecutive years the International Typewriter Trophy record has been made on the UNDERWOOD.

that's why

This year is no exception. Here is the new World's record—143 accurate words a minute for one hour.

Margaret B. Owen
World's Champion

The Amateur World's record for 1918, also made on the UNDERWOOD, is 145 accurate words a minute for a half hour.

Geo. Hossfeld
World's Amateur Champion

The Novice World's record for 1918 won on the UNDERWOOD, is 110 accurate words a minute for a quarter of an hour.

Alfred Tangora
World's Novice Champion

It's the Machine

UNDERWOOD

Publishers of THE MODERN LIBRARY
Limp Croft Leather, 60¢ Per Vol.

ADDING AND CALCULATING MACHINE

At LAST!

At last! An American Ginger Ale that challenges the world for superiority—Clysmic Ginger Ale. We urge you to try it.

This is Tobias—Toby for short—the jolly, rotund, healthy landlord of "Ye Olden Inn." Remember him. You will see him often in Clysmic Ginger Ale Advertising.

Made with

CLYSMIC
THE KING OF TABLE WATERS

After that you will always drink Clysmic whether you have ever before known the enjoyment of a good ginger ale or not.

For it has just that sparkle—that palate pleasing taste, aroma and tang that is going to make it the most popular of all invigorating beverages.

It has a thirst quenching attribute that only this perfect ginger ale which is actually aged, can impart. It has that harmless, healthful stimulation which is the climax of beverage perfection.

After Years of Experimenting

After years of experimenting—after innumerable trials of various ingredients—after tedious tests, Clysmic Ginger Ale is offered to the public with absolute confidence that here, at last is an American Ginger Ale that will satisfy the most exacting connoisseur.

Till now, we have frankly acknowledged the superiority of imported ginger ale.

But we no longer make this acknowledgment.

—not because the imported article is unobtainable in its former perfection,

—not because conditions abroad have restricted the use of ingredients necessary to good ginger ale,

—BUT BECAUSE we have discovered the secret of the correct combination of ingredients to produce a ginger ale superior to all others in taste, tang and aroma.

Made from Clysmic Water

The quality of the water used has *all* to do with the making of a good ginger ale.

Clysmic Sparkling Table Water is ideal for the purpose. It has just the mineral properties which blend to make this perfect Clysmic Ginger Ale.

Clysmic Ginger Ale

Every Bottle Actually Aged

Every Bottle Actually Aged

And It Is Made with Care

Greater care than has ever been employed in the making of beverages in this country has been used in the making of Clysmic Ginger Ale.

—care that requires both capital and a full measure of courage and patience.

Conditions produced by the war—the inability to obtain foreign products—has been the incentive for American manufacturers in many fields to strive for perfection.

—that perfection attained by foreign manufacturers, through their slower but more satisfactory methods, regardless of expense or time required both in the experimental stage and in the making of the finished product.

Such has been our incentive. Such were the methods followed in perfecting Clysmic Ginger Ale.

Matured by an Ageing Process

To be delectable, ginger ale must be properly matured by ageing—a factor heretofore neglected by makers of ginger ale in America.

Needless to say every bottle of Clysmic Ginger Ale is, and will be, actually aged before it is offered for sale.

The Coming American Beverage

Ginger ale is the drink of a man's man; healthful for women; a joy to the young.

Clysmic Ginger Ale will become the American beverage.

This positiveness is not self-conceit. It is based on the opinion of the many who know

On sale at all restaurants, hotels, cafes and fountains. Insist upon it

Blended and Bottled by Clysmic Spring Company, Waukesha, Wisconsin

GRADED DRAFT PLAN BEING WORKED OUT

Would Take First Dependentless Men Not Needed in Any War Industry.

COMPLEX TABLE INVOLVED

Shown In What Order Every Man Registered May Expect to be Called—No Class Exemptions.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—A comprehensive new plan for applying the army selective draft, which would take first only men without dependents and of no particular value to war industries and establish various grades of dependency and industrial value from which future drafts would be made strictly on the selective basis, has been worked out tentatively by the Provost Marshal General's office and discussed with the President.

The plan was submitted recently to a conference of civilians who directed exemption board activities in a number of States, and received the indorsement of most of them, who are now discussing the proposed plan with their State Governors.

It is proposed to formulate in each local draft district a table of all registrants, placing each in a column denoting his dependents and industrial value in the war's prosecution. For instance, horizontal columns or classifications would be based on dependency. Men with no dependents would be placed in the first class, those with dependent distant relatives in the second, those with wives in the third, those with a wife and one child in the fourth, and so on.

Industries in Vertical Columns.

Similarly, the vertical columns might represent certain industries arranged according to their respective merit as war necessities. Industrial classes under consideration are farmers, shipyard employes, munition workers, railway and other transportation employes, miners, steel plant and motor industry workmen, and certain other branches to be designated from time to time by the President or the War Department as temporarily essential.

Thus the table with horizontal dependency classifications and vertical industrial classifications would hold a place for each registrant in accordance with his dependency or industrial value claims. In selecting men for examination, boards would first take the physically fit, having neither dependents nor value in essential war industries. When this class was exhausted, draft authorities would draw on the classes having the slightest dependency claims and the least value in essential industries. Theoretically, the draft would work down through the table to the classes with most dependents and highest industrial value.

No class would be exempted as such, but the valuable men would be placed so that they would not be called until the need for soldiers became more urgent and all the less essential classes were exhausted.

The plan involves a determination by the Government of what industries are the most valuable, and this is giving officials considerable difficulty. Farmers' organizations, shipping board officials and shipbuilders, munition makers, railroad heads, coal operators and many others are insisting on the prime importance of their own employes in civil work.

Seek to Allay Anxiety.

It is understood the entire program will be made known as soon as it is completed and approved by President Wilson, to allay the anxiety prevailing throughout many industries over the next draft, which had been planned for as early as December before the new plan was proposed, but which now may be delayed.

The proposed plan would meet President Wilson's objection to class exemptions. On the other hand, it is contended, it would successfully prevent the drawing of men into the army who are needed more in the industries or in agriculture, and would avoid mistakes made by Great Britain early in the war, when coal mines and war industries were depleted of skilled workers for the sake of swelling the first expeditionary force. It also would give each man a more or less definite place in the liability list and set his mind at rest as to when he might be summoned for service.

The scheme contemplates immediate examination of all men registered, but this course depends on an appropriation, which cannot be obtained until after Congress convenes in December. Advocates of the plan point out, however, that it might be put into operation for a single increment, even of a million men, and could be extended down the present liability lists as fast as funds were made available.

PLATTSBURG TRENCH DRILL.

New England Recruits Get Their First Trial in Dugouts.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Oct. 17.—The trench warfare begins at 8 o'clock in the morning, when the first battalion, which is the entire New England force, will take its place in the reserve trench to remain until 8 o'clock on Friday morning, when it will be relieved by the Second Battalion, the entire New York force, for a twenty-four-hour tour of duty. The reserve trench is known as the Tremont trench, and the first line, mapped in three sections, is named East Broadway, West Broadway and New England.

It will be assumed that the trenches are under the observation and fire of the enemy, and all movements in the trenches will be conducted accordingly. All movements of troops, either individuals or groups, will be via the trenches at all times. No one will be allowed to go overland between trenches or to enter the trenches by the flanks.

Eight machine guns will be on duty with each battalion, and the chief surgeon will provide the necessary medical attendants. The line of field artillery is just behind the reserve trench and to the right or west end is the field kitchen and food station. Cooked food will be carried to the food station at 11:30 A. M. tomorrow and 5 P. M. and at 6 A. M. on Friday, and continued at these hours until Saturday noon. The food will be in containers.

A biplane made two trips over the trench sector today. Arrangements were made today to attach a camera to the machine with a hole cut in the bottom of the plane so that the operation of the troops and the trenches might be photographed.

C. Arnold Slade of Provincetown, a photographer, made the trip with the pilot today and will do so tomorrow, operating the camera.

DIES FLYING FOR FRANCE.

Bare Announcement of Skinner's Death Received by Aunt.

Special to The New York Times.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Oct. 17.—Mrs. M. F. Thomas of this city has received the bare announcement of the death in France of her nephew, Samuel W. Skinner, of the French aviation forces, and still lacks information whether he was killed in battle or in training. She believes, however, that he met his death in training, as her last word from him indicated he had not yet been ordered to the front.

Samuel W. Skinner was the son of Mrs. Elizabeth Skinner of Cincinnati. In consequence of an accident years ago, in which he suffered a broken leg, he did not attempt to enter one of the reserve officers' training camps, but seized an opportunity of enlisting in the aviation branch of the French Army.

WADSWORTH SOLDIER KILLED IN COLLISION

Arthur Wright of Battery D Dead and Several Other New York Men Hurt in Train Crash.

Special to The New York Times.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Oct. 17.—Three men were killed and several injured when a locomotive drawing a work train crashed into the rear coach of an electric train bound over the Piedmont & Northern Railroad from Camp Wadsworth to this city tonight. There were 300 soldiers aboard the electric train.

The Dead.

WRIGHT, ARTHUR, Corporal in Battery D, Third Heavy Artillery; home in Buffalo, N. Y.

WHITE LABORER, unidentified, about 30 years old.

NEGRO LABORER, unidentified.

The Injured.

TRIANTAGALLA, N. D., Company H., Seventh Regiment; shoulder fractured.

HEFT, ROBERT, Company H., Seventh Regiment; left foot fractured.

WILLIAMS, ——, Company D, Seventh Regiment; fractured hip.

CUNNINGHAM, Private, First Field Artillery; right leg fractured.

FISHER, Private, Battery C, Second Field Artillery; abdominal injuries.

KARE, Private, Battery C, Second Field Artillery; badly cut about head.

LANKENAU, H. B., Private, First Field Artillery; fractured leg.

O'GRADY, Private, Battery B., Second Field Artillery; left side injured.

LADUE, Private, Eighth Company of Ammunition Train; fractured thigh.

BRIGGS, Private, Battery D, First Field Artillery, contusions of legs and head; slight.

MILLER, CHARLES, First Field Artillery. Injuries not given out.

RODIN, EDWARD, First Field Artillery; injuries not given out.

FITZPATRICK, W., Second Field Artillery; injuries not given out.

STONE, COURTNEY, Company L, Seventh Regiment; injuries serious.

A force of 250 men from the Medical Corps, reinforced by details from every unit in camp, were still working at midnight clearing away the wreckage in the expectation that two more bodies were in the tangled shell of the wrecked coach.

Men who were aboard the electric train said the direct cause of the collision was the fact that two lights were on in the last car, making it impossible for the engineer of the work train to see the train ahead. The engineer, N. D. Lineberger, was placed under arrest by Major T. Harry Shanton of the military police and was locked up in the military jail, pending an investigation by the camp authorities.

RULES ON ARMY SALUTE.

War Department Explains Observance for National Anthem.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The officers and enlisted men of the army in uniform will stand at attention when the national anthem is played, but when they are uncovered they will not salute. There has been some misunderstanding regarding the custom to be observed by officers and men under the provisions of army regulations, and for that reason the War Department today issued this announcement:

"Attention has been called to instances of misunderstanding with regard to the form of respect to be paid by army men to the national anthem, when played in theatres and other public places. The War Department calls attention to the regulation which provides that during the playing of the national anthem, officers and enlisted men in uniform, when uncovered, stand at attention without saluting."

The army regulations of Aug. 10 last deal with the subject in this language:

"Whenever the national anthem is played at any place when persons belonging to the military service are present, all officers and enlisted men not in uniform shall stand at attention facing toward the music, (except at retreat, when they shall face the flag.) If in uniform, covered, they shall salute at the first note of the anthem, retaining the position of salute until the last note of the anthem. If not in uniform and covered, they shall uncover at the first note of the anthem, holding the headdress opposite the left shoulder, and so remain until its close, except that in inclement weather the headdress may be held slightly raised.

ALL DRAFTED NEGROES TO BE MOBILIZED

Full Quota From City Called to the Colors Next Tuesday by State Adjutant General.

Adjt. Gen. Charles H. Sherrill issued an order yesterday for the mobilization next Tuesday of all negroes in New York City who have been certified for service under the draft law. The number of men affected is 1,886, and the order calling the negroes to the colors was directed to Roger B. Wood, in charge of the draft in New York.

Mr. Wood said last night that he expected to designate a central mobilization point in each borough for boards where the numbers of negroes called to service is less than ten. A great many of the boards have less than five, and a few have no negroes at all among their certified men.

The local boards having twenty or more are as follows:

Dist.	No.	Dist.	No.	Dist.	No.
24	55	110	28	140	148
44	20	121	70	144	132
45	60	130	38	158	25
47	28	135	82	163	21
63	20	139	48	167	149
85	43				

The District Board handed down an interesting decision yesterday in the case of Raymond W. McBride, of 426 Seventy-fourth Street, Brooklyn. McBride, though underweight, was certified for service by Board 42 and appealed to the District Board. The Board granted the appeal several days ago, and yesterday came word from McBride, who is in service at Camp Upton.

"I have changed my mind," McBride wrote, "and want to stay in the army. It's fine."

The Board accordingly reversed its decision and he will go to the front with the Camp Upton division.

Jesus Martinez, the Mexican Vice Consul, who was arrested last week charged with willful violation of the provisions of the alien sections of the Selective Draft Law, was held for the Grand Jury by United States Commissioner Hitchcock yesterday. Martinez registered on June 5, but when called for examination by Board 145, of which Charles H. Tuttle is the chairman, refused to obey the summons. He acted under instructions from Consul General Juan T. Burns, who in a statement denounced the members of the board as men who "are on a par with the savage hordes of Villa."

The law requires that all aliens must submit to examination, after which they file the required affidavits that prove their foreign citizenship. These affidavits automatically exempt them from service. Martinez refused to file the affidavits.

BLISS CUTS STAFF JOBS.

Civilians Not to Get Commissions Until There Is Work for Them.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—General Bliss, Chief of Staff of the army, has abruptly ended the practice of commissioning officers from civil life to the staff corps of various branches of the army and calling them into active service before actual need for their services exists. Indications that the practice has grown out of all bounds, particularly in the Medical, Signal, and Quartermaster Corps, led the Chief of Staff to take his action.

The effect of the order will be to hold up temporarily a number of commissions, including those of many men of the Flying Corps who have been graduated from the ground and flying schools. In no one case, however, will any man whose services are needed fail to get a commission eventually.

NEW YORK FOREMOST IN ARMY RECRUITING

Leads Pennsylvania by Narrow Margin in Daily Enlistments for the Regulars.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—New York gained five men on Pennsylvania in their close competition for supremacy in regular army recruiting yesterday. New York led the country by furnishing 117, as compared with 112 from Pennsylvania. The daily statement on regular army recruiting follows:

	Obtained Oct. 16.	Since April 1.		Obtained Oct. 16.	Since April 1.
Alabama	9	2,561	*Nebraska	23	5,960
Arizona	2	367	*Nevada	1	1,038
Arkansas		1,430	N. Hamp.		741
*California	32	8,400	*N. Jersey	8	6,917
*Colorado	6	2,034	N. Mexico		443
*Conn.	8	2,695	*New York	117	25,400
*Delaware	1	530	N. Carolina	0	1,704
Dist. of C.		629	N. Dakota	7	917
*Florida	5	2,004	*Ohio	47	11,263
*Georgia	41	5,404	*Oklahoma	20	3,479
*Idaho	2	1,241	*Oregon	14	3,836
*Illinois	41	18,916	*Penn.	112	26,391
*Indiana	29	10,503	*Rhode Isl.	2	1,221
*Iowa	29	5,951	S. Carolina	1	1,174
*Kansas	13	4,178	S. Dakota	†	1,128
Kentucky	8	4,237	Tennessee	1	3,406
Louisiana	7	2,298	Texas	28	7,734
Maine	2	1,182	*Utah	2	2,000
Maryland	3	2,404	Vermont	3	163
*Mass.	26	11,248	Virginia	6	1,675
*Michigan	43	10,177	*Wash'ton	22	3,676
*Minnesota	13	4,538	West Va.	†	2,259
Mississippi	4	1,160	Wisconsin	10	2,593
*Missouri	29	9,104	*Wyoming	3	773
*Montana	18	2,625			

*Quota obtained. †Missing.

Total quota, 183,898.

Total acceptances for Oct. 16, 796.

Total acceptances since April 1, 229,161.

TWO PER CENT. TUBERCULAR

Infection Among Drafted Men Reported by New Yorker at Conference

BALTIMORE, Md., Oct. 17.—That 2 per cent. of the men between 21 and 30 years called for draft examination had been found active tuberculosis cases was stated today by Dr. Louis I. Dublin of New York before the North Atlantic Tuberculosis Conference. The action of a number of draft boards in accepting men in incipient stages of the disease was criticised by a number of the speakers.

Dr. Dublin declared that 300,000 active cases had been found in the French Army alone. He said no figures were available from Germany, but reports were that the disease had spread alarmingly there in the last three years.

George L. Nelbach of New York advocated Government treatment under military discipline of soldiers who had contracted the disease.

Dr. Lawrence F. Flick of Philadelphia declared that English soldiers had not suffered as great ravages as the French, because, whereas England had carefully selected her soldiers, France had limited her investigations to children and sent men afflicted with tuberculosis to the trenches.

TITLE INSURANCE

WHAT does it mean?

First, it means the most complete possible examination of the title.

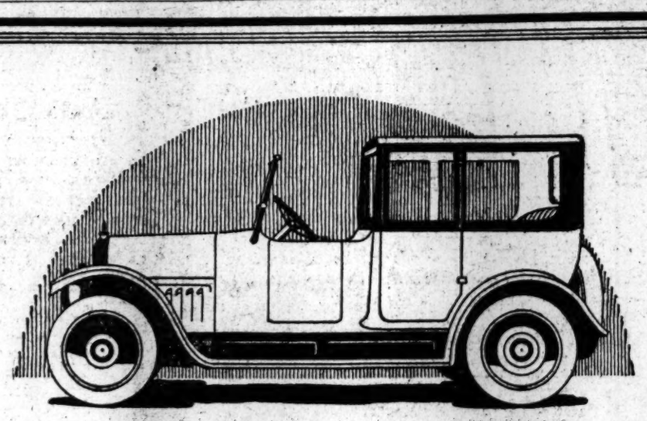
Second, it means for you freedom from all anxiety and perfect safety so far as title troubles are concerned.

It does not cost as much as it is worth.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital $ 5,000,000
Surplus 11,000,000

176 B'way, N.Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.



A New and Better Way to Buy a Fine Car

WHEN you buy one of our custom-built Broughams or Landaulets, you know exactly what you are getting.

In the first place, you can make the best possible choice. You make your selection from cars—not sketches. You have more cars to choose from than the number of sketches a body-builder would submit. You see the cars as they are. You compare the one you like best with a hundred odd others. You inspect its appointments and you test the comfort of its upholstery. You satisfy yourself that the coach work and interior trim leave nothing to be desired. Then comes the demonstration of its riding qualities.

Thus you are able to handle the purchase of a custom-built car without drawing upon your imagination for a single detail in point of appearance or in point of performance—without incurring the slightest obligation before the final consummation of the purchase—without the slightest loss of time and without undue penalty upon your pocket.

Immediate delivery on all models. Prices from $2580 to $3600

WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.
Broadway at 50th Street
Telephone, Circle 1300

"I know something that *will* clear your skin"

"My sister went through just the same thing. Her face was a perfect sight, and the irritation nearly drove her wild—especially at night. She tried everything until a doctor recommended Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap. All the suffering was alleviated and the skin ailment was gone in a wonderfully short time. Why don't you begin using them *today*?"

The Resinol treatment is equally effective in making red, rough, inflamed complexions clear and healthy.

Resinol

Resinol Ointment is so nearly flesh-colored that it can be kept on exposed surfaces without attracting attention. Resinol Soap and Ointment are sold by all druggists. It comes in two sizes (50c and $1).

If YOU haven't got your copy of NOVEMBER ILLUSTRATED WORLD

15¢ at all News Stands

BUY IT TODAY!

Read about the terrifying "Flaming Wheel of Death" to Get the Hun

November issue contains 160 pages of Tremendously Interesting Illustrated articles on Vital subjects-Science, Mechanics, Invention, Industry, etc

DON'T MISS IT!

Save

Time - Labor - Money

By applying the systems and devices being demonstrated this week at the 14th Annual

BUSINESS SHOW--

If there was ever a time when the business and professional man found it important to save time, labor and money—NOW—during the great World War—is the time!

You will find it well worth while to come and see what leading manufacturers of business appliances are doing to help overcome the shortage of office workers. If you cannot come yourself, send a competent representative. IT WILL PAY YOU!

69th REGIMENT ARMORY
Lexington Ave. at 25TH ST.

October 15th to 28th. Inclusive
1 P.M. to 10 P.M. Daily

THE MAN OF THE FOREST

by Zane Grey

A new serial by the author of Wildfire begins this week. It is a thrilling story of pioneer days on the great Western range, full of the romance and adventure of the cattle country. Other features in this issue are:

What's Wrong With the Middleman?

Is Cotton a Slacker Crop?

A Job for the Retired Farmer

With his sons going off to war and his hired men lured away to the cities by high pay, the farmer is up against it for labor as never before. What other farmers are doing—what he can do—to save and make his crops will be told week by week in

The COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

The Curtis Publishing Company Independence Square Philadelphia

5c a Copy $1.00 the year

Copr. Life Pub. Co.

Germany Down and Out

Fully treated in a series of cartoons by Charles Dana Gibson now running in LIFE. The great war numbers which LIFE is issuing every week are being read all over the world. Each number is crammed full of pictures by the most talented artists in America, and gives a pictorial insight into current American thought not possible in any other periodical. LIFE'S circulation is constantly going up. Buy this week's copy for sale at ten cents on every news-stand. Issue of Oct. 18.

Life

Life is fully returnable. Please let us know if you cannot secure your copy.

Send ten cents for sample copies.

14 West 31st Street, New York

DODGE BROTHERS CLOSED CAR

Its uncommon beauty appeals to feminine good taste.

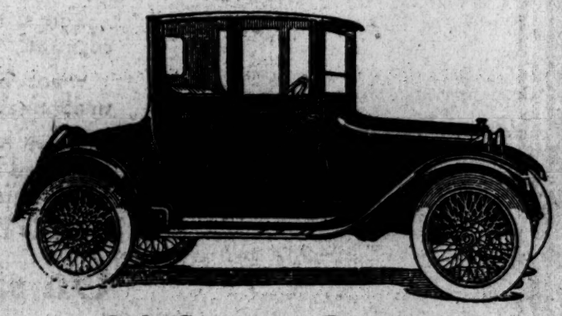
The Convertible Coupe is well designed, well finished, well upholstered, roomy—and suited for use the year 'round.

It will pay you to examine this car.

Liberty Bonds are as safe as The United States

The time for buying is limited

Coupe or Sedan, $1,365; Touring Car or Roadster, $835; Winter Touring Car or Roadster, $1,000. (All prices f. o. b. Detroit.)



Colt-Stratton Company

Now at Our New Salesroom

1847 Broadway at 60th St. Phone Columbus 7101

Open Evenings

BIG GROCERIES AGREE ON TEN-CENT MILK

District Attorney Says 1,000 Chain Stores Will Re-enter Business for Unbottled Sales.

DAIRYMEN'S LEAGUE JOINS

40,000 Up-State Farms Said to be Pledged in Movement to Hold Down Price.

After conferences with proprietors of chains of several hundred grocery stores in this city and also with officials of the Dairymen's League controlling 40,000 up-State farms, District Attorney Swann announced yesterday that, beginning on Monday, the groceries would retail loose Grade B milk to the New York public at 10 cents or less a quart.

Proprietors of the 46 Andrew Davey and the 125 Daniel Reeves stores have already promised to reenter the retail milk business at this figure, the District Attorney said. The Atlantic & Pacific Tea Company is also making arrangements to obtain milk direct from farmers and sell it from 467 stores at 10 cents a quart or less. James Butler, controlling 135 stores, will be approached by the District Attorney as soon as he returns from a trip out of town.

One thousand retail grocery stores will soon be retailing loose Grade B milk at 10 cents or less, Mr. Swann said. Practically all these grocery store organizations were forced out of the milk business five or six years ago after investigations of the Health Department.

"The grocery and delicatessen stores that formerly sold milk have informed the District Attorney that they were so hounded by the milk inspectors that they gave up competing," Mr. Swann said. "The implication was direct that the local inspectors were acting in the interest of the Milk Trust to force the grocery stores out of the milk business.

"When the farmers attempted to obtain better prices for their milk some time ago, the large milk distributers of New York City disciplined them by closing up about one hundred receiving stations. This deprived the farmers of a market and the New York City public of milk. This caused the recent increase in price. Up to the present the farmers have been handicapped by the fact that these large receiving stations in the country have been owned exclusively by the big distributers in New York City. The farmers offered to buy these receiving stations, but the big distributers refused to sell. The farmers offered to lease, but the big distributers refused this offer also, allowing the receiving stations to remain closed. The New York distributers knew that it would take a large amount of capital and time for the farmers to organize receiving stations for themselves.

"Before I get through I believe loose Grade B milk will be sold from at least 1,000 retail stores in Greater New York at a price not exceeding 10 cents a quart. R. D. Cooper, President of the Dairymen's League, told me today that his organization would furnish the retail grocers of the city with all the milk they could sell at about 8¼ cents per quart. The League is composed of 40,000 up-State farmers who have organized to protect themselves against the big New York City distributers."

"I suppose the City Club will make various accusations against me for entering the milk situation in this way, but let them fire away."

Both Andrew Davey and Daniel Reeves told THE TIMES last night that they would begin on Monday selling milk again following conferences with the District Attorney. Davey said his stores would sell milk for 10 cents. Reeves said his stores would sell for 9 cents.

"Did you get the impression that the Health Department inspectors were conspiring with the Milk Trust to force you out of the milk business?" Davey was asked.

"I got the impression that selling milk was more trouble than it was worth," he answered.

Charles A. Weiant, President of the Borden's Farms Products Company, testified earlier in the day before Mayor Mitchel's Milk Committee at the Health Department that the war, by increasing the cost of labor and of other factors, had increased the cost of producing milk.

"Could not a discriminating mother buy loose milk at 11 cents or just as good a grade as your 14-cent bottled milk?" Mr. Lewis of the committee asked.

"Yes. One should be as good as the other," Mr. Weiant replied. Competition with other companies costs his company $75,000 a year, Mr. Weiant said.

It was admitted at the offices of the Borden's Condensed Milk Company yesterday that a strike of the company's 2,000 wagon drivers was in the air. Officials of the company are to confer with representatives of the Milk Wagon Drivers' Union today.

PORTO RICO HELPS HOOVER.

Would Combine Food Administration Under Albert E. Lee.

SAN JUAN, Porto Rico, Oct. 17.—Governor Yager today recommended to Food Administrator Hoover the appointment of Albert E. Lee, President of the Porto Rico Food Commission, as Food Administrator for Porto Rico. Mr. Lee is now in Washington.

Eight thousand tobacco workers and cigar makers returned to work today after four weeks of idleness. There has been a general increase in the wages of these workers.

BOGUS N.Y.CENTRAL DRAFTS.

Forged Paper of Freight Claim Department in Circulation.

The New York Central Railroad gave out the following statement yesterday:

"A new form of fraud has recently come to light in the shape of forged drafts of the freight claims accounting department of the New York Central. The drafts are all drawn on the Treasurer of the New York Central Railroad Company through the Lincoln National Bank, New York, for $35 each, and all bear No. 79870, dated Buffalo, Oct. 4, 1917, to the order of James A. Oliver, 365 Glenwood Avenue. No city is given.

Some of the drafts have been cashed in Rochester and Buffalo and the swindlers are likely to attempt to extend their operations. Each draft bears a clumsy forgery of the signature of the railroad freight claim agent, R. L. Calkins, and his assistant, S. B. Hepburn. The police of Buffalo and Rochester and the railroad detectives are working on the case."

Sacky's Wife's Suit Before Court.

Aribert Sacky went before Supreme Court Justice Ford and a jury yesterday, accompanied by two Deputy Sheriffs, to defend a suit by his wife, Mrs. Lilien Suares Sacky, to recover $32,500 which she alleges she gave to Sacky to invest, and which she says he diverted to his own use. Sacky has been in Ludlow Street Jail since last Summer. Counsel for Sacky said he went into partnership with his wife and it wasn't his fault that the ventures didn't succeed. He said that his wife's relatives took advantage of her illness, which they thought would be fatal, to estrange her. Sacky testified that his wife wanted him to have her property rather than her relatives. He will be cross-examined today.

The Pale Thin-Blooded Person

is a weary, fearful clock-watcher; lowered vitality makes it impossible for the body to serve its soul's hopes and aspirations.

Abundant red blood, rich in iron, is needed if you would win in life's battle. Whatever your vocation—in business, in the home, in society—you must produce day after day or eventually be eliminated. The healthy-blooded man or woman tackles every task fearlessly, joyously—and wins.

Gude's Pepto-Mangan

"The Red Blood Builder"

If you are pale, anemic, and always tired, if you are working on your nerves, and your sleep does not refresh you, take a course of Pepto-Mangan.

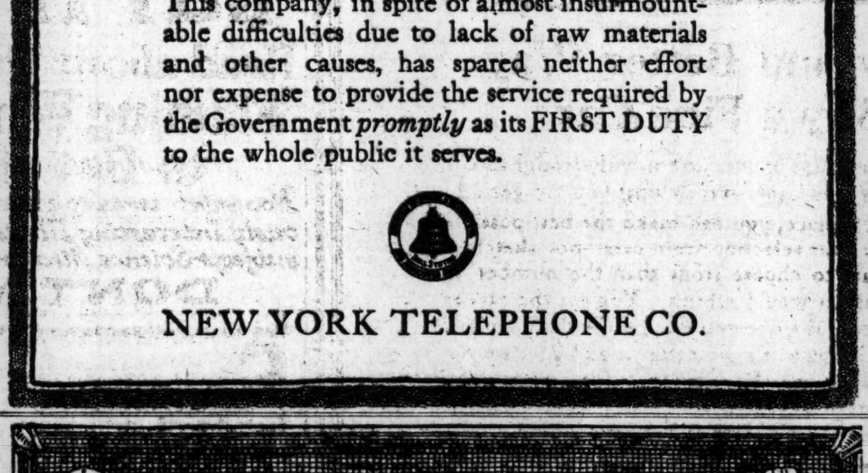
Study this picture so you will know how genuine Pepto-Mangan looks.

It restores the health by charging the blood with liberal quantities of digestible iron, and by creating thousands of new, rich, red blood cells. Then if your trouble is not due to serious organic disease, the enriched blood joyfully brings back your old time courage, strength, and joy of living.

Pepto-Mangan neither looks nor tastes like medicine. It cannot affect the stomach nor teeth. As it has helped millions it will help you.

Friendly Warning: Be certain that you get true Pepto-Mangan—*Gude's*. All others are counterfeits. *Gude's* Pepto-Mangan is never sold in any other way than in the bottle and package pictured in this advertisement. Read circular around bottle. For sale by all druggists.

Pepto-Mangan is made only by
M. J. BREITENBACH CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists New York



ON THE GOOD SHIP *"Recruit"*

WHEREVER you chance upon men or women engaged in naval or military activities, there you will find the TELEPHONE.

A nation awakened and quickened to its task of preparing for participation in the greatest of all wars has found READY a telephone service that will contribute tremendously to VICTORY.

This company, in spite of almost insurmountable difficulties due to lack of raw materials and other causes, has spared neither effort nor expense to provide the service required by the Government *promptly* as its FIRST DUTY to the whole public it serves.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

EDWIN C. BARNES,
systematizer of correspondence for American business houses; head of the Edison Better Letters organization of New York, Chicago, and St. Louis.

Call on Us to Help You Get Out More Letters and BETTER LETTERS

WE know you're losing office help on account of the war. Nevertheless every bit of your correspondence must get out on the minute.

You can't do that with a war-depleted office force.

Right here call us in to pull you out of trouble. Here is what we will do for you:

We will install a system that will get out *more and better* letters than ever before. It will be at your elbow every minute, ready for use. It is the Edison Dictation System, built around the genuine

EDISON Dictating Machine

"Made by Edison—Installed by Barnes"

the dictating machine which embodies all of the original, exclusive Edison features.

Tear out this advertisement before you lay aside this paper. As soon as you reach your office, call—

Rector 3598

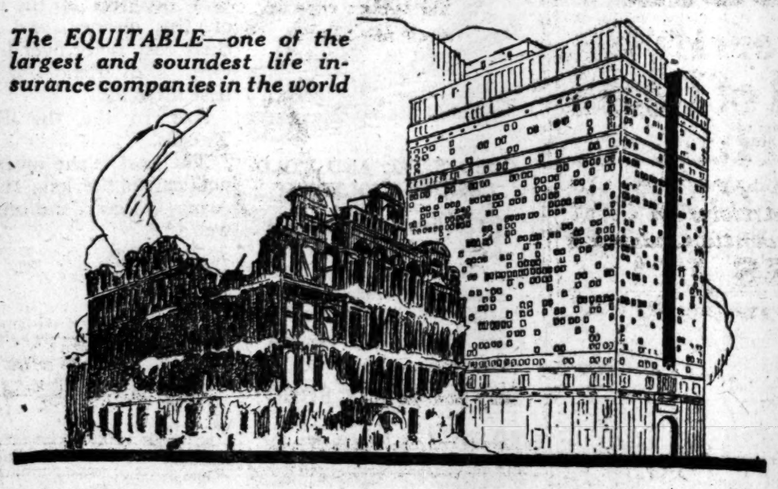
Edwin C. Barnes & Bros.

114 Liberty Street New York

Free Employment Service

To Stenographers: We teach you the Dictating Machine and secure you positions without fee. Visit our exhibit at the Business Show, 69th Regiment Armory, and have a talk with Miss Kilroy, head of our free Employment Bureau. She'll show you the big opportunities for Dictating Machine stenographers. Send to us for free tickets for the show.

The EQUITABLE—one of the largest and soundest life insurance companies in the world



Why the *"Equitable"* came to PIONEER

WHEN the famous Equitable fire of January 9, 1912, came like a bolt out of the blue, the Equitable was able to continue its business without interruption because *it had duplicate records in another place*. Profiting also by the experience of the fire, it saw the advantage of finding an absolutely secure place for duplicate records, valuable papers, and documents not needed in its own offices for current work.

Consequently when the new building was reared, in spite of its being modern in every respect and protected by every safety device known, the executives of the Equitable sent their valuable Surplus Business Records to the PIONEER. WHY?

—because no one man wants the moral responsibility of storing surplus records inside his office building, and in congested financial districts.

—because PIONEER prevents interruption to business that comes with a fire disaster.

—because space at the PIONEER costs 2-3 less than the cost of lower Manhattan rentals.

STORE YOUR Surplus Business Records AT Pioneer

Only 7 Minutes from Wall Street

Come to PIONEER and make *your* problem *ours*. Store your Surplus Business Records where a specialty is made of safety! Our vault rooms are protected, day and night, by an infallible system of detection that makes the spread of fire an impossibility!

We are located only seven minutes from Wall Street, at the Nevins Street Subway Station.

The PIONEER is just as advantageous for the small business as the large. Rentals as low as $5.00 per month. Phone MAIN 6900 today—and have our representative call!

Among those using PIONEER SERVICE you will find the most important
Insurance Companies
Banks and Bankers
Stock Exchange Brokers
Export Houses
Railroads
Legal Firms
Custom House Brokers
And others.

PIONEER FIREPROOF STORAGE WAREHOUSES

37 to 53 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

OUR 38TH YEAR

Southern Pacific Lines

SERVICE

gives to the SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES a distinction of which they are justly proud. You will do well to test it by making a trip to CALIFORNIA on the famous SUNSET LIMITED via the

SUNSET ROUTE

New Orleans San Antonio Los Angeles San Francisco

In its decision in a recent rate case, the INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION said:

"We are not unmindful of the fundamental and immensely valuable service which the carriers perform in times of peace and even more in times of war. No one will deny that the successful operation of the railways is vital to our national welfare. We fully appreciate the services which the railways are performing, and the unusual efforts they are making to secure a maximum of efficiency." Ask the

SOUTHERN PACIFIC LINES
for literature on THE APACHE TRAIL OF ARIZONA.

1158 Broadway at 27th St. 366 Broadway at Franklin St. 39 Broadway near Wall St.

BUY A LIBERTY BOND

OMAR KHAYAM TO MEET HOURLESS TODAY IN RACE FOR THREE-YEAR-OLD LAURELS

HONORS ON TURF AT STAKE TODAY

Omar Khayyam and Hourless Ready for Test of Supremacy at Laurel.

VIAU'S STAR IS FAVORED

Record Crowd Expected at Maryland Track to See His Contest with Belmont's Three-Year-Old.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 17.—A lightning fast track and the promise of fine weather for tomorrow make it almost certain that the much-discussed meeting of Wilfrid Viau's Omar Khayyam and August Belmont's Hourless will take place before the largest crowd that ever visited the Laurel racetrack. The stipulations of Mr. Belmont's trainer for a fast track have been fulfilled, and during the last few days the rivals for the three-year-old championship have been able to take their training gallops under ideal conditions.

Visitors from Baltimore and Washington say that little else in the sporting line is talked of around the hotels of those cities except the meeting of these great thoroughbreds. Thousands will come from both places, and large contingents also are expected from New York and Philadelphia in addition to the regular race crowd.

Some surprise was expressed by turfmen tonight when it was found that D. J. Leary's Sunflash II. had been entered in the championship sweepstakes against the two real champions. As the rules of The Jockey Club prohibit match races it was necessary to frame the conditions so that all three-year-olds were eligible. It was thought, however, that the publicity given to the event as a special test for the two leaders of their age would keep the lesser lights from entering the fray. The belief maintains tonight that Sunflash II., a horse of handicap calibre, will be scratched, and that the issue will be fought out by the two horses which have been keen contenders for three-year-old honors all season.

Omar Khayyam is likely to be the favorite in the mutuel speculation on account of his two previous victories over the Belmont crack. The disposition to plunge on the Viau candidate is so strong at present that many keen speculators will be tempted to buy tickets on Hourless. Their contention is that the last race between the pair was so close that long odds on one or the other is not justified, and that with Butwell in the saddle and a quarter of a mile less to travel than in the Realization, Hourless is quite likely to turn the tables on his former conqueror.

The supporters of Omar Khayyam are strong in the belief that he will again lead Hourless to the finish, and they point to the fact that the Kentucky Derby winner is working faster for this race than for any of his previous engagements. The imported English horse is known as a "trial horse," and hitherto it has taken the spur of a contest to bring forth his best speed. In his recent gallops he has shown more of a disposition to take the track at good speed and has had to be restrained after the first mile in order to keep him on edge. In spite of his being pulled up at the finish, Omar Khayyam has in his last two trials covered the mile and a quarter in better than 2:07, and on each occasion he has shown that he had speed in reserve.

Hourless has been doing great work, and after two recent trials in which he finished the full distance in 2:10 without letting out a link, he had a real speed test on yesterday between the races. The French son of Negofol stepped in wonderful style, and his speed reminded the onlookers of the day on which he won the Belmont Stakes when he was at the top of his form in the Spring. He was asked to go only a mile and a furlong, which he accomplished in the fast time of 1:51 1-5. The most remarkable part of this final effort was the speed which he accomplished in the first mile, which was turned in 1:38. That is better than any time made at this meeting, and the following fractions show that he was on his toes from the break: Furlong, 0:12 4-5; three-eighths, 0:34 2-5; half-mile, 0:46 4-5; five furlongs, 0:59 1-5; six furlongs, 1:12, and seven furlongs, 1:25 1-5.

In the Realization the two horses did not begin to run until the last quarter of a mile, but according to Richard Carman, the trainer of Omar Khayyam, the pace will be a stiff one from the start this time. It is Carman's intention to try and run Hourless off his feet, but in view of the last work out of the Belmont crack, this will be hard to do, and the race is likely to come down to another nose finish with victory going to the gamer horse.

NEW BRANCH OF A. A. U.

Allegheny Mountain Association to Have Headquarters at Pittsburgh.

With the arrival of George F. Turner, President of the Amateur Athletic Union, in this city Tuesday it became known that a new branch of the Amateur Athletic Union will shortly be organized. The new body will be known as the Allegheny Mountain Association of the Amateur Athletic Union and will have its headquarters in Pittsburgh. It will take in all the clubs in the City of Pittsburgh and vicinity, will extend over all of Pennsylvania west of Altoona, and will include West Virginia in its district. Thus the Allegheny Mountain Association will take up some of the territory now under the supervision of the Middle Atlantic Association and the South Atlantic Association.

All details for the new association have been completed, and it remains now only for it to be formally ratified at the annual meeting of the national body of the Amateur Athletic Union, which will be held at St. Louis on Nov. 19. The movement was originally started by the clubs in the vicinity of Pittsburgh, whose representatives were considerably inconvenienced by traveling to Philadelphia, the headquarters of the Middle Atlantic A. A. U., for the various meetings. Another thing which impelled the Pittsburgh club representatives in their quest for a separate organization was the increase in the club growth in that section of the country.

When the application was made to the officials of the Amateur Athletic Union those behind the movement showed a startling membership of thirty-six clubs, and to this number will be added many more. The application was readily approved by the Board of Governors of the Amateur Athletic Union, and notices of a meeting to be held in Pittsburgh on Nov. 15 were ordered to be issued. This meeting will be attended by representatives of all thirty-six clubs, when they will formally organize for the final details to be attended to at the annual Amateur Athletic Union meeting in St. Louis a few days later.

PLAY FOR TENNIS TITLE.

Juniors and Boys to Compete Saturday for Metropolitan Honors.

Although somewhat belated in the season, the third annual junior tennis championship, which will begin at the West Side Tennis Club Saturday, promises to bring out a representative field of contenders. The metropolitan boys' championship, which is being decided this year for the first time, will also start Saturday.

Entries for both of these events may be made with Frederick B. Alexander at 128 Fifth Avenue until 10 o'clock Saturday morning. In singles the entrance fee is $1 and in doubles $2. The tournaments are being played under the official sanction of the United States National Lawn Tennis Association. The events will continue next week, play starting at 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The age limit for Juniors is 19 years and for boys 16.

FAST HEATS AT ATLANTA.

Miss Harris M. Paces in 2:00 1-2 in Free-for-All Event.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 17.—In two of the fastest heats of the season on the Grand Circuit, Miss Harris M., driven by A. McDonald, today won the free-for-all pace, for a purse of $2,000 on the Lakewood Track. Her time in the first heat was 2:00¼. William, driven by Marvin, split second money with Hal Boy, Dick McMahon's gelding, which finished third in the first heat and second in the second.

The 2:13 class trot, 3 in 5, for $1,000, was won in straight heats by Mendosa T., piloted by Curtis. Opera Express, winner of the four-year-old futurity $5,000 stake at Lexington last week, proved a disappointment, its best place in any heat being fourth.

Baxter Lou, driven by Valentine, won the 2:07 class pacing event, for a purse of $1,500, in straight heats. Peter Look, with McMahon up, took second money. Helen Chimes, driven by Owens, was third, and Directum, J, of the Murphy stables was fourth.

The summaries:

2:13 CLASS TROTTING.

Three in five; $1,000.

Mendosa T., br. m., by Tregantha, (Curtis)	1	1	1
Sir Tatton, b. g., by Sledmere, (Stiles)	4	2	2
Wynatoma, b. m., by Bingeneras, (Murphy)	2	6	3
Brownie Watts, b. m., by General Watts, (Rodney)	3	3	6
Onward Allerton, b. g., by Allerton, (Ridan)	5	4	5
Opera Express, ch. g., by Atlantic Express, (Fleming)	6	5	4

Time—2:10¼; 2:13¼; 2:09¾.

2:07 CLASS PACING.

Three in five; $1,500.

Baxter Lou, ch. g., by Kinney Lou, (V. Valentine)	1	1	1
Peter Look, b. h., by Peter the Great, (McMahon)	4	2	2
Helen Chimes, b. m., by The Magnet, (Owens)	2	3	3
Directum J., blk. h., by Chamberlain, (Murphy)	3	4	4

Time—2:06¾; 2:08½; 2:04¾.

FREE-FOR-ALL PACE.

Two in three; $2,000.

Miss Harris M., b. m., by Peter the Great, (McDonald)	1	1	
William, b. h., by Abe, (Marvin)	2	3	
Hal Boy, b. g., by Hal B., (McMahon)	3	2	
Russell Boy, b. h., by Hustic, (Geers)	4	4	

Time—2:00½; 2:00¾.

TRACK PLANS FOR YALE.

Active Season for Both 'Varsity and Freshman Teams.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 17.—It has been announced by the University Track Association that the university and freshman cross-country teams will take part in several meets during the Fall. Tentative arrangements have been made for a freshman run with Harvard, '21, on Nov. 17, and the university and freshman teams will be entered in the intercollegiate runs to be held in New York City on Nov. 24. Last year this meet was held in New Haven, J. W. Overton, '17, winning the individual trophy. So far only very few freshmen have been reporting for the work.

All track men in the university have been urged to come out immediately to condition themselves for the coming meets. Coach Queal is at the track house every afternoon and Coach Mack is in the cage every morning between 10 and 12, and after football practice on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.

Arrangements have been made for holding the Fall track meet on Oct. 27. The meet will be held at Yale Field, and the events will include all the usual track events with the hammer throw as the only field event. The other field events will be held in the cage or in the gymnasium on Nov. 27. As in the past, numerals will be awarded to men taking first places in this meet.

It is now definitely settled that the Willisbrook competitions will continue. As each event in the Willisbrook competition is held ten times at competitions, with the exception of the first, being handicap, excellent opportunity is offered the novice to compete. Points are given for the first five places and silver cups are awarded at the end of the season to those having won the greatest number of points in the different events.

The annual interscholastic games, which were dropped last Spring, will be held as usual this year on May 18. The track management has already issued preliminary invitations and full particulars will be sent to the various schools early in the year. Plans for this meet are now being pushed vigorously.

DATE FOR CYCLE RACE SET.

Annual Six-Day Event Will Be Held at Garden Dec. 2 to 8.

The twenty-fifth annual six-day bicycle race will be held in Madison Square Garden during the week of Dec. 2 to 8 this year under the management of William H. Wellman, who closed with the owners of the Garden yesterday for control of the property for the event.

A meeting of the riders has been called for Monday to discuss the plans formulated for holding the contest. With the exception of Oscar Egg, Bobby Walthour, and Marcel Dupuy every rider of prominence is here, and will be on hand at the meeting. Plans for making the race entertaining during the lulls between sprints are also being given serious consideration. Popular prices will prevail for the event, and Promotor Wellman announced last night that there will be no advance in the admission charge during the entire week.

CLASS P YACHTS ACTIVE.

Stranger Provides Upset in Racing at Boston.

Racing among the thirty-one-rater yachts, better known about here as the Class P craft, has been fairly active in Boston waters this Summer, and has developed a genuine surprise in the performances of the Stranger under the handling of Frank C. Paine, who has been able to get more speed out of that big sloop than others who have sailed her. Stranger has had rather the best of the contests in which Wasaka, as the old Josephine is now called, Hayseed, Britomarte, and Bernice have participated.

Stranger wound up the season by winning a sweepstakes race in which Wasaka and Hayseed sailed against her over one of the Marblehead courses, though Wasaka won one of the races when there was a very stiff breeze, in which Wasaka showed the most speed in the lively windward work. Neither Ahmeek, which was awarded the Manhasset Bay Cup in the races off Indian Harbor in 1916, nor Ellen was out this season. Both of these yachts will probably be put overboard in the Spring, as there is a belief among Boston yachtsmen that it was a mistake to curtail yacht racing this season.

Amoret, formerly owned by R. B. Budd of this city but now the property of Alfred I. du Pont of Baltimore, has been out all season sailing in the waters about Baltimore, and, as a year ago, has proven the fastest sloop in those waters, winning about all the races in which she started. Stuart Stevens Scott sailed her again this season and has seemingly found a way in which to make her sail faster than she did when attached to the Indian Harbor Club fleet.

DISCUSS BALTIMORE SUIT.

National League Magnates Gather in Conference.

An informal meeting of several National League Magnates was held yesterday afternoon at the National League headquarters on West Fortieth Street, to discuss recent developments with regard to the suit of the Baltimore Federal League Club. Among those in attendance were John K. Tener, President of the League; Harry N. Hempstead, President of the New York club; Garry Herrmann of Cincinnati, Charles Ebbets of Brooklyn, and John Hydler, Secretary of the National League. After the meeting it was announced that no statement would be forthcoming at the present time.

ROAMER OUTRUNS FIELD AT LAUREL

Captures Old Glory Handicap in One Second and a Fifth Less Than Track Record.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 17.—Andrew Miller's Roamer made his first appearance at the meeting this afternoon and had little difficulty in capturing the Old Glory Handicap, in which he was called on to meet only a field of secondraters. The old gelding showed all his old speed, and Shuttinger sent him to the front soon after the break, where he was rated along until nearing the stretch turn.

Roamer moved further away then and was well in hand all through the stretch. James Butler's Wistful, which had been outrun in the early stages, came with a rush in the last quarter and took the place from Priscilla Mullens. Roamer's time for the mile and a sixteenth, 1:44 3-5, is a second and a fifth slower than the track record.

The stake feature was the Anne Arundel selling event at a mile and a furlong, and this was considered to be a trifle too far for O. C. Rasch's Gloomy Gus, which had his chances further discounted by having the unfashionable G. Wall in the saddle. Contrary to expectations, Wall rode a good race on Gloomy Gus, and after laying off the early pace, run over his field in the stretch. Little Nearer found the distance too short, but came along at the end and took the place from Deckmate.

Two-year-olds were asked to go a mile for the first time in the second race. A large field turned out for the experiment, with the Mirasol Stable's Producer the favorite. Producer showed all the stamina claimed for him and won easily from J. O. Talbott's Hope. In the first race for two-year-olds Emil Herz's Svengall graduated from the maiden class.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-old maidens; purse, $700; five and a half furlongs. Time—1:07 2-5.

Svengali, E. Herz's b. c., 109 pounds, by the Manager-Trance, $3.40, $2.50, and $2.10, (R. Troise)	1		
Ideal, R. F. Carman's ch. f., 111, by The Clerk-Horizon, $3.90 and $3.10, (E. Ambrose)		2	
Cave Man, R. Angorola's ch. c., 109, by Celt-Jamma, $4.80 third, (G. Wall)			3

Stalwart, Jr., Milfoil, Juanita II., Shasta, Frank Keogh, Simon Pure, Supermaid, Fleet Foot, and Thamar also ran. Herder and Austral scratched.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; purse $700; one mile. Time—1:40 2-5.

Producer, Merasol Stable's b. c., 101 pounds, by Juggernaut-Mrs. Grundy, $8.10, $4.80, and $2.40, (J. Bell)	1		
Hope, J. O. Talbott's br. f., 97, by Brynmawr-Lintilla, $8.40 and $4.80, (L. Willie)		2	
Green Grass, G. F. Muller's br. g., 104, by Hurat Park-Marsara, $4 third, (E. Ambrose)			3

Rapid Firer, Killarney, Start Right, King of the Wind, Tell Me, Odalesque, All Bright, and Wichaka also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Monumental Liberty Bond Selling Handicap, for all ages, purse $700; six furlongs. Time—1:12 3-5.

Icarus, J. O. Talbott's ch. g., 3 years, 110 pounds, by Hamburg-First Flight, $6.60, $4.80, and $3, (F. Robinson)	1		
Emden, F. W. Forsting's b. g., 4, 105, by Broomstick-Miss Hamburg, $4.80 and $3, (P. Louder)		2	
Back Bay, P. Sheridan's b. g., 9, 112, by Rubicon-Genus, $26.10 third, (A. Stirling)			3

King Worth, Sea Beach, Langdon Graphic, Buzz Around, Buck Shot, Anita, Eagle, Harvest King, Uncle Hart, Peep Sight, Top o' Th' Wave, Lord Fitz Herbert, Basil, Starfinch, and Kama also ran. Thorn Bloom scratched.

FOURTH RACE.—Anne Arundel Stakes; for three-year-olds and upward; selling; $1,500 added; one mile and an eighth. Time—1:51 1-5.

Gloomy Gus, O. C. Rasch's br. c., 3 years, 103 pounds, by Ogden-Happy Kate, $11, $5.10, and $4.20, (G. Wall)	1		
Little Nearer, R. L. Ahles's b. g., 106, by Golden Maxim-Leonalla, $5.60 and $3.40, (R. Troise)		2	
Deckmate, S. C. Hildreth's b. c., 104, by Hastings-Dragnet, $3.60 third, (J. McTaggart)			3

Douglass S., Hubbub, Right, Ask Ma, and Firing Line also ran. Damrosch, Sky Pilot, and Libyan Sands scratched.

FIFTH RACE.—Old Glory Handicap; for all ages; $800 added; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:44 3-5.

Roamer, Andrew Miller's b. g., 6 years, 126 pounds, by Knight Errant-Rose Tree II, $2.60, $2.60, and $2.30, (A. Shuttinger)	1		
Wistful, Pam's Butler's ch. f., 3, 111, by Star Shoot-Witfull, $4.70 and $3.20, (L. Lyke)		2	
Priscilla Mullens, J. K. L. Ross's b. f., 5, 106, by Araneth II.-Princeton Girl, $2.80 third, (T. Rice)			3

Shooting Star, Dorcas, and Candle also ran. Damrosch scratched.

SIXTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:46 2-5.

Obolus, W. Smith's b. g., 5 years, 111 pounds, by Oddfellow-Kenmore Queen, $6.80, $3.70 and $3.10, (T. Rice)	1		
No Manager, G. H. Abbott's br. g., 6, 103, by Nasturtium-Katy of the West, $4.90 and $3.50, (L. Lyke)		2	
Charmeuse, E. C. Griffith's b. m., 5, 100, by Mazagan-Bewitcher, $3.50 third, (J. Bell)			3

Joe Finn, Mr. Mack, Slumberer, Front Royal, Canio, and Doctor Charcot also ran. Tinkle Bell, Dartworth and Broom Corn scratched.

SEVENTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $700; one mile and a sixteenth. Time—1:47.

Lucky R., E. Hankins's b. f., 4 years, 103 pounds, by Box-Margaret Kent, $29.60, $7.60, and $7, (W. Obert)	1		
*Raby Lynch, G. H. Abbott's br. m., 5, 103, by Leonid-Queen Lithe, $2.60 and $2.80, (B. Koppelman)		2	
*Budweiser, G. H. Abbott's b. g., aged, 103, by Buckmaster-Missouri II., $2.80 third, (N. Huff)			3

Silk Shod, Hampton Dame, King Hamburg, Billy Oliver, Sevillian, and Hidden Star also ran. Beau of Menlo, Akeldama, and Rakeoff scratched.

*Coupled as Abbott entry.

Weather, clear; track, fast.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For two-year-olds; selling; six furlongs. Wood Violet, 114 pounds; Miss Bryn, 111; Starwort, 108; Golding, (imp.,) 102; *Sir Orsale, 100; Garenne, 113; Elizabeth H., 108; Sunny Hill, (imp.,) 107; *Mastvollo, 115; *Miss Sweep, 97; Mooseshead, 112; Nominee, (imp.,) 108; Humma, (imp.,) 103; *Aileen O., 102.

SECOND RACE.—The Fads and Fancies; purse; for two-year-old fillies; six furlongs. †Royal Ensign, 114 pounds; Maada, 114; Miss Bryn, 111; Wood Violet, 107; Lady Dorothy, 114; Jula, 114; Empress, 111; So Long Letty, 112; Adiline Patricia, 114; Salvestra, 111; Payment, 107; †High Appeal, 102; †James Corrigan entry.

THIRD RACE.—The Artillery Handicap; all ages; six furlongs. Top o' the Morning, 133 pounds; Sharpshooter, 112; Drastic, 104; Assume, 98; Hank O'Day, 125; Arnold, 106; Rimes, 103; Starwing, 118; Crepuscule, (imp.,) 105; Walter Lady, 100.

FOURTH RACE.—The Belmont purse; for three-year-olds; mile. Star Gazer, 112 pounds; Ticket, 104; Highland Lad, 98; Julienon, 111; Naturalist, (imp.,) 106; Barry Shannon, 98; Kohinoor, 90; Straight Forward, 102; Manister Tol, (imp.,) 99.

FIFTH RACE.—The American Champion Sweepstakes; for three-year-olds; one mile and a quarter. Omar Khayyam, (imp.,) 126 pounds; Hourless, (imp.,) 126; Sun Flash II., (imp.,) 126.

SIXTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile and a sixteenth. Charles Francis, 113 pounds; Napoleon, 110; Sir Wm. Johnson, 107; Paddy Dear, 106; Lady Bob, 99; *Mother Machree, 96; Adalid, 112; Blue Thistle, 110; Dancer, 110; N. K. Beel, 109; Starlike, 106; Ella Ryan, 104; *Beautiful Morn, 96.

SEVENTH RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Judge Wingfield, 108 pounds; Orderly, 106; Jesse, Jr., 106; Water Witch, 103; Brother Jonathan, 89; Lazy Lou, 96; Monomoy, 108; Sea Beach, 106; Queen of the Sea, 105; Pierre-a-Feu, (imp.,) 99; Starlike, 99; Madame Curie, (imp.,) 108; Airman, 106; King's Oak, 103; Langden, 96; Waukesa, 96.

*Five pounds apprentice allowance claimed.

John Daly Tuning Up for De Oro.

John Daly, who is matched to play Alfred De Oro for the three-cushion carom billiards championship next week, engaged in two exhibition practice matches yesterday at Howison's Billiard Academy and won both games. In the afternoon Daly showed his best form, winning from C. F. Lane by a score of 50 to 40 in thirty-five innings. The challenger for the title had runs of 6 and 5, making the latter total on two occasions. In the evening Walter Miller was Daly's opponent, and the latter won after fifty-four innings by a score of 50 to 31. Daly's best runs for this match were two of five points.

BALTUSROL WOMEN VICTORS

Capture Team Golf Championship of Jersey by Defeating Hackensack.

Women golfers of the Baltusrol Golf Club yesterday won the championship of New Jersey when they defeated the representatives of the Hackensack Golf Club in a team match on the links of the Englewood Country Club, by a score of 9 to 0. This success gives the victors the right to enter the round robin tournament, which will probably start about the middle of next week, to decide the team championship of the Women's Metropolitan Golf Association.

In this latter competition there are, besides the team from Baltusrol, teams from the Dunwoodie Country Club, which won the Westchester championship, and the Nassau Country Club, which had the best record of the season for the Long Island division. The championship for the north of New Jersey went to Hackensack, and Baltusrol won the title for the southern section of the State.

The summary:

BALTUSROL.	Pts.	HACKENSACK.	Pts.
Miss Uellen	3	Mrs. T. H. Thomas	0
Miss P. Starrett	2	Mrs. Kane	0
Mrs. S. P. Nash	2	Mrs. J. C. Barclay	0
Miss Harden	2	Mrs. P. Nellson	0
Total	9	Total	0

LEONARD NOW IN UNIFORM.

Lightweight Champion Holds Lieutenant's Commission in Army.

Benny Leonard, world's lightweight champion, surprised a number of his friends who had gathered at Grupp's Gymnasium yesterday to watch his training work, by walking into the gymnasium attired in Army uniform. This gave Leonard's followers their first definite knowledge that he had entered the United States service and even Billy Gibson, Leonard's manager, was surprised.

Leonard is in the Athletic Activities branch of the Army and has been expecting orders which would put him in uniform. He has not been assigned to any camp as yet, and until he is, the lightweight champion expects to engage in several ring bouts. His work will be that of boxing instructor and he has the rank of lieutenant. Gibson last night announced that in addition to his bout with Jack Britton, of Chicago, which will be held at the Harlem S. C. tomorrow night, the lightweight champion is matched up for bouts at Philadelphia on Oct. 22, Buffalo on Oct. 25, and Cleveland on Oct. 24.

Leonard is in superb condition for his bout with Britton and is confident of winning by a knockout. He weights about 135 pounds and at this figure he will be about five pounds lighter than the former welterweight champion. The men signed articles calling for them to weigh in at 139 pounds, one hour before they enter the ring. It was expected at first that Britton would have difficulty getting down to the required weight, but the Chicagoan yesterday was reported at the required figure after a ten-session go with Irish Patsy Cline.

INVITE ENTRIES FOR RUN.

Junior Cross Country Blanks Mailed to Clubs and Colleges.

Local Amateur Athletic Union officials yesterday announced that entry blanks for the national junior cross-country championship, which will be held over the Van Cortlandt Park course on Nov. 10, were mailed yesterday to all of the large clubs throughout the United States and to a number of colleges in the Eastern section of the country. The reason for sending entry blanks to the colleges is to afford student athletes a chance to familiarize themselves with the course, which is the same over which the intercollegiate cross-country championship race will be held a few weeks later.

The junior race will also give the aspirants for intercollegiate laurels a chance for a stiff workout. It is expected that a large field will start in the event, including many of the leading harriers of the country.

The race is open to any registered amateur athlete who has not won a first place in running at a distance of two miles or over at any track and field championship meeting of the Amateur Athletic Union, or of the International Olympic Committee, or of any Intercollegiate Association, or of Canada, Australia, or any foreign country, or who has not been a member of a team winning the cross-country championship of the Amateur Athletic Union, or of the International Olympic Committee or of any Intercollegiate Association, or of Canada, Australia, or any foreign country."

Entries close with Frederick W. Rubien, 290 Broadway, on Nov. 5.

RECORD HOLDERS TO WALK.

Star Pedestrians Will Contest in West Point Hike.

The American Walkers' Association will hold a handicap contest next Sunday from Van Cortlandt Park to West Point, a distance of about forty-five miles. The start will be made from Van Cortlandt Park at 6 A. M., and an attempt will be made to better the record of 7 hours 59 minutes, which has stood for the last three years. The club's champion walker, Dick Remer, will be on scratch, and arrayed against him will be a worthy field of pedestrians, with handicaps allotted according to their recorded abilities. Some of the walkers already entered are:

Kurt Zuich, record holder for the New York-to-Harmon race; J. Mandula, winner of the race to Harmon; G. W. Cisney, holder of the record from New York to Philadelphia; B. Oshinsky, H. Dacks, P. Mendler, F. Senfert, and E. Cunnard, all point winners in various long-distance events.

The limit handicap will be 1 hour 45 minutes, and the individual prizes will be three silver loving cups and seven bronze medals. A silver placque will be presented to the branch whose members score the lowest number of points, a team for this prize to consist of the first four men of a branch to finish. Entries for the event close tomorrow.

TO LET SOLDIERS COMPETE.

Meet in Thirteenth Regiment Armory Is Being Boomed.

The committee in charge of the athletic meet and military carnival, to be held at the Thirteenth Regiment Armory, Brooklyn, next Wednesday evening, yesterday received notification from Colonel Sydney Grant, commanding officer of the Thirteenth Coast Defense Artillery, now stationed at Fort Hamilton, that the usual Wednesday afternoon sports at Fort Hamilton would be canceled next week in order to enable the men to compete in the military events in the Thirteenth Regiment Armory in the evening. This promises a large turnout of soldiers for the five military events included in the program, and indicates some sterling competition.

Colonel Grant announced that he would send two companies to give an exhibition skirmish and bayonet drill. Orders have also been issued to keep the armory doors open between 7 and 8:30 each evening so as to afford athletes intending to compete in the games a chance to get some indoor training. The open A. A. U. events scheduled are filling up rapidly.

SENDS TROPHY OVER SEAS.

National League Donates Silver Cup to London Organization.

The National League has donated a trophy cup to the London Hospital Baseball League, an organization which has been very active in the American game during the past Summer. In the London hospitals are several American physicians and numerous Americans and Canadians, who are promoting the pastime. The National League has also sent several dozen baseballs to the hospital league. The trophy is of silver and is nearly three feet high.

MONEY BAG JINGLES FOR SERIES PLAYERS

National Commission Makes Payment to Members of Giant and White Sox Teams.

The National Commission opened up the money bag yesterday and distributed the spoils of the world's series of 1917. John E. Bruce, Secretary of the commission, made out the checks and handed them around where they rightly belonged. Captain Charley Herzog of the Giants had been delegated by his clubmates to get the Giants' share of the melon, and he was accompanied by John Lobert, who went along, not to watch Herzog, but to keep him company.

Mr. Bruce gave Herzog a check for $61,155.43, which, divided among the eligible players, gave each of them a share of $2,445.21, which is fairly good pay for losing the series the way the Giants lost it. Heinie Zimmerman took his share without a smile. But he must have had a hard time to suppress a little grin.

Secretary Bruce started for Chicago last night and will give the White Sox their share when he arrives in the Windy City. The Chicago players' portion is $91,731.15, which gives each one of those eligible $3,669.32.

The commission also held out its own share, which amounted to a mere $42,587.80, and each of the clubs received its check for $115,160.81 minus 25 per cent., which is laid aside as an operating fund by both leagues.

Several of the Giant players after receiving their share of the money yesterday went to their homes for the Winter.

WARM WELCOME FOR SOX.

Chicago Fans at Station to Greet New World's Champions.

CHICAGO, Oct. 17.—A cheering crowd of 5,000 White Sox rooters stormed the La Salle Street station late today to welcome home the world's baseball champions. The crowd broke through police lines when the train arrived at 4 o'clock, and, accompanied by two brass bands, swarmed around the conquerors of the Giants.

The appearance of Clarence Rowland, manager of the Chicago club, was the start of a demonstration. Some of the fans hoisted Rowland to their shoulders and carried him into the street. Traffic was blocked for twenty minutes while the crowd sought to shake hands with the players.

With the exception of Eddie Collins, Mel Wolfgang, Urban Faber, and John Collins, every member of the club was in the party. Eddie Collins went to his home in Philadelphia from New York, and Wolfgang and John Collins left the party at Albany. Faber, who pitched two victories over the Giants, returned yesterday, going on to his home at Cascade, Iowa, for a hunting trip.

Rowland carried with him a check for $91,733.15, the White Sox share of the series. Twenty-five players will divide the spoils, each receiving $3,668. Trainer Bruckner, Joe O'Neill, the club's traveling secretary, and Bob Hasbrook, who did not join the club until the middle of the season, will be presented a sum.

CICOTTE AND PSYCHOLOGY.

Sox Twirler Explains His "Shine" Ball as Devised for Effect.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Oct. 17.—The secret of Eddie Cicotte's "shine" ball is that there isn't and never has been such a thing. It was a myth devised for its psychological effect. This admission was made by Cicotte today while passing through here with other members of the new world's champion Chicago Americans.

"Hap Felsch and I framed it on the training trip," said Cicotte. "The idea was to rub the ball in a peculiar way to make the batsman think I was doing something to it. It wasn't really, but others thought I was. Felsch started the talk going in St. Louis—got Fielder Jones all worked up about it, and the first thing we knew the 'shine' ball was an established fact in most minds."

WEST VA. MAY GO TO COAST.

Considered as Opponent for California on New Year's Day.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Oct. 17.—The West Virginia University football team has been mentioned in newspapers on the Pacific Coast as the logical team to oppose the University of California in the annual New Year's contest at Pasadena at the Festival of Roses between the strongest team on the Coast and a representative Eastern eleven. West Virginia's stock took a rise out West through the defeat of Gilmore Dobie's Navy team a week ago.

West Virginia left for Hanover, N. H., tonight, to play Dartmouth there on Saturday in the last of the hard series of games that had place in the early part of the schedule. If the Mountaineers play a creditable game against Dartmouth it is certain that West Virginia's rating this year in the East will be the highest it has ever been, with victories over Navy and Carlisle and a 14-9 game with the Pitt championship eleven. The trip to Hanover will be made via New York, the afternoon and evening of Thursday being spent there.

The squad that left here tonight was composed of Captain Bailey, Ice, Calvert, King, Meredith, Harry, Harris, Welmer, Wagner, Lentz, Rodgers, Lewis, Singleton, Erwin, Mills, Heavener, McClue, Hawkins, and Coach McIntyre, and Manager Scherr, and Director Stansbury.

McDonough Is Dartmouth Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Oct. 17.—H. B. McDonough of Manchester, N. H., was today elected Captain of the Dartmouth football team. McDonough has played quarter back for the last three years. He takes the place of F. J. Dussosoit, who was elected Captain last Fall, but who is now in France with the American Field Service.

N. Y. A. C. Boxing Tournament.

The New York Athletic Club will hold its first formal amateur boxing tournament of the 1917-18 season beginning this evening, when preliminary bouts will be held in four classes, at 110, 120, 130 and 140 pounds. The finals will be decided Saturday night. An excellent entry has been received and some interesting bouts should be witnessed. The 140-pound division will be for novice boxers who have never won a prize in local amateur boxing competition.

Boxing Bouts Tonight.

Pioneer S. C.—Pete Hartley vs. Young Brown; Joe Lynch vs. Mickey Dunn. Both ten-round bouts.

Clermont S. C., Brooklyn—Joe Burman vs. Willie Astey; Frankie Brown vs. Hughie Breslin. Both ten-round bouts.

FORDHAM OFFENSIVE WEAK.

Maroon Practices Attack in Preparation for Holy Cross.

The Fordham football squad had a long drill on the offensive yesterday afternoon. The Varsity faced the scrub eleven in an hour's scrimmage, which was as stiff as any the Maroon players have had this season. The regulars showed some improvement on attack, which is encouraging with the Holy Cross game only two days away. As Fordham's weakness of attack has been in failing to gain through the line, Coach McCaffery used only straight plays yesterday. Aided by the forwards, who cleared the way in able style, the Maroon backs showed the best form of the season.

Bunny Corgoran of last year's team was a visitor on the field yesterday. Bunny will join the aviation service in a few days, having received a transfer from the Naval Reserve. He donned a gridiron uniform yesterday and gave the ends a few pointers in taking out interference.

Crowley returned to his regular berth at centre. Christiansen and Fogarty, tackle and guard, respectively, did not get into the drill. Frisch ran through signals with the team but did not do any scrimmaging.

Practice was held on the new athletic field adjoining Bronx Park. If the war had not intervened it was planned to hold all of the football games on this field. Collapsible stands were to have been erected.

COLUMBIA HAS SCRIMMAGE.

Faces Stuyvesant High Lads in Practice Encounter.

The Stuyvesant High School eleven appeared on South Field yesterday and engaged both the Columbia 'Varsity and Freshman elevens in practice scrimmages. Coach Metcalfe directed the Blue and White teams from the sidelines, while Tom Thorpe, assistant coach, was on the field in uniform during the plays. The Varsity eleven was pitted against the schoolboys toward the end of the afternoon and rehearsed its tackle plunges against them. The visitors withstood the attacks of the heavier collegeians vigorously, but could not keep them from making substantial gains.

Forward pass formations were also tried and succeeded even better than the line bucks. The ball was given to the Stuyvesant lads next, who lost it on the third play through an intercepted forward pass. Previously the schoolboys had faced the Freshmen and forced the Columbia cubs to battle hard for every gain.

Hal Vollmer, captain of last year's swimming team and member of the 'Varsity eleven, appeared on the field during the practice. Vollmer is now in navy service and said yesterday that he had been transferred from Newport to what was even for him an unknown destination. The Freshmen will meet De Witt Clinton tomorrow.

BOLSTERS RUTGERS LINE.

Coach Sanford Devoting Attention to Improving Defense.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Oct. 17.—George Foster Sanford is not satisfied with the Rutgers line and is making strenuous efforts to bolster up the team's defense before the game with Lafayette on Saturday. Francke, a freshman, has been put in at guard and Neushaffer may be shifted to tackle. Feitner, regular tackle, whose right leg is injured, was not in the scrimmage today. Garagan and Kelly were in uniform, but had only light work-outs. The later part of the practice was devoted to the further development of the forward pass which worked so well against Syracuse.

N. Y. U. REREARSES SIGNALS.

Coach Wall Includes Only a Short Scrimmage in Practice.

Coach Wall gave the New York University football squad a long workout yesterday, consisting almost entirely of signal drill, supplemented by a short period of scrimmage. The scrimmage started the session and lasted only long enough to enable the coach to teach each of the linemen how to execute his part in several new plays which the Violet has been drilling on in the last few days. Then both scrubs and 'Varsity were drilled in signal work, during which the whole Violet repertoire was rehearsed.

Ebenfeld and Dillon, who have heretofore played end, were shifted to the backfield, while Zeuner and Wurth, erstwhile scrubs, were tried as ends. Sulzer, a

LAURA HOPE CREWS IN LIGHT COMEDY

'Romance and Arabella' Dramatizes One Fair Woman's Multiple Whims.

FIVE FIANCES, 2 HUSBANDS

A Very Slight Play, with Exquisite Scenery and an Able Production.

ROMANCE AND ARABELLA, a comedy, in four acts, by William Hurlbut. At the Harris Theatre.

Geoffrey Jones.....Harry Ashford
Arabella Cadenhouse.....Laura Hope Crews
Emma Wayne.....Alice Putnam
Effie Dusen.....Alice Augarde Butler
William Pennington.....Felix Krembe
Maid.....Ethel Cameron
Harry Atteridge.....Frank Connor
Mrs. O'Lannigan.....Jennie Lamont
Mr. Green.....Virginia Chauvenet
Claude Estabrook.....Alfred Lunt
Peter Harper.....William Williams
Ernest Mason.....Henry Warwick
An Italian Musician.....Marc Loebell
Mr. Henry.....George K. Denny
Burglars.....{Harry Blaising / Tracy Barrow
Mr. Bergen.....Harry Weiser

It is a charming description Mr. Hurlbut has given his play, "whimsical comedy." It suggests all sorts of airy fancies, delicate characterizations, subtle sentiments, and pointed, surprising satire. It gives hope that our hearts will be lightly touched, our facilities expanded, and our acquaintance with amiable and interesting sage to k in some good measure extended. But the phrase which Mr. Hurlbut appropriates has hitherto been conferred upon Barrie.

Not a few of these hopes "Romance and Arabella" fulfills. The dialogue is neat, light, and at times quite brilliantly witty. The people are well mannered in the main and touched off with new and again a shrewd stroke of observed reality. And at the base of the action is a promising comedy idea. But there is one cardinal defect in it all. The heroine, who exerts a charm on the other people of the play which is quite unprecedented, begins by being utterly incredible and ends by being a bore. When it is added that she is played by Laura Hope Crews, one of the most finished and humorous of our comediennes, little more need be said as to the depths of her shortcomings.

A bare census of her romantic vagaries will suffice. She starts as a widow and in the course of four brief acts she is engaged, of rather compromised, with no less than five men, young and old. The last one she bolts from at the altar. And then we are to suppose that she marries and lives happily with the only man in a very full cast to whom she has not been engaged. That is the plot. He is a wise guy, with a smooth technique," who foresees that the only way to get the "romance" out of her system is to surfeit it.

Rather vapid, even silly, the way Arabella is on again, off again. Even she has a moment when she begins to suspect that she is a light woman." She is worse than that. If there is one thing on the stage more trying than the jokeless joke at which the entire cast laughs hilariously, it is the character without reality or charm who is universally adored.

One of the four "episodes," which takes place in a Greenwich Village flat, has local atmosphere and no little amusing satire upon the villagers. But even here the so-called whims amount to the wildest extravagance. Arabella, who is drifting into one of those affairs with an apostle of free love and free verse, takes her chaperon with her; but, in deference to the traditions of the place, she hides the venerable lady beneath the sofa—and there is made passionate love to by the poet, as they both sit heavily on the dear soul's chest. The audience seemed mostly composed of villagers, who laughed at many things. But this was beyond even them.

A wealth of expense and good taste has been expended on the production. The scenes by Unitt and Wickes are of really exquisite beauty, especially the one in Arabella's garden, which is a Reinhardtesque symphony of roses and moonlight. The gowns are splendid and richly harmonious. A fine discretion in all details of furnishing and casting reveal the artist touch of George Foster Platt. A full orchestra, led by Elliott Schenck, discoursed excellent music.

And yet was this Arabella preposterous, and a bore. If only some one had seen to it that the audience should feel for her one-tenth of the adoration that cast and management alike so prodigally lavished upon her!

Lady Duff-Gordon's Matinees.

The first of Lady Duff-Gordon's two matinées at the Booth Theatre for the benefit of Secours Franco-Americain pour la France Devastee, will be given at the Booth Theatre at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon. "Fleurette's Dream in Peronne," a wartime fantasy staged and costumed by Lady Duff-Gordon, will be the program, and will be repeated tomorrow afternoon.

The patrons of the Secours Franco-Americain include Gabriel Hanotaux, Mrs. William G. Sharp, wife of the American Ambassador to France; Mrs. Charles Prince, Mrs. Elinor Glyn, Mrs. Ridgely Carter, and Mrs. Ralph Curtis.

TESTS NEWS SERVICE RIGHTS

Publisher's Suit Involves Associated Press and International News.

A suit to test the right of The Associated Press to suspend a member because he violates its rule that no member may use the leased-wire service of a competing news organization was filed in the Supreme Court yesterday by Ralph Buvinger, owner of The Meridian (Miss.) Star, which publishes a morning, evening, and Sunday morning edition. Mr. Buvinger was suspended by the Directors of The Associated Press on Oct. 3 because he takes a leased-wire service of the International News, and has been directed to appear at the next annual meeting of The Associated Press, in April, to show cause why he should not be expelled. The news service is withheld pending his suspension.

The plaintiff said he became a member of The Associated Press in 1910, and that because The Associated Press has refused to furnish service for his Sunday morning edition he is compelled to take a leased-wire service of the International News. He alleges that the leased wire is used exclusively for receiving news, and that the operator is the editor of the paper and is directly under his control. He says that it is not possible for the news received from The Associated Press to be communicated to any one else over his wire, and declares he has not been charged with sending The Associated Press news to any one else.

The plaintiff stated that he was notified on Sept. 12 last to appear before the Directors on Oct. 3 for violating a by-law passed last April prohibiting members from installing in their offices the wire of a competing news association, thereby endangering the inviolability of the report of The Associated Press. He was in Omaha on important business on the day he was required to appear before the Directors, he says, and in his behalf his attorney appeared and protested against action against him. He states that, without further inquiry into the facts, the Directors suspended him and its news service to his paper.

EDWIN HUGHES'S RECITAL.

A Program of Chopin's Music in Aeolian Hall.

Edwin Hughes, an American pianist, formerly resident in Germany, who played here last season, gave a recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, of which the program was entirely devoted to Chopin. A pianist needs to be certain of his calling as a Chopin interpreter to devote a whole program to his music, especially when he exacts of himself a performance of the two sonatas, as Mr. Hughes did. The other numbers were three mazurkas and the Fantasie in F minor.

There were many excellent and agreeable features in Mr. Hughes's playing, but it did not denote a special sympathy with Chopin's music or understanding of it. There were intelligence, dignity, repose, a fine technical competency; but the imaginative flight was not sustained, the poetic fire burned only fitfully. It could not be said that Mr. Hughes failed to understand this music he played, but he viewed it with sobriety. With all the excellent qualities that were recognizable in the playing of the B Minor Sonata, there was a nearer approximation to the spirit of the three mazurkas.

CORONA RICCARDO BURIED.

Once Noted Actress Left Stage When She Married Indian Chief.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 17.—A brief cortège wended its way to St. Mary's Cemetery this morning to perform the last rites for a woman who once held audiences of London and America thrilled by her beauty and her art. Corona Riccardo was the name by which the stage and its followers once knew the woman who died at the General Hospital two days ago.

In Kansas City, in a modest room, marked almost by privation, she was known as the wife of Chief Silver Tongue, an Indian, for whom she left the stage a dozen years ago, almost at the height of her career. In her girlhood days she became the protégé of one of the great prelates of her church, who saw in her talent of unusual promise. Mrs. Daly became interested, and the girl's first appearance upon the stage won recognition. She played for Daly in "The Great Ruby."

Wilson Barrett took her to London as his leading woman and then brought her back to act with him here. For a season or two she played leading rôles with Robert Mantell in his Shakespearean production—and everywhere was lauded.

When "Ben Hur" was produced she acted one of the leading rôles.

Then came a brief season in vaudeville in an Indian sketch, during which she met Silver Tongue—and the stage knew her no more. She came to this city several months ago with her husband and the little son who wept at the grave this morning.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The first program to be given by the Wisconsin Players, who will begin an engagement at the Neighborhood Playhouse on Saturday night, will include "The Shadow," a fantasy by Howard Mumford Jones; "Carlos Among the Candles," by Wallace Stevens; "Neighbors," by Zona Gale, and "On the Pier," by Laura Sherry. A new bill will be given on Monday.

William Gillette's engagement at the Plymouth in "A Successful Calamity" will end on Nov. 3, and the piece will then be seen at the Studebaker Theatre, Chicago.

It is announced that subscriptions received for the season of the Theatre de Vieux Colombier, under the direction of Jacques Copeau, approximate $20,000. The theatre has already been sold out for the first performance.

A patriotic playlet by Marion Craig Wentworth, author of "War Brides," will be on the program at the Palace next week.

The cast of George V. Hobart's farce, "What's Your Husband Doing?" which will be produced in one of the Shubert houses by the Hobart-Jordan Company, includes Hale Hamilton, Virginia Hammond, Charlotte Ives, Jane Cooper, Alice Lloyd, Jed Prouty, Clara Mackin, Joseph Conyers, Gus Hegge, and Thomas Clark.

Oscar Shaw, playing in "Leave It To Jane," will also appear nightly in the "Midnight Frolic" next week and thereafter.

Margit Leeras, a Norwegian dancer who is to take part in the Adolf Bolm ballet at the Century, arrived in this country yesterday.

Paintings
ANCIENT *and* MODERN
at the
Scott & Fowles
Galleries
590 FIFTH AVENUE
Between 47th and 48th Streets

SAVE TIN FOR UNCLE SAM BY BUYING YOUR COFFEE IN BULK —SAVE MONEY FOR YOURSELF BY BUYING AT WHOLESALE

Economize in buying your **Coffee**

WE'LL ACCEPT YOUR ORDER AT THE WHOLESALE PRICE

Uncle Sam needs tin for war purposes, and says its use should be conserved. Why buy your coffee in cans? Especially when the can and labor of packing adds To a pound to your coffee. Help Uncle Sam and yourself. Buy your coffee in bulk. Not from open bins, exposed to dirt and moisture. We'll supply you direct from our wholesale plant fresh from the roaster in 5 pound lots or over. BEAN OR GROUND.

Retailer's 35c Quality / Retailer's 38-40c Quality

COFFEE 5 lbs. for $1.25 / 5 lbs. for $1.40

You Can Also Buy Retailers' 30c Quality at 5 for $1.00

Free Delivery in Greater New York and within 200 miles C. O. D. or remittance with order. 10 lbs. delivered free 1,000 miles. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Mail Orders Filled.

Parcel Receipt Stamps

GILLIES COFFEE CO. ESTD. 17 YRS.

233-239 Washington St., New York. Bet. Park Place and Barclay St.

OLD CROW RYE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

America's Finest RYE

WHISKEY

HAND MADE SOUR MASH
STRAIGHT PURE RYE

MADE IN KENTUCKY, U. S. A.

H. B. Kirk & Co., New York, N. Y.

PACK CARNEGIE HALL FOR WAR AID RALLY

Mrs. Preston, Widow of President Cleveland, Presides at Security League Meeting.

PAY HONOR TO SOLDIERS

Speakers Tell of Conditions in War-Stricken Countries — Cheers Welcome Calls for Victory.

Wives, mothers, sisters, and sweethearts of American men who have been called to the front last night formed one of the biggest gatherings that has ever filled Carnegie Hall, at the Women's War Service meeting, held under the auspices of the National Security League. Mrs. Thomas W. Preston, formerly Mrs. Grover Cleveland, presided.

Every seat in the hall was taken and hundreds crowded the platform before the hour set for the opening of the meeting. At 8:15 o'clock the doors were closed and the police on the outside were busy turning the crowds away. Through the settlements, clubs, and patriotic organizations the women had been invited to the big patriotic celebration in honor of the men called to war, and they responded in large numbers.

Mrs. Preston, who was introduced by S. Stanwood Menken, President of the league, made a short address. Other speakers were Miss Kathleen Burke of the Scottish Woman's Hospital, Frederic C. Walcott, an assistant to Food Administrator Hoover, who told of his experiences with the Food Commission abroad, and Henry van Dyke, former Minister to Holland. The speakers told what they knew of actual war conditions in the invaded countries. The audience, when asked if these conditions should be permitted, and if it would not fight to the last, answered in once voice that it would.

"Are we going to make peace with a people who have not repented?" asked Dr. van Dyke, speaking of the recent aid raids on Red Cross hospitals, where only a short time before he said he had seen French doctors performing with great skill an operation on a German soldier.

"No! No!" answer the audience.

There was applause when Mr. Walcott, after an account of the horrors of starvation allowed by Prussian officers, said:

"Ladies and gentlemen, if it cost everything in the world, that system must be stopped."

Patriotism was the predominating note of the meeting. Large flags formed a background to the platform, on either side of which was a picture of Liberty. The boxes were filled by prominent men and women. Representatives of France and Belgium also occupied boxes.

The meeting opened with a procession of young women carrying the flags of the Allies, who marched upon the platform to a patriotic air played by a United States recruit band. Mrs. Preston in part said:

"The bravest battle that ever was fought was fought by the mothers of men. Today we, mothers and wives of the soldiers of Freedom, face again the old, grim fact of war; but this is a war to end war; and therefore our eyes must be dry and our hearts unswerving for sacrifice. More than that, we must all serve. No grief but labor, not tears, but steadfast purpose, are worthy of the men who bear our colors against the enemy of the world's peace. Above all we must let our soldiers know that the women of America are behind them, steadfast, resolute, and demanding the victory which alone can bring disarmament, and a lasting peace."

Miss Burke first told of the work now formed by the women of the Scottish Woman's Hospital, which she represents, of their endurance, cheerful suffering and willing death in the service of the wounded.

Mr. Walcott told of the starvation and death he had seen in Poland.

"England and France can't hold on forever," he said. "They want us to hurry, and we must hurry." He also told the need of aid through food.

Dr. Van Dyke told of his visit "to the front in France, because, he said, he felt he could not come to America and ask men to go into the war until he had first experienced some of the danger himself. He told of his visit to a hospital near Verdun. When he was going through one of the wards, he said, he was asked to be guarded in his remarks, because it was a "German ward,' and he was not to offend the men by remarks about their country.

"And after that," continued Dr. van Dyke, "there came three damnable Potsdam airplanes and dropped bombs on that very hospital, killed thirty nurses and helpers and their own German wounded in their beds.

"Remember, France helped us," he said in conclusion, as he called the girl bearer of the French flag to her feet with the Tricolor waving, and shouted, "Vive la France!"

The entire house from floor to gallery rose in salute.

BOND TALKS IN THEATRES.

Ten Days' Liberty Campaign Is Begun—Salesmen in Lobbies.

A ten days' Liberty bond campaign was begun in the New York theatres yesterday afternoon, and Liberty bond speeches will be a feature of practically every theatrical performance given in the city from now until Oct. 29, the end of the period allotted for subscription. The campaign is under the direction of the United Managers' Protective Association, which has assigned a speaker and several bond salesmen to every theatre.

Lillian Russell and Irvin S. Cobb were the speakers at the Hippodrome yesterday afternoon, and in the evening the stars or featured players of the various plays addressed the audiences at their respective theatres. Among those who made speeches were Marjorie Rambeau, at "Eyes of Youth," at the Maxine Elliott; Douglas J. Wood, at "Maytime," at the Shubert; Raymond Hitchcock, at "Hitchy-Koo," at the Forty-fourth Street; Ernest Torrence at "Furs and Frills," at the Casino; Sam B. Hardy, at "The Riviera Girl," at the New Amsterdam, and many others. Bond salesmen were stationed in the lobbies during intermissions and at the end of the performances.

Cohan & Harris announced a plan whereby they will assist actors and actresses in their companies to subscribe to bonds on a weekly payment basis.

First Train Crosses Quebec Bridge.

QUEBEC, Oct. 17.—The first train today crossed the recently completed Quebec Bridge. It was a special containing guests of the builders.

The David Mannes Music School
announces a course of
TEN CLASS LESSONS BY
Mme. Yvette Guilbert
in Lyric and Dramatic Interpretation and Diction, at the School, on Consecutive Saturday Mornings, at 11 o'clock.
Beginning October 20th.
Subscription to the Course, $25.00
Address Sec'y, 154 E. 70th St., N. Y.
Telephone Plaza 789.

BACARDI Makes the Perfect
COCKTAIL, RICKEY or HIGHBALL.
Why it and Be Convinced.

BATTLESHIP TEAM WINS.

Texas Crew Members Are First in Electric Show Signaling Contest.

In a field of eight competitors the team from the battleship Texas won the semaphore signaling contest yesterday afternoon at the Electrical Exposition at the Grand Central Palace. The conditions were the transmission of two messages from the roof of the Heckscher Building, Madison Avenue and Forty-second Street, to the roof of the Grand Central Palace. The teams consisted of four men, two at the sending and two at the receiving end. The first message was as follows:

"To all Americans: Our country needs men and dollars. Enlist in the army or navy. Buy a bond. Do both if you can, and do it now. Recruiting office for the Signal Enlisted Reserve Corps, 1,493 Broadway; for the navy, at Landship Recruit, Union Square."

The other message was fifteen words in code. The Texas team sent the messages in 3 minutes and 4 seconds. It made nine errors and was penalized a second for each, making the corrected time 3 minutes and 13 seconds. The First Naval Reserve team won second place with a record of 3 minutes and 48½ seconds and twelve errors. The Mine Sweepers' team from the lower bay was third, the time being 4 minutes and 16 4-5 seconds, with five seconds added for errors. The first prize consisted of four safety razors, the second a comfort kit, and the third a money belt. Arthur Williams, President of the exposition, in presenting the prizes said that the exposition management had decided to make the contest a permanent one and that a silver prize cup would be put up for the winner next year. Besides the winners other teams competing were Company H, Army Signal Corps; Second Naval Reserve team, team from the Naval Recruiting Station, New York, and two from the Signal Enlisted Reserve Corps. The members of the winning team were T. B. Hawkins and E. W. Grandhoeffer, chief quartermasters, and M. M. Clement and A. A. Bitterle, quartermasters of the second class. The contest lasted two hours. Lieutenant O. F. Cooper of the navy and Lieutenant Harloe Hardings of the army were the judges.

Oil Fire and Explosion at Tampico.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 17.—News has been received here of a fire which communicated to four oil tanks at Tampico, causing an explosion. The Waters-Pierce Company, owner of the oil, state that the loss will amount to thousands of dollars.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

NEW AMSTERDAM 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed.
All That's Best in Musical Comedy!
Klaw & Erlanger's Superb Production.
The Riviera Girl
Music Kalman; Book & Lyrics, Bolton & Wodehouse
AFTER THE PERFORMANCE MEETING PLACE OF THE WORLD
ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC ROOF

EMPIRE Broadway & 40th St. Evenings at 8:15.
MATINEES SATURDAY & WED., 2:20.
JULIA SANDERSON / JOSEPH CAWTHORN in the new Musical Comedy RAMBLER ROSE
"A distinct hit." —*Alan Dale, American.*
"Never failed to give fresh delight." —*Times.*
"Succeeded gloriously." —*Tribune.*
"Tales of laughter." —*Journal.*
"The music and the fun kept pace with the ever-changing scenes." —*Herald.*

GEO. M. COHAN THEA., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:23
THE IRRESISTIBLE SCREAM
Here Comes the Bride
Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:25.

KNICKERBOCKER Theatre, B'way at 38th St. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:25.
GEORGE ARLISS "HAMILTON"
"FAR FINER, NOBLER AND TRUER THAN 'DISRAELI.'"—Times.

GAIETY B'way & 46th St. Evs. 8:20.
THE TARKINGTON-STREET PLAY
THE COUNTRY COUSIN
With ALEXANDRA CARLISLE
Best American Comedy in Years.

LIBERTY WEST 42D ST. Evenings 8:30.
Matinees Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
Laurette Taylor
In J. Hartley Manners' Play "OUT THERE" 24TH YEAR

HUDSON West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
Miss BILLIE BURKE
in CLARE KUMMER'S NEW PLAY
"The Rescuing Angel."

LYCEUM West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
DAVID BELASCO presents
Tiger Rose

HARRIS West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. FIRST MATINEE SAT. 2:30.
"Romance and Arabella"
with LAURA HOPE CREWS.

FULTON West 46th St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
The Claim
A Robert Service Story Come to Life.

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Sat. & Wed. 2:25.
John BARRYMORE / Constance COLLIER / Lionel BARRYMORE
PETER IBBETSON

COHAN & HARRIS W. 42 St. Mats. Sat. & Wed.
Funniest American Comedy of Recent Years.
A Tailor-Made Man with GRANT MITCHELL

CRITERION B'way, 44 St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. Last Week
Robert Hilliard
THE SCRAP OF PAPER
TUES., Oct. 23 HENRY MILLER SEATS NOW

BELASCO West 44th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:30.
MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30.
Polly With a Past

ELTINGE 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.
Business Before Pleasure
With Barney Bernard & Alexander Carr

Fred Stone JACK O' LANTERN GLOBE B'way 46 St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:30.

DAVID KESSLER THEATRE
2d Second Ave. Harry M. Wilner, Bus. Mgr.
Max P. Wilner Presents
David Kessler / Morris Moskowitz / Rosa Karp / Morris Schwartz
In a new play
The Value of a Mother
By H. Kalmanowitz.
דיא ווערטה פון א מאמע

CHARITY MAT. TODAY (& TO-M'W) 2:30 P. M.
LADY DUFF-GORDON
Presents "FLEURETTE'S DREAM" in aid of the Franco-American Fund for Restoring the Devastated Cities of France
BOOTH THEATRE, 45, nr. B'way. Seats $5.

Yorkville THEA. 86 St., nr. Lex. Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. 2:15. MIZI GUZI
ADOLF PHILIPP IN HIS LATEST MUSICAL COMEDY-DRAMA "NEW YORK"

Loew's American Roof 42d St. W. B'way Every Eve. at 8:15
Bruce Duffett & Co. Thos. Dugan & Fermoon. All Seats Reserved. Leonard & Dempsey, others. 25, 50, 75c
Metropolitan Opera House (two desirable seats for sale). Season subscription, $7.50 Times.

Mort Kaplan—Dickie Chamberlain Broadway Chalfonte Col. 7662-3.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS UNDER THE DIRECTION OF SAM S. & LEE SHUBERT, INC.

WINTER GARDEN BROADWAY AND 50TH ST.
TONIGHT AT 8 SHARP
Annual Fall Production. DOING OUR BIT
Sunday Night Concert
BIG BILL OF ALL STARS.

COMEDY Thea., 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
A. E. Anson in THE Barton Mystery
"A PLAY THAT IS SECOND TO NO OTHER IN NEW YORK AS HIGH-GRADE ENTERTAINMENT."—*Stephen Rathbun, Eve. Sun.*

PLAYHOUSE West 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Grace George
& Her Playhouse Company in EVE'S DAUGHTER
Eve's Daughter is likely to be an Adam's delight."—*Herald.*

CASINO 39th & Broadway. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:25.
Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Farce
Furs & Frills
"A Real Casino Hit."—*Eve. World.*

48TH ST. THEA. Tel. 178 Bryant. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Sat. 2:20.
The Land of the Free
With FLORENCE NASH
Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform Half Price.

PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:20.
Mr. William Gillette
"A Successful Calamity."
By Clare Kummer.

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'way. Evenings at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
LEE & J. J. SHUBERT'S
MODEL MUSICAL PRODUCTION.
MAYTIME Music That Tingles—Scenes That Charm—Cast That Acts & Sings.
Charles Purcell, Peggy Wood & Wm. Norris.

BIJOU 45th, W. of B'way. Tel. 430 Bryant. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
"SMART" / "MERRY" / "CHARMING" / "DIFFERENT" "Saturday to Monday"
Beginning MONDAY, OCT. 22 SEATS TODAY
Henry Batcllie's Latest Play The TORCHES with Lester Lonergan.

39TH ST. THEA., Near B'way. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
A Thrilling Mystery Drama "DE LUXE ANNIE"
With Jane Grey and Vincent Serrano.

Broadhurst 44th, W. of B'way. Tel. 64 Bryant. Evs. 8:20. Mts. Tues. & Sat. 2:20.
SEASON'S COMEDY SUCCESS
Mr. Faversham Presents BERNARD SHAW'S
Misalliance
With Maclyn Arbuckle & Katharine Kaelred.

MOROSCO 45 St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Saturday & Wed. 2:30.
Oliver Morosco's Laughing Sensation
LOMBARDI, LTD.
BIGGEST COMEDY HIT IN YEARS.
SEATS 8 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

LONGACRE West 48th St. Evenings 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wed. 2:15.
DELIGHTFUL, TUNEFUL AND GAY
LEAVE IT TO JANE
"In all probability will equal the popularity record now being established by 'Oh, Boy.'—*Several kinds of a hit—a deserved success.*—*Burns Mantle, Eve. Mail.*
"'Leave It to Jane' is good entertainment—a decidedly clever cast—a jolly success. You will surely like it."—*Charles Darnton, Eve. World.*

BOOTH 45th St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:25.
GUY BATES POST IN THE MASQUERADER

Maxine Elliott's 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
MARJORIE RAMBEAU in EYES OF YOUTH

ASTOR Broadway & 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
The Very Idea!!
Ernest TRUEX / Richard BENNETT
"Uproariously laughable throughout."—Tribune

PRINCESS 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
"OH, BOY" "Smartest of musical comedies."—Ev. Sun.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK'S 44TH ST. THEATRE TONIGHT 8:15
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday, 2:15.
HITCHY-KOO An intimate Revue, with Raymond Hitchcock, Grace La Rue, William Rock and Frances White, Leon Errol, Irene Bordoni.
ALL-STAR BENEFIT FOR N. Y. STATE PRISON COUNCIL NEXT SUN. NIGHT.

CORT 48th St., E. of Broadway. Evgs. 8:25. Mats. Saturday & Wed. at 2:25.
Kate Douglas Wiggin & Rachel Crothers' Comedy
MOTHER CAREY'S CHICKENS with EDITH TALIAFERRO

STANDARD B'way & 90 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mats. 25c to 50c.
ANDREW MACK in "MOLLY DEAR."
Next Week—Jane Cowl in "Lilac Time."

LOEW'S 7th AVE. At 124 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Mat. Today, 25 to 50c. "THE KNIFE"
Next Week—"THE 13TH CHAIR."

ELECTRICAL EXPOSITION and Motor Show
GRAND CENTRAL PALACE
Lex. Ave. & 46 St. OCT. 10 to 20
11 a. m. to 11 p. m. Admission 50c

MOTION PICTURES.

William Fox Presents THEDA BARA
IN Cleopatra
WHY DID CAESAR LEAVE ROME?
Lyric Thea., 42 St., W. of B'way
Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30
All Seats Reserved.
25c to $1.00.
(6 Weeks Ahead.)

PARK THEATRE, 59TH STREET AND COLUMBUS CIRCLE.
ALICE BRADY
THE MAID OF BELGIUM
WORLD PICTURE—BRADY MADE.
12 to 11 P. M. 25 & 50c.
Next Week MADGE EVANS
"The Adventures of Carol."

BROADWAY THEATRE AT 41 ST.
Continuous—Noon to 11:30—15-25-50.
Elaine Hammerstein in "THE CO-RESPONDENT"
Next Attraction—Ruth Clifford in "The Savage," Charlie Chaplin in "The Adventurer."

STRAND BILLIE BURKE in "Arms and the Girl." Soloists, Symphony Concert Today 2:15. Adriano Ariani, Cond.
STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA.

81 St. Theatre, on B'way. Tel. Schuyler 2980. Madge Kennedy in "BABY MINE." Also GREATER VAUDEVILLE. Mat. Today, 15c, 25c. Eve. 25, 35, 50c.

RIALTO B'way, 42d St. CHARLES RAY in "The Son of His Father." Soloists, Comedy, Incomparable Rialto Orchestra. 15-25-50c.

Loew's New York Theatre & ROOF. 10, 15, 25c. Cont. 11 A. M. to 11 P. M. Roof to 1 A. M. Margery Wilson, "Wild Sumac"; Gray Ghost.

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.

Brooklyn Academy of Music.
GRAND OPERA WEEK.
Benefit Italian War's Sufferers
MONDAY, OCT. 22, AT 8:15 P. M.
LA BOHEME
With Bianca Saroya, Vogliotti, Aineto and Martino.
Tues.: LUCIA; Wed.: RIGOLETTO; Thurs.: Double bill, CAVALLERIA and PAGLIACCI; Fri.: BARBER OF SEVILLE; Sat. matinee: Double bill, CAVALLERIA and PAGLIACCI; Sat. eve.: RIGOLETTO.
Orchestra of 50. Agide Jacchia, Cond. Chorus of 60. Popular Prices. Tickets at Box Office and 362 B'way Room 201. Cortland 8293.

Opens SATURDAY
ST. NICHOLAS RINK
69 WEST 66TH STREET.

N. Y.'s Great Winter Resort! Largest Rink in the State!
ICE SKATING
Marvelous New Ice Plane Makes Perfect Surface in 5 Minutes!
Band Concert, Tea Room, Skates to Rent
3 Sessions Daily ADM. 50c. Sunday Morning $1

THE JOLLY SCOT'S GOOD-BYE
HARRY LAUDER

BEGINS HIS FAREWELL TOUR
at the LEXINGTON 51st & Lex. Ave.
NEXT MON. NIGHT
6 nights, 4 matinees
Mats. Wed., Thurs., Friday and Sat.
SEATS NOW
Evs. 50c to $2. Mats. 50c to $1.50

SYMPHONY
Society of New York
WALTER DAMROSCH, Cond'r
EIGHT THURSDAY AFTERNOONS
EIGHT SATURDAY EVENINGS
AT CARNEGIE HALL.
SIXTEEN SUNDAY AFTERNOONS
AT AEOLIAN HALL.

FIRST CONCERTS
Carnegie Hall, Thurs. Aft., Oct. 25
Carnegie Hall, Sat. Eve., Oct. 27
Soloist Harold BAUER
BEETHOVEN'S FIFTH SYMPHONY
Bach, Rimsky-Korsakoff, R. Strauss.
Seats at Room 1202, Aeolian Bldg., and Box Office, Carnegie Hall, Geo. Engles, Mgr.

Carnegie Hall, Sat. Aft., Oct. 27, at 2:15
American Debut JASCHA
HEIFETZ

RUSSIAN VIOLINIST. Seats at Box Office. Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau.

EVAN WILLIAMS
Aeolian Hall, Sunday Aft., Oct. 21, at 3.—Song Recital.
Mgt. Wolfsohn Bureau. Seats at Box Office.
NEW YORK
Largest and Most Attractive Transient Midtown Hotel
Convenient to All Shops and Theatres.

AEOLIAN HALL, TUES., OCT. 24, AT 3.
SONG RECITAL, REINALD WERRENRATH
—CHICKERING PIANO USED—

Sat. Eve., Oct. 20, People's Symphony announces
TRIO de LUTECE
G. Barrere, Flute; C. Salzedo, Harp; Paul Kefer, Cello.
In the first of a series of 6 chamber music concerts by the most noted organizations at Washington Irving High School, Incl. Flonzaley, Mannes, Margulies, American and Kaufman Quartets. Subscription to six concerts, $1. Tickets at Wanamaker's and Macy's.

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Oct. 21, at 3.
VIOLIN RECITAL by
MISCHA ELMAN
Prices 75c to $2. Boxes $15 & $18.
Tickets at Box Office and Metropolitan Musical Bureau, 33 W. 42d.
STEINWAY PIANO USED.

Aeolian Hall, Tues. Aft., Oct. 23, at 3:30.
SONG RECITAL
Gertrude Auld
Seats 50c to $2. Boxes $15. Mason & Hamlin Piano. Direction John W. Frothingham, Inc.

AEOLIAN HALL, This Afternoon at 3.
Belgian Royal Concert Trio
Daisy Jean, Jan Collignon, Gabrielle Radoux.
(Benefit for Relief of Belgian Babies.)
Tickets 75 cts. to $2. Mgt. Antonia Sawyer, Inc.

CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Oct. 20, at 3.
Only New York Recital (Knabe Piano.)
GODOWSKY
Seats 50 cts. to $2. M'g'ment Haensel & Jones.

Aeolian Hall, To-morrow (Fri.) Aft., at 3.
Mme. Elizaveta KALOVA
Violin Recital—Managemant Daniel Mayer. Seats 75c to $2. Per. Rep. Sophie Zaveloff.

Aeolian Hall, Sat. Aft., Oct. 20, at 3.
Violin Recital by MARIE CASLOVA
Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Steinway Piano.

MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE, West 34th Street.
POSTPONED UNTIL MONDAY, OCT. 22
Tickets Dated Oct. 15 Good that Night.
Chu Chin Chow
Now in its Second Year in London.

B. F. KEITH'S PALACE B'WAY & 47 ST. Daily Mats. 25c-$1.
Dolly Sisters, Vanderbilt & Moore, McKay & Ardine, "The Notorious Delphine," and Conroy & Lemaire.

B. F. KEITH'S RIVERSIDE B'WAY & 96 ST.
EVA TANGUAY, WALTER C. KELLY, LYONS & YOSCO, Sarah Padden & Co., & others.

"Cheer Up" "Every Day is a Holiday at the Hip."—*Life.*
Mat. TO-DAY Best $1.00 Seats Eves. at 8:15
At the HIPPODROME

IRVING PLACE IRVING PLACE & 15TH STREET
Evs. 8:15 & Sat Mat.
"Das Dreimaederlhaus"
Musical Comedy by Franz Schubert.

COLUMBIA Twice Daily, 2:15 & 8:15. Pop. Prices
B'way & 47th. Sam Howe and His Big Show

A NEW APARTMENT HOTEL
Newly and unusually furnished and decorated; complete hotel service; two and three rooms and bath; 9 to 14 windows, with unobstructed views, three exposures to each suite. Rates, $20 monthly and up; per suite of two rooms and bath; also weekly, $20 per suite and up. Restaurant a la

The New York Times

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.

ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. Franck, Secretary.

Publication Office.....Times Square
Times Annex...434 St., west of Broadway
Newstown.....7 Beekman Street
Wall Street.....2 Rector Street
Harlem.....203 West 125th Street
Bronx.....2,000 Third Avenue
Washington Heights.....3,535 Broadway
Brooklyn....Room 905, 257 Fulton Street
Staten Island, 95 Stuyv. Pl., N. Brighton
Queens...317 Fulton Street, Jamaica, L. I.
Elizabeth.....200 Morris Avenue
Hoboken.....81 Second Street
Jersey City.....89 Montgomery Street
Paterson.....12 Park Avenue
Washington.....Riggs Building
Chicago.....1202 Tribune Building
St. Louis.....400 Globe-Democrat Building
Detroit.....403 Ford Building
San Francisco.....742 Market Street
London.....Marconi House, Strand, W. C.
Paris....Chez Matin, 6 Boulevard Poissonière

ONE CENT, New York City. Two Cents, within commuting distance. Three Cents, elsewhere. Sunday, Five Cents, City; Seven Cents, elsewhere.

Terms, including Canada, postage paid:

	1 Yr.	6 Mos.	1 Mo.
DAILY AND SUNDAY....(One week, 25c.)	$10.00	$5.50	$1.00
DAILY, without Sunday... (One week, 20c.)	8.00	4.25	.75
SUNDAY	3.00	1.75	.30
Canada, Sunday only....	6.00	3.25	.55
Other countries, postpaid: Daily and Sunday....	26.00	13.30	2.40
Daily, without Sunday.	17.40	8.90	1.45
Sunday only.....	9.75	5.13	.90

Sunday Picture Section, $1.75; Magazine, $1.25.
THE ANNALIST, (Monday,) per year, $4; Canada, $4.50; other countries, $5.
Binder for 26 issues, (one vol.,) $1.25.
TIMES BOOK REVIEW, (Weekly,) per year, $1; Canada, $1.50; other countries, $2.
TIMES MID-WEEK PICTORIAL, (Thursdays,) 1 yr., $5; Canada, $6; other countries, $6.50. Binder for 52 issues, $1.25.
THE NEW YORK TIMES CURRENT HISTORY, Illustrated Monthly Magazine, one year, $3, (foreign, $4.) Per copy, 25c.
THE NEW YORK TIMES INDEX, Quarterly—Full Cloth, per copy, $3; per year, $5.
Entered as second-class mail matter.

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled to the use for republication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credited in this paper and also the local news of spontaneous origin published herein.

All rights of republication of all other matter herein are also reserved.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCT. 18, 1917.

MR. ROOT SUPPORTS MAYOR MITCHEL.

"Of course I am for the re-election of Mayor MITCHEL," says ex-Senator ELIHU ROOT in his letter to Mr. SHEFFIELD, published today. Mr. ROOT gives the soundest of reasons for supporting Mayor MITCHEL. In the first place, he should be re-elected because he has been a good Mayor. "I have known personally every Mayor of New York in the past fifty years," says Mr. ROOT, "and several of them have been my warm personal friends; yet I am satisfied that Mr. MITCHEL has been the best Mayor New York has had in all that time." There could be no weightier testimony to the worth of Mayor MITCHEL'S administration than this from the great statesman who has been honored so often by his party, who has rendered such distinguished service to the State and to the Nation.

Deserving the continued trust of the people, Mr. MITCHEL should not be hindered of his re-election by any false pretenses about Republican regularity. Governor WHITMAN, the Republican leader in the State, has declared that he will vote for Mayor MITCHEL, and he has shown that the doctrine of party regularity has no application to restrain a Republican voter in the City of New York from supporting the Fusion candidate. Mr. ROOT demonstrates that nonpartisanship in municipal elections is imbedded in the creed and faith of the Republican Party, a principle put there by Republicans and repeatedly sustained by them. The Constitutional Convention of 1894 was a Republican convention, presided over by JOSEPH H. CHOATE. The State Convention of that year approved the new Constitution, the Republicans carried the State that year by a heavy majority and adopted it. Tammany Hall fought the Constitution but was beaten, for the whole City of New York approved it, and Mr. ROOT points out that "the city of Brooklyn voted for it by a still larger majority." Let the Republicans of Brooklyn who look upon Mr. BENNETT as the regular candidate of the party note that.

In the address to the people submitting the Constitution for their approval or rejection, the Convention said:

> We seek to separate in the larger cities municipal elections from State and national elections, to the end that the business affairs of our great municipal corporations may be managed upon their own merits, uncontrolled by national and State politics, and to the end also that the great issues of national and State politics may be determined upon their merits free from the disturbing and often demoralizing effect of local contests.

Independent Democrats have long been accustomed to cast off the thrall of party in municipal contests, and Republicans have encouraged them in that course. Mr. ROOT points out that the freedom of action which Republicans commend to Democrats is equally open to them; they cannot say that "Democrats are free to vote as they choose without regard to the Democratic nomination without saying that Republicans are free to vote as they choose in the coming municipal election without regard to the Republican nomination." The argument of Republican regularity put forth by Mr. BENNETT and his supporters is worthless. It has no basis in Republican doctrine or practice. It is plainly, unmistakably, an argument for HYLAN, not for BENNETT, whose election is impossible.

But the argument based upon the positive merit of the Fusion candidate, upon the demonstrated excellence of Mayor MITCHEL'S administration, is impregnable and can be assailed only by impudent misrepresentation. Not only is he the best Mayor in the city's history, but Mr. ROOT declares that in this time of anxiety and of peril "he has been a great patriotic leader, powerful, fearless, active, effective, arousing his people, holding up the hands of the National Government for the cause of free democracy and the security and honor of our country. All true Americans owe him a debt of gratitude and we ought to express our sense of that by our votes." A vote for Mr. MITCHEL is a vote to sustain and continue the honest, efficient, businesslike administration of the city's affairs. It is a vote to recognize and approve the noble service he has rendered to the Nation, to hold up the hands of a patriotic and fearless American.

SHAMING AMERICANS.

It would seem that the foreign-born want the Liberty bonds more than the natives. Minneapolis is tardy and deficient in its American subscriptions, but is not ashamed to say that "the buying of bonds by "farmers of German birth and ancestry is very gratifying." Standish, N. Y., has less than 300 population, including 150 iron-workers of fifteen nationalities. They have bought $21,550 of Liberty bonds, and it is thought that every inhabitant of bond-buying age will take some. That may well be a record. Even the Creek Indians, aborigines, yet about the most alien of our people, took $412,000.

Meanwhile the help of the foreign-born does not maintain the average necessary for the oversubscription which will make the loan the success it ought to be if it is to be persuasive to the Germans. The American who has not taken his bonds should blush to read that PERSHING'S boys have sent back home $50,000 and that $25,000,000 has been subscribed by our "conscripts." Equal proportionate contributions by other Americans would have oversubscribed the loan before now.

It is a reproach that we are not willing to advance to the Government the funds for the payment of wages and purchase of goods among ourselves while our soldiers are proving themselves the best patriots among us. The war is now costing more than the daily growth of our loan list. Only our soldiers and the foreign-born do their duty, and more than their duty, while the generality of us do less than ours. There is not the least question of the success of this loan, and of the next offering as well. The money will be found, if necessary, by those whose patriotism the country has thought sordid. But it would be well if the loan showed not only that we are rich but that we are as patriotic as other nations. If more Germans subscribe to their loan now closing than subscribe to ours, it will be shown that the Germans approve the ruthless war on noncombatants on sea and land, and that we do not condemn it as we should. It would be easier to understand, even to excuse, the German support of their national policy than our failure to back up ours with the money which comes so easy to us, and which is so sorely needed by those who spend and bleed in a manner exemplary to us. Let us hope that the reproach will be wiped off the record within the next day or two.

RAILWAY THEORY AND PRACTICE.

Events have neither softened the hearts of the State regulators of the railways nor taught them lessons which the country's welfare makes it desirable that they should learn. The Chairman of the Interstate Committee of the National Association of Railway Commissioners, now in session at Washington, warns the railways that they should behave if they would avoid commandeering. The President of the association, in his opening address, said that the railways were doing very well and need no increases of revenue. It is true, he said, that the railways' net showed a decrease of $18,600,000 if compared with 1916, but the true comparison was with 1915, when the railways were less prosperous. Also it should be remembered, he said, that the railways had spent more in maintenance of their properties, and, if that item should be deducted, the railways were enjoying an increase of net by $30,000,000 even over their best year, 1916. The railways still had something to do before showing the results of economy and efficiency, as counseled by the Interstate Commerce Commission when it refused the railways permission to raise their rates. The criticisms of the railways by Interstate Commissioner MCCORD were amiable, compared with the unrelenting views of the State Commissioners.

While these counsels of perfection were being put on record, and in ignorance of them, the Presidents of the Pennsylvania and Atchison Railways put on record some facts which may be contrasted with the theories of the regulators. Mr. REA said that the Pennsylvania's average freight rate was 6.4 mills per ton per mile, as compared with 2¼ cents in the civil war period. Compared with the most efficient foreign Government roads' rates in the normal period before the war, the Pennsylvania rates were half theirs, the Pennsylvania's wages were thrice theirs, and the foreign Government roads paid no taxes. The Pennsylvania company was unable to proceed with $20,000,000 expenditures in terminals in this neighborhood, and the railway system of the country must decay without a more progressive and equitable policy of regulation.

The Atchison company's report on the surface sustains even the glowing views of the State regulators. Above dividends upon the common stock there is confessed a surplus of nearly $20,000,000. It is bad enough to pay dividends, but a surplus is little short of insulting. Why waste money in dividends? Why not at least apply the surplus to reduction of rates? The excuse of the report is that the surplus was allotted to betterments, including eleven millions for equipment, ordered at double the cost of normal times. Even so, "every nerve has been strained to the utmost" to cope with the company's flood of traffic. There certainly are roads less able to cope with the difficulties of the situation than these two, but it may be doubted whether there are any others better representative of the best the railways can do.

If such are their conditions, what might be expected if their facilities were to be much longer shriveled by arbitrary reductions of their income and increases of their costs? How could the State Commissioners expect the railways to serve the public if they did not have and use their surplus like the Atchison? And what could the country expect if the threat to commandeer the railways were enforced? Is it not reasonable to suppose that there would be a railway deficit to be charged against the taxpayers, in the manner of the Post Office? If the railways are blamable for maintaining their properties, what would be thought of them if they allowed their facilities to deteriorate at a time when the country was demanding that a million men be moved, and sixteen cities be built, at half rates for Government work? The country observes the results, and it is only fair to ask the country what it thinks of the policy of starving the railways.

TAMMANY IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Rigmarole about "the Rockefeller interests" controlling the public schools, about the Gary plan as "undemocratic" and "plutocratic," can hardly be believed by other than crude and undeveloped intellects. The boys in a public school adapted to the Gary plan have been led by soap-box spouters or other disseminators of malice and falsehood to believe that the Gary system is a scheme of the rich to injure the poor. It is a fable suited to the childish mind. So the boys smash the school windows, go on strike, as the agitators told them to. We have the sorry spectacle of some 5,000 school children marching in a demonstration ostensibly against the Gary system. The banners carried by some of them show the purely political purpose of which the children were made the unconscious instruments, for example: "Can the Gary system and MITCHEL!"

This touch of the political I. W. W. in the public schools, this organized insubordination, is a foretaste of what the Tammanyization of the schools would bring upon us. There are misled and ignorant parents, there are shirking teachers who object to the Gary system on account of the added hour to the school day. What hope has any competent teacher or person who wishes to become a teacher, not sure of political "pull" or "influence," if the appointments to the new Board of Education are made by a Tammany Mayor, and Tammany Examiners, true to Tammany tradition, are to be the judges of teaching qualifications? What hope of decent education for their children would these misguided parents have?

The boys of one school amused themselves by tearing down Mitchel posters. While some of the manifestants in the night procession carried Hillquit lithographs and legends, the Socialist headquarters deny, no doubt truly, that they furnished these. The whole affair smacks of Tammany, whose candidate has been the chief emitter of the prating about taking the schools away from the poor. Socialism or pro-Germanism is divided between the Hillquitites and Tammany with its spurious, impossible socialistic proposals and its malignant attempt to create class-consciousness.

By whomsoever stirred, these school riots, this injection of politics into the schools, these endeavors to disorganize the schools, must stimulate in the public mind the sense of the dangers which a Tammany success would bring. There is more even involved than the gravest injury to the schools. Behind all this fomenting of mischief one suspects not only the hand of the enemy of social order but the seditionaries who fear and hate Mayor MITCHEL.

FOOD AND THE WAR.

The bitter denunciation of our embargo on food exports by pro-German newspapers in Holland was published on the same day with a trustworthy estimate of Germany's new crops. There is only a little more than half of a normal yield, the reduction being 40 per cent. for wheat and 45 for rye, oats, and barley. These figures show a perilous shortage in a country which found it necessary to import large quantities of grain before the war. In Austria and Hungary crop conditions are even worse. Winter is at hand. Allowances of food for the people of these countries are already very small. They will be reduced. The crops of all the Northern neutrals are far below average. Germany can have little or nothing from Holland, Denmark, Norway, or Sweden unless they are assisted by imports.

We do not say that any part of the grain on the eighty-four Dutch ships held here would go directly to Germany if it should be released. But some of it would cross the border in other forms. Holland has a quarrel with England because the use of cables has been withheld from her. But this has been done for the reason that Holland permits Germany to use her waterways and territory for the transportation of great quantities of sand and gravel for the concrete needed in trench warfare. England says that there must be no more of this. By their embargoes both the United States and England say they will not assist the neutrals to help Germany.

Such expressions as are found in the pro-German press of Holland were to be expected. German influence is powerful in that country, with the aid of German intrigue, exposed in many other parts of the world. It seeks to make the Dutch our open foes. One paper talks about a "declaration of war." The President of the Overseas Trust, which controls imports, says our Government "is playing a high hand." It is a strong hand because the cards in it are high, and it is played fairly, with due regard for the interests which it represents. He knows that there has been playing in the neutral countries which was not fair. "Food will win the war," Mr. HOOVER says. Lack of food will hasten the defeat of our enemy and save the lives of American soldiers. The United States and England will strive in every legitimate way to prevent relief of Germany's food shortage by supplies from abroad.

THE RUMOR AS A WEAPON.

As the channels of print are rapidly closed to the German Government's propagandists in the United States, they are resorting more and more to the spreading of poison by word of mouth. We are not now speaking of those who do the German Government's work without knowledge, the pacifists and Socialists, but of the actual agents of Wilhelmstrasse; for it is certain that this poison cannot be the product of any others. The German agent pervades the land. In every community where he stops overnight a full-blown rumor pervades the town next day. It came from somebody on the "inside," somebody who "got it straight," and it is whispered from one to another until the whole community is uneasy and agitated.

Sometimes the rumor is the one to which the National Committee of Patriotic Societies paid its respects yesterday, the rumor that a transport has been sunk with an American regiment on board. It is usually given with the utmost particularity, including the name of the regiment, the names of the survivors, and all the details. This bars all possibility that the rumor is mere accidental rumor, of the usual wartime kind, for the particularity of detail argues an author. Sometimes the story whispered by, the German agent is that there has been a mutiny; in such cases the camp and the regiments engaged in the outbreak are named. Sometimes he poses as an Englishman or a Canadian with a friend or relative in the army or in the Foreign Office, and in this case his story is that the British are holding their army at home and making the French and colonials do the fighting for them; in such cases he particularizes in figures and dates. Sometimes he masquerades as a newspaper man or a Government official, and whispers the "inside" information that Japan is getting ready to declare war on the United States.

These are only a few of his lies, a few of those which come constantly to newspaper offices through frightened and excited inquiries by the dupes, not of the German agent, but of other dupes who have given currency to his stories. One and all, they are false; and their purpose is to spread alarm and distrust among Americans. This method of propaganda began while the German agents were still able to make use of newspapers and periodicals, but when their farseeing employers knew that those channels would soon be closed. It has increased in intensity and viciousness as the subtler method has been gradually taken away from them. Americans who hear such stories should recognize clearly their source and be on their guard.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Belated Seeing of Light.

It is not exactly kind, perhaps, to call attention to the fact that not until this late day has any German paper been moved to express the opinion that aerial raids on undefended cities are neither wise nor moral. Even now only the Munich Post, so far as the cable dispatches disclose, has made public statement to this effect, but it may be that its editors are not alone among the journalists of Germany in seeing what has long been obvious to everybody elsewhere—that besides ranking in the category of atrocities, such raids can have no other consequence than that of embittering public sentiment in the country at which they are directed and of strengthening the determination of its people to think of peace only after complete victory has been won.

If that belief, however, has existed to any measurable extent in and out of journalistic circles in Germany, it is a pity—from the German point of view—that its first expression should have followed so closely upon the announcement of British intention to make reprisals in kind for the murderous work of the German airships. For now, it may be unjustly and it may be ungenerously, there will be a general disposition to say that realization of the wrongness of killing noncombatants in this way arose in the German mind only when it was confronted with the probability that the penalty for continuing the raids would be like assaults on German cities. Should that cruel theory gain general acceptance, the argument for reprisals would meet with no more antagonism, for it would be fully justified.

And what tends most to silence those who have protested against entering into a competition in atrocity with Germany is the observed fact that since it became evident that the British Government could not much longer resist the popular demand for aerial reprisals there have been no more raids on London. Should they not begin again, it would look as though the plan had been to continue them until just that point was reached and to stop them in time to prevent the carrying out of the reprisal policy.

An alternative theory is that the German Government was deliberately trying to drive the English into a duplication of the German crimes in order that it could say, "They are as bad as we are." But that theory will not hold against the present inactivity of the German raiders.

On Keeping Minds Still Open.

There is still to be heard, and not always, though usually, from pacifist sources, statements to the effect that "every case has two sides" and that the fortunate possessors of judicial minds are not only willing, but want, to give everybody a chance to present argument and evidence in his own behalf. The trouble with these assertions is not that they are false, or that the policy they formulate is a bad one, but that, as used in current discussion of the war, their purpose is to excuse or justify refusals to reach a conclusion and to act on it.

The people who vaunt this kind of "fairness" forget that while there may be two sides to every case, of most cases one side is the better of the pair, and that for those whom a given case concerns it is no more a duty to give each party a fair hearing than it is, after the hearing has been given, to render a verdict and to stand by it. That is what Judges do—that is their business—and they do not go on endlessly listening to repetitious presentations of the "two sides." Instead, they render a verdict and the defeated litigant or the convicted defendant pays the penalty, whatever it may be, of his tort or his crime.

It is only mental inertia that insists on seeing all cases as still and forever pleadable. It is not as regards the accuracy of the multiplication table alone that the keeping of "an open mind" is a sign, not of intellectual and moral superiority, but of—well, of something quite different. A good many other "cases" are properly held to be settled by those who have had access to the relevant facts and have met the obligation to weigh them.

It is not permissible to say that human judgment is fallible and that the case in question may have been settled wrong. Both statements are true, but whoever waits for absolute and ultimate certainty on any subject whatever, before he decides and acts, will be reduced to an immobility in regard to that subject which, if it happens to be one of present importance, will be quite without excuse. Germany, just now, is trying to keep in court a case in which a verdict was rendered long ago, and no appeal lies. To talk about that case as still open is to misuse language.

Yet America Taught the Lesson.

Great things in the way of aviation are promised for after the war, as well as while it lasts, by the CAPRONI brothers, the Italian builders of airplanes larger than are used in other countries than Italy. They speak of transatlantic passages as things, not of the future, but of present possibility, and they have given the most convincing of proofs that machines capable of carrying twenty and even thirty passengers for long distances are already practicable.

As the assurances of these men are from experience as well as knowledge, they can be accepted with confidence. For safety, or approximation to safety, they trust to multiple motors, acting, or able to act, independently. In this, too, they are supported by demonstration.

It is more than a little humiliating that these advances of flying are made abroad, instead of here, where mechanical flight by men was changed from the dream of ages to a reality. We are making neither the largest nor the fastest airplanes, and though we have high hopes of our "Liberty motor," it is yet to have the ultimate tests of service.

Edward A. Dithmar.

From the Brooklyn Daily Eagle.

One of America's finest literary and dramatic critics passes in the death of Edward A. Dithmar of THE NEW YORK TIMES. And daily journalism, in its broadest activities, loses a public-spirited patriot, as deeply interested in fighting encroachments upon our city parks as in the military preparedness of the nation, to which he had given special study.

Contemporary as dramatic critic of William Winter, The Tribune veteran, a collaborator with Winter and H. C. Bunner and Laurence Hutton and Brander Matthews, author of the "Memoirs of Augustin Daly," biographer of John Drew, Mr. Dithmar knew the stage of the past and of the present, its figures and its forces, its romances, its traditions. It was he who persuaded Richard Mansfield to have Clyde Fitch write "Beau Brummel," and started Fitch on his road to fame. THE TIMES critic of that period had not the enthusiasms of William Winter, rather scorned the word-pyrotechnics of "Nym Crinkle," and trusted to keen judgment, justice, and finished, graceful expression. He waved aside stage absurdities as unworthy of attack. What he said was quoted and respected, because there were many things he did not choose to say.

Like THE TIMES editor in chief, Charles R. Miller, Mr. Dithmar had seen several changes in that newspaper's ownership control. Mr. Miller's connection with THE TIMES began in 1875. Mr. Dithmar went there in 1877. A great daily paper has a character and an identity distinct from its business control, and dependent on reputation for truth, justice, consistency. Mr. Dithmar's loyalty was to THE TIMES as an institution. For forty years he had helped to make it what it was. His career had been worth while.

Mr. Dithmar as Dramatic Critic.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The sudden death of Edward A. Dithmar comes as a shock to me. I knew him intimately—and he was a man, a credit to his profession. For twenty years I was the press agent for Edwin Booth, Lawrence Barrett, Joseph Jefferson, Modjeska, and several other stars, and as such became acquainted with Mr. Dithmar, then dramatic critic of THE TIMES. He knew plays and players, and was always extremely fair in his criticisms. I had a talk with him of old times a few weeks ago—and now he has gone to the happy hunting grounds.

JEROME H. EDDY.

New York, Oct. 17, 1917.

Beautiful Bonds.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

With the most patriotic apologies to Mr. William Henry Haworth of Brooklyn, let me say to the glory of the nation that "Man never made and nature never produced anything more beautiful than the Liberty bond."

ASKIN B. RIDANT.

New York, Oct. 16, 1917.

STRONG FUSION CANDIDATE.

For County Clerk New York Can Have Mr. Morgan, Ex-Postmaster.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While attention in the municipal campaign has, naturally enough, been mainly centred on the head of the ticket, it might be well for citizens, regardless of party, to be reminded that the Fusion candidate for County Clerk, Mr. Morgan, is none other than the very efficient and capable former Postmaster of this city.

His record assures that, in the event of his election, the County Clerk's office will be well administered and with strict regard to the public interest. H. L.

New York, Oct. 16, 1917.

The Dutch Pro-German Press.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

At this moment when our relations with Holland are somewhat strained you may read with interest and profit, perhaps, this passage from a private letter which I have just received from a prominent Dutchman who resides in Amsterdam, where he is in a position peculiarly favorable for knowing whereof he speaks:

> Please spread the fact that we have here in the Netherlands a press that is poisoned by Bocheism, neutralism, the system of "neutrality in the face of crime," and the cowardice and treason of the partisans of "a German peace." The attitude of the so-called Dutch "Socialists" is especially lamentable. These people were the organizers of that recent Stockholm trap. As regards our newspapers, the only ones worthy of confidence are De Telegraaf, De Courant, De Nieuwe Arnhemsder Courant, Het Dagblad voor Zuid Holland. Then there is the monthly La Gazette de Hollande, in French; and a few little local sheets. Among the weeklies, De Groene Amsterdammer is very good. Put no faith in any of the others. But it is worthy of note that these others have not succeeded in deceiving the popular instinct. Nine-tenths of our people are on the side of the Allies, in no small measure due to the good work of De Telegraaf and its popular edition, De Courant, which together have nearly a million readers, an enormous number for a small country like Holland.

Doubtless the explanation of this divorce between the press and the people of the Netherlands is simply due to the free use of German money, the common method, as we only too well know in this country, employed by the stupid Junker diplomats of Berlin. THEODORE STANTON.

Cornell Campus, Oct. 16, 1917.

Bigger Game Than Villa.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

General Pershing, by no fault of his own, failed to catch Villa. He has now the chance of his life to redeem his Mexican misadventure by bagging a far more important game.

Get him, Pershing, dead or alive! Soon a powerful flotilla of airplanes will be at your disposal. Don't forget that the automobile is also one of the Yankee inventions, and if an armored limousine could be of any use in helping in the game, we will put ourselves on both shoulders. And as long as you are at it, take, if you have sufficient room, a few of the main screws of the militaristic machinery with you—the tragi-comical heir to the Hohenzollern throne, and Hindenburg and Ludendorff.

Willie, the last Hohenzollern, at Guam, would be a worthy pendant to Nickie in Tobolsk. LUCIUS VERUS.

New York, Oct. 14, 1917.

A Crumb of Comfort.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the present international situation there is at least a crumb of questionable comfort. When the terms of peace come to be authoritatively discussed, not a moment need be lost over the question of the vindication of Germany's national honor, since Germany long ago abandoned, even in her own mind, the last vestige of a claim to a lingering shred of personal or national honor. Any suggestion now by Germany that her honor is involved would be received by the nations of the world with unsuppressed boos of scorn.

It is not inappropriate to add that, when the terms of peace with Spain were under deliberation after the recent Spanish-American war, the question of Spain's national honor was accorded chivalrous and sympathetic consideration. H. A. TODD.

Columbia University, Oct. 14, 1917.

Bonds From Savings Accounts.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

To make a success of the present Liberty Loan the rank and file of the people must unite to subscribe. The great body of our people, and the thrifty class particularly represented in part by the savings bank depositors, could be brought into touch with the movement if the banks would inform them what proportion of their deposits could be safely converted into bonds without impairing the solvency of the banks, and also that the bonds would be kept free of charge by the banks as their custodians, and the interest collected and credited to their respective accounts.

ROBERT J. HARE POWEL.

New York, Oct. 16, 1917.

The Loan in Minneapolis.

By Telegraph to the Editor of THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Your editorial article of Oct. 14 headed "Rounding Up the Loan Slackers" calls attention to the Minneapolis district, which you say is particularly backward. This article is a grave injustice to this district. Our district is not backward, and the State Deposit Board's applied remedy was not due to that fact.

Our committee feels that it knows its own district and the best method of handling it. Consequently our campaign did not start until Monday. We have been unable, therefore, to send any adequate returns, but we can safely say that this district is not entitled to the charge made, and that when all the returns are in there will be no cause for complaint. ROGERS, Chairman.

Minneapolis, Oct. 17, 1917.

OCTOBER MORNING.

High above the clamor and the rush of many feet,
Level with yon flaunting flag which ripples in the breeze,
I can see the swaying tops of green and russet trees,
I can watch the dancing play of sunlight on the street.

Purple mists of morning come a-creeping o'er the town,
Waking it reluctantly from happy hills of dream,
Waking it to rhythmic roar of derrick, drill and steam,
Flowing tides of eager life that eddy up and down. . . .

Spires of many churches prick the opal-escent sky,
Gaunt and craggy buildings loom, innumerable, gray,
Turned to glowing splendor by the glory of the day,
Crowding into Heav'n itself where flags and seagulls fly!

High above the teeming streets those banners sway and swing,
Calling men as never yet in all the changing past,
Carrying the message of the silver trumpet blast,
Message of a Battle Hymn that marching millions sing!

Vision shining, wonderful, in sunlight or in rain—
Purple haze of Autumn, while a baby Sea-Wind sings,
Rush of doves a-flutter with a swirl of shining wings—
Yet over all and under all our consciousness of Pain!

ELIZABETH NEWPORT HEPBURN.

J. B. BRADY'S ART OBJECTS.

His Collection on View at the American Galleries.

The collection of furnishings and ornaments formerly in the house of the late James Buchanan Brady and now on exhibition at the American Art Galleries furnishes abundant testimony that Mr. Brady kept his money in circulation. The catalogue contains nearly 1,800 numbers, and does not include the oil paintings, which are to be sold at a later date.

Among the art objects are a large group of Japanese, Chinese, and European ivories, realistic in style and clever in execution; also caprices in bronze, most of them cabinet specimens, by modern sculptors. The dance is represented in many forms. Carmencita is dancing with castanets, a bronze and ivory figure on an agate plinth; Lois Fuller is modeled by Louchet, and appears in gilt and tinted bronze. There is a Turkish dancer by Guillemin and a Mme. Pavlova in German porcelain, and rising far above the general standard is a Greek dancer by "Howard." A few paintings include portraits of famous racehorses.

For the rest, there are rock crystals, Wedgwood ornaments, bedroom, dining room, and drawing room furniture, elaborate tableware and table and bed linen, Oriental arms and armor, a presentation loving cup with the autographs of the theatrical managers who bestowed it, a gold theatre pass, and some odds and ends of the famous jewelry. The lover of games will find the implements of baccarat, roulette, faro, billiards, keno, and a banking crap layout. The problem of disposing of material so heterogeneous and various was difficult, and the galleries, with their dinner tables set for action, their groups of related objects, and their well-balanced centres of interest, are quite a triumph of ingenious arrangement. The sale begins Oct. 22, and the collection is on free view until that time.

BUYS AN ORR ETCHING.

France Honors American Artist Who Sketched Rheims Cathedral.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—Louis Orr, painter and etcher, has been asked by M. Dalmier, Minister of Fine Arts, to sell to the State the plate of his etching of the Pont Neuf, the oldest bridge in Paris, entitled "Le Canal de la Monnale," for the permanent possession of the Louvre. Artist's proofs of the etching are to be struck and sent to the national museums of all the nations at present in friendly diplomatic relations with France.

The French Government will print a certain number of proofs for presentation and sale to museums and art galleries. Presentation copies will go into the collection of the President of the Republic, and to four French Senators and four French Deputies, in accordance with the custom of the Louvre after it has acquired an etching.

The honor which has come to Mr. Orr was a great surprise to him. Last Spring the chief official adviser of the Ministry of Fine Arts saw his etching, "Le Canal de la Monnale," at a Parisian dealer's and brought it to the attention of the Minister, who asked to be put in touch with the artist. The Luxemburg Museum has recently purchased six of Mr. Orr's etchings, making the number he has in that gallery eight.

Mr. Orr recently had an interesting experience at Rheims, where in August and September he had been sketching the Cathedral under German fire. The three important plates which are the chief results of his work there he has given to the American Red Cross, to be sold in America.

One day in the cathedral garden he was forced to use a gas mask. At another time he got a piece of shrapnel through the steel helmet which he always wore. Every day he was compelled to take refuge in a bomb-proof cellar when the Germans periodically bombarded the cathedral. Each morning Cardinal Luçon on his rounds to see those who had suffered in any way from the bombardment of the preceding night would stop and bless the artist as he worked at his easel.

AMAZED AT SHIP PROGRAM.

America Soon to Possess 10,000,000 Tons, Says German Paper.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 16.—Since the passage of the German Shipping bill by the Reichstag public attention has been drawn in Germany to the shipping situation in other countries.

The Tagliche Rundschau, writing of the influence of America's merchant fleet on England, calls attention to the fact that before the civil war America possessed the largest cargo fleet in the world and mentions notable sailing vessels of that time. "At the end of the civil war," it says, "the American flag had disappeared from the high seas." The paper says that after that war America forgot her shipping interests, although interior shipping developed tremendously.

The world war, the article continues, has brought America to a realization of the fact that, without a merchant fleet, she could not control exports. "Recognition of this fact," it says, "has united the two big political parties, and led to a shipping program whose magnitude leaves nothing to be desired. What appeared impossible before has become a reality. Shipbuilding has been subsidized, and in spite of high wages and the cost of building, shipping will pay where it was impossible before the war."

The paper says that not only is America building a great tonnage but that it is seizing neutral vessels and even laying hands on English and French shipping. If this continues, the prediction is made that at the end of 1918 America will possess about 10,000,000 tons and will, therefore, not be far behind England.

"The submarine war has an unexpected side," says the paper, "in that it helps America's merchant fleet to compete with England."

The paper concludes by saying that, by an irony of events, "Russia is freed from Czarism by Germany, and Germany exacts reprisals from England in behalf of America for injustice perpetrated fifty years ago. Verily America should count up first among her friends."

FILIPINOS VOICE LOYALTY.

First Act of Congress Session Is to Affirm Adherence to Our Cause.

MANILA, Oct. 17.—The Insular Congress opened today, its first act being the passage of a resolution affirming the adherence of the Filipino people to the cause of the United States in the world war.

Francis Burton Harrison, the Governor General, in his message to the Congress, urged legislation authorizing the Government to proceed with the food campaign already begun by its Administration. He asked liberal treatment of all Government employes who have been called to serve in the war. Regarding economic legislation, he suggested a postponement until the end of the war of the contemplated changes in the Philippine tariff.

Authority was asked by the Governor General to reduce the intrinsic value of silver coins and to issue peso bills. Legislation for the establishment of a Philippine mint also was requested.

The Governor General reported the Treasury to be in a most sound condition, and therefore asked Congress to make adequate appropriations, particularly for public works, education, and the promotion of health.

HIGH SCHOOL STRIKE HALTS FOR PARLEY

Students Will Present Objections to Longer Day to Board Officials.

STORMY MEETINGS KEEP ON

Mothers and Children Gather Outside Schools and Protest Against Gary System.

The expected strike of high school students did not take place yesterday because the cooler heads among the students advised waiting until Monday afternoon, when they will have a hearing at the Board of Education, where they will be able to present their objections to the lengthened school day to John Whalen, Chairman of the Committee on High Schools. The school situation, however, was not quiescent, for several hundred angry mothers, dragging their children with them, continued to hold meetings and loiter near schools in Harlem and Yorkville as a protest against the Gary duplicate school plan. One mother was arrested in the demonstration against the schools.

Charges by school officials that Socialist agitators had been sowing seeds of dissension among the children and their parents were denied by teachers, who said that the unanimity of protest against the lengthened day itself proved that the dissatisfaction was widespread and not confined to a few of the high school students who might be Socialists. A committee of teachers of the DeWitt Clinton High School drew up a brief protesting against the lengthened school day, and the document will be presented today to the Board of Education.

Conference on Gary Plan.

William Wirt, Superintendent of Schools in Gary, Ind., who was asked to install the study-play-work system in this city, was in town yesterday, but declined to make any statement on the situation. He intimated that he had made a complete statement regarding the recent attacks on the Gary schools made by speakers, including former President Thomas W. Churchill of the Board of Education, to the Public Welfare Association of the Fusion Committee, as well as to Superintendent William McAndrew, in charge of the Department of Divisional Schools of the Board of Education. Mr. Wirt conferred with the heads of the Board of Education yesterday, but no statement was made at the Board of Education as to the conference.

The Bronx was included in the agitation yesterday, for the Grand Jury continued its investigation of the Gary schools in that borough and heard Dr. Joseph Taylor, a District Superintendent, in favor of the system, Commissioner Frank D. Wilsey of the Board of Education, who is opposed to it, and Elizabeth Reed, a teacher of Public School 40, Prospect Avenue and Ritter Place, and George Wasservogel, of 1330 Franklin Avenue.

Dr. Harry Penhollow, administrative assistant to Dr. F. J. Paul, principal of De Witt Clinton High School, said yesterday that he did not believe that "thinking teachers who have the interests of the children at heart" disapprove of the lengthened school day.

"Unfortunately there is quite a sprinkling of Socialists in this school who are opposed to the Government, no matter what the rules are, and when they see a chance for free advertising they jump at it," he said.

M. Wright, assistant to Dr. John L. Tildsley, Associate City Superintendent of Schools, said it was also his belief that the Socialists were behind the agitation. This statement was objected to by several teachers in the De Witt Clinton School and by Dr. Henry J. Linville, President of the Teachers' Union, who said:

"Even some of the high school principals acknowledge that the lengthened school day is unnecessary. The school day at Boys' High School, Jamaica and Flushing, has not been lengthened beyond the usual day. As for the Socialists, the objection comes from more non-Socialist teachers than Socialists."

School Girl Harangues Crowd.

At 8:30 yesterday morning several hundred boys and girls, with their parents, congregated near Public Schools 171, 37, 72, and 109, in the Harlem and Yorkville districts, and walked to and fro past the school building, shouting and singing. The police reserves dispersed the crowd, assisted by members of the Home Defense League and teachers of the school. Soon afterward one of the school girls mounted a soapbox and harangued the children and mothers. Lieutenant Ayres of the 104th Street Police Station started a counter-demonstration by jumping on the soapbox and exhorting the children to return to school. The crowd melted away, but another outbreak occurred during the morning in front of Public School 109, on Ninety-ninth Street, near Second Avenue, and in the scrimmage that followed the police arrested Mrs. Mollie Hirschman of 234 East Ninety-ninth Street. She paid a fine of $2 imposed by Magistrate McGeehan in Harlem Court.

Thirteen children who were arrested for rioting before Public School 171, Fifth Avenue near 104th Street, on Tuesday, were arraigned yesterday before Judge Hoyt in the Children's Court. All were charged with juvenile delinquency. Five were remanded to the care of the Children's Society until Oct. 24, two boys, Alexander Hirschman and Seymour Lehman, were discharged, four were fined $2 each, one was remanded until Oct. 30 and William Adder was paro

JEWISH WAR RELIEF ASSEMBLY ON OCT. 28

Spanish and Portuguese Congregation Breaks Tradition to Give Use of Synagogue.

1,000 DELEGATES TO ATTEND

No Money to be Solicited—Meeting Solely for Planning Great Future Work.

Felix M. Warburg, Chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee of the American Funds for Jewish War Sufferers, announced last night that the Special Assembly of the Jews of America, to plan the continuation of Jewish war relief and the completion of the $10,000,000 1917 fund which is to bring together about a thousand of the most prominent Jews from all parts of the United States, will be held at the Spanish and Portuguese Synagogue Seventieth Street and Central Park West, on Sunday, Oct. 28.

The Trustees of this, the oldest Jewish congregation in America, in giving its consent to the use of the synagogue, broke all the traditions of its 250 years of existence in recognition of the supreme importance of the problems the assembly has been called to discuss.

Mr. Warburg further announced that invitations have been extended to Lord Reading, Lord Chief Justice of England; to Baron Ginsburg of the Russian Commission; to United States Supreme Court Justice Louis D. Brandeis, and to Julius Rosenwald of the Council of National Defense.

The meeting will be presided over by Mr. Warburg, and among the speakers will be Jacob H. Schiff, Louis Marshall, Abram I. Elkus, Herman Bernstein, who has just returned from Russia, and the Chairman of the Constituent Committee of the Joint Distribution Committee, and others.

Following the business sessions, the delegates will assemble at the Hotel Astor for dinner.

This special assembly is expected to be the most important national gathering of Jews since the European war began, and easily the most important event to Jewry since the entry of the United States into the war. The call was issued several weeks ago by the Joint Distribution Committee, which has disbursed more than $10,000,000 for Jewish war relief, collected by its constituent committees. In explaining the purpose of the call, Mr. Warburg, Chairman of the committee, said:

"It has only been possible to collect this immense sum, unparalleled in the history of the Jews, through the cooperation of all sections of the community and the whole-souled support of every Jew in America. The responsibility of administering this large amount, the largest ever contributed to one cause by the Jews of America, and the need for continuing the campaign for raising still further large sums being self-evident, it now becomes imperative for all those who have thus far worked so successfully to come together to plan for the future."

It was particularly stated in last night's announcement that, unlike other meetings which have been held by the Jews to discuss war relief, there will be no collections or money solicited at the assembly, which is to be solely for the purpose of planning for the future.

BRIDAL PAIR WALK ON CARPET OF SHAVINGS

Frank A. O'Hare, Builder, and Miss Carolyn Maguire Wed in Unfinished Church.

Miss Carolyn Maguire of 209 West 100th Street and Frank A. O'Hare were married yesterday forenoon in the new Church of St. Vincent Ferrer, Lexington Avenue and Sixty-sixth Street, of which the bridegroom is chief of construction.

The church is still in an unfinished state, and a special dispensation was obtained from Cardinal Farley for the ceremony. Three hundred guests attended the wedding. The bridal pair walked on a carpet of wood shavings, with the bare and unpainted beams in the roof as their canopy. The Rev. E. J. Dewey, assisted by Father Hefferman, officiated.

Afterward a nuptial mass was celebrated at the chapel in Sixty-seventh Street, where services are being held during the erection of the church.

A breakfast followed at the Hotel Majestic, where the bridal couple made an ineffective attempt to escape their friends and the usual shower of rice, resulting in a chase that led over several floors of the hotel, while friendly sentinels guarded every door and every taxicab in the neighborhood.

MISS EDITH BOURNE TO WED.

Engaged to John Esten Bolling, a Nephew of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson.

The engagement of Miss Edith Marion Bourne, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Griswold Bourne of 25 East Thirtieth Street, to John Esten Bolling of Chicago, has been announced. Miss Bourne was a debutante of last season. Mr. Bolling is a nephew of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, wife of the President, and is a graduate of the University of Kentucky.

Miss Bourne is visiting at the home of Mr. Bolling's parents, Dr. and Mrs. William A. Bolling, in Louisville, Ky. Mr. Bolling is connected with the Drying Systems, Inc., in Chicago as chief engineer, the plant having been placed at the disposal of the Government for the conservation of the food supply.

No date has been set for the wedding.

MISS ANNA SCHAEFER WEDS.

The Bride of Arthur C. Knolhoff in St. James Lutheran Church.

The wedding of Miss Anna Amelia Schaefer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George G. Schaefer of 8 East Eighty-second Street, and Arthur C. Knolhoff, son of Mrs. J. W. Knolhoff of East Orange, N. J., was celebrated yesterday afternoon at St. James Lutheran Church, Madison Avenue and Seventy-third Street. The Rev. Junius B. Remensnyder performed the ceremony.

The bride, who was in white satin and rose point lace, with a point lace veil and full court train, was attended by Miss Marguerite R. Schaefer, her younger sister, as maid of honor, who was in Nile green satin with net over silver lace. Mrs. Frederick K. Mohr, another sister, and Mrs. Frank L. Boynton, the other attendants, were dressed in orchid colored satin and silver.

F. W. Knolhoff was best man, and the ushers included Jean C. Caldwell, Samuel D. Hillis, John C. B. Orth, Christopher D. Robert and Daniel R. Robert, all of this city, and Frederick K. Mohr of Ardmore, Pa.

Posner-Weil.

Miss Florine Rosalie Weil, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Weil, of 19 West Seventy-fourth Street, was married to Edwin Posner last evening in the ballroom of the Ritz-Carlton, the Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman officiating. Miss Evelyn Weil was her sister's only attendant, and David R. Posner was best man. The ceremony was followed by a dinner.

DIAMOND WEDDING RINGS
The finer grades only
Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS 321 Fifth Avenue at 32nd Street

REGIMENT IN CAMP SEES PRIVATE WED

Rice Pudding Wiped Off Company Menu for a Week to Shower De Vol and His Bride.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMP WADSWORTH, SPARTANBURG, S. C., Oct. 17.—With the regiment gathered about, Miss Iza H. Peeke of Devonshire, England, was married to Mechanic H. B. De Vol, Company 1, 107th Infantry, in the old Seventh's camp, at noon today. This, the first field wedding in camp, was solemnized by the former Seventh's Chaplain, Major William E. McCord, whose wife acted as one of the witnesses. The bride was given away by Colonel Willard C. Fiske. The altar was erected at the head of Company I Street. When the knot had been tied, De Vol's company mates showered the pair with "issued" rice, thereby removing rice-pudding from Company I's menu for a week. De Vol obtained a furlough. The couple left for a five-day honeymoon in Asheville, N. C.

Colonel George A. Wingate, commander of the Second Field Artillery, said today that he had not yet submitted to Brig. Gen. Charles L. Phillips his findings on the charge lodged against Captain Howard E. Sullivan, Battery D, by Private Otto Gottschalk, who alleges that the Captain had him beaten. Colonel Wingate said he wanted to give at least another day's study to the matter.

Friends of Captain Sullivan declared that he expected to prove he had not witnessed the alleged whipping. They said that although the Captain, irritated by what they called Gottschalk's refusal to keep himself clean, had told several non-commissioned officers to give him a ducking, he had not instructed them to roll him in mud or whip him. Pending official action, all concerned in the affair continued on active duty.

Captain F. M. Young, Liberty Loan promoter, said the camp had contributed $687,750, the Fourteenth Infantry leading with $138,050. The 108th (old Third) and the Fifteenth took $45,300 and $43,700 respectively. To stimulate the campaign in Spartanburg about 10,000 soldiers will parade through the streets tomorrow.

Lieut. Col. Frank H. Hines, Second Field Artillery, has been promoted to Colonel and assigned to command the Third Field Artillery. He takes the place of Colonel Daniel Hand, assigned to the national army.

Colonel Hines, New York City Superintendent of Public Buildings, today received a silver-mounted saddle as a gift from the men of the Second.

WEDS JAMES M. BECK, JR.

Miss Adelaide Wilmerding the Bride of Princeton Aviator.

The wedding of James M. Beck, Jr., son of former Assistant United States Attorney General Beck and Mrs. Beck, and Miss Adelaide Wilmerding, the daughter of Theodore Kearney Wilmerding, and the late Nina Ferris Wilmerding, was quietly solemnized at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Chapel of St. Bartholomew's Church, the rector, the Rev. Dr. Leighton Parks, performing the ceremony.

Miss Wilmerding, who walked with her father, wore for a bride an unusual costume of black charmeuse satin combined with black chiffon, a short afternoon gown with a bustle drapery at the back and long transparent chiffon sleeves. It was topped by a large rose red hat having a soft black crown with ostrich flues as a trimming. She wore a sable neckpiece and carried lilies of the valley with showers of white ribbons and was unattended.

There were no ushers, but the bridegroom's cousin, J. Hutchison Scott, Jr., of Philadelphia, was best man. A small reception followed at the residences of the bride's aunt, Mrs. William Floyd-Jones, 15 West Fifty-fifth Street.

Mr. Beck has been ordered to report at San Antonio, Texas, on Saturday for duty with the Signal Corps of the Aviation Section of the army and will take his bride with him, leaving today. He was graduated from Princeton in 1914. Mrs. Beck is a member of the Junior League.

Major Bishop Marries.

TORONTO, Oct. 17.—A war wedding took place here this afternoon when Canada's aviation hero, Major William A. Bishop, honored with the Victoria Cross and other emblems of gallantry earned above the battlefields of France, was married to Margaret Eaton Burden, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Burden of this city. Army and aviation officers made up a guard of honor, and the presence of nurses added to the military aspect.

Holman-Spencer.

The marriage of Morris Chapman Holman and Miss Dorothy Spencer, a daughter of Mrs. Frederick Spencer of 73 West Eighty-ninth Street, took place at 6 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the chapel of the Church of the Transfiguration, the Rev. Dr. George Clarke Houghton officiating. Miss Spencer was attended as maid of honor by Miss Orie Holman, a sister of the bridegroom, and Frederick Spencer, a brother of the bride, was Mr. Holman's best man. There were no ushers. On their return from their honeymoon Mr. and Mrs. Holman will live at 400 West 160th Street.

Miss Amy R. Reick Weds Saturday.

The marriage of Miss Amy Ridgeway Reick, the elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William C. Reick of New York, and Seabright, N. J., and Chandler Bates, a son of the late Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Bates, will take place Saturday in St. George's Church at Seabright, and a small reception will be held at The Orchard, the Reick country place in Rumson Park. The wedding is to be quiet, owing to Mr. Bates being in mourning.

Celebrate Their Silver Wedding.

Aubrey E. Meyer, President of the Champlain Silk Mills, and Mrs. Meyer of Whitehall, N. Y., celebrated yesterday their silver wedding by giving a dinner at the St. Regis to the members of their family. Their son, Aubrey E. Meyer, Jr., is at the French front serving in the English Army.

Edward D. Floyd.

Edward D. Floyd, member of the firm of Chandler & Floyd of 90 West Street, Manhattan, Eastern representatives of the Alleghany Steel Company, died yesterday at his home, 405 Elm Street, Westfield, N. J., of apoplexy, in his fifty-second year.

Mr. Floyd was formerly associated with the General Electric Company of Schenectady. He was a member of the Westfield Golf, Baltusrol Golf, Pittsburgh Athletic, and Schenectady Clubs and the Engineers' Club of New York.

Throng at Florence La Badie's Bier.

The Funeral Church, at Broadway and Sixty-sixth Street, was filled yesterday morning with people of the moving-picture industry, who came to attend the funeral services for Florence La Badie, the actress, who died on Saturday in Ossining. There were a large number of floral pieces from friends in the profession and the motion-picture companies, and several hundred persons viewed the body before it was taken for interment to Greenwood Cemetery.

Charles Yale Beach.

Charles Yale Beach, eldest son of the late Moses Y. Beach, one time proprietor of The New York Sun, died on Tuesday at Atlantic City in his seventy-first year. He was born and educated in New York, and later went to Bridgeport, Conn., and made his home in that city up to the time of his death. He left a widow and three sisters.

Rare Books SALE
October 13 to November 3
Shipments just received from Europe
Not yet catalogued
Unusual opportunity for collectors
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Ave.

TWO MEN ARRESTED FOR STOCKYARDS FIRE

Kansas City Police Hold One Man and Another Is Caught in Oklahoma.

Special to The New York Times.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Oct. 17.—Almost simultaneously with the first arrest here in connection with the stock yards fire, it was learned that a man suspected of complicity in the plot had been taken in custody by Government agents in Oklahoma City. It is reported the man was secretly removed from Oklahoma by Government operatives.

The man arrested here, a German, formerly in the employ of the Kansas City Stock Yards Company, had already supplied the name of a second man believed to have been implicated in the fire. It was this man, he said, he was trying to find and tell to leave town when detectives arrested him.

It was learned yesterday that notice had been sent out by local authorities that two men were seen in the vicinity of the stock yards, and police in different cities were notified to look out for them. The name of a third person was supplied to Larry Ghent, Chief of Detectives, this afternoon by the man now held at Police Headquarters.

Asked why he was attempting to get word to one man to leave town, the prisoner told Chief Ghent that it was because a third man had requested him to do so. It was then that the third name was supplied. Detectives place little confidence in some of the man's statements.

The man denied that he had any knowledge of the fire other than what had been told to him. He could not tell where the other men could be found. The German was arrested by private detectives, who charged that the man said recently that the stock yards should be burned.

ESCAPES FROM KIEL CAMP.

Interned Americans Would Starve but for Outside Aid, Says Smith.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Ira Nelson Morris, American Minister at Stockholm, cabled the State Department today news of the arrival there of Willot Charles Smith of Norwalk, Conn., who escaped from a German internment camp at Kiel and brought word that American prisoners in Germany would starve but for food sent to them by the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A.

Smith was a horseman on the British steamer Esmeralda, captured by the German raider Wolf, and was carried into Germany just before the United States broke diplomatic relations with the Kaiser. No details concerning his escape were given by the Minister.

"Smith stated," said a State Department statement announcing the escape, "that without the food packages sent by the Y. M. C. A. and the Red Cross prisoners would not be able to live, as the daily food ration consists of a cup of black coffee for breakfast, and for dinner and supper about a pint and a half of warm soup, apparently consisting of water and turnips."

MRS. THOS. F. RYAN DEAD

Financier's Wife, a Philanthropist, Dies at Suffern Country Home.

Mrs. Thomas Fortune Ryan, wife of the financier, died at midnight last night of heart disease at her country home at Suffern, N. Y. Mrs. Ryan was taken suddenly ill at noon. Her husband and her son Allan were at her bedside at her death.

Mrs. Ryan was Miss Ida M. Barry of Baltimore. She married Mr. Ryan on Nov. 29, 1873. Mrs. Ryan dispensed large sums in charities that report says reached over $1,000,000 in 1907.

In addition to her charitable works in and around New York, Mrs. Ryan gave vast sums to Catholic institutions in the South. Among these was the Cathedral at Richmond, Va., at a cost of more than $1,000,000; Ryan Hall, Georgetown University; convent and chapel of the Perpetual Adoration, at Washington, D. C., when she established the order in the United States in 1900; hospital at Suffern, N. Y., and a hospital annex for Sisters of Charity, New York.

She aided in the re-establishment of the Consumptives Hospital at Phoenix, Ariz.; chapel at Tucson, Ariz.; founded the scholarships for poor boys, of which three were in Rome, Italy, and erected monuments to mark all Virginia's battlefields.

Mrs. Ryan never gave her name to public subscriptions, and whenever she donated a sum of money to a deserving charity it was on the condition that she should not be mentioned.

Besides her husband she is survived by her five sons.

Funeral of E. A. Dithmar.

Funeral services for Edward A. Dithmar, who for forty years had been a member of the editorial staff of THE NEW YORK TIMES, will be held at the Evangelical Lutheran Church of Holy Trinity, Sixty-fifth Street and Central Park West, at noon tomorrow. The Rev. Dr. Charles J. Smith will officiate, and the pallbearers will be Adolph S. Ochs, Charles R. Miller, Edwin Isham, William D. Lawrence, Samuel Strauss, Walter S. Sullivan, Charles E. O'Hara and Charles J. Rosebault. It is requested that flowers be omitted.

Alonzo D. Smith.

PATERSON, N. J., Oct. 17.—Alonzo D. Smith, for forty years conected with The New York Sun, died at his home in Ridgewood today. He was born in Brooklyn July 9, 1835, and retired as auditor of The Sun nine years ago. He celebrated his fifty-ninth wedding anniversary on Oct. 9. He leaves a wife and five children.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM ROOD, 61 years old, a tenor singer and a member of the Brooklyn Oratorio Society for many years, died in the Swedish Hospital on Tuesday after an operation. He lived at 580 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, and left a widow and a daughter.

Mrs. ANNA ELIZA SUYDAM, for more than forty years active in the work of the De Kalb Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, died on Tuesday at her home, 996 Herron Street, Brooklyn, aged 82 years. She was the widow of Seymour L. Suydam.

RICHARD MARVIN CHAPMAN, an accountant on the staff of the Bureau of Municipal Research, died on Monday at his home, 1,171 Sterling Place, Brooklyn. Mr. Chapman was 54 years old and was a son of Frederick A. Chapman, an artist and the first President of the Brooklyn Art Society.

BARNARD BRANDT, for fifty years a resident of Sayville, L. I., died at his home there on Tuesday at the age of 86 years.

Miss FLORENCE EMILIE EATON, for many years prominent in church work in Brooklyn and a daughter of the late Oliver D. Eaton, died from heart disease on Monday at her home, 81 Downing Street, Brooklyn. Miss Eaton for many years was identified with the Women's Board of the Presbyterian Home Missions and was an active member of the Ladies' Aid and Mission Societies of the Classon Avenue Presbyterian Church.

CHARLES T. COX, a farmer in Northern New Jersey, died on Tuesday night at his home in Andover, where he owned sixteen farms. He was 76 years old.

HERMAN HUEG, President of the Manhattan Steam Bakery and inventor of a number of appliances used in baking, died on Tuesday at his home, 73 Purvis Street, Long Island City, in his sixty-fifth year. He came from Germany as a boy, and founded his present business in 1894.

Mrs. CATHERINE DEMPSEY, widow of Bartholomew Dempsey, one time Chief of Police of Morristown, N. J., died yesterday at the home of her son, William Dempsey, 54 Speedwell Avenue, Morristown.

IGNATZ WEISBERGER, President of the firm of Weisberger, Inc., shoe manufacturers of 48 Catharine Street, died on Tuesday at his home, 12 Madison Street.

Mrs. MARION GRAVES, a widow, 65 years old, of 325 Carey Avenue, West New Brighton, S. I., died yesterday of heart disease while out shopping.

HAIR BOOKS
By Richard W. Muller, M. D.
Hair and its Preservation. 2nd edition. Illus.
Loss of Hair and the Quartz lamp treatment. Prof. Illus. (Author's translation.)
Baldness, its causes, prevention and treatment. Ready in October.
At All Book Stores.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

SPEKTORSKY.—Mr. and Mrs. George Spektorsky, (nee Sybil Witty,) announce the birth of a daughter Monday, Oct. 15, at 208 West 92d St.

Engaged.

GORDON—GINZBERG.—Mr. and Mrs. B. Ginzberg, 7 Parkman St., Brookline, Mass., announce the engagement of their daughter Louise to Mr. Louis W. Gordon of New York City.

Married.

BERGER—ADELSON.—On Tuesday, Oct. 16, at 7 P. M., Madeline V. Adelson of New York City to Harry M. Berger of St. Louis, at the Hotel Savoy, the Rev. Dr. Pereira Mendes officiating. St. Louis papers please copy.

HOLMAN—SPENCER.—On Oct. 17, 1917, at Church of the Transfiguration, New York City by the Rev. Dr. George C. Houghton, Dorothy, daughter of Mrs. Frederick Spencer, to Morris C. Holman.

PRAHL—BOOS.—On Oct. 17, 1917, at the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, New York, by the Rev. Dr. Joseph H. McMahon, Mathilde Anna, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Boos of New York, to Guillermo A. Prahl of New York.

Died.

ABBOTT.—On Tuesday, Oct. 16, 1917, Estelle E. Abbott, beloved daughter of Peter and Mary J. Abbott, (nee McElroy,) formerly of the Eleventh Ward. Funeral from her late residence, 66 East 95d St., on Friday, Oct. 19, at 8:30 A. M., thence to the Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, Park Av., corner East 84th St., where a mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of her soul at 9 A. M. Interment in Calvary Cemetery.

BARNES.—On Oct. 16, at Boston, Elizabeth Barnes, widow of Leverett Barnes and beloved mother of Charles E. Barnes and Ethel Barnes Strater. Services at Funeral Parlors, 14 East 39th St., Thursday, Oct. 18, at 5 P. M. Interment Friday morning at Kensico.

BEACH.—At Atlantic City, Oct. 16, in the 71st year of his age, Charles Yale Beach, formerly of Bridgeport, Conn., and Pittsfield, Mass., eldest son of the late Moses S. Beach. Services on Thursday, Oct. 18, at 2 o'clock at St. John's Church, Bridgeport, Conn. Bridgeport and Pittsfield papers please copy.

BENNETT.—Oct. 16, 1917, Orlinda Bennett. Services Stephen Merritt Chapel, 223 Eighth Av., near 21st St., Thursday, 8 P. M.

BRADY.—On Oct. 16, 1917, at her home, 75 Drake Av., New Rochelle, N. Y., Marcella, wife of Frank Brady. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

COHEN.—Clara, (nee Kline,) beloved wife of the late Meyer Cohen. Funeral private. Richmond (Va.) and Philadelphia papers please copy.

DEL RIO.—On Oct. 15, Marie Antoinette, suddenly, at Atlantic City. Services THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1,970 Broadway, (Campbell Building,) Thursday afternoon, 1 o'clock. Interment Tuesday.

DITHMAR.—Funeral services for Edward A. Dithmar will be held at noon tomorrow, (Friday,) at the Evangelical Lutheran Church of Holy Trinity, 65th St. and Central Park West. Please omit flowers.

EYSLER.—Sisterhood of the Hebrew Tabernacle—Sisters, you are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of Sister Fanny Eysler on Thursday, Oct. 18, 10 A. M., from her late residence, 2,100 5th Av. MRS. M. BAER, Recording Secretary.

FLOYD.—Edward D., in his 51st year, on Oct. 17, beloved husband of Mabel Floyd. Services from his late residence, 405 Elm St., Westfield, N. J., at 2:30 P. M., Friday, Oct. 19. Train leaving New York at 1:20 P. M.

GALLAGHER.—Mrs. M. D. Gallagher, (nee Foshour.) Funeral from her late residence, 402 West 146th St., Friday, Oct. 19, 9 A. M., thence to the Church of Our Lady of Lourdes, 142d St., between Amsterdam and Convent Avs., 10:30 A. M. Please omit flowers.

GALLAGHER.—On Oct. 13, 1917, after a long illness, Frank E. Gallagher, beloved husband of Teresa Gallagher, at his residence, 424 East 157th St. Member of Grand Lodge, No. 3, B. P. O. E. Funeral services 8 P. M., Thursday, at residence. Funeral at convenience of family.

GALLAGHER.—Officers and members of Bronx Lodge, No. 3, B. P. O. E.: You are requested to attend the funeral services to be held on Thursday evening, Oct. 18, for our beloved brother, Frank Gallagher, at 7:30 o'clock sharp, at his late residence, 424 East 157th St.

HENRY GOLDMANN, Exalted Ruler.

GRITTEN.—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, Edwin W. Gritten, beloved husband of Alice V. Gritten. Funeral services at his late residence, 45 Madison Av., Jersey City, Friday evening, Oct. 19, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

HALEY.—On Tuesday, Oct. 16, Catherine Ita, daughter of the late Daniel F. and Catherine Haley. Funeral from the residence of her brother-in-law, Thomas O'Brien, 24 Trinity Place, West New Brighton, S. I., on Friday, Oct. 19, thence to the Church of the Sacred Heart, Castleton Av., where a requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul. Interment St. Peter's Cemetery, S. I.

HAMBURGER.—David, beloved husband of Mrs. Nena Hamburger. Funeral will take place Oct. 18, 11 A. M., from his late residence, 1,878 7th Av. Burial at Washington Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

KELLEY—Suddenly, in Chicago, Oct. 14, Harrison, aged 77 years. Burial at Greenwich, Conn., Saturday upon arrival of train leaving New York at 1:43 P. M.

LEFKOWITZ.—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, 1917, Isador, beloved son of Joseph M. and Rose Lefkowitz, in his 35th year. Funeral from parents' residence, 61 18th Av., Newark, N. J., on Friday, Oct. 19, at 1 P. M. Members of Treasure Club of America are invited. Omit flowers.

McDONALD.—On Oct. 17, Patrick F. McDonald, beloved husband of Bridget T. Madden, formerly of 37 Ward Street. Funeral from his late residence, 117 East 77th St.; thence to St. Ignatius Loyola Church, 84th St. and Park Av., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered for the repose of his soul at 10 A. M. Interment Calvary.

MARJENHOFF.—On the 17th inst., Caroline M. Marjenhoff, (nee Grube), aged 68 years, dearly beloved wife of Frederick H. Marjenhoff and mother of Gus Marjenhoff. Funeral service Friday evening at 8 o'clock, at her late residence, 1,994 Morris Av., near Tremont Av., Bronx. Interment private.

MARTIN.—Suddenly, Oct. 14, Talbot, youngest son of the late Dr. H. Hammet and Susan B. Martin. Interred in Los Angeles

MOUNT.—Wednesday, Oct. 17, 1917, Maria Louise Mount. Funeral services at her late home, 530 West End Av., Saturday afternoon, Oct. 20, 1917, 2:30 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

MULLER.—Goswina Alida Statius, entered into rest Oct. 17, 1917, at his residence, 115 Lenox Road, Flatbush. Relatives and friends are invited to attend funeral services at the chapel at Calvary Cemetery, Friday, the 19th, at 11 A. M. Interment private.

MURRAY.—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, at Chappaqua, N. Y., Phebe Anna Cock, wife of the late Robert L. Murray, in her 60th year. Funeral services from her late residence, Saturday, Oct. 20, at 2:10 P. M. Train leaves Grand Central Station at 12:50 Philadelphia and Boston papers please copy.

NELSON.—On Oct. 17, Frederika W., widow of the late Dr. Wolfred Nelson, in her 69th year, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Atherton H. Harlan, New Canaan, Conn. Funeral private. Interment Montreal.

NOE.—Henry, 492 Chauncey St., Brooklyn, in his 54th year. Funeral services Thursday, 4 P. M.

PARKHURST.—At Colorado Springs, Oct. 14, Robert Harvey, formerly of New York City and Wilmington, Del. Interment at Binghamton, N. Y., Oct. 19.

POTTER.—Joseph Livingstone, C. E. F. 1915, age 23 years, at Bramschott Military Hospital, Bramschott, England, dear and only brother of Lillian G. E. and May R. Potter of 311 West 95th St.

PRENTIS.—On Wednesday, Oct. 17, 1917, Vincent Prentis, beloved husband of Kate Prentis, in his 52d year. Funeral services will be held at Fairchild's Funeral Parlors, 86 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, on Friday at 2 P. M.

ADVERTISEMENT

Moderation in thinking, eating, and drinking.

That is the aim of America.

And the self-controlled, moderate American is today paying slightly more and selecting that mild Whiskey—Wilson—Real Wilson—That's All!

Decidedly the desirable Whiskey for the Home

FREE CLUB RECIPES—Free booklet of famous club recipes for mixed drinks. Address Wilson, 1 E. 31st St., N. Y. That's All!

Died.

RAUCH.—Samuel, husband of Jennie and father of Joseph Rauch, on Oct. 16, after a lingering illness. Funeral from his late residence, 677 Beck St., Bronx, Friday morning, 10 o'clock.

RENEHAN.—Oct. 17, at 3,089 Broadway, Anna Renehan, age 66. Interment Kensico Cemetery Friday.

RICHARDSON.—At Westfield, N. J., Oct. 17, 1917, Catherine Richardson, widow of David Richardson, in her 85th year. Funeral services at her late residence, 222 Lenox Av., Friday, Oct. 19, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

ROBINSON.—Edmund Randolph, suddenly, at Westbury, L. I., on Wednesday, Oct. 17, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Randolph Robinson. Funeral private.

ROEBER.—At East Orange, N. J., Oct. 17, 1917, Dr. Eugene F. Roeber, aged 50 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 29 Halstead St., Friday, Oct. 19, at 3:30 P. M.

SCHMELZER.—Simon Schmelzer, beloved brother of Edmund A., Babetta Schlosberg, and Bertha Waldman. Funeral services on Thursday, Oct. 18, at 1 P. M., from Martin Pick's chapel, 239 Lenox Av.

SERVICES.—THE FUNERAL CHURCH, Broadway, 66th St. (Frank Campbell's,) Goets, Elizabeth S., Thursday, 2:30 P. M.

TAUBERT. — Jacob, in his 40th year on Tuesday, Oct. 16, beloved husband of Mary, son of Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Taubert, and brother of Mrs. Otto Abrams, Mrs. Matthew Levey, and Louis, Mark, and Arthur. Funeral from his parents' residence, 114 East 91st St., on Friday, Oct. 19, 10 A. M. Relatives, friends, and Reuben Lodge, No. 3, I. O. F. Sons of L., invited.

WATTS.—On Monday, Oct. 15, 1917, Dr. Robert Watts, son of the late Dr. Robert and Charlotte D. Watts. Funeral services at his late residence, 22 West 73d St., on Thursday morning, Oct. 18, at 10 o'clock. Interment at convenience of family.

WEISBERGER.—Ignatz, Tuesday, Oct. 16, beloved husband of Bella, father of Jacob, Morris, Robert, David, Tillie, Gilbert, Mrs. J. Abrams, Mrs. S. Wechsler, Mrs. J. Furshman, and devoted brother of Mrs. B. Greenberger, Mrs. A. Weiss. Funeral from his late residence, 72 Madison St., Thursday, Oct. 18, 10 A. M. Interment Washington Cemetery.

WHITTINGHAM.—At Moores Mills, N. Y., Oct. 16, 1917, William Harvey, beloved husband of Caroline A. Whittingham. Funeral private.

WIELAR.—Emma, nee Ketchum, dearly beloved wife of Joseph Wielar and devoted mother of Adele and Miss Helen Seidenman. Funeral private. Please omit flowers.

WIGGINS.—On Tuesday, Oct. 16, 1917, Frank R. Wiggins, of pneumonia. Funeral services at the residence of his sister-in-law, Mrs. H. P. Lefurgy, 15 Farragut Road, Hastings-on-the-Hudson, on Friday, Oct. 19, at 3 P. M.

YEOMAN.—Suddenly, at her residence, 39 Remsen St., Brooklyn, on Wednesday, Oct. 17, Henrietta Rawland, widow of the late Joseph Yeoman. Funeral private.

ANDERSON.—James W., 2,348 Newbolt Av., Bronx, Oct. 15. Funeral tomorrow, 10:30 A. M.

BENDER.—Martha, Oct. 16. Funeral 1,275 1st Av.

CAMPBELL.—Thomas, Oct. 15. Funeral 2,034 Madison Av., today.

CARD.—Oscar, 2,699 Marion Av., Bronx, Oct. 15, aged 72.

CARLSEN.—Frederick, 340 East 87th St., Oct. 16, aged 71. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

CASEY.—Jannett, 250 West 38th St., Oct. 15, aged 38. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DALY.—John P., Rosebank, S. I., Oct. 15, aged 62. Funeral today.

DEVINE.—Margaret, 522 West 134th St., Oct. 16, aged 86.

D'HULST.—Anna, Oct. 15. Funeral Lexington Av. and 65th St., today, 9 A. M.

DOYLE.—Thomas, 401 West 24th St., Oct. 15. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

DUNN.—Frances, 1,635 Topping Av., Bronx, Oct. 16. Funeral notice later.

FEELEY.—John J., 172 Amsterdam Av., Oct. 16. Funeral today.

HALLINAN.—John, 154 East 85th St., Oct. 15. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

HAMILTON.—Honora, 216 West 69th St., Oct. 16. Funeral today, 8:45 A. M.

HARRISON.—Arthur, Presbyterian Hospital, Oct. 15.

HIGGINS.—John, 918 Trinity Av., Bronx, Oct. 16. Funeral today, 9 A. M.

KASTENS.—Alexander C., 312 West 121st St., Oct. 16.

KERRIGAN.—Julia, 152 West 64th St., Oct. 15. Funeral today, 10:30 A. M.

McKIBBEN.—Thomas J., Oct. 15. Funeral 130 Greenwich Av., today, 2 P. M.

Died.

McNAMEE.—Margaret, 548 West 52d St., Oct. 16. Funeral today.

MONKS.—Catherine, 317 West 57th St., Oct. 16. Funeral notice later.

O'BRIEN.—James P., 242 East 33d St., Oct. 15. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

OCHSE.—Maria, 1,488 Commonwealth Av., Bronx, Oct. 16, aged 83. Funeral today.

SHEEHY.—Patrick, 411 East 136th St., Oct. 15. Funeral today, 9:30 A. M.

TWOMLEY.—Mary, 135 Perry St., Oct. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

VITACCO.—Nicolo, St. Vincent's Hospital, Oct. 15. Funeral today.

WHALEN.—Bridget, 613 Westchester Av., Bronx, Oct. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 9:30 A. M.

WINN.—Michael, 228 East 95th St., Oct. 15.

Brooklyn.

ANCONA.—Jacob D., 1,008 Kent Av., Oct. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

ANDERSON.—Arthur L., 5,619 7th Av., Oct. 15. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

BONE.—ANNA, 273 West St., Oct. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

CAREY.—Jennie A., 745 Rutland Road, Oct. 16. Funeral tomorrow.

CARR.—Christopher, 645 57th St., Oct. 16. Funeral tomorrow.

CROWELL.—George J., 181 Bedford Av., Oct. 15. Funeral today, 1:30 P. M.

DAVIES.—Joseph, 445 11th St., Oct. 15, aged 50. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DENMAN.—Mary E., 538 56th St., Oct. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30 A. M.

DOUGHERTY.—John F., 223 Duffield St., Oct. 16. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

DOWNING.—Hannah, 549 4th Av., Oct. 16, aged 80. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

FECHER.—Joseph, Oct. 15, aged 61. Funeral, 651 Seneca Av., today, 2 P. M.

HARWOOD.—Nellie B., 1,730 Kimball St., Oct. 16, aged 29.

HEDENKAMP.—Meta C., 359 Decatur St., Oct. 16, aged 82. Funeral service today.

HELGESEN.—Frederick, 343 Court St., Oct. 16, aged 61. Funeral tomorrow, 10 A. M.

HOULTON.—James, 445 6th Av., Oct. 15, aged 53. Funeral today.

KEEGAN.—John, 70 Bergen St., Oct. 16, aged 74. Funeral tomorrow, 2 P. M.

LESCHHORN.—Margaretha, 1,915 Woodbine St., Oct. 16, aged 74.

PECK.—Theodore C., Baptist Home, Oct. 16, aged 83. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

PROBST.—Christian A., 527 Marcy Av., Oct. 17, aged 45. Funeral Oct. 20.

ROOD.—William, 580 Lexington Av., Oct. 16. Funeral notice later.

SAVAGE.—Margaret E., 483 3d St., Oct. 16, aged 68. Funeral today, 8:45 A. M.

SUYDAM.—Anna E., 996 Bergen St., Oct. 16. Funeral today, 2:30 P. M.

URAL.—Nellie M., 748 McDonough St., Oct. 16. Funeral today.

WHIPPLE.—Samuel P., 398 Westminster Road, Oct. 16. Funeral service today.

YOUNG.—George M., 35 South Elliott Place, Oct. 16. Funeral service tomorrow.

Jersey City and Newark.

CROUTER.—Annie E., 11 Brinkerhoff St., Jersey City, Oct. 15, aged 77. Funeral service today.

SCHWABACHER.—Bettie, 29 Broad St., Newark, Oct. 16, aged 56. Funeral today.

Long Island.

BOSSLER.—William, Long Island City, Oct. 15, aged 52. Funeral today, 2 P. M.

HOWARD.—John M., Southold, Oct. 16. Funeral today, 1 P. M.

OTTERBEIN.—Philip H. C., Farmingdale, Oct. 16. Funeral tomorrow, 8:30

War Tax Service

Information for the commissioner of the taxpayer

We have in pamphlet form:

1—*An expert analysis of the War Tax Law as applying to individuals and corporations.*

2—*The complete text of the War Tax Law annotated, cross referenced and indexed.*

3—*An Income Tax Chart enabling the taxpayer to ascertain the amount of his tax at a glance.*

We shall be glad to furnish any of the above mentioned pamphlets upon request. Please indicate which of these pamphlets you require.

The National City Company

National City Bank Building
New York

A simple four-page digest of the New Tax Law.

Sent on request.

E. H. Rollins & Sons

43 Exchange Place, New York
Boston San Francisco Chicago

Second Liberty Loan

of 1917

Subscriptions to the loan will receive our prompt and careful attention.

Wood, Gundy & Co.

14 Wall St., New York
Toronto Montreal London

In connection with your subscription to the

NEW U. S. LIBERTY LOAN

our services are at your disposal without compensation.

Blodget & Co.

24 PINE ST., New York. 60 STATE ST. Boston.

EST. W. E. 1886

HUTTON & CO.

Members { New York Stock Exchange / New York Cotton Exchange / Cincinnati Stock Exchange / Chicago Board of Trade }

New York Cincinnati

Buy Your 4%

LIBERTY BONDS TODAY

and help win the war. We will be pleased to execute your orders without charge. Detailed information furnished by the Liberty Loan Committee, 120 Broadway

"Coming Events"

OUR WEEKLY MARKET LETTER
Upon Request. Address Dept. E.
60 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Liberty Loan Bonds

Subscriptions received.

Colgate, Parker & Co

49 Wall St., New York

Wm. A. Read & Co.

New York
Chicago Philadelphia Boston London

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Prices Start Down Again, but Rally—Expect Relief for Railways.

Prices moved irregularly yesterday, but the close found many active securities higher by from 2 to 4 points than they were at the end of Tuesday's session. While the volume of dealings was smaller, it was large enough to indicate that liquidation is still proceeding on a large scale. The decline got under way again in the middle of the day, but was quickly halted, and in numerous instances stocks made up their early losses before 3 o'clock.

The Street is once more beginning to hope that the Interstate Commerce Commission will grant a substantial increase in freight rates. Such a development would prove particularly helpful at this time. The commission let it be known yesterday that it was prepared to facilitate matters as far as possible, and suggested to the railroad executives that they apply for a reopening of the 15 per cent. case as a short cut to the introduction of new evidence of declining railway prosperity. The greatest factors in the current depression are the threatened ill effects of the new war taxes and the inability of the railroads to make a showing on present rates that justifies them in asking for additional credit among investors. The fundamental mistake made in the new revenue legislation of levying taxes on all business profits instead of differentiating between normal and war gains is working against the Government loan and against the stimulation of the country's productive capacity. A case in point came to light yesterday that typifies the injustice of the new law against which so many complaints are being made. A concern which is operated on a nominal capital of $100,000 earned an average of $200,000 a year before the war, but its business has been hurt by the war, and the current year will show profits of only half that amount. Nevertheless, this company will be heavily penalized because its profits amount to 100 per cent. of its capital, and the management must curtail operations to provide money for the new taxes.

As for the railroads, they are approaching another Winter with track and rolling stock much below average condition of maintenance, yet with no prospect of any abatement in the flood of traffic they must carry away. Favorable and early action by the commission upon the reopening of the rate case would have a beneficial effect which would be much further reaching than immediate improvement in the railroads' credit.

Steel got down to 100¾ yesterday, but easily rallied to 101¾. Bethlehem B ranged from 74¾ down to 71, closing off 1¾. The copper stocks were weak. Kennecott losing 1¼, Anaconda 1, and Utah 1⅛. The weakness in tobacco issues was marked, American prominent, United Cigar Stores losing 2¼ and Tobacco Products the preferred stock of the latter 1¼, the former on the whole, traders selling off 6¾. On the whole, traders were pleased at the way the rally which followed the slump on Monday held in the face of fresh selling orders yesterday.

LONDON MARKET IS FIRM.

Leading American Shares Improve in Sympathy with Wall Street.

LONDON, Oct. 17.—The stock market was firm today with the war loan and gilt-edged securities in good demand. Continued strength and activity in industrials, bank shares, and South African mines were the principal features. Russian issues showed no recovery, but the leading American shares improved in sympathy with Wall Street.

Money was in better supply owing to maturing Treasury bills. Discount rates were quiet.

Trading Quiet on Paris Bourse.

PARIS, Oct. 17.—Trading was quiet on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes 61 francs 50 centimes for cash. Exchange on London 27 francs 18 centimes. Five per cent. loan 88 francs 50 centimes.

Extra Dividend by Illinois Central.

Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad Company, in advance of the annual meeting of stockholders, held in Chicago, declared yesterday an extra dividend of 1 per cent. for the current quarter, in addition to the regular quarterly dividend of 1¼ per cent. Both dividends are payable Dec. 1 to stockholders of record at the close of business Nov. 5. At the meeting of stockholders it was decided to change the date of the annual meeting to the third Wednesday in April, and Directors whose terms of office expired yesterday will hold over until then.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call Loans.

High	4	Last	2
Low	2	Renewals	4

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLATERAL		U.S. INDUSTRIALS	
Sixty days	5¼@5¾	Sixty days	5¼@5¾
Ninety days	5¼@5¾	Ninety days	5¼@6
Four months	5¼@5¾	Four months	5¼@6
Five months	5¼@6	Five months	5¼@6
Six months	5¼@6	Six months	5¼@6

Bank Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days	3½@3¾
Non-member banks and private bankers eligible, 60 to 90 days	3½@3¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days	4@4¼

Commercial Paper.

Best-Known Names.

30 to 90 days	5½
4 to 6 months	5½@6
Other Names.	
4 to 6 months	6

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Rates of Change.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Chge
Demand	$4.76 15/16	$4.75 15/16	$4.76 1/16	+.002⅛
Cables	4.76¼	4.76⅛	4.76⅛	..
Francs—				
Demand	5.70⅝	5.70½	5.70⅝	..
Cables	5.71⅛	5.71⅛	5.71⅛	..
Rubles—				
Demand	14.50	14.50	14.50 — .40	
Cables	14.75	14.75	14.75 — .40	

Closing Exchange.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close. Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$4.7515	$4.76⅛
5.1826 Paris	5.70¾	5.71⅛
China—		
Hongkong	62.50	63.75
Peking	99.00	99.25
Shanghai	99.00	99.25
19.295 Greece	43.00	43.25
40.19 Holland	33	33
32.44 India—		
Bombay	35.00	35.25
Calcutta	35.00	35.25
5.1826 Italy	7.77	7.76
49.84 Japan—		
Kobe	51.25	51.37½
Yokohama	51.25	51.37½
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	50.12½	50.25
	14.50	14.75
51.80 Russia	37	39
26.70 Scandinavia—		
Stockholm	27.00	27.25
Copenhagen	31.37	31.50
Christiania	31.50	31.62
19.295 Spain	23.25	23.35
South America—		
Rio	25.48	25.38
Buenos Aires	43.42	43.32
5.1826 Switzerland	4.66	4.64

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

Bankers.		Commercial.	
60 Days.	90 Days.	60 Days.	90 Days.
$4.71¼	$4.70½	$4.68½	

Clearing House Exchanges.

Clearing House Exchanges, $805,781,; balance, $61,714,780; Sub-Treasury 235; balance, $2,895,208; Federal Reserve debit balances, $34,099,917; credit balance, $34,099,917.

Domestic Exchange.

Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 15c discount; San Francisco, par; Montreal, $2.50.

Silver.

Bar silver in London, 43¼d. off ⅛d; in New York, 84⅛, off ½c; Mexican dollars, 64c.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Receipts and expenditures:

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs receipts	$5,764,589	$52,620,734
Ord. internal revenue	20,886,122	156,014,472
Income tax	4,174,601	24,828,049
Miscellaneous	6,881,187	37,319,200
Total	$38,306,491	$271,435,068
Excess of ord. disburse. over ord. receipts	187,083,327	758,705,057
Excess of total disburse. over total receipts	168,994,963	684,394,721
Expenditures	206,277,827	1,023,753,752

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	794,324	1,102,275	899,216
Year to date	149,237,720	156,262,575	132,681,399

	Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
	3½	3¾	600	Alaska Gold Mines	3½	3½	3½	3½	+⅛
	2⅝	3¼	100	Alaska Juneau	3	3	3	3	..
	19	20	900	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	20	20½	19¾	19⅞	−⅛
	79	80	300	Am. Agricul. Chem	78	79	78	79	+1
	74½	75	2,100	Am. Beet Sugar	74	74	71	71½	−2
	38½	38¾	5,800	Am. Can	39¼	40	38½	38⅝	−⅛
	94	97	400	Am. Can pf	95¼	95¼	94⅛	94⅛	−2⅛
	64	65	2,100	Am. Car & Fdry	65¾	65¾	63	63	−1½
	107¼	118¾	100	Am. Car & Fdry pf	107½	107½	107½	107¼	−½
	27	29	100	Am. Cotton Oil	29	29	29	29	−1
	10	10¼	200	Am. H. & Leather	10½	10¾	10¼	10¼	+⅛
	49	49½	500	Am. H. & Leath. pf	50½	51¾	49	49	−1⅝
	10¾	11	100	Am. Ice	11	11	11	11	..
	54	55	100	Am. International	54	54	54	54	..
	22½	23	1,900	Am. Linseed	23¼	23¼	22¾	22⅝	+⅛
	54	54½	3,300	Am. Locomotive	55	55¼	53	54½	−½
	15	16	600	Am. Malting	13	15¼	13	15¼	+3¼
	62	63¾	600	Am. Mail. 1st pf.x d	64	64	62	63	+½
	84½	84⅞	12,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	86¾	87¼	83½	84½	−2
	102	105	800	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	104	104	102	102	..
	109	110	600	Am. Snuff	109	109	109	109	..
	59¾	60	1,000	Am. Steel Fdries	59¾	59¾	58½	59¾	+⅞
	104⅝	104¾	4,300	Am. Sugar Ref	104½	105¼	103	104	+½
	56	57	100	Am. Sumatra Tob	57¾	58	56	56	−1⅛
	78½	85	1,700	Am. Tel. & Tel	80	80	80	80	+⅝
	114¾	115½	200	Am. Tobacco	115¾	115¾	114¼	115¾	+⅝
	178	180	1,200	Am. Woolen	178½	179	170	170	−3
	41	41¼	100	Am. Woolen pf	42¼	42¾	41	41	−¾
	92½	93¼	100	Am. Writing P. pf	93¾	93¾	93¾	93½	+½
	24	27	900	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	14¾	15	14¼	14¾	+2
	14¾	14¾	100	Am. Zinc, L. & S. pf	50	50	50	50	−1¾
	48	50	17,400	Anaconda Copper	65¾	66¼	63½	64¾	+⅝
	64½	64¾	1,400	Atch., Top. & S. F	93¾	97¾	93¼	97¼	..
	93½	94	100	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	91⅞	−⅛
	90½	91¾	500	Atlantic Coast Line	101	101	100⅞	100⅞	−1⅛
	100½	106	3,700	At., Gulf & W. I	85	96	92¾	93½	−1½
	93¾	94½	7,400	Baldwin Loco	53¾	54½	51	52⅝	..
	52½	53	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	96	96	96	96	..
	94½	97	2,700	Baltimore & Ohio	56¼	56¾	55	56¾	..
	56⅝	58¾	1,100	Bethlehem Steel	76	76	74	74	−⅝
	75	80	62,600	Beth. Steel cl. B t.c.	74¼	74¾	71	73⅝	..
	73¼	73½	3,200	Beth. S. pf.sub.r.f.p.	96¼	96¾	95¼	95¾	−⅛
	90¼	91	800	Bklyn Rapid Tran	56	56	55¾	56¼	−⅜
	56	57	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry.S	6¾	6¾	6¾	6¾	..
	6	7	200	Burns Brothers	98	98¼	96	96¼	+1½
	93	98¼	1,000	Butte & Superior	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾	+⅛
	18¼	18¾	400	California Packing	37	37	37	37	−¼
	36½	37¼	1,100	California Petrol	14¾	14¾	12¾	13	−½
	12	13¼	2,400	California Pet. pf	37¼	37¾	37	37	−¼
	26	37½	1,600	Calumet & Arizona	65	65	65	65	−1
	46	52	4,000	Canadian Pacific	151	151	148¼	149	−1½
	148¾	149¼	3,900	Central Foundry	28	28	28	28	−2½
	28	29½	100	Central Leather Co	75	75¾	72¾	73⅝	−⅛
	73¼	74	7,200	Central Leather pf	101	101	101	101	−½
	11½	12	200	Chandler Motor	31½	31½	31½	31½	..
	90	95	1,300	Chesapeake & Ohio	52	52	50¼	50¼	−1
	50¾	51¼	3,500	Chi. Great Western	5½	5¾	5	5	+⅛
	7¾	8	900	Chi. Great West. pf	21½	22¼	21¼	21½	+⅛
	22	23½	1,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P	45¾	46¾	45½	45⅞	−1½
	46¾	47	6,800	Chi., M. & S. P. pf	89	89	89	89	−1
	89	98	300	Chi. & Northwest'n	98¾	99¼	98¾	98¾	−1½
	98½	99¼	800	Chi., R. I. & P. t. c	22¼	22½	20¾	20¾	..
	21¼	21¾	4,300	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	58	58	55	56	−1
	56	57½	1,800	Chi., Rock Island & P. 6 p. c. pf. t. c.	50	50	47	47¼	−2½
			1,800	Chi., St. P., M. & O.	82	82	82	82	−5½
			100	Chile Copper	15¾	16¼	15½	15½	−½
			4,700	China Copper	43¾	43¾	41¾	41¾	−1⅜
			2,400	Cluett, Peabody	37½	37½	35½	35½	−2
			1,600	Col. Fuel & Iron	47	47	46	46	−1
			1,100	Col. & South. 1st pf	34	34	32½	32½	−1
			4,000	Columbia Gas & El	94	94	92	92½	−2½
			1,900	Consolidated Gas	12	12	12	12	−⅛
			100	Con. Int. Cal. Min	28¼	28¼	28¼	28½	..
			5,400	Corn Products Ref	90½	90½	89¾	90	−⅛
			12,000	Reading	67¾	68¼	67¾	68	−1⅜
			5,800	Rep. Iron & Steel	91	91½	90¼	91	+½
			1,000	Rep. Iron & S. pf	98½	98½	98½	98½	+3¼
			1,900	Royal Dutch N Y	68¼	67½	68	67¼	+¼
			600	St. Louis-San Fran	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	−⅛
			100	St. L. Southwest	27	27	27	27	−2
			100	St. L. Southw. pf	39	39	39	39	..
			500	Savage Arms	58	58	58	58	..
			100	Saxon Motor	11	11	10	10¾	−⅛
			200	Seaboard Air Line	10	10	10	10	..
			200	Seab. Air Line pf	21	21	21	21	−½
			200	Sears, Roeb. & Co	152	152	152	152	−½
			100	Shattuck-Arizona	20	20	20	20	−¼
			100	Shattuck Oil & Ref	33	33¼	33¼	33¼	−¼
			500	Sinclair Oil & Ref	37½	37½	37½	37½	−¼
			200	Sloss-S. Steel & I	89¾	89¾	87¾	88½	−¼
			2,000	Southern Pacific	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	−⅛
			2,700	Southern Railway	27¾	28¼	27¼	28	−⅛
			1,100	Southern Ry. pf	60½	61	60¼	60¾	−½
			600	Studebaker Corp	39¾	39¾	38¾	38¾	−½
			10,500	Superior Steel	33	33½	33	33½	−¼
			1,700	Tenn. C. & C	13	13	12¾	12¾	−⅛
			900	Texas Co	143¼	143¾	140¾	140¾	−1¼
			2,800	Tobacco Products	53¾	53¾	51¾	52¼	−1¼
			16,700	Tobacco Prod. pf	90	90	90	90	−⅝
			100	Transue & Wms	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	+⅞
			100	Union Pacific	123¾	124	121¼	123	+⅛
			3,900	Union Pacific pf	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾	+⅞
			100	Union Alloy Steel	40½	40½	39½	39½	−¾
			900	United Cigar Stores	94¼	94½	92	92	−2¼
			5,600	United Drug	68¾	68½	68½	68½	+½
			100	United Fruit	124	124	122	122	..
			700	United Rys. Invest	7⅛	7⅛	7	7	..
			200	United Rys. Inv. pf	14	15	14	15	+1½
			300	United Rys. 4 pf	13¾	13¾	12¾	13	−⅛
			1,100	U. S. C. I. P. & F	50¾	50¾	50	50	..
			200	U.S.C. I. P. & F. pf	134	135¾	133¼	135¼	+3½
			5,600	U. S. Indus. Alco	58¾	58¾	56¾	57¼	−¾
			3,300	U. S. Rubber	89¾	89¾	87¾	88	−1
			1,900	U. S. Rub. 1st pf	51½	52	50¾	51½	..
			1,500	U. S. Sm. R. & M	103¾	103¾	100½	102¼	..
			217,500	U. S. Steel	114	114	112¾	113½	−¾
			1,200	U. S. Steel pf	84	84	79	80¾	−½
			27,000	Utah Copper	30½	30½	29¼	29½	−1½
			800	Va.-Car. Chemical	7	7	7	7	−½
			200	Vulcan Detinning	23½	23½	23½	23½	−½
			100	Vulcan Detin. pf	9	9	8½	8½	..
			1,400	Wabash	42¼	42¼	41¼	42	−¼
			3,800	Wabash pf. A	21¼	21¾	21	21¾	−¼
			1,200	Wabash pf. B	16	16¼	16	16¼	−¼
			200	Western Maryland	38¾	38	38	38	−1½
			700	Western Union Tel	42	42	41	41	−1½
			1,400	Westingh. E. & M	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾	−¼
			200	Wheeling & L. E	30	30	30	30	−¼
			1,200	White Motors	55	55	54	54½	+⅛
			900	Wilson & Co	23¾	23¾	22¾	22¾	−1
			9,100	Willys-Overland	86	86	86	86	+1
			100	Willys-Overland pf	38	38	38	38	..
			100	Wisconsin Central	118	118	118	118	..
			100	Woolw., (F. W.) Co	51	51	51	51	..
			400	Worth. Pump pf. B					

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chg'e.
25 railroads	62.92	61.65	62.17	−.51
25 industrials	75.41	73.82	73.94	−1.06
50 stocks	69.16	67.23	68.05	−.79

DAILY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
Oct. 17	69.16	67.23	68.05	−.79
Oct. 16	69.93	68.92	68.84	+1.34
Oct. 15	69.16	68.99	67.50	−2.19
Oct. 13	Holiday.			
Oct. 12	Holiday.			
Oct. 11	70.35	68.57	69.69	+.26
Oct. 10	71.63	68.40	69.43	−1.68

MONTHLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Oct.	High.		Low.		Last.
1917	74.60	Oct. 1	66.92	Oct. 16	68.05
1916	99.11	Oct. 27	91.45	Oct. 9	97.99
1915	84.13	Oct. 22	82.93	Oct. 6	92.92
1914	Exchange closed				
1913	70.73	Oct. 2	66.20	Oct. 17	67.73
1912	85.76	Oct. 4	81.47	Oct. 30	82.30
1911	75.33	Oct. 16	72.01	Oct. 4	73.89

YEARLY RANGE OF FIFTY STOCKS.

Sept.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	80.46	Jan. 4	66.92	Oct. 16	68.05
†1916	97.89	Oct. 5	80.91	Sep. 22	94.90

Full Years.

1916	101.51	Nov. 20	80.91	Apr. 22	88.22
1915	94.13	Oct. 22	58.99	Feb. 24	91.50
1914	73.80	Jan. 31	57.41	July 30	60.20
1913	79.10	Jan. 9	63.09	June 10	68.06
1912	85.82	Sep. 30	75.24	Feb. 1	78.20
1911	84.41	June 26	69.57	Sep. 25	77.60

BONDS.

DAILY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Oct. 17	79.46	−.85	Oct. 10	79.73	−.14
Oct. 16	79.51	−.96	Oct. 9	79.87	−.16
Oct. 15	79.57	−.13	Oct. 8	80.03	−.03
Oct. 13	Holiday.		Oct. 6	80.04	−.07
Oct. 12	Holiday.		Oct. 5	80.13	−.10
Oct. 11	79.70	−.03	Oct. 4	80.23	−.13

YEARLY RANGE OF FORTY BONDS.

Sept.	High.		Low.		Last.
*1917	89.48	Jan. 20	79.46	Oct. 17	79.46
†1916	88.18	Oct. 18	86.19	Apr. 25	88.18

Full Years.

1916	88.18	Nov. 27	86.19	Apr. 25	88.64
1915	87.62	Nov. 24	81.51	Jan. 2	86.67
1914	88.42	Feb. 4	81.42	Dec. 2	81.96
1913	92.31	Jan. 10	85.45	Dec. 18	86.34

*To date. †To corresponding date.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Market Flash in the Pan.

A Matter of Encouragement.

News from steel and iron trade centres that buying of pig iron on the new price basis is expanding rapidly is the most satisfactory development in the industry since the first prices were fixed. It speaks well for the realization of the country's full expectations of the industry—that operations in all lines necessary to the completion of the war and shipping program be maintained at the highest level. If pig iron, the basic commodity, begins to move out rapidly from the furnaces, it is axiomatic that the semi-finished and finished steel products will be turned out at a faster rate than in recent weeks.

***

An over-night accumulation of buying orders to be filled at the start of business or soon after imparted an appearance of strength to the stock list yesterday which aroused many hopes in the first half hour. The movement had no more than gotten well under way, however, before bearish pressure became pronounced in the copper shares and certain of the industrials. The selling bore earmarks of short operations, which one part of the financial community would like to see restricted at this time and the other part can find no fault with. Whether short selling or liquidation of long stock was the dominant factor, stocks quickly showed that the buying power beneath the surface was far less persistent than on Tuesday, a development which brought much disappointment to traders who bought on Tuesday with the expectation of turning in a satisfactory profit before the end of the week.

***

Distillers Securities Bid Up.

So desirous were traders of buying Distillers Securities at the opening that the first sale at 85½ was a full point above the closing quotation the day before. Thereafter this stock paid no attention to the retreat in other directions, but moved forward for a net gain of 5¾ points on top of a rise of 2½ points in the preceding session. The commission houses heard many rumored explanations for the upward surge, including a hurried retreat of shorts, excellent earnings, and last, but by no means least in effect, the formation of a big pool committed to a substantial uplifting of the price before seeking to take profits.

***

Get the Other Fellow, Too.

Aesop's fable of the fox that lost its tail is being exemplified these days in the attitude of a number of big shipping men. Their business being the one most immediately in line with the country's war program has been the most completely nationalized of all. Where the Government has been content in other industries with fixing prices, in the case of the Shipping Board it has commandeered virtually the whole plant, and apparently intends to keep the original owners operating their own ships, merely as its agents, and paying over at least 90 per cent. of the profits into the United States Treasury. Consequently, the shipping men, rubbing the sore spots in their pocketbooks, are beginning audibly to wonder why the Government doesn't also take over the railroads and mines—and oil wells. You can hear plenty of Statesocialistic talk these days on the Maritime Exchange.

***

Shipping Profits.

As a matter of fact, there is no indication that the shipping industry is going to suffer or that individual initiative is going to be crushed out of it by the Government's program, whether the operating fee which owners receive for running their own ships for Government account is 10 per cent., for which the owners themselves are "rooting," or only 5, which some privately consider more likely. In either case they will receive the full time-charter rate for their ships, which was fixed some time ago by the Shipping Board, and which is generally admitted to be very fair—before the war it would have been thought a bonanza. With even 5 per cent. operating fee or loading commissions on top of this, the shipping men's initial dose of "state socialism" has not left them badly off.

***

British Steel Suggestion.

British steelmakers, with an eye to market conditions in the future, are considering ways to reduce costs and get the most efficiency out of existing plants. At a recent meeting of the Iron and Steel Institute in London, the following suggestion, according to The Times of London, was presented by a committee which had studied the manufacturing situation: "The opinion is expressed (in replies to queries sent out by the committee) that if the steel trade of Britain is to hold its own in open competition with other steel-producing countries of the world it will be necessary, among other things, to have a central board to which all orders will go, and from whence the work will be allocated to the different works according to their ability to do it. This would save the enormous amounts of capital locked up in rolls. Many mills have rolls for practically all the British standard sections, and exchange the rolls as required to suit orders. If, on the other hand, the orders were sent from a central board, mills could be kept on work allocated to them for long periods, thus reducing the amount of roll changing and also the cost of production."

***

London Taxicab Rates.

New Yorkers may grin sickly grins when they learn that Londoners at present are kicking vociferously because they have to pay taxicab rates of a shilling for the first mile and twopence for each additional quarter of a mile, these rates having been ordered by the Home Secretary. A shilling at normal exchange is worth 24.3 cents. Hitherto, even in wartime, and with high prices, it has been possible to ride a mile in a London taxicab for eightpence. And here in New York 30 cents a mile was considered an amazingly low rate when a company had the audacity to introduce it!

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17, 1917.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
Day's sales	$5,362,500	$7,571,000	$4,326,500
Year to date	778,923,951	863,143,050	670,762,200

U S Liberty 3½s, int etfs, f p $4110000 ..... 99.74
500x1st 99.72
230000 ..... 99.74
100000 ..... 99.76
72000 ..... 99.74
1000 ..... 99.72
10000 ..... 99.74
11000 ..... 99.72
447000 ..... 99.71
1000 ..... 99.72
97000 ..... 99.74
1000 ..... 99.72
30000 ..... 99.74
15000x10f 99.72
154000 ..... 99.72
10000 ..... 99.74
60000 ..... 99.72
14000 ..... 99.74
2000 ..... 99.72
25000 ..... 99.74
56500 ..... 99.72
24600 ..... 99.74
2500 ..... 99.72
54000 ..... 99.74
8000 ..... 99.72
5000 ..... 99.74
98000 ..... 99.72
404000 ..... 99.74
6000 ..... 99.72
7000 ..... 99.74
3000 ..... 99.72
10000 ..... 99.74
4000 ..... 99.72
160000 ..... 99.76
1000e8f 99.74
25000 ..... 99.72
2000 ..... 99.76
5166000 ..... 99.74
500 ..... 99.72
25000 ..... 99.74
11000 ..... 99.72
15000 ..... 99.74
6000 ..... 99.72
10000 ..... 99.74
149000 ..... 99.72
4000 ..... 99.74
25000 ..... 99.72

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:
Am For Sec 5s 10 ..... 95½
Angio-Fr 5s 2 ..... 91¾
1 ..... 91¾
2 ..... 91¾
1 ..... 91½
49 ..... 91¾
½ 91½
1 ..... 91¾
11 ..... 91¾
27 ..... 91½
CityofBordea 11 ..... 91½
5 ..... 91¾
E 1 ..... 91½
CityofLyons 5 91
1 ..... 91½
CityofMarseils 5 ..... 90½
1 ..... 91¾
5 ..... 91¾
1 ..... 91½
CityofParis 6s 11 91
2 ..... 90¾
6 90
1 ..... 90¾
1 91
CityofTokio 2 76
DomofCanada 1926 1 ..... 94⅝
1 ..... 94⅝
1 ..... 94½
1931 2 ..... 94⅜

$ 94½
French Govt temp 5½s 1 98
2 ..... 97½
3 ..... 96⅝
JapGovt4½s, sterl loan 1 88
24 Ser. German stp 2 77
UnKingdGt Br & Ire 5s 3 ..... 98¾
5 ..... 98¾
5 ..... 98¼
5½s, 1918 11 ..... 98½
5 ..... 98½
2 ..... 99½
5½s, 1919 3 ..... 94⅞
9 ..... 94⅞
3 ..... 94⅞
15 ..... 94⅞
new 20 ..... 98¼
23 ..... 98¼
5½s, 1921 7 93
1 ..... 92⅞
3 ..... 92⅞
2 93
NYCity4s, 1937 3 ..... 94½
4s, 1959 4 94
4½s, 1960 6 ..... 98¼

3 93
Chic, M&StP conv 4½s 10 ..... 78⅝
1 ..... 78⅝
1 ..... 78¾
conv5s, Sr B 10 85
1 ..... 84½
ref 4½s 25 ..... 73½
25 73
2 .....

The Birth of American Thrift

The United States Senate has published as a public document a study entitled "The Birth of American Thrift."

Based on the experience of the first Liberty Loan campaign, when millions of subscribers on the Partial Payment Plan helped not only their Government by providing war funds but also themselves in adopting a habit of saving, it tells clearly how subscriptions can be paid for out of future earnings.

We have a small supply of these pamphlets which we are ready to distribute to those contemplating a Partial Payment Liberty Loan subscription.

Send for it, subscribe to a bond—anywhere—and pass the pamphlet on to others who should subscribe.

John Muir & Co.
SPECIALISTS IN
Odd Lots

Main Office, 61 Broadway, N. Y.

42d St. & B'way.	26 Court St., B'klyn
59th St. & Mad. Av.	810 Broad, Newark.
140 West 42d St.	Bridgeport, Conn.
125th St. & Lenox Av.	New Haven, Conn.

Members N. Y. Stock Exchange.

Stocks & Bonds

may be purchased through us in 100 share lots or smaller amounts outright for cash, on conservative margin or under the partial payment plan.

Interesting booklet fully explaining the partial payment plan will be sent upon request.

Ask for booklet 1-B

SHELDON-MORGAN & Company

Members New York Stock Exchange
42 BROADWAY NEW YORK

Your LIBERTY BOND Subscription should at least represent your proportionate share of America's wealth.
Until it does, give no consideration to other securities—after it does,

Ask For Our New Circular On
Cities Service Common
We believe this stock has a sensational future.

Claude Meeker
71 Broadway, N. Y. City
Direct Wires to Western Markets
Telephone Rector 7657. Established 1895

Exempt from All Taxation in the State of New York

Municipality.	Rate.	Maturity.	Yield.
*White Plains, N.Y.	5.00%	1922	...4.40%
*N. Tonawanda, N. Y.	5.00%	1918-27	...4.40%
Mohawk, N. Y.	5.00%	1928-35	...4.45%
*Bronxville, N. Y.	4.75%	1921-23	...4.50%
*Massena, N. Y.	4.75%	1922-42	...4.50%
*Fowling, N. Y.	5.00%	1936-42	...4.55%

*Coupon bonds. *Registered bonds.
Descriptive circulars on request.

H. A. KAHLER & CO.
135 Broadway, New York
Telephone 7251—Cortlandt.

THE
Kentucky Petroleum Producing Co.
Circular on Request.
Pouch & Co. Members N. Y. Stock Exchange, 14 Wall St., N. Y.

Cities Service

Common and Preferred
Traded in on New York Curb
INSTANTANEOUS SERVICE.
E. BUNGE & CO.
Members New York Stock Exchange
44 Broad St. Phones Broad 6951-5

Cities Service
Common & Preferred
Bought—Sold—Quoted
H. F. McConnell & Co.
Members N. Y. Stock Exchange
25 Pine St. Tel. 6064 John. New York

Liberty Loan Bonds
E. F. Coombs & Co.
The Hundred Dollar Bond House.
120 Broadway New York

SHORT TIME INVESTMENTS
Bankers and other investors should familiarize themselves with the facts about the Collateral Trust Securities issued by this Corporation. $30,214,000. Issued $18,000,000 matured and paid. New booklet, "Collateral Trust Securities" giving full data, will be sent promptly on mail or telephone request. GUARANTY SECURITIES CORPORATION, 120 Broadway, New York City.

For Sale
American Brass
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co.
Phone 4000 to 4010 John. 36 Wall St., N. Y.

FULTON TRUST CO. of New York
149 Broadway
Receives Deposits, allowing interest. Accepts Trusts.

Mark A. Noble Theodore C. Corwin
NOBLE & CORWIN
30 Broad St. New York
Chase Nat'l Bk. Niles-Bement-Pond
Equitable Trust Royal Bk. Pd. Pfd.
Telephone 1311 Broad

STEEL TRADE BEGINS TO REGAIN IMPETUS

Several Hundred Thousand Tons of Pig Iron Reported Sold.

EXPECT WIRE PRICES SOON

It Is Estimated That the Government Will Require 3,000,000 Tons of Shell Bars.

The outstanding feature of the steel and iron trade this week has been the heavy increase in the buying of pig iron at the fixed Government price of $33 a ton. Reports from various centres of the iron industry indicate that several hundred thousand tons of foundry iron have been sold this week and last, whereas for a long period after the price was fixed consumers held off and business fell to a small figure.

In regard to the price-fixing program, The Iron Age says:

"Just when additional maximum figures will be settled on is not clear, but it is likely, now that ratios have been established for conversion differences between raw materials and semi-finished products and between the latter and finished forms, that further Government prices will be arrived at without requiring general sessions in Washington between the War Industries Board and the producers. Whatever the basis of the adverse criticism already developing, the underlying object in the price-fixing seems clear—to secure a condition which will bring out 100 per cent. production.

"On high authority it is intimated that the industry is expected to adjust itself to the new base prices, particularly in the matter of adopting usual trade practices without specific announcements in this regard. It is not clear as yet, however, that producers are expected to take any initiative in revising prices of major commodities not yet covered. Approximations as to what they may be, discounting special conditions, may be ascertained by comparing the new prices with the average of those for the years 1911 to 1914, inclusive, the four-year period before the war demands developed. The producers have used quotations of The Iron Age for this interval as the basis of their figures in deliberating with the War Industries Board.

"Before the end of the week, the base for wire will probably be fixed. A figure a little above the mean between the quotation of the largest maker and the higher one of the others would harmonize with the rest of the new prices."

The Iron Trade Review says:

"Now that shell-bar prices have been determined, the Government is proceeding to make tremendous distribution of its requirements in this line. It is estimated reliably that such matters upon which action now is being taken will call for from 2,500,000 to 3,000,000 tons. For the navy 1,000,000 tons, consisting chiefly of plates and shell steel, is in sight. The open requirements of the Emergency Fleet Corporation are placed at 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 tons. Selling of pig iron on the new prices has gone far ahead of steel."

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Oil.	20	22	Do pf.	14½	...
B. & Gas.	8	9	Iron Blos.	60	65
Bing. Mines	10⅝	12	Jerome Vd.	1¼	1⅜
Begole	50	75	La Rosa	42	48
Bohemia	1⅜	1¾	Majestic	28	32
Boston Ely.	65	75	Mex. Metals	30	31
B. & Mont.	47	49	Mojave T.	43	45
Butte & L.	12	14	New Balt.	1⅛	1⅜
Butte & D.	50	65	Nev. Doug.	1½	1⅝
B. & Ariz.	1⅝	2	N. U. Bing.	...	50
Calaveras	2¾	3⅛	Nixon	76	80
Crown Res.	22	25	Nor. Cor.	15¼	15⅝
Cons. Ariz.	1⅝	1⅞	Nat. Z. & L.	29	31
Cortez	10	20	Ohio Cop.	87	90
Champ. Cop	4	8	Oneco	40	70
Cluer Cons.	2⅞	3	Onondaga	30	40
Cal. Corbin	1	1½	Pioneer C.	1⅛	1⅜
Eagle & B.	2¾	2⅞	Ray Hero.	3⅛	3⅜
Earl Eagle	17	20	Rilla	2	4
Fortuna	6	8	R. W. R.	1	2
Gold Lake	2	4	Do pp.	1	2
Gila Copper	17	17⅜	Truro	1	1¼
Hollinger	75	100	Un. V. Ex.	31½	32
Homa Oil.	1¼	1⅜	Victoria Oil	2	2¼
Humboldt	80	85	Yukon Gold	1⅝	2
Iron Cap.	14⅜	15⅛			

COMMODITIES MARKETS

WHEAT.

Advices from abroad seem quite confident regarding the question of food supplies. Broomhall estimates that North America will have an exportable surplus of 400,000,000 bushels of wheat, Australia will have about 120,000,000 bushels, India has large reserves, and the coming Argentina crop promises a surplus of about 144,000,000 bushels. The problem abroad therefore is one of transportation, which, however, is a serious one, and makes America the most accessible market. The movement here continues rather discouraging. More talk is heard of bringing wheat to the Pacific Coast from Australia, and this may simplify the matter of moving the crop from that country, and liberate more wheat for shipment from the last American crop.

RYE.—Market steady; No. 2 Western, $1.87, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CORN.

Price changes in the corn market appeared to be due more to technical conditions than to any real change in the situation at large. Early the undertone was distinctly weak and prices were on the down grade under continued selling on the part of commission houses. Toward the close, however, the market developed a firmer tone, with active buying by early sellers, and final quotations were at the top, with net gains of ¾c to ⅞c. Europe is looking forward to increased offers from America, and, should exporters take the buying side, sentiment might very readily take a bullish turn. Farmers had comparatively little influence on the market. In the local cash market No. 2 yellow corn was quoted at $2.02 and No. 3 mixed at $2, cost, insurance, and freight, New York.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
December	1.14⅝	1.13¾	1.14⅝	1.14	79¼
January	1.10⅝	1.08¾	1.10⅝	1.09¼	
May	1.10⅞	1.09¼	1.10⅝	1.09⅜	81¾

OATS.

The cash proposition in oats again showed firmness, and, after experiencing a moderate early decline, prices rallied and closed firm, with net gains of ½c to ⅝c. Exporters took about 350,000 bushels. Reports from the West complained of export embargoes checking the eastward movement and receipts at primary points, while fair, continue to run behind last year. The local cash market was steady, standard quoted at 65½c; No. 2 white, 67c; No. 3 white, 65½@66c; No. 4 white, 65@65½; fancy clipped white, 67@68c; ordinary clipped white, 65½@67c, all elevator.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
December	58⅛	57⅜	58⅛	57¾	48⅞
May	60¼	59¼	60¼	59¾	52⅜

PROVISIONS.

The market for hog products was very weak early under selling by leading interests prompted by a larger run of hogs and weakness in the hog market. On the decline, however, shorts bought quite freely and this together with the late rally in corn brought about a partial recovery and closing prices were steady. Receipts of hogs at Chicago were 27,000; estimated for Tuesday, 23,000; Kansas City received 5,000 and Omaha, 4,200 hogs.

CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Year.
Lard—					
November	22.70	22.35	22.62	23.70	15.60
January	21.70	21.45	21.67	21.70	14.67
Ribs—					
October	...	...	27.00	27.12	12.92
January	22.05	21.82	22.05	22.00	12.92
Pork—					
January	41.32	40.87	41.32	41.30	24.12

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trading operations in the market for cottonseed oil were of very limited proportions, owing to the restrictions which exclude all speculation and which limit trading to hedging in the near positions and to closing out of old contracts in the late months. In the absence of business price changes were irregular, closing unchanged to 10 points lower. Total sales were 1,400 barrels. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	...	...	17.00	17.50
October	18.00	18.00	18.00	18.20
November	17.10	@17.75	17.00	17.00
December	17.15	17.00	16.90@17.20	17.00
January	16.95	16.90	16.95@16.95	16.80
February	...	...	16.40	16.50
March	16.75	16.75	16.60@16.75	16.60
April	...	...	16.25	...
May	...	...	16.10	16.10

COFFEE.

There was further liquidation in the coffee market yesterday and heavy switching from December to the later months. This included exchanges of December for September at 75 points, and December for May at 40 points, while December was exchanged for July at 58 points. Prices opened 2 points lower to 2 points higher, with late months relatively steady, but eased off, closing at a net decline of 4 to 8 points. The spot market was easier with quotations on the basis of 8¼c for Rio 7s and 9¾c for Santos 4s. Range of prices:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
October	...	...	7.09@7.05	7.07
November	7.13	7.11	7.10@7.12	7.14
December	7.22	7.18	7.17@7.20	7.21
January	...	...	7.24@7.25	7.29
February	...	...	7.30@7.31	7.36
March	7.41	7.37	7.36@7.38	7.43
April	...	...	7.43@7.47	7.52
May	7.60	7.57	7.55@7.57	7.62
June	...	...	7.62@7.65	7.70
July	7.78	7.73	7.71@7.73	7.77
August	...	...	7.80@7.81	7.85
September	7.97	7.90	7.89@7.90	7.93

SUGAR.

There were no new developments in the market for raw sugar, holders not being willing at present to offer sugars at refiners' maximum bid of 5¼c, cost and freight, equal to 6.90c, duty paid, and consequently there were no transactions, and the market ruled very quiet. Refined sugar was without special feature, Howell's and the American selling old orders at 8.35c, but taking on very little new business. Warner and the Federal continued withdrawn, and Arbuckle was practically withdrawn, their leading grades being exhausted. As yet there is no relief in sight, and the situation continues acute. Spot prices for raw sugar are nominal, based on last sales, as follows: Centrifugal, 6.90c; molasses, 6.02c; cost and freight, 5¼c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 10,368 packages. Under continued pressure to sell and very limited buying interest, prices further declined about ½c on all grades of creamery, and the market is still unsettled. Renovated a little easier. Ladies and packing stock more in buyers' favor. Creamery higher than extras, per lb, 44@44½c; extras, (92 score,) 43½c; firsts, (38 to 91 score,) 42@43c; seconds, (88 to 87 score,) 40¾@41½c; thirds, 40c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 45@46½c; extras, 44@44½c; firsts, 42@43½c; seconds, 41½@42c; creamery, lower scoring than extras, 44½@44c; extras, 43¾c; firsts, 42@43c; seconds, 40¾@41½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 43c; good to prime, 41@42½c; common to fair, 38½@40½c; renovated, extras, 42c; firsts, 41@41½c; lower grades, 38½@40½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 40@41c; ladies, current make, firsts, 39½c; seconds, 38@38½c; lower grades, 36½@37c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 38@38½c; No. 2, 37½c; lower grades, 35@37c.

EGGS.—Receipts, 10,971 cases. The market is still generally quiet. Very high grade fresh gathered have a fair inquiry, and these are in light supply and fairly firm. Medium and lower grades of fresh are moving slowly and still in considerable accumulation. Storage eggs dull and in buyers' favor under increased pressure to sell. Nearby whites of fancy quality scarce and firm; mixed and lower grades quiet and irregular. Nearby poultry by express very slow sale and prices weaker and irregular. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 45@46c; extra firsts, 43@44½c; firsts, 40@41c; seconds, 37½@39c; thirds and poorer, 33@37½c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 36@36½c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@35½c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 33@34c; under grades, 30@32c; refrigerator, special marks or fancy, storage and insurance paid, 37½@38c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 36@37c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 35@35½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 33@34½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 62@66c; ordinary to good, 59@60c; gathered whites, poor to fine, 45@62c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby white gathered, 60@66c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 42@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 49@54c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 42@46c.

BUTTER AND EGG MARKET.

BUTTER.—Receipts yesterday, 10,368 packages. Under continued pressure to sell and very limited buying interest, prices further declined about ¼c on all grades of creamery, and the market is still unsettled. Renovated a little easier. Ladies and packing stock more in buyers' favor. Creamery higher than extras, per lb, 44@44½c; extras, (92 score,) 43½c; firsts, (38 to 91 score,) 42@43c; seconds, (88 to 87 score,) 40¾@41½c; thirds, 40c; creamery, unsalted, higher than extras, 45@46½c; extras, 44@44½c; firsts, 42@43½c; seconds, 41½@42c; creamery, lower scoring than extras, 44½@44c; extras, 43¾c; firsts, 42@43c; seconds, 40¾@41½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 43c; good to prime, 41@42½c; common to fair, 38½@40½c; renovated, extras, 42c; firsts, 41@41½c; lower grades, 38½@40½c; imitation creamery, firsts, 40@41c; ladies, current make, firsts, 39½c; seconds, 38@38½c; lower grades, 36½@37c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 38@38½c; No. 2, 37½c; lower grades, 35@37c.

EGGS.—Receipts, 10,971 cases. The market is still generally quiet. Very high grade fresh gathered have a fair inquiry, and these are in light supply and fairly firm. Medium and lower grades of fresh are moving slowly and still in considerable accumulation. Storage eggs dull and in buyers' favor under increased pressure to sell. Nearby whites of fancy quality scarce and firm; mixed and lower grades quiet and irregular. Nearby poultry by express very slow sale and prices weaker and irregular. Fresh gathered extras, per dozen, 45@46c; extra firsts, 43@44½c; firsts, 40@41c; seconds, 37½@39c; thirds and poorer, 33@37½c; fresh gathered dirties, No. 1, 36@36½c; No. 2 and poorer, 30@35½c; fresh gathered checks, good to choice, dry, 33@34c; under grades, 30@32c; refrigerator, special marks or fancy, storage and insurance paid, 37½@38c; firsts, storage and insurance paid, 36@37c; seconds, storage and insurance paid, 35@35½c; lower grades, storage and insurance paid, 33@34½c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby Western hennery whites, fine to fancy, 62@66c; ordinary to good, 59@60c; gathered whites, poor to fine, 45@62c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby white gathered, 60@66c; Western and Southern gathered whites, 42@60c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby hennery browns, 49@54c; gathered browns and mixed colors, 42@46c.

EARNINGS.

Railroad.

GRAND TRUNK SYSTEM—
Grand Trunk Railway of Canada.

	1917.	1916.	1915.
August gross	£1,004,900	£1,040,230	£749,200
Net	216,700	305,050	248,700
8 mos. gross	6,968,450	6,136,700	5,291,900
Net	1,484,500	1,237,500	1,507,550

Grand Trunk Western.

August gross	174,000	172,400	138,100
Net	6,250	44,700	38,700
8 mos. gross	1,312,500	1,287,250	933,100
Net	30,450	5,3,600	84,800

Detroit, Grand Haven & Milwaukee.

August gross	58,300	59,600	55,000
Deficit	7,050	*7,400	*14,800
8 mos. gross	454,750	453,950	353,050
Deficit	53,450	*39,650	*6,700

*Surplus.

Public Utilities.

CITIES SERVICE COMPANY—

	1917.	1916.	Increase.
Sept. gross	$1,594,961	$722,053	$872,908
Net aft. taxes	1,566,373	700,533	865,850
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,566,146	700,183	865,963
Bal. aft. pf. div.	1,229,990	502,733	737,257
12 mos. gross	18,183,849	7,522,547	10,661,302
Net aft. taxes	17,843,293	7,295,880	10,546,323
Sur. aft. chgs.	17,638,052	6,915,371	10,923,681
Bal. aft. pf. div.	14,287,975	4,938,368	9,349,607

DETROIT EDISON COMPANY, All Constituent Companies—

Sept. gross	921,871	781,994	139,877
Net aft. taxes	224,483	268,402	*43,919
Sur. aft. chgs.	140,494	180,681	*40,187
9 mos. gross	3,806,234	7,056,249	1,641,985
Net aft. taxes	3,615,228	2,581,034	31,294
Sur. aft. chgs.	1,846,392	1,774,127	72,265

*Decrease.

Miscellaneous.

The net operating income of the Gulf States Steel Company for the month of September amounted to $287,186, an increase of $31,615 over the same month last year.

RAILWAY EQUIPMENT BONDS.

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1918-'27	4 @4¼	5.50	5.00
Buff., Roch. & P.	1918-'26	4¼@5	5.75	5.00
Can. Northern	1917-'26	4½@5	7.00	6.00
Can. Pacific	1918-'28	4½	6.25	5.25
Ches. & Ohio	1917-'27	4½	5.88	5.25
Chic. & N. W.	1917-'32	4½	5.25	5.00
Chi., R. I. & P.	1917-'27	4½@5	6.50	5.50
C., St. L. & N. O.	1917-'24	5	5.50	5.00
C., C., C. & St. L.	1918-'29	5	6.00	5.25
Cuba Railroad	1917-'28	5	6.50	5.50
Del. & Hudson	1917-'22	4½	5.90	5.30
Erie Railroad	1917-'27	4½@5	6.00	5.30
Grand Trunk	1917-'24	4½	6.75	5.75
Ill. Central	1917-'26	4½@5	5.50	5.00
Louis. & Nash.	1917-'23	5	5.35	5.00
Mich. Central	1917-'30	5	5.50	5.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1917-'23	5	6.50	5.50
Ma. Pacific	1917-'22	5	6.50	5.50
Mobile & Ohio	1917-'26	4½@5	6.75	5.50
N. Y. Cent. Lines	1917-'32	4½@5	6.00	5.00
Nort. & Western	1917-'24	4½	5.25	5.00
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1917-'25	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Penn. Gen. Ptr.	1917-'23	4 @4½	6.25	5.75
S. Louis S. W.	1917-'26	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Seaboard Air L.	1917-'26	5	6.50	5.50
Southern Pac.	1917-'20	4½	5.50	5.00
Southern Ry.	1917-'24	4½@5	6.25	5.50
Union Tank Line.	1918-'20	5	6.00	5.75

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holders of Rec.
Carwen Steel Tool	2	Q	Nov. 10	Nov. 1
Carwen Steel Tool	½	Ex	Nov. 10	Nov. 1
Fed. Sug. Ref. pf.	1½	Q	Oct. 29	Oct. 20
Guaranty Sec.	2	Q	Oct. 25	Oct. 22
B. F. Goodrich	1	Q	Feb. 15	Feb. 5
B. F. Goodrich pf.	1¾	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 21
Illinois Central	1½	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 5
Illinois Central		Ex	Dec. 1	Nov. 15
Kellogg Switch'd'.	2	Q	Oct. 31	Oct. 25
Lima Locomotive pf.	3½	Q	Oct. 31	Oct. 24
Ludlow Mfg. Assoc.	$1.50	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 1
Ludlow Mfg. Assoc.	$1	Sp	Dec. 1	Nov. 1
Mont. L., H. & P.	2	Q	Nov. 15	Oct. 31
North American	1¼	Q	Jan. 2	Dec. 15
Pacific Mail pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Portland G. & C. pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Reading Co.	2	Q	Nov. 8	Oct. 23
Reading Co 1st pf.	1	Q	Dec. 13	Nov. 27

FINANCIAL NOTES.

James H. Oliphant & Co. have prepared and will soon issue a pamphlet containing a very full analysis of the effect of three years of war on British investment securities, with tables showing the fluctuations in prices of each class of security.

Frank D. Potter of Pouch & Co. has been elected President of the General Ordnance Company, succeeding A. J. Stone, now a Lieutenant Commander in the navy.

Directors of the Lima Locomotive Works, Inc., declared yesterday an initial semi-annual dividend of 3½ per cent. on the preferred stock, payable Oct. 31 to stock of record Oct. 24.

J. P. Morgan & Co. have notified holders of trust certificates for preferred stock of the Southern Railway Company that such certificates may be exchanged on presentation at the Morgan offices for definitive stock certificates at any time before Oct. 31. The voting trust expired three years ago, and this action is now taken to assure payment of the recently declared dividend to the rightful owners.

President Clarence M. Woolley of the American Radiator Company has been elected a trustee of the New York Trust Company.

Formal application of the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia to join the Feder l Reserve Bank system has been filed with the Federal Reserve Bank.

Clarence M. Woolley, President of the American Radiator Company, has been elected a Trustee of the New York Trust Company.

The Lima Locomotive Company has declared an initial dividend of 3½ per cent. on the preferred stock.

At a special meeting of the stockholders of the Philadelphia Electric Company the plan for the exchange of stock of the New Jersey Company to the Pennsylvania Company was adopted.

THE COTTON MARKET

Finish Steady, Off 2 to 18 Points Net After Unusually Nervous Day.

No very marked tendency in either direction manifested itself in the cotton market yesterday. The influence of last week's highly unfavorable weather reports and killing frosts appeared to have spent itself, and though the market was far from dull—on the contrary, if anything more than usually nervous and irritable—no features appeared during the day to produce more than a temporary effect. An opening decline was followed by an advance which carried December and January contracts up to new high records for the season, but this promptly brought out heavy and general realizing, under which January, after selling at 27.30c, closed at 26.93c. The finish was steady, off 2 to 18 points net.

There was Southern selling at the opening, but after starting at a decline of 2 to 12 points, active months sold about 15 to 20 points net lower. Reports that Germany was threatening to extend her submarine operations to the Atlantic coast attracted some attention, and probably helped to unsettle sentiment. Offerings were readily absorbed on the decline, however, the feature being the continued active buying of trade interests. This was again accompanied by reports that spinners were calling cotton or fixing prices, and seemed to take so many contracts out of the market that prices worked up rapidly as soon as the buying broadened. December sold up to 27.85c, and October to 28.07c, with the general list showing net advances of 17 to 35 points during the early afternoon. Demand from trade sources then appeared to be subsiding, which stimulated the realizing of speculative longs, with December selling off to 27.17c in the late trading. The close was a few points up from the lowest on covering.

Apprehensions of another cold snap in the Southwest were partly responsible for the forenoon advance, and there was also buying on the report of a Memphis authority estimating frost damage at fully half a million bales. Some of the private estimates now reaching the ring from Southern sources placed the crop at slightly under 11,000,000 bales excluding linters. Bullish Southern spot advices figured on the forenoon advance, but there was one report from Texas of an easier basis. A number of the reports coming in from Eastern belt sections say there is increased competition owing to the arrival of buyers there from the Southwest. Exports for the day were 38,800 bales, making 1,007,763 since the season, against 1,318,562 last year. Southern spot markets as officially reported were unchanged to 50 points higher.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Tues.
Oct.	27.80	28.07	27.74	27.90@27.90	27.90
Nov.	...	...	...	27.56 bid	27.70
Dec.	27.35	27.85	27.17	27.26@27.28	27.37
Jan.	26.90	27.30	26.76	26.93@26.95	26.95
Feb.	...	...	...	26.53 bid	26.55
March	26.65	27.00	26.53	26.69@26.70	26.72
April	...	...	...	26.55 bid	26.70
May	26.58	26.90	26.45	26.52@26.60	26.70
June	...	...	...	26.50 bid	26.65
July	26.62	26.85	26.60	26.80 bid	26.67
Aug.	26.18	26.18	26.18	26.18@26.20	26.30

The local market for spot cotton was steady and unchanged at 28.45 for middling upland; sales 400 bales.

Southern spot markets were as follows: New Orleans, 27.15c; Savannah, 27.75c; Augusta, 27.75c; Galveston, 27.45c; Houston 27.77c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Wednesday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	34,478	27,979	50,401
Exports	38,800	18,427	46,972
Exports, season	1,097,763	979,481	1,318,562
For'n stocks	694,270	623,440	1,104,204
Interior receipts	38,802	32,495	43,834
Int. shipments	30,043	22,588	31,661
N. Y. arrivals	4,097	5,468	9,982
N. Y. stocks	43,827	40,945	55,355

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton in moderate demand; prices advance for middling to 20.47d and good middling 20 points higher at 21d. Sales 4,000, including 3,000 American. Imports nil. New contracts opened steady at 28 to 30 points advance and closed at a net advance of 66@14 points.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 17.—Twenty-five new corporations, with an aggregate capitalization of $3,567,500, were chartered today. They include:

The Seneca Falls Mfg. Co., Seneca Falls; make clothes and machinery; 5,000 shares preferred stock, $100 each; 15,000 shares stock, no par value; active capital, $575,000; I. S. Chapman, H. E. Newell, H. J. Crane, Syracuse.

Benny Leonard Cigar Co., Manhattan, $25,000; B. and W. Leiner, L. Lavine, 101 West 115th St.

Down Town Garage Co., Manhattan, $5,000; J. S. and D. L. Reardon, J. Weldon, 410 Madison St.

Joseph Elias & Co., Queens, jobbers and dealers in plate and decorative glass, $300,000; N. S. Goetz, J. G. Griffin, T. Joffe, 530 West 123d St.

American Stock Raising Corp., Saugerties, $100,000; M. B. Robinson, J. A. and M. R. Brooks, Saugerties.

Mount Vernon Ice Co., Mount Vernon, $100,000; V. Deutsch, D. Schilke, F. Weidscheck, 4110 Wickham Av.

Selmer Buildings, Buffalo, $5,000; M. Bach, G. and J. G. Selmer, Buffalo.

United Art Bronze Works, Manhattan, $5,000; M. and I. Kohn, F. Halloma, 542 East 79th St.

Hopkins-Plymouth Co., Manhattan, theatrical and motion pictures, $45,000; A. F. Hopkins, D. F. O'Brien, L. Shubert, 225 West 44th St.

Lemsier, Schwartz & Co., Manhattan, make tin and other metal foils, $2,000,000; J. L. Gitterman, B. N. and H. J. Schwartz, 213 Canal St.

Greenberg Real Estate Corp., Manhattan, $10,000; L. H. and H. Greenberg, R. Brodsky, Vernon Av.

Charles G. Ferguson, Inc., Manhattan, express and storage business, $10,000; C. G., J. G., and J. Ferguson, 302 West 12th St.

J. C. Paturso & Co., Manhattan, insurance and freight brokers, $5,000; J. C. Paturso, 1 di Carrabba, V. Dibrienza, 1,562 75th St., Brooklyn.

Chattanooga Coke and Gas Co., Manhattan, 15,000 shares common stock no par value; active capital, $75,000; R. Early, W. H. Yeo, T. J. Ward, 120 Broadway.

Liberty Tractor and Truck Corp., Manhattan, $250,000; G. Cohen, G. H. Stallbeck, B. Eversley, 2 West 29th St.

David Anderson, Inc., Albany, real estate, 10,000; E. F. Barford, J. E. Bristol, A. S. Lyon, Albany.

Equitable Underwriters Corp., Manhattan, $25,000; F. L. Stevens, G. Price, G. Leight, 97 Cedar St.

CAPITAL INCREASES.

Ranew Hat Works, Inc., Manhattan, $5,000 to $8,000.

Jackson Heights Apt. Corp., L. I., $500,000 to $1,000,000.

F. T. Coppins & Son, Buffalo, $20,000 to $50,000.

Wise & Whitlock, Manhattan, $30,000 to $100,000.

CHANGE OF NAME.

Buffalo Adv. Service, to Buffalo Adv. Letter Service.

AUTHORIZATIONS.

Brown Portable Conveying Machinery Co., Ill., $150,000; representative, O. H. Oertel, 50 Church St.

Philadelphia Shippers, Inc., New Jersey, $37,500; representative, H. S. Gould, 37 Wall St.

Western Grain and Warehouse, Inc., Ore., $250,000; representative, A. H. Hurst, 16 Beaver St.

REVOCATION AND NEW RESIGNATION.

The C. Maxwell Co., New Jersey; new representative, F. C. Brigg, 2 Rector St.

DISSOLUTIONS.

The Arlington Co., New Jersey.

Lovetan Realty Corp., Manhattan.

Green Point Glaze Co., Manhattan.

The Johnson Harvester Co., Brockport.

D. B. Holding Co., Amityville.

Robinson's Drug Store, Bronx.

Athlelia Textile Co., Manhattan.

J. H. Mirsky, Inc., Bronx.

New Jersey Charters.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 17.—Charters filed: Rubber Specialty Company, deal in rubber goods, $10,000; Solomon Berman, Solomon J. Lewis, and Harry Johnson, all of Trenton.

Swartz Publishing Company, Newark, to take over the publishing of The Newark Free Zeitung and to conduct a general printing business, $100,000; James C. Nolan and Hans von Hunderhause of Newark and George Schierholz of East Orange.

South River Realty Corporation, Perth Amboy, real estate, $25,000; Barney Streiff, Rose Streiff, and Dora Suhr, all of Perth Amboy.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction by Adrian H. Muller & Son at the Auction Sale-room:

1,271 shares Spokane & Inland Empire Railroad Company preferred, $100 each, $1.10 per share.

450 shares Spokane & Inland Empire Railroad Company common, $100 each, 15 cents per share.

10,000 shares High Grade Copper Mining Company, $1 each, $18 lot.

1,050 shares Sahuaa Grande-Henderson Mining Company, $1 each, $1,050 lot.

GOULD QUITS RAILROAD.

Retires as a Director of the Western Maryland.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17.—At the annual meeting of stockholders of the Western Maryland Railway Company today George J. Gould, who has been a Director of the road ever since the Fuller Syndicate purchased the property, over fourteen years ago, retired from the board. He was succeeded by John N. Willys, President of the Willys-

BUY—SELL

MIDWEST REFINING CO.
MERRITT OIL CORPORATION
ELK BASIN PETROLEUM CO.
INTERNATIONAL PETROLEUM
IMPERIAL OIL CO., LTD.
LOBITOS OILFIELDS, LTD.
SAPULPA REFINING CO.
HOUSTON OIL CO.
PORT LOBOS PETROLEUM
NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO.
NORTHWEST OIL CO.
COSDEN AND CO.
BONDS & STOCK

CARL H. PFORZHEIMER & CO.
Dealers in Standard Oil Securities
Phone 4860-1-2-3-4 Broad. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Am. Sumatra Tob. Pf.
Manning & Bowman Co.
Bank of Manhat. Co.
B'way & 7th Av. 5s, '43
Gt. Nor. Pow. 5s, 1945

Hanson & Doyle
30 BROAD ST. Phone 4684 Broad.

Hartford & Conn. West. R. R.
Guanajuato Red. & Mines 6s
Gt. Western Pow. Deb. 6s
Am. Invest. Sec. Com. & Pfd.
Rockland Rockport Lime 5s

HOTCHKIN & CO.
Incorporated
14 Pine St., N. Y. 53 State St., Boston.
Phone 4161 John. Private Phone to Boston.

Investing Money

Successful investing of one's funds does not merely consist in selecting good issues. There are times to buy as well as times not to buy. Six months ago was a poor time to buy any securities.

What about the present time? Subscribers to this Service are being given definite answers to all such questions as this. Let us tell you about our Service.

Ask for Booklet No. 234.

MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE
John Moody, Pres.
35 Nassau St., New York. Tel. 3173-4 Cort.

UNITED STATES STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Bought, Sold, Quoted
Full Information on Request
THE BOUGHTON COMPANY
Incorporated
Rector 4165-6 71 Broadway, N. Y.

THE Kentucky Petroleum Producing Co.
Circular on Request.
Joseph E. Higgins
52 Broadway, New York.
Telephone 5396-5397 Broad.

WE DEAL IN
Borden's Milk Common
Otis Elevator Common
Standard Paint Company
Babcock and Wilcox
Guaranty Trust Company
Central Trust Company
L. A. NORTON
Tel. Broad 2805 25 Broad St.

Glenrock Oil
Bought—Sold—Quoted
Orders executed on New York Curb at the Market.
H. G. Einstein & Co.
Tel. Broad 4515. 25 Broad St., N. Y.

Marlin Arms
STOCK & NOTES
Kiely & Horton
30 Broad St., N. Y. Phone Broad 6911

YOUR ANCHOR
In times of uncertainty when rumors work to unsettle confidence, investors are more than ever in need of the conservative advice of The Financial World. A copy and an attractive subscription offer "A" is obtainable by writing to The
FINANCIAL WORLD
Publication Office, 25 Broadway, New York

Norwegian Amer. Line
Georgia Ry. & Pow. (all issues)
Elec. Bond & Share Pfd.
Texas Power & Lt. Pfd.
Adirondack Elec. Power Com.
New England Inv. Sec. Co. Pfd.
FREDERIC H. HATCH & CO.
Phone Broad 8140. 30 Broad St., New York
Private telephone to Boston and Philadelphia.

Evansville & Terre Haute 5s
Chicago & East. Ill. 4s
Western Maryland 1st Pfd.
Kirby Lumber
William C. Orton
25 Broad St., N. Y. Phone 7160-1-2 Broad

BOND AND STOCK BUSINESS wanted: street trader in unlisted securities; good character and can furnish bond and references; splendid opportunity for advancement. 40 Wall Street Downtown.

ROADS AGAIN MOVE FOR HIGHER RATES

Commission Notified That Eastern Lines Soon Will Seek General Increase.

ASK TEMPORARY RELIEF

Question of Increase on Long List of Commodities Taken Up at Conference.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—Eastern railroads are preparing to place before the Interstate Commerce Commission a program to provide general relief from their financial difficulties. Executives of the roads so notified the commission today when they appeared in connection with proposed increased rates on a long list of commodities not included in the raise granted in the 15 per cent. rate advance case last June. What form the railroads' program would take was not disclosed, although it was broadly intimated that the commission would be asked to authorize a general rate advance.

Notification of the roads' intention was incidental to a conference of the commission, the roads, shippers, State Railway Commissioners and other interested parties at which the question of specific advances was taken up. The broad features of the whole rate revision program remained in the background. Discussion centred almost wholly on the technicalities of procedure involved in obtaining what the roads characterized as temporary relief.

This temporary relief, the commission was told, was desired in the form of increased rates on a long list of commodities, chief of which are live-stock, dressed meats, petroleum, grain and grain products, sand, stone, cement and copper. The proposed increases would apply to traffic east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio River. They would not affect, except indirectly and by combination, rates in other sections of the country.

Seek Temporary Relief Now.

"It is the opinion of the gentlemen I represent," said George Stuart Patterson, spokesman for the roads, "that any relief which will be secured from permitting increases in rates on these commodities will be only temporary relief and that it is only a question of a short time when the needs of the Eastern carriers will be brought to the attention of the commission in a much more general and more specific way than is contemplated in these particular tariffs."

After the commission disposed last June of the 15 per cent. case, the railroads in many instances promptly filed individual tariffs, proposing virtually the same increases that had been denied. The dockets in many such applications, and a number of proposed tariffs are under suspension.

Commissioner McChord, seeking to shorten the way to disposition of the railroads' request, suggested today that it might be well for the roads to apply for a re-opening of the 15 per cent. case, but withdrew the suggestion upon learning of the number of pending cases which would be affected by such a course.

Chairman Hall of the commission suggested at the close of the hearing that the roads notify the commission formally of what they desired in the way of temporary increases, and said that the commission would confer over methods of procedure suggested by the roads and communicate its decision to the carriers.

Representatives of shippers asked that they also be notified of further developments in the case. Chairman Hall told them it would be done.

Commission in Divisions.

Under authority recently granted by Congress the commission today divided itself into three sections to facilitate the work of disposing of its ever-growing docket. The first division, consisting of Commissioners McChord, Meyer, and Aitchison, will be charged with the work of the Bureau of Valuation, "other than considering and deciding proceedings relating to the valuation of carriers' property." Division No. 2, consisting of Commissioners Clark, Daniels, and Woolley, is charged with action upon certain rate applications and requests for suspensions, the transportation of explosives and dangerous articles, and tariffs carrying released rates. Commissioners Harlan, Hall, and Anderson, constituting the third division, are charged with disposition of all Board of Review cases which have been submitted," and those not heretofore orally argued before the commission or any division thereof."

All three divisions will alternate in hearing cases set for argument, each division hearing arguments for one month.

VOTE NO ON PRICE CONTROL.

Fifty Business Men Meet to Discuss Referendum on War Policy.

Fifty business men attended a meeting held yesterday at the Merchants' Association rooms to take action on the referendum being conducted by the Chamber of Commerce of the United States to arquaint Congress with the national sentiment regarding price fixing. Of those present twenty-eight voted against price control, one voted for it and four cast "neutral" votes.

The vote was taken after several addresses had been delivered. C. C. Harriss, Treasurer of George D. Harris & Co., coal dealers, asserted that 15,000 coal miners in Illinois had become idle since the Administration began fixing the price of the fuel, and that the output of coal in the country this month was more than 3,000,000 tons less than normal.

J. Howard Cowperthwait of Cowperthwait & Sons, furniture, asserted that if "it were not considered unpatriotic" he would say that "price control could not succeed." He took the price of milk as an illustration, and said that if the price should be fixed at ten cents a quart less milk would come to the city, and dairymen would slaughter their cows.

Charles Thaddeus Terry, a lawyer, a member of the State Commission on Uniform State Laws, said that price fixing was a mistake. The Sherman law and the Clayton act forbid agreements to fix conditions and prices. These laws were intended to support commercial morality, he said, and to protect the interests of the consumer. If the fixing of prices was wrong under these acts, it was wrong, he argued, in any case, even in the face of war.

Charles F. Droste, dealer in butter and eggs, said he had just received a letter from Liverpool saying that control had worked so well over there with respect to butter and cheese that there was none left to control.

R. H. Johnston of the White Automobile Company presided. "I think we will all admit," said Mr. Johnston, "that if you fix the price of one commodity you must fix the price of all."

The vote does not bind the Merchants' Association unless ratified by the Directors at a meeting to be held soon. The association has ten votes in the National Chamber, but can decline to cast them at all if it considers such action advisable.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Tuesday. Bid.	Asked.
Tin	61.00	61.50	61.00	61.50
Spelter	8.20	8.30	8.20	8.25
Antimony	14.50	15.00	14.75	15.25
Quicksilver	$100.00		$100.00	
Aluminium	*87.00	89.00	*87.00	88.00
Iron, No.2X f'dy.		33.75		33.00
Nonsulphur				

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market, all deliveries, 23¾c per pound bid.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. s. d.	Tuesday. s. d.
Copper, spot	110 0 0	110 0 0
Copper, futures	110 0 0	110 0 0
Tin, spot	247 10 0	247 0 0
Tin, futures	245 0 0	244 0 0
Spelter	34 0 0	34 0 0
Lead	30 10 0	30 10 0

VOTE IN DU PONT CASE.

Defendants Polled 312,587 Shares to 157,959 for Complainants.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Oct. 17.—The official count of the vote cast by stockholders of the Du Pont Powder Company a week ago for and against the acquisition of the $60,000,000 worth of the powder company's stock by Pierre S. du Pont, President, and other officials of the company for themselves, was completed this afternoon, and the official totals of votes, as announced by Daniel G. Hastings, Special Master, are:

Against the purchase of this stock for the company, 312,587 shares, sustaining President du Pont and his defendant associates; for the purchase, 157,959 shares supporting the contention of Alfred I. du Pont and the other complainants.

The voting of much of the stock in favor of the defendants was objected to by the complainants, and they hope to have it eliminated. The definite result will not be known until Judge J. Whitaker Thompson enters his final decree in the case.

The shares eligible to vote were 473,182, and the total polled in support of President du Pont and his associates is more than 66 per cent. of the eligible vote on the face of the returns. The total does not include the 126,628 shares in dispute.

After the vote has been tabulated, Judge Thompson will pass upon the protests of the plaintiffs against counting stock of defendants, their relatives and of employes and bonus stock.

UNITED STATES GOVT. BONDS

Inasmuch as the bulk of the business in United States Government bonds is done over the counter, and not on the Stock Exchange, THE TIMES gives the following quotations, obtained from bond dealers:

	Bid.	Ask.
2s, registered, 1930	97¼	98⅛
2s, coupon, 1930	97¼	98⅛
3s, registered, 1918	98⅜	98⅝
3s, coupon, 1918	98⅜	98⅝
3s, registered, 1946	85	90
3s, coupon, 1946	85	90
4s, conversion, 1947	85	90
4s, registered, 1925	105½	106⅛
4s, coupon, 1925	105½	106⅛
2s, coupon, '38, reg	97⅛	98⅛
2s, Panama, '38, coupon	97	98⅛
3s, Panama, '61, reg	83	86
3s, Panama, '61, coupon	83	87

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s	July, 1967	101¼	101⅜	101⅜
4½s	June, 1965	101¼	101⅜	101⅜
4½s	Mar., 1963	101¼	101⅜	101⅜
4½s	Mar., 1957	101¼	101⅜	101⅜
4½s	May, 1967	101¼	101⅜	101⅜
4½s	Nov., 1917	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛
4½s	April, 1966	97⅝	98⅜	98⅜
4½s	Mar., 1960-80	98	98⅜	97⅝
4½s	Mar., 1964	97⅝	98⅜	98
4½s	Mar., 1962	97⅝	98⅜	98
4½s	Sept., 1960	97⅝	98⅜	98
4s	May, 1959	94	94⅜	94
4s	Nov., 1958	93⅝	94	93⅝
4s	May, 1957	93⅝	94	93⅝
4s	Nov., 1956	92	93⅛	93⅛
4s	Nov., 1955	92	93⅛	92⅜
4s	Nov., 1936	94	94⅜	94
4s	May, 1919	99½	..	99⅛
4s	Nov., 1918	99⅛	..	99⅛

		Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
4½s	Nov., 1954	82	85¼	82
4½s	May, 1954	82	85	82⅛
4½s	Nov., 1955	81½	..	82

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s	1918-1928	4.40	4.20	4.23
4½s	1924-1931	4.45	4.80	4.40
4½s	1921-1923	4.40	4.20	4.35
4½s	April, 1920	4.50	..	4.35
4½s	1918-1919	4.50	..	4.50
4½s	1940-1953	4.50	4.35	4.50
4½s	1930-1939	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s	1922-1929	4.50	4.25	4.50
4½s	1919-1921	4.40	4.10	4.40
4½s	1917-1918	4.40	4.10	4.40
4½s	1940-1953	4.50	4.20	4.50
4½s	1926-1930	4.50	4.20	4.50
4½s	1918-1925	4.50	4.00	4.40

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sale.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
12	Am. Light & Traction	238	235½	236	236½
25	Interstate Electric	40	40	36	42
37	Interstate Electric pf	95	95	90	95

		Bid.	Asked.
	Adirondack Elec. Pow. 1st	17	18
	Adiron. Elec. Power pf.	69	70
	Am. Cities pf	19	20½
	Am. Gas & Electric	102	105
	Am. Gas & Elec. pf	44	46
	Am. Light & Trac. pf.	100	103
	Am. Power & Light	56	59
	Am. Power & Lt. pf	78	81
	Am. Public Utilities	20	35
	Am. Pub. Utilities pf	62	66
	Am. Water W. & El.	13	17
	Am. W. W. & E. partic.	4½	7
	Am. W. W. & E. 1st pf.	63	67
	Carolina Power & Lt.	32	33
	Carolina P. & L. pf.	93	96
	Colorado Power	24	25
	Colorado Power pf.	97	100
	Commonwealth P. & L.	39	40
	Com'wealth P. & Lt. pf.	73	74
	Conn. Power pf.	89	93
	Consumers' Power pf.	93	96
	Dayton Power & Lt. pf.	80	85
	Du uth Edison	75	78
	Eastern Texas Electric	53	55
	E astern Texas Elec. pf.	80	85
	E. Paso Electric	100	104
	El Paso Electric pf.	91	97
	Electric B. & S. pf.	95	97
	Electric Properties	32	38
	Empire Dist. El. pf.	84	87
	Federal Light & Trac.	15	17
	Federal Light & Tr. pf.	40	45
	Galv. Hous. El. pf.	69	69
	Gas & Elec. Securities	200	210
	Gas & Elec. Sec. pf.	90	96
	Int. Mt. Ry., L. & P. pf.	96	98
	Lincoln Gas & Electric	47	49
	Miss. River Power	10	12½

Bonds.

98¼	Man. & S. R. & L. 5s	99½	100	
71	Miss Riv. Power 1st 5s	69½	70½	
83	Miss. V. G. & E. 5s	82	86	
97	New Eng. Pow. 5s	96	98	
98	N. O. L. & P. 1st 6s	98	98	
83½	Nor. States P. 5s, '51	83	84	
93¼	Nor. States P. 5s, 1941	90	93	
88	Ohio Gas 1st 6s, 1939	100	102	
102	Omaha & C. B. 5s	99	101	
101	P., G. & E. (Ariz.) 6s	94	95	
99	Portland Gen. Elec. 5s	99	100	
101	Roanoke Ry. & El. 5s, '19	96	98	
96	Stand. G. of N. J. 5s	94	96	
96	So. Cal. Ed. 5s, 1939	93	96	
92	Twin States Gas & El. 5s	88	90	
113	U. S. R. & M. 5s, '26	111	113	
90	Un. Light & Rys. 1st 5s, 1932	83	90	
97	Un. Light & Rys. deb. 6s, 1926	97	99	
96	United Util. cv. 5s	93	95	
98	Utah Securities 6s	93½	98	
94	Wash. W. L. & P. 6s	95	98	
94	Western Power 1st 5s	90	94	
96	West. S. G. & E. 1st 5s	94	96	
96	West. P. P. 1st 5s, '46	90	96	
96	Wis. Edison 6s, 1924	91	96	

OUT-OF-TOWN EXCHANGES

BALTIMORE.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
145	Alabama Co.	45	45	45
25	Do 2d pf.	55	55	55
126	Con. Coal	95	95	95
82	Con. Power	102½	102	102
3,468	Cosden	8¾	8	8¾
182	Do pf.	4	3¾	3¾

Bonds.

$5,200	Bal.C.3¾s	40	68¼	68¼
1,000	Con. Gas 5s	100½	100½	100½
1,000	Con.P.6s,nts.	98¾	98¾	98¾
7,000	Cosden 6s	82	81½	82
21,000	Do 6s	83¾	82	82
5,000	Cs.G.6s,'19	90	90	90

CHICAGO.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
200	Am. Shipb'g	90	89	89
50	Am. Straw pf.	50	50	50
50	Booth Fish.	22	22	22
100	Canal & D'k	53¼	53½	53¼
110	C. C. & C. R	1¼	1¼	1¼
10	Do pf.	19	19	19
50	Chi. Ry., S. P.	11	11	11
55	Cudahy	115	114¼	116
10	Com. Edison	113	112	113
200	Consu. Gas	100	100	100
100	Dia. Match	113	112	112

Bonds.

$1,000	Chi. City & Conn. 5s	80	80	80
1,000	Chi. R. 1st 5s	88¾	88¾	88¾
13,000	C. Ed. 1st 5s	96¼	96¼	96¼

PHILADELPHIA.

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
31	Am. Gas	100	99¼	99¼
10	Am. Rys. pf.	88	88	88
1	Cambria Iron	44	44	44
610	Elec. S. Bat.	51¾	50¼	51
126	Gen. Asp. pf.	58	57½	57½
3,390	Lake S. Corp	13½	12⅜	13
871	Lehigh Nav.	69	68	68
164	L. V. R. R.	58¾	57½	57½
10	L. V. T. pf.	41	41	41
673	Pennsylvania	50¼	50¼	50¾

Bonds.

$7,000	Leh. V. gen. 4½s	92½	92⅜	92⅜
1,000	L.V. Coal 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
10,000	Lib. Lt. 3½s	99.70	99.60	99.60
1,000	Pa. gen. 4½s	91¾	91¾	91¾
1,000	Pa. con. 4½s	100¼	100¼	100¼

BOSTON.

Mining.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
65	Am. Zinc	15	14	14¼
10	Do pf	48	48	48
115	Adventure	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
160	Ahmeek	91	86	86
100	Alaska Gold	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
175	Allouez	56¼	55	55
10	Anaconda	65	63¾	63¾
705	Ariz. Com'l.	9	8¾	8¾
25	Cal. & Ariz.	66¼	64	64
23	Cal.& Hecla	495	475	475
120	Centennial	13	13	13
981	Cop. Range	50¼	48	48¼
25	Daly-West	2	2	2
1,955	Davis-Daly	4	4	4
1,205	East Butte	10	9¾	9¾
20	Granby	71	70	70
125	Hancock	10	8¾	8¾
21	Isl'd Creek pf.	94½	94	94
405	Isle Royale	28	26	27
240	Lake	6⅛	6	6⅛
220	Mason Val.	5	5	5
280	Mass Con.	7	6¼	6¾
100	Mayflower-Old Colony	1¼	1¼	1¼

Railroads.

29	Bos. Elev	44	43	43
100	Bos. & Me.	22¾	22½	22¾
87	Con. & Mon., Class 4	87	87	87
5	Me. Central	93	93	93

Miscellaneous.

15	Am. Agr.Ch.	73¾	73¾	73¾
13	Am. Sug. pf.	112¾	112¾	112¾
440	Am. Tel	115¾	114½	115
110	Am.Woolpf.	93¾	93	93
330	A. G. & W.I.	96	95	96
5	Do pf	89	89	89
80	Cuban Com't	13	13	13
62	Edison	180	177	180
12	Gen. Elec	187	187	190
10	Mathiesen	50	49	49
41	Mass. Gas	84	83	83
2	Do pf	70	70	70

Bonds.

$2,000	Am.Ag.Ch.5s	93¾	93¾	93¾

$237,000	Lib. 3½s	....99.72	99.40	99.70

MUNITIONS STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.
Astna pf	35	40	40
American Brass	200	265	265
Atha Powder	155	160	157
Do pf	100	101	98
Babcock & Wilcox	115	117	115
Bliss	375	425	425
Do pf	75	83	75
Canadian Explo	250	260	260
Do pf	104	110	104
Can. Found'y F	155	170	155
Colt's Arms	83	86	86
Du Pont	275	288	276
Hercules Powder	260	262	267
Do pf	111	113	111
Niles-Bem't-Pond	130	138	135
Scovill Mfg	520	540	575
Winchester Arms	750	850	800

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5,500	‡Aetna Expl.	4¾	3¾	4⅛
200	‡ Do pf	40¼	40	40½
650	‡Air Reduc.	85	79	81
210	Carwen Steel	9¾	9	9¾
1,400	Chev. Motor	79	72	75
575	Colt. Ser. old	21⅞	21⅜	21⅝
450	‡ Do pf	75½	71¾	73
600	Curtiss Aero.	34	32	32
200	Ex.-Hea., Inc.	22¾	22¾	22¾
100	Holly Sugar	45	45	45
300	Inter. Rub.	11	11	11
2,900	‡Int.LubeCh.	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
100	Key. T. & R.	13¾	13½	13½
100	‡LukensSteel			
2,000	‡Maxim Mu.	101½	101½	101½
100	N. Y. Trans.	14	14	14
300	N. A. P. & P.	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARIES.

1,100	Anglo-Am. O	17½	17	17½
150	Stand. O. Co. of N. J.	503	497	497

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

1,200	‡Allen Oil	⅝	⅝	⅝
700	‡Bar. O. & G	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
525	‡Beth.O. & G	10¾	10¼	10¼
45,000	‡B.-W. Oil	37	32	33
4,000	‡Cosden Oil	8¼	7⅞	8
2,400	‡Crosby (a pros)	28	28	28
2,540	Cum. P. & R	1⅜	1¼	1¼
2,500	‡Elk R. Pet.	8	7⅞	8
2,500	‡E. O. & G., (a pros)	¼	¼	¼
5,000	‡Esm. O. Cp.	¼	¼	¼
1,100	‡Federal Oil	3¼	3⅛	3⅛
1,900	‡Glenrock Oil	16	16	16
300	‡Int. Pet'm.	12⅜	12¼	12⅜
2,000	‡K. U. C. Oil	1½	1½	1½
2,100	Ken's Oil, (a pros)	¼	¼	¼
700	‡Kentucky P.	8¾	8¾	8¾
1,250	‡Lost C. Oil	⅛	⅛	⅛
4,000	‡Mer. O. Cp.	31⅞	30	31½
3,000	Met. Pet'm.	1	1	1
8,000	‡Midwest O.	126	122	123

MINING STOCKS.

2,700	Acme C. H.	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝
600	Al.-Brit.Col. Mines	¾	¾	¾
2,500	‡Atlanta	8	7	7⅛
2,500	Big L. Cop.	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
4,200	‡Bos. & Mon.	51	47	48
6,500	‡Brad. C. M.	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,200	‡Brant M.	57	57	57
400	Butte C. & Z., v. t. ctfs	8⅝	8⅝	8½
1,600	Butte Det	8⅝	8⅝	8½
1,750	‡Caledonia	58	50	55
3,800	‡Cal. & Jer.	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛
200	Canada Cop.	1½	1½	1½
8,000	‡Cashboy	5	3	3
2,200	‡Coco R. M.	2½	2½	2½
3,300	Con.Aris.Sn.	1¾	1¾	1¾
3,500	Con. Cop. M.	1¾	1¾	1¾
800	Con.-H'st'd.	16	16	16
1,000	Cress.Con.G.	5	4⅞	5
1,000	Emma Con.	9	8	8
600	‡Gold Cons.	33	32	32
1,000	‡Gold. Mer.	4	4	4
1,500	‡G.H. Bend.	9	8½	8½
800	‡G.V.Sat.Cp.	1¼	1	1
1,000	‡Green M. M.	1	1	1
2,550	Hecla Min.	6	5⅞	5
1,000	‡Inter. Min.	7	7	7
2,500	‡Jim Butler	88	76	77
30,000	‡Jerome Ver. (a pros.)	1⅛	1	1
9,400	‡Jum.-Pr. Cp.	1½	1½	1½
1,000	Jose.-Kenne. (a pros.)	1	1	1
1,200	‡Jumbo Ext.	16	15	16
$5,000	‡B.&'l 5s 2-yr.	97¾	97¾	97¾
$8,000	‡Can. G. 5s	93¾	93¾	93¾
5,000	‡Gen. El. 6s notes	101¾	101	101¾
18,000	‡Gt. No. 3-yr.	98¼	98	98¼

*Odd lot. †Sell cents per share. ‡Unlisted. Note.—Tuesday 3,000 Russian 6½s sold at 75¾.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Bid and asked quotations of stocks not traded in compared with those of the previous day:

INDUSTRIALS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Ask.
Astna ctfs. of deposit	3	6	3	6
Am. R. Mfg.	5	10	5	10
Do pf	20	35	20	35
Am. Drug.	10	15	10	15
Am. Stores	33	38	33	38
Do 1st pf	96	98	96	98
Am. Writ. P.	¾	1	½	¾
Do pf	2	2½	2	2½
Atlantic Steel	140	170	140	170
B'worth Jud.	45	60	60	60
Brit.-Am.Tob., Reg.	15½	16½	15½	16¾
Do coupon	15½	16½	15½	16½
Can. Nat. Gas	¼	½	¼	½
Carbon Steel	65	75	70	77
Car. in Flats	2½	3	3	3
Chaim. Mot.	3	8	4	8
Do pf	50	60	50	60
Charcoal Iron	6¾	7½	6¾	7½
Do pf	5	6	5	6
Cramp Ship	90	100	90	100
Curtiss A. pf.	68	75	68	75
Eastern Steel	122	127	122	127
Fed. Motors	7	9	7	9
Do 2d pf	10	15	10	15
Free, Texas	41	43	41	43
Grant M. C.	4¾	5	4¾	5
Hall Sig. pf.	10	18	10	18
Havana Tob.	⅝	1¼	⅝	1
Do pf	4	8	4	8
Hendee Mfg.	22	27	22	27
Holly Sug. pf.	100	102	100	102
Int. M. 2d pf.	15	20	15	20
Kath. B. pf.	2	5	2	5
K. T. & R. pf	14	15	14	15
Kresge	83	87	85	90
Kresge Dor. Bl.	4	4¼	4	4¾
Do 1st pf.	8	8	8½	8½
Lima Loco.	55	57	55	57
L. Val. C. S.	65	70	67	72
Lehigh Steel	37	44	37	44
Marc. Motors	3	5	3	5
Marlin Arms.	90	100	90	100
Man. Transit.	½	¾	½	¾
Mitchell Mot.	30	45	30	45
N. Y. Shipb.	35	..	35	..
Poca.-L. Coal	4¼	4¾	4¼	4¾
Poole Engine.	60	80	60	80

INDUSTRIALS.—Continued.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Ask.	Tuesday. Bid.	Ask.
Redden M. T.	10	13	14	
Rep. Truck	49	54	49	54
Do pf	94½	95	95	95
Smith (A. O.)	89	90	89	90
Do pf	89	90	89	90
Stand. Motors	7½	8½	8¼	9
St. L. Rail. & P.	3	3	3	3
United E.	3¾	4	3¾	4
Unit. Zinc Sm.	2¾	3¼	2¾	3¼
Wrt.-Mar. pf.	42	50	42	50
Zinc Concen.	1	2	1	2

OIL STOCKS.

THE BUSINESS WORLD

Buyers' Wants

APPAREL.—Spot cash for better grade coats, suits, dresses. Bargain Cloak Co., 1,170 Broadway. Madison Sq. 7974.

APPAREL.—Cash; surplus stock; better grade suits, coats, dresses. National, Franklin 2412.

BRAIDS, buttons, trimmings, tinsel goods; cash for job; every description. Spring 7980.

BROADCLOTH.—Open for F. & H. or Botany 33% quantity, all shades. Chelsea 4676.

BURELLA.—Wanted, Stevens 6001, Shade 522, in exchange for any other shade. Farragut 2467.

CHEVIOTS—¾ and 6-4 widths, all colors; cheap; velours or flannels, all colors, also 6220 or similar in Burgundy only. Ritter Bros., Greeley 4876.

CHINCHILLA.—Open for all good makes, navy, brown, and tan. Gramercy 6518.

CLOTHING.—Men's, women's, children's jewelry, diamonds; entire stocks bought; good prices. Write or telephone Aarons, 742 6th Av. No stock too big; quick buyers.

CLOTH COATINGS.—Anything in overcoat cloth for spot cash. Lyman, 4620 Madison Square, 404 4th Av.

COATING.—Will buy L. L. 7580-87 navy American, for spot cash. Submit offer at once to D. & S. Woolen Exchange, 1,265 Broadway.

COATINGS.—Single width; thibets and meltons. Madison Square 1265.

COATS, Suits, and Dresses.—Open to buy spot-cash jobs; quantity no object. Call or phone M. Shapiro, 1,170 Broadway. Madison Square 4058.

COATS.—Jobber placing stock order on better coats; 8 West 20th St., Room 606.

COATS.—Open for any quantity ladies' coats for cash. Far 2045.

COATS.—Jobber will buy 5,000, fur trimmed, all colors. 1st floor, 104 West 27th.

COATS.—Jobber open to buy 500 of the better grade. 7th floor, 8 West 32d.

COATS.—Placing stock orders on fur-trimmed coats. 6th floor, 22 West 29th St.

COTTON GOODS.—We are open to buy colored and white striped voile. Halper & Feldman, 621 Broadway.

COVERTS.—Spring weights; also open for Spring line children's coats. Gramercy 7184.

CREPE DE CHINE.—Can use quantity of gold at a price. Gem Silk Mills, 104 West 27th.

CREPE DE CHINE, flesh, under 90 cents, cash. Paradise, 24 West 30th.

DRESSES.—Jobs, silks and serges. Call 5 West 31st, first floor.

FURS.—Fur manufacturer with kitconey to make quantity of collars. Rudinger & Oppenheim, 821 Broadway, New York.

FUR COLLARS of coney, muskrat, opossum; large quantities. Slater, 1,333 Broadway.

FUR COLLARS.—Open for large quantity of kit coney for cash. Roaengarten, 11 East 31st St.

LADIES' SUITS.—Job wanted, any quantity. Phone O'Neill, 1600 Stuyvesant.

MADRAS.—We are interested in dark and light grounds Madrases, also printed percales that can be used for boys' shirts and blouses. Tuteiman-Monheit Co., 247 S. 3d St., Philadelphia, Pa.

MIXTURE COATING, Wilson & Lawrence style, 580 colors, 2-3-7-9; also United States blue serge, 838 or 235. Gramercy 5174.

MIXTURES.—Open to buy 11070, all colors. Farragut 2347.

MIDDY BLOUSES.—Jobber looking at samples. Farragut Co., 1,270 Broadway.

POMPOM, all colors; also F. & H. or Botany taupe broadcloth; American black and taupe kersey. Farragut 2016.

POM POM.—American 0816; open for all shades; state price for cash; also silver tones. Phone Chelsea 2570.

POM POM.—Open for Burgundy, plum, cash. Hyman Binder, 38 West 25th. 586 Far.

POM POMS.—Wanted, brown, green, taupe, Burgundy, and reindeer. Chelsea 6515.

POM POM.—American 0816, all colors, spot cash, Mad. Sq. 2047.

POMPOM, all colors. Phone Farragut 3888.

SERGE.—Quantities black Jullliard serge, quality 54221, to exchange for navy of similar quality. Madison Square 8850.

SERGES—S. P. G. L.; open for quantity, navy, black. Madison Square 1265.

SERGE.—Amoskeag 6122, black and navy; will pay cash. Madison Square 3104.

SILKS.—Taffetas, peau de cygnes, plain and changeable; cash. Al. Warshauer, 432 4th Av.

SILKS.—Taffetas, peau de cygnes, plain and changeable; cash. Address Al Walshauer, 432 4th Av.

SKIRTS.—Jobber placing orders wash and cloth skirts. Levin, 149 West 36th.

TRIMMINGS.—Chase's 3-inch, in tiger trimmings. Tel. Madison Square 2715.

VELOUR.—American 544-0859, J. P. Stevens 8094, Parker Wilder V100 or heavier, or any other make of velour; send swatches of colors, with quantity. Price and terms to L. & D., 147 West 22d St. store.

VELOURS.—Heavyweight Burgundy; Burgundy Kerseys, Burgundy kitten's ear, and green velours. H. Zaldenberg Co., 20 West 20th. Farragut 9980.

VELOURS.—Open for burgundy and taupe, all weights. Bronson Bros., 48 West 25th St. Far. 6264.

VELOURS.—Navy and burgundy, any quantity, for cash. Herzog Cloak and Suit Co., 1,333 Broadway.

VELOUR.—Will pay cash for medium weight velours in all colors. Telephone Chelsea 1016.

VELOUR.—Open for 11050, in all colors; also for raritan beavers 1278, in all colors; also for black kersey. Chelsea 9015.

VELOURS.—Open to buy American Woolen Co.'s 11050 or similar cloth, all colors, for cash. Gottlieb & Laikind, 38 West 21st St.

VELOURS.—11050, 13009, 13046, 13045, K544, 15020, all colors, for spot cash. Madison Square 3121.

VELOURS.—American; open for heavyweight, all colors. Farragut 5166.

VELOUR, all colors, lightweight. Slater, 1,333 Broadway.

VELOURS.—Open for heavyweight velours, in all colors. Chelsea 9866.

VELOUR 11050, navy, black, brown, or similar. Eisman & Lifshitz, Chelsea 8346.

VELOUR.—Salt's velour, du Nord. Madison Square 6121.

VELOUR.—Navy 13046 or similar. 1636 Madison Square.

VELOURS.—Heavyweight, all colors, cash. Haft, 104 West 27th.

VELOURS.—Taupe, reindeer, Pekin and navy 0859, or similar. Chelsea, 3186.

VELOURS wanted for coatings, in all shades, pay cash. Chelsea 2906.

VELOUR.—Heavy weight, Burgundy and plum. Tel. 8149 Madison Square.

VELOURS.—Lightweight Burgundy, taupe; also Wilson 618, all colors. Farragut 616.

VELOURS.—Burgundy and plum, light weight, for cash. Chelsea 1858.

VELOUR.—Light and medium weight; all colors. Madison Square 6085.

VELOURS.—Open for burgundy and taupe. Farragut 266.

VELOUR.—Will exchange 0859 Copper Velour for Pekin or Reindeer. Farragut 8187.

VELOURS.—Lightweight burgundy. Telephone Madison Square 2715.

WAISTS.—Georgette style, cheap; best Canadian market. Lucile, 405 Barton St., Hamilton, Canada.

WOOLENS.—An opportunity to sell your surplus woolens of all kinds; send us samples, quantities, and lowest prices for quick action. William Cerf & Co., 317 South Market St., Chicago, Ill.

WOOLENS.—An opportunity to sell your stock of plaids, mixture serges and woolens of all kinds; lowest prices for cash. F. Hyman Co., 201 Greene St. Spring 8676.

WOOLENS and cottons in the piece; also job and remnants. Norman Wiener, Unity Building, Montreal, Canada.

WOOL PLUSHES in navy, brown, green and Burgundy. Rudinger & Oppenheim, 821 Broadway, New York.

WOOL PLUSH.—American or Stevens or similar qualities; will pay cash for quantities. Madison Square 1265.

Offerings to Buyers

ASTRACHANS.—Salts, colored esquimette, plush in brown, green, and taupe, $3.40; 36, & 36, fancy stripe plush, $3.60; Bellmont, $4.15; Blumenthal's silk nutria, 50-in. to beaver, mole, and fitch, $4.50. Greeley 4879.

BLANKETS.—Military blankets; contractor with large plant wishes to get in touch with manufacturers. X 886 Times Annex.

BOLIVIA.—F. & H., all colors. Madison Square 6190.

BOLIVIA.—F. & H. 7835 and Loopines 7487, all colors. Chelsea 8058.

BROADCLOTH.—30 and 54 in., all colors. Oxford suitings; 3 pieces 54-in., $1.25; quilted sateen linings, all colors, cheap. Greeley 4377.

BROADCLOTH.—F. and H. and botany, all colors, at $2.10; Duvet de Laine 7575, green and beetroot, at $2.15; American 6937 velour at $2 net. Madison Square 7428.

BROADCLOTH AND FLANNEL.—Tan; immediate delivery. Republic Novelty Works, 230 5th Av. Madison Square 1504.

BROADCLOTH. — Jullliard's 2002, black, navy, green, and brown; also navy, green, and brown velour. Farragut 9805.

BROADCLOTH.—Will exchange all colors botany for burgundy and plum. Mr. Bobrick, Farragut 2308.

BROADCLOTH, white, for sale. 30 West 32d St., 5th floor.

BROADCLOTH for sale; 30 pieces; all colors; $2.10 net. Greeley 4386.

BURELLAS.—0310, all shades; Whitman's 1210 cotton warp serge. Madison Square 2423.

CHIFFON VELVET.—Stirn's 2540, black only, for cash. Morningside 4517.

COATINGS.—¾ Thibets, meltons, Oxford, navy mack, brown; 600 pieces, 48½c to 75c. Levensohn & Sats, Mad. Sq. 1265.

COATS.—Silks, mercerized and cotton plushes, broadcloth and velour coats, very reasonable. Ulin Bros., 55 East 11th. Stuyvesant 3049.

COATS.—Have fur trimmed coats on the racks for immediate delivery. I. Zelikow & Son, 19 West 24th St.

COATS.—See our wonderful coats for immediate delivery, from $7.50 up. Rubin & Braff, 26 West 20th.

COATS.—Velours, broadcloths, latest styles, rock-bottom prices. Joe Korostoff, 36 West 20th.

COATS.—Immediate delivery, velours, kersey, broadcloth, fur trimmed. Deutsch Rosenthal, 27 West 24th.

COATS and Suits on the racks for immediate desivery. W. Phillips & Co., 145 West 28th St.

COATS.—Plush coats, fur trimmed, $11.50 up; infants' and children's cheap for today's delivery. Hutner, 48 West 26th St.

COATS.—Pompom, velours; all the latest colors, plushes; on the racks for immediate delivery. Nowalk Bros., 105 Madison Av.

COATS.—Plush, high grade cloth coats on hand for immediate delivery. Herman D. Brous Co., 134 West 29th St.

COATS, SUITS.—Immediate delivery; new styles; low prices. Talbot Co., 114 West 27th.

COATS.—Jobs children's plush and cloth coats, half price. Schwarts, 31 West 15th.

COATS.—Silk plush, 48 long; guaranteed lining; $10. Metropolitan, 40 West 27th.

COATS, SUITS.—Our best sellers for immediate delivery. M. B. Kaufman, 6 W. 32d.

COATS.—Stouts, chicken coats; immediate delivery. J. Dunn, 127 West 25th St.

COATS.—Ladies' and misses' sizes, at a sacrifice. Cooper & Grapes, 802 5th Av.

CORDUROY.—Narrow wale, navy, brown, myrtle, 36 inch. Spring 8980.

CREPE-BACK SATIN.—75 pieces, black, navy, taupe, ivory, flesh. M 176 Times.

CREPE METEOR.—Eagle's 851, crepe de chine 634, all colors. Farragut 8647.

DRESSES.—Young women's, misses', and juniors' serges and silks, new styles, finely tailored, for immediate delivery; popular prices; also evening frocks. Little Dutchess Dress Co., 116 West 29th. Farragut 879.

DRESSES.—Save money by buying direct from contractor. Beautiful serge dresses $7.50 to $11.50; visit our show room and be convinced. H. Wolfenson, 39 East 20th.

DRESSES.—Large stock dresses to close out at a price; serges, $3.75 up; silks, $5 up; wonderful values. Greater N. Y. Silk Co., 44 East 23d St.

DRESSES.—Large stock of silk and serge dresses, to close out at a sacrifice; assorted styles and colors. Regent Dress Co., 41 West 17th St.

DRESSES.—Serge, satin, and wool jersey, from $8.50 up; immediate delivery. Annetta Waist and Dress Co., 111 West 27th.

DRESSES.—Job, 200 serges, 200 silks, also wool jersey, for immediate delivery. Gross & Leibowitz, 154 West 26th St.

DRESSES.—Job of fine serge, jersey and silk dresses to close out. Lillian Dress Co., 78 5th Av.

DRESSES.—1,000 serge dresses; big variety from manufacturer direct. Peerless Dress and Skirt Co., 131-140 West 29th St.

DRESSES.—Excellent job of serges and velvets, to close out at $6.75. Majestic Dress Co., 129 West 29th.

DRESSES.—Jobs to close out cheap, children's, misses' velvets, silks, and party dresses; sample. Subin, 36 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Satin and taffeta dresses to close out at a price; good, desirable merchandise. 147 West 25th, third floor.

DRESSES.—3,000 on the racks; serges, satins, silks, and fancies, $8.75. Fan Tan Dress Co., 142 West 24th.

DRESSES.—Wool jerseys, serges, dancing dresses; immediate delivery. Glockner, 49 West 27th St.

DRESSES.—Jobs satin, taffeta, and serge at low prices. Pan-American Dress Co., 12-14 West 21st.

DRESSES.—2,000, serges, satin, and velveteens, to close out. Congress Waist and Dress Co., 34 West 20th.

DRESSES.—Serge and satin, to close out. Elegant Dress Co., 17 West 17th St.

DRESSES, silk, 500 to sell at a price. Princess Dress House, 19 West 24th.

DRESSES, serges, French, to close out. S. Simon & Co., 137 West 17th.

DRESSES.—Have 150 snappy dresses to close out. Pace, 1,182 Broadway.

DRESSES.—200 French serge to close out. Chauser, 45 West 27th St.

EMBROIDERIES.—Quantities, all kinds, at sacrifice. 29 West 35th St. Samuel Gerst.

FURS.—Can make good deliveries in Hudson seal and nutria collars. 151 West 23d. Chelsea 4985.

FURS.—Have $80,000 worth of stock of all kinds; will close out at a sacrifice. 220 6th Av. Chelsea 7975.

FUR.—Blumenthal's 3-inch mole, cheap; poplin, serges, velveteens, all colors. Feinstein & Globus, 880 4th Av.

FUR.—One-inch and ¾-inch prime skunk edging. Madison Square 6040.

KERAMI, $8; 6301 serge, green and brown; Read and Andrew silver tones; 24 and 27 inch twill-back velveteens; 09007 and 0610 Burella. Farragut 9230.

KERAMI.—For sale, Sidney Blumenthal's keramI, $7.50 net; large quantity. S. R., 102 Times.

KERAMI.—Blumenthal's mole, $8. Republic Novelty Works, 230 5th Av. Mad. Sq. 1504.

KERAMI—Blumenthal's original, $8 net. Chelsea 1956.

KERSEYS.—544 brown, five pieces. Spring 1619.

MESSALINE.—Exceptional value in messaline; full line of colors; 32½c per yard. Cordwain Mills, 30 East 21st.

MOLE STRIPE.—Blumenthal's 3-inch, $6.50 net; also 0310 Burella and Steven's Burella at a price. Farr. 2292.

MOLTEX, No. 10, Blumenthal's, in 3-inch stripe, at 50c below opening price. Farragut 5486.

NECKWEAR.—I have 100 dozen 50c and 65c ties in regular sets to close out at $3 per dozen. Kaiser, 126 East 23d St., Room 402.

OXFORDS.—Stevens's 2797; also 1040; Stevens's plaids at very low prices. H. Cohen Co., 45 West 28th. 2959 Farragut.

PLUSHES.—Peco, Esquimette, guaranteed. Sealette, Dobson's plush. Madison Square 3121.

PLUSHES.—Kerami, moltex, chiffon velvet, and velveteens at a price. Goldman Bros., 25 East 21st St.

PLUSH.—Hudson Bay plush, Sidney Blumenthal's, at 65; Louis Wanter, tan velours. Greeley 42.

PLUSH.—Peco and esquimette, Pearson's fancy plushes; Steven's oxford suitings. Gram. 7184.

RAINCOATS.—Will sell entire stock at interesting prices. Maurice H. Bph, 136 West 21st. Telephone Chelsea 6495.

RAINCOATS.—Jobs all kinds men's and ladies'; sell cheap. Schwarts, 31 West 15th.

RAGS for sale; silk and cotton. Schiller, 28 West 88th St.

RAINCOATS.—Ladies' tweed, to close out, very cheap. Model Raincoat, 135 West 26th.

SATINS.—J. C. & C. K. Eagles, 40-inch wash satins, pink and white, Rits quality. Gramercy 676.

SATINS.—Washable, white and flesh, 40 pieces. Novelty, 116 West 29th St.

SCARFS and capes, made of plush and moleskin, fur effects; we are headquarters. Michael Bros., 116 West 29th.

SERGE, satin, and taffeta dresses to close out at a low price. Admiration Dress Co., 15 West 18th St.

SERGE.—French Lorraines, 3078, colors, $1.45 net; Chase's mole, stripe, below cost. Gramercy 440.

SERGE.—Garnet serge, Tolwell Style 1869, below market value. Gramercy 5174.

SERGES.—Jullliard 4406, black and navy only, for cash. Morningside 4517.

SILKS.—All kinds; immediate delivery; exceptional values. M. Marks Co., successors, to Marks Semmer, 364 4th Av. Madison Square 8980.

SILK.—For sale, five pieces of Sydney Blumenthal's silk nutria, at the opening price. Farragut 5298.

SILKS.—Quantity Cronemeyer's 660 crepe de chine, white and flesh, $1.85 net. Phone Greeley 1297.

SKIRTS.—1,000 skirts to close out, consisting of serges, poplins, mixtures; price, $1.50. H. B. Schwartz, 127 West 27th St.

SNAP FASTENERS.—No. 1, 0, 00, 000, extra quality, lowest quotation, light paper for export, largest production. Snap Fastener Sales Co., 1,328 Broadway. Greely 2682.

SNAP FASTENERS.—Finest quality, carded or bulk; for export or dealers only. Bethlehem Snap Fastener Co., Inc., 1,013 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn. Telephone 1507 Williamsburg.

SNAP FASTENERS.—O, OO, OOO, white and black. Swed, 126 5th Av.

STRIPS, Nearfield; 500 yards finest quality 2 in., to close out, $11.50 a dozen. Victor, 114 West 27th St.

SUITS.—300 botany broadcloth suits, all shades, peau de cygne and interlined, to close out at a special price. A. Zimmerman, 55 East 11th.

SUITS.—F. & H. broadcloth suits for immediate delivery; all shades; $13.75 and up. Hirschhorn Bros., 12 West 27th.

SUITS.—To close out, 150 navy broadcloth, poplin. J. Bernstein, 63 West 36th.

SWEATERS.—Discontinued lines ladies', misses', boys', juvenile. Peerless, 1 East 28th.

TAFFETAS.—Have 25 pieces of navy taffeta; will sell at 92½c per yard. 3867 Mad. Sq.

TRUNKS and floor show cases for sale cheap. We need the room. Guthman-Solomons, 100 West 31st St.

VELOUR.—De Laine, will exchange F. & H. beetroot and green for navy and taupe, or sell. Greeley 5218.

VELOUR DU NORD.—Salts; immediate delivery; 83 inches. Phone 8313 Madison Sq.

VELOURS.—Broadcloths and bolivias, F. & H., all colors. Madison Square 6475.

VELOURS.—F. & H., all colors. Madison Square 4160.

VELOURS AND BROADCLOTH.—All kinds. Madison Sq. 8574.

VELVETEEN and Narrow Wale Corduroy, 36 inches wide, all colors; immediate delivery. B. C. Miller & Bros., 95 Bleecker St. Spring 3287.

VELVETEEN.—Imported, all widths, all colors, Werrall dye, immediate delivery. J. L. Sachs, 315 4th Av. Gramercy 3445-3446.

VELVETEENS.—All colors prices and widths immediate delivery. Saltsman, Stahl & Berman, 29 East 22d St.

VELVETEENS.—Run of the mill, in plain and twill backs; assortment of all colors. Madison Square 9760.

VELVETEENS.—Imported; all widths and colors. Call Gramercy 3819.

VOILES, black, 54-inch, all wool. Gramercy 2058.

WAISTS—White and flesh crepe de chine for sale, considerable sacrifice. 158 East 84th, store.

WAISTS.—Good style Georgette waists, sell out. 15 West 20th, sixth floor.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN, covering Middle Western and Western states, for side line of house dresses; commission only. X 324 Times Annex.

TRIMMING SALESMAN.—Young man to drum cloak manufacturers. O 238 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted.

SALESMAN.—Leather goods traveling salesman, well acquainted among department stores and resident buyers, desires line of ladies' bags, pocketbooks, and belts. Address P 171 Times.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday...5½@6 per cent. for the best names
Tuesday.....6@6½ " " " "

The quotations are for six months' paper.

Pokes Popular Again Here.

One of the features of the millinery situation in this city at the moment is the revival of the old-fashioned poke of the 1815-1830 period, modified to suit the tastes of the young woman of 1917. Already it is enjoying considerable popularity, which is increasing daily. The most favored shape is a medium or large mushroom, with a short out back that shows a glimpse of the hair. Crowns are soft, and may be high or low. Some of the best-liked hats are made of black velvet, with a contrasting silk faille facing, while others show a combination of antique satin with velvet. The current models have no streamers or chin straps, but large velvet chous at the front or side front are used to set them off. Another revival which is attracting attention here is that of various kinds of ostrich trimmings.

Help for Bow-Legged Men.

A "camouflage" garter for bow-legged men is now on the market. It consists of a band of elastic that goes around the leg, just above the knee, and two pieces of non-elastic tape that start second downward, one attaching to the sock. The straight-leg feature is obtained by the gravity action of four strips of silver-finished tool steel, slightly weighted, which, when walking, running, sitting down, &c., the steel strips swing back into a perpendicular position against the inner fabric strap. This collapsible feature is said to prevent bulging of the trousers. The garters are said to be adjustable to fit various degrees of bow-leggedness by raising or lowering little clasps through which the tape passes. It is claimed that any pair of trousers put on by a bow-legged man will hang straight if he wears the garters in question. They weigh only one and a fourth ounces.

Drug Prices Go Higher.

Drug and Chemical Markets will say today that the developments of interest in the local market this week do not the sharp advance in hydrogen peroxide, amyl acetate, morphine, and witch hazel extract. All grades of herbs are scarce and selling at record prices. Seeds also are higher. Lower prices were quoted for acetphenetidin and silver nitrate. The appointment of an American representative in England with power to regulate the space on American vessels engaged in trade with British possessions is urged to facilitate the importation of raw materials needed in the United States.

Ribbons Quiet but Firm.

Reports from local ribbon manufacturers indicate a fair volume of buying for this time of the year. Black and white gros grains for the millinery trade are said to be in good demand. The dry goods stores are taking liberal quantities of satins and taffetas in the more subdued shades. Dark warp print ribbons, due to the continuing popularity of shopping and knitting bags, are also well sought. But the real buying, it is thought, will start in next month, when retailers come to market for their holiday requirements.

Gray Goods Trading Uneven.

Trading was uneven in the local gray goods market yesterday, but the evidence was that business was not as large as on Tuesday. A report was heard of a sale of 39-inch 72-76s at 13¾ cents for November delivery, but it must be taken for what it is worth in the face of the demands of sellers generally for 13¾ cents for anything further away than spots. These are held at 14. Some business was put through on 38½-inch 64-60s for 1917 shipment at 10¼ cents. Reports were heard that second-hand sellers of this construction had goods in the market at an eighth less. Bids of 7⅛ cents for narrow 64-60s for nearby delivery were received and declined. Some heavy sheetings were disposed of in the course of the day. Spot printcloth prices closed this way

39-inch.	80-80s...15c	38½-inch.	64-60s..10½c
39-inch.	72-76s...14c	38½-inch.	64-56s..10½c
39-inch.	68-72s...12c	38½-inch.	60-52s..9½c
39-inch.	56-44s...8¾c	38½-inch.	60-48s..9c
38½-inch.	64-64s..11c	37-inch.	64-60s..*7¾c

*Asked.

Evening Gowns Sell Despite War.

Reports from local manufacturers of dresses and gowns indicate that the evening gown, contrary to the predictions in some quarters, is just as much a part of the fashionable wardrobe as it ever was. The position taken by some that, due to war activities, extensive entertaining in the evening would be curtailed in a marked degree would not seem to be a correct one, for women are apparently as eager as ever for full-dress costumes of elaborate and attractive design. The bustle effect in these creations is said to be receiving but slight attention, though there are some moderations of this silhouette which are said to be very well taken.

Woolen Makers Stand Indefinite.

Many in the local woolen trade feel that the resolutions adopted at the meeting of the woolen manufacturers in the Waldorf-Astoria last week, looking to the conservation of wool, are so indefinite that nothing will be accomplished by them but confusion. The suggestion is made, that a committee be formed to determine how much cotton and how much virgin wool manufacturers should use, was received in most quarters as one of the best ways to blow the smoke away so that every manufacturer could see where he stands.

They Want to Get It All.

The "want-to-get-it-all" spirit that is shown by many American business men was taken to task yesterday by a downtown dry goods merchant. "This desire to grab everything in sight," he said, "costs the average merchant as much as he ever gains by it, and possibly more. It is this spirit that keeps most buyers from getting goods at actual rock-bottom. It makes them afraid that that level has not yet been touched, so they do not buy until a sudden upturn in the market shows them their mistake. Conversely, the same thing is true of many sellers. These merchants hold their goods for higher and higher prices, with the result that a drop in the market often robs them of some profits they might have made. I know several men in this trade who from time to time bewail losses like this, but they do not seem to change their methods."

WOOL SUPPLIES DEPLETED.

Stock of Australian Goods, However, Is Expected Here Shortly.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Oct. 17.—The American Wool and Cotton Reporter will say tomorrow:

"Medium and low wools were the feature of the week's buying, but fine wools were not neglected. The medium wools were active on account of heavy orders for army cloth. The hesitancy in buying fine wools was due to the prospect of Australian wools coming to this country. Supplies are gradually approaching a minimum. The call for fine cape wools, it is understood, has been chiefly for civilian purposes.

"In the woolen goods market the situation in regard to deliveries is becoming more acute. There is very little possibility that more orders will be accepted until the Government has been fully supplied. The civilian trade is not particularly prominent. Cancellations are few.

"In raw cotton the situation is largely speculative, many buyers believing that a reaction may come because efforts are being made among the growers to hold the available cotton. Because of the higher prices of raw material, quotations are gradually being forced up, but at the same time distribution is not increasing noticeably as prices advance."

Coat and Suit Sales Diminishing.

There has been a very marked falling off in business in coats and suits during the last week or two, according to a number of manufacturers of such garments. While in some cases decreased interest has been most apparent in the popular-priced garments, there are many others who have felt the lack of demand in the higher-priced models as well. "If the retailers are doing the business they are reported to be doing," said one manufacturer, "I don't understand why there are not more reorders and special orders. I can only conclude that they must be running into a calm spell which is responsible for our quiet."

Raincoat Novelties Selling.

Novelty raincoats for women, particularly those adapted to the requirements of motorists, are reported by local manufacturers to be moving very freely. One of the newest of these garments which is said to be gaining wide acceptance is made of silvertone cloth and gravenetted. It has five box plaits in the back, is made with the belted effect in the front, and has a deep standing turnover collar and large flaring cuffs. It is also made up in Pekin blue, purple, taupe and other shades which are in vogue this season.

BUSINESS RECORDS

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

In Town.

U. S. CHRYSOLITE ASBESTOS CO. of 176 Broadway.—A petition in bankruptcy against this company has been filed by Saul S. Myer for those creditors: Armour & Co., Richestein, $30,000; Isabelle W. Frolichstein, $384, and Fred H. England, $2,000. It was alleged that the company made preferential payments, and permitted a judgment to be entered against it for $462. Judge Mayer appointed Paul R. Schmitt receiver, with a bond of $2,000. Liabilities are stated to be over $100,000 and assets $20,000, consisting of a mine at Rush, Vt., on which there is 550,000 feet of cut timber.

BERLIN LABORATORY, LTD., INC., of 20 East Ninety-second Street and 378 Fourth Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $9,564 and assets of $1,296, consisting of cash in bank $1,048 and accounts $1,296. Among the creditors are Marie B. Reynolds, $8,059. The company put on the market a preparation called "Intestifermin," manufactured by a company in Germany, for which the company had the sale agency in this country.

MAX MINTZ.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Max Mintz, manufacturer of clothing at 75 Spring Street, by these creditors: Moe Smith, $125; B. Siller, $369, and B. Saperstein, $258. Judge Mayer appointed Max E. Sanders receiver. Liabilities are stated to be $10,000 and assets $2,000 in stock, seized by the Sheriff.

KELLY CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Kelly Construction Company of Yonkers by these creditors: Ethel M. Alperin, $186; Francis Hughes, $48, Emanuel Schaffel, $158, and James J. A. Clark, $297.

ROTHENBERG BROTHERS, grocers at 9 West 115th Street.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed by these creditors: Max Blum Company, Inc., $179; Julius Bruckner, $280, and Max Salinger, $106. Judge Mayer appointed William Solomon receiver and authorized him to continue business ten days. Liabilities are $2,000 and assets $1,000.

RENE LEON of 417 Riverside Drive has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $15,182 and no assets. Among the creditors are Richard Gotthell, $7,020; Winston L. May, $6,117, and Maurice Leon, $1,677.

HYMAN SIEGELMAN of 104 West Thirty-seventh Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $5,195 and no assets.

ALTMAN & WERNER.—Judge Mayer has denied a discharge from bankruptcy to Altman & Werner, manufacturers of trousers, formerly at 417 Lafayette Street, against whom a petition was filed on June 18, 1917.

GEORGE M. GARSSON.—Judge Mayer has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to George M. Garsson, doing business as Garsson Bazar, 307 Canal Street, against whom a petition was filed on Aug. 21, 1915.

REINIS CAFE.—Judge Mayer has confirmed a composition of the Reinis Cafe, at 416 Grand Street, with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar cash.

MAX ZEISLER, dealer in auto supplies, at 1,771 Broadway and 96 Chambers Street, has filed schedules showing liabilities of $146,910, including those of $58,516, consisting of stock, $35,000; fixtures, $8,350; accounts, $14,633; cash, $435; shares of stock $100, and two lots at Springfield Gardens, L. I., value unknown. Among the creditors are Rose Zeisler, $10,741; Corn Exchange Bank, $11,649; George I. Wilson & Sons, $18,600; Keystone Tire and Rubber Company, $4,000; Lee Rubber Company, $4,770, and Endurance Tire and Rubber Company, $4,620.

EASTERN BEDDING COMPANY of 421 Ninth Avenue has filed schedules showing liabilities of $7,562, and assets of $660.

STEEL-DRAKE BAKING COMPANY.—An involuntary petition in bankruptcy has been filed in the United States District Court, Brooklyn against the Steel-Drake Baking Company, one of the largest makers of cake and pastry in that borough. Simon Rasch, counsel for the petitioning creditors, whose claims aggregate about $8,000, said that the action was a friendly one, and was taken to guarantee all the creditors an equal chance of securing an equitable settlement. The liabilities of the company, which has a plant at 44 Wallabout Market, are said to amount to about $77,000. Its building and equipment are valued at $75,000 and raw materials on hand at $14,000.

SAMUEL BROWNER, a carpenter of 26 Dewey Place, Brooklyn, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $3,812 and assets of $1,075.

ANNIE KURZ of 2,897 Charles Street, Maspeth, L. I., has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities of $9,959 and assets of $75.

JUDGMENTS.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

(Amounts $100 and over.)

Adamson, Percy — John S. Lamson & Bro. $295.80
Altman Estates, Inc.—B. Schechter 859.04
Bernstein, Samuel — Charles Werner, Inc. 2,572.08
Burnett, Agnes T.—National Bank of Orange County 3,741.46
Bastian, Henry C.—J. K. Stiefel & Co. 1,344.49
Burgess, Edw. C.—L. V. Sleight 259.40
Ballard, Gladys—D. M. Boulanger 892.90
Boynton, John H.—D. Mayer 133.95
Badia, Dr. Pasquale D.—Dr. C. W. Cutler 121.80
Cahn, Ferdinand—Worm Woolen Co. 754.80
City Trading Co., Inc.—J. G. Fimolat 113.05
Carey, James—Broadway and 146th St. Corp. 194.57
Connell, J. Cotter—W. & J. Sloane 120.29
Conklin, Joseph M., assignee—Federal Trust Co., costs 181.61
Dillon, George S.—L. Herman 173.84
Davis, Sam—Butler Bros. 122.45
E. R. Sheppard Mfg. Co. and Erle R. Sheppard—Natl. Nassau Bk. of N. Y. 1,847.58
Everall, Harry J., and Samuel H. Walinch—H. Robert Law Scenic Studios 627.07
Elbilight Co. of America—E. S. Rapallo et al. 330.63
Eisman, Louis and Harry (Eisen & Son)—C. A. Baudoine et al., costs 109.06
Eiseman, Lewis H.—F. H. Holmes 622.00
Fox, Charles — Eastern Dental Supply Co. 190.85
Fejes, Anna, or Anna Fezes, executrix—W. McDuffie 476.10
Gold, Joseph and Louis—E. Weiser et al. 591.05
Galway, David, and Victor S. Fox—H. Little 133.21
Galway, David, and Victor S. Fox—A. B. Alley 165.55
Same—E. Larrien 129.71
Ghizas, Stathis—G. Scouras 570.20
Gissel, Frederick—P. Gasel 424.35
Humphreys, Frederic F.—Judson Construction Co. 878.27
Goldberg, Manuel—Thomas Mulligan Const. Co. 290.42
Greenberg, Jacob—R. Schuner 475.00
Greaner, John H.—Johnston & Collins Co. 585.80
Goodman, Charles—R. Griffing 150.00
Same—Same 150.00
Goodstein, Julius—L. Burger 142.15
Hunt, Florence M.—City of N. Y. 125.85
Hayen, Henry A.—Wilson & Co. 583.41
Hanson, Charles H., (Hanson Co.)—Fireproof Products Co. 137.88
James, Mary, by guardian—L. Dupprich, costs 109.13
J. Bulova Co.—W. Aschendorf 232.00
Koret, Abraham, also known as Abraham Koretsky—E. H. Sayre et al. 103.43
Kondolf, Henry E.—Sandia Co. 247.90
Kelly, Daniel J.—Ntl. Fire Proofing Co., costs 109.48
La Pone, Joseph—Captain & Goldman 2,099.75
Lidaca, Alexander—A. Jones Co. 102.23
Lowenthal, Bernard—F. E. Winston 197.83
Lyons, Arthur J.—Field & Hatch Knitting Co. 849.14
Meyer, Geo. W.—A. Lewis 342.91
Mouller, Louis—M. L. Lerner et al. 158.88
MacNamara, Henry F.—E. W. McConnell 1,981.40
McMullen, Moses—J. Forman 308.79
Mead Drug Co.—Same 104.75
Montgomery Building Co.—Fundy Co. 164.70
McGee, Walter C., and McGee Garage Co.—T. Gartland 256.00
New Foam Chemical Co. and James E. Gatchell—M. A. Lenger 496.00
Neptune Operating Co. and Wm. H. Kemble—L. D. Bailey 1,584.27
O'Neill, Frank A.—R. Webber et al. 119.41
Orchard Iron and Steel Corp.—Moeller Safe Co 283.67
Pathfinder Automobile Co. of New York, Inc.—Smith Motor Truck Corp. 650.78
Robinson, George H., and Poppe 1,940.44
Schoefer, Louis J.—T. R. Thompson Co. 134.72
Sussman Decorating and Painting Co.—D. Mayer 102.75
Same—Same 219.93
Sabella, Maria A.—J. Gerbona 132.72
Sohmer, Albert D., and Joseph Mazzoli 406.80
Same—Same 406.80
Samalin, Samuel—City of New York 120.20
Silverman, David—M. A. Mulligan 110.96
Schneider, Christian — Burchartz Fireproofing Co 268.06
Sutton, Mildred C.—L. M. Hurd, costs 109.15
Yogun, Inc.—A. Sils, Inc. 581.37
Van Dyke Film Production Corp.—B. Lans et al. 225.85
World American Ice Cream Co.—Burns Bros.' Ice Corp. 1,187.47
Willard, Louis H.—H. Fitzmaurice 500.00
H. Johnston & Co., Inc.—H. Fries 1,171.49
Williams, John R.—F. W. Dodge Co

RESORTS.

NEW YORK.

THE MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Valhalla, Westchester Co., N. Y.
30 acres of real country; 45 minutes from 34th St., 10 minutes from station; many rooms with private baths and sleeping porches. Rates $9 and up. Ideal for Fall and Winter. Write for booklet.

NEW YORK—Long Island.

The Most Attractive Country Hotel Adjacent to New York City
Garden City Hotel
GARDEN CITY, LONG ISLAND
One of the most exclusive country hotels in America. A combination of country life and metropolitan hotel service seldom found. Conducted on the American Plan. There is also for the convenience of motorists /
A Handsome a la Carte Restaurant
30 miles from N. Y. Frequent electric service. Penna. Station. J. J. LANNIN CO., Props.

NEW JERSEY.

SHARE IN VICTORY
Help finance this war. Every bond bought is so much ammunition for the United States in our war for Liberty and Democracy. Every bond bought brings victory nearer; every bond bought makes peace sooner and surer. Do your part; buy a
LIBERTY BOND
Liberty Bonds offer the best security known, pay 4% interest—help you to serve—help you to save.
This space contributed to Liberty Loan Committee by the
LAUREL HOUSE, Lakewood, N. J.

Hotel Beechwood Summit, N. J.
Under management of Misses Gillen and Edwards, formerly of The Hall, Glen Cove, and Forest Hills Inn, Forest Hills, L. I.
OPEN ALL YEAR.
Telephone—1054 Summit.

Ideal Home for Fall and Winter
HOTEL MONTCLAIR
MONTCLAIR, N. J.
MOST DELIGHTFULLY SITUATED RESIDENTIAL HOTEL IN NEW YORK'S SUBURBS. OPEN THE ENTIRE YEAR. Exclusive Clientele. Golf. Splendid Orchestra. Dancing. English Grill. Private Motor Bus Meets Lackawanna Trains.
FREDERICK C. HALL COMPANY.

The Pudding Stone Inn
Grasp a weekend away from the "five minutes." All growth needs space. Make the Pudding Stone your place to broaden. You can solve that problem correctly after a sound sleep in the bracing air of these hills. Open all year. Favorable weekly rates; booklet. G. N. VINCENT, BOONTON, N. J.

BARTLETT INN
Now Open on American Plan
Best Rooms, Best Beds, Best Table
For the Price in
LAKEWOOD, NEW JERSEY
Write for Beautifully Illustrated Booklet
"Only 22 Miles from Camp Dix."

OAK COURT HOTE LAKEWOOD, N. J.
With a homelike atmosphere. E. E. Spangenberg.

Lakewood, N. J., "America's" winter resort. 22 miles from "Camp Dix". Address Town Clerk for free booklet and list of hotels.

PALMER Lakewood, N. J. Health, comfort and rest. $14 per week up.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

The Breakers
ATLANTIC CITY'S NEWEST FIREPROOF HOTEL
On the ocean front. Offers unusual attractions during the Autumn and Winter Seasons. Luxurious lobbies, spacious verandas, restful sun parlors and superb music. A palatial residence for those seeking rest and recreation. AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS. Illustrated literature and terms mailed. Garage with accommodations for chauffeurs.

GALEN HALL
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
Hotel and Sanatorium
Noted for its superior table and service. Tonic and curative baths. GALEN HALL COMPANY.

HOTEL ALAMAC
FIREPROOF — OCEAN FRONT
IN THE HEART OF ATLANTIC CITY
American and European Plans
"NONE BETTER"
MOGLE-LATZ CO.

ROYAL PALACE HOTEL and COTTAGES
On the Beach, ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
NEAR ALL PIERS AND AMUSEMENTS.
A delightful place to spend the Fall and Winter season.
CAPACITY 600. OPEN ALL THE YEAR.
S. Hanselman, Prop.

ON THE BEACH
ATLANTIC CITY
CHALFONTE
HOSPITABLE — HOMELIKE
ALWAYS OPEN
ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
America's Famous All-Year Resort
The Leading House Always Open.

PENNSYLVANIA.

GALEN HALL
IN THE MOUNTAINS
WERNERSVILLE, PA.
ALWAYS OPEN
Beautiful days on South Mountain. Golf, Tennis, Good Music. Fine Bath and Massage Department. Through Pullmans from N.Y. and Philada. Write for Booklet. EDWARD M. HESS, Mgr.

Buy a Liberty Bond
and
See the Hudson Free

The Day Line will give a free ticket to Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh, or Poughkeepsie and return to all who purchase a Liberty Bond at its main office, Desbrosses St. Pier, New York.

Bonds now ready for delivery
Tickets good any weekday in October

Regular Day Line Steamers leave daily except Sunday until Nov. 5, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; W. 42d St., 9 A. M.; W. 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:45 A. M.; landing at Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE
Desbrosses St. Pier Tel. Canal 9300. New York

HUDSON DAY RIVER LINE
All Service Daily Except Sunday.
UP BOAT A. M. Through Service
Desbrosses St... 8:40
West 42d St.... 9:00
West 129th St.... 9:20
Yonkers 9:45
Bear Mountain.. 11:30
West Point..... 11:45
Newburgh 12:15
Poughkeepsie 1:10
Kingston 2:10
Catskill 3:00
Hudson 3:40
Albany 6:10
Ideal one day outings to Bear Mountain, West Point, Newburgh and Poughkeepsie. Direct Rail Connections to all points West and North. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.
Special Service Election Day. Regular Service until Nov. 6.
For information telephone Canal 9300.

CATSKILL EVENING LINE
Leaves daily, except Sunday, foot of Christopher St., at 6 P. M., for Catskill, Hudson, Coxsackie. Tel. 1097—Spring.

EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES
Continuation of Service on the
METROPOLITAN LINE
BEGINNING MONDAY, OCT. 15
To Boston $4.00
Via Long Island Sound, Buzzards Bay and Cape Cod Canal
SS OLD COLONY and NORTHLAND
Leave Pier 18, North River, Week Days Only at 5 P. M.
Business Men's Voyage DE LUXE
Tickets and Information at Pier, also at Tourists, New York Transfer Co., and American Express Co. offices.

THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED
BOSTON $3.05
PROVIDENCE Best Direct $2.00
COLONIAL LINE
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS, $1 TO $3.
Week days and Sundays at 5:30 P. M. from Pier 29, N. R., foot West Houston St. Phone Spring 9491.

Sight Seeing Yachts
Around Manhattan Island
Ls. Battery Pier, 10:30, 2:30. Tel. Broad 3273.
To Sandy Hook and the Ocean, 1:30 P. M.

Transatlantica Italiana
New York—Naples—Genoa.
McDONNELL & TRUDA, Gen. Agts., 5 State St., N.Y.

"TRAVEL WITHOUT TROUBLE" TOURS
To All Seasonable Resorts, including
Tickets, Hotels, etc.
THOS. COOK & SON, 245 Broadway.

CALIFORNIA
Raymond-Whitcomb Tours
225 Fifth Ave. Tel. Mad. Sq. 6270.

OLD DOMINION LINE
Freight and passenger daily service, except Sunday, from Pier 25, North River, N. Y., 3 P. M. Phone 3900 Franklin.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 25,109.—U. S. DIST. COURT, SO. DIST. N. Y.—In Bankruptcy.—JOSEPH HANDEL, individually and as a member of the firm of RIGHTMADE WAIST CO., and the firm of RIGHTMADE WAIST CO., Bankrupt.
Creditors of said bankrupt are hereby given notice that on October 9th, 1917, he was duly adjudicated bankrupt. The first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, 233 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on October 31st, 1917, at 2 P. M. Creditors may prove claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may come before said meeting.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.—In Bankruptcy.—No. 25,043.
Notice is given that JOSEPH ROGOFF, BANKER and ALFRED ROGOFF, trading as Bankler & Rogoff, and HYGRADE FLOWER & FEATHER CO., bankrupts, have applied for a discharge from all their debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, November 26th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,909.
Notice is given that JACOB BRICKEL, bankrupt, has applied for a confirmation of composition of all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, October 29th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why composition should not be confirmed.
SEAMAN MILLER, Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK.—Bankruptcy.—No. 24,889.
Notice is given that HERBERT S. COLE, bankrupt, has applied for a discharge from all his debts. Creditors and parties interested are ordered to attend before this court in Post Office Building, Manhattan, New York, on Monday, November 26th, 1917, at 10:30 A. M., there to show cause why discharge should not be granted.
MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.
In the matter of MORRIS & POPE, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Monday, Oct. 29, 1917, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 132 Front St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of Desks, Chairs, Billing Machine, Typewriters, Tables, Safes, Fixtures, etc.
WILLIAM H. BONYNGE, Trustee.
HENRY M. STEVENSON, Attorney for Trustee, 36 Liberty St., New York.

FOR SALE.

$49 Brand new, latest model Oliver visible; fully guaranteed; standard keyboard; exactly the same machine used by largest industries; direct from factory; former price $100; before getting even a second-hand, rebuilt, or rental machine investigate latest Oliver plan to save $51; easy payment if you wish. Telephone or call Oliver Typewriter Co., 310 Broadway, Worth 1780-1-2-3-4.

(a) South America
(b) Central America BY
(a) TheRoyalMailSteamPacketCo
(a-b) ThePacificSteamNavigationCo
(a) The Nelson Lines

South Africa
By
UNION-CASTLE LINE
SANDERSON & SON, Gen'l Agents, 26 Broadway, N. Y.
Or any Steamship Ticket Agent.

BUY A
LIBERTY LOAN BOND
Space donated to Liberty Loan Committee by
The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co., The Pacific Steam Navigation Co., The Nelson Lines, The Union-Castle Line.

AMERICAN LINE
Weekly Sailings
WHITE STAR LINE
Frequent Sailings
New York-Liverpool
Carrying Passengers, Cargo and United States Mail
For full information apply to any agent or
Offices, 9 Broadway, New York

CUNARD
Regular Passenger and Cargo Services
NEW YORK—LIVERPOOL
NEW YORK—FALMOUTH—LONDON
NEW YORK—BRISTOL
Drafts—Money Orders. Mail or Cable Great Britain, Ireland, Scandinavia, Italy, France, Portugal, Spain, Switzerland
For further information apply
21-24 STATE STREET, NEW YORK.

Royal Holland Lloyd
to South America and Holland
Regular Mail and Passenger Service
T. S. S. ZEELANDIA, due from South America. Expected to sail for AMSTERDAM shortly.
For rates and reservations apply to
ROYAL HOLLAND LLOYD
21 Pearl St., N. Y. Phone 425 Broad

AUSTRALIA
Honolulu, Suva, New Zealand.
Regular Sailings from Vancouver, B. C., by the Palatial Passenger Steamers of the
CANADIAN AUSTRALASIAN ROYAL MAIL LINE
For full information apply Can. Pacific Ry., 1231 Broadway, N. Y., or to General Agent, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
SOUTH AMERICA
NEW YORK-BUENOS AIRES
SANTOS-MONTEVIDEO-BUENOS AIRES
Regular Sailings
LAMPORT & HOLT, LTD.,
Phone Broad 6221—41 Broadway, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE
Express Postal Service
NEW YORK—BORDEAUX—PARIS
Direct Route to the Continent
WEEKLY DEPARTURES
Company's Office 19 State St., N. Y. Phone Bryad 4900

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
LLOYD ITALIANO—LA VELOCE
Fast Freight and Passenger Service
TO AND FROM
NEW YORK, NAPLES, GENOA
For sailings, rates, etc., apply to General Agency
1 State St. ITALIA-AMERICA New York
SOCIETY OF MARITIME TRADE, Inc.

ANCHOR LINE
NEW YORK TO GLASGOW
For further information apply
Company's Office, 21-24 State St., N. Y.

Atlantic, Gulf & West Indies Steamship Lines — Clyde-Mallory-Ward-Porto Rico Lines. Tours to Florida, Texas and the Southwest. Havana, Cuba, Nassau-Bahamas and Porto Rico. Tickets, reservations and literature at 489 5th Av., New York.

COMMERCIAL.

SOUTH AMERICAN LINE
BARBADOS, RIO, SANTOS, Etc.
PASSENGER AGENTS, 398 BROADWAY.
FREIGHT AGENTS, 29 BROADWAY.

TOURS TO ALL RESORTS
FRANK TOURIST CO., 398 Broadway and 489 Fifth Ave., bet. 41st and 42d Sts. Phone 4530 Franklin. Established 1875.

HONEYMOON TRIPS
Surprisingly Low Rates. By water. Literature. DeBerville's Tours, 1,476 B'way, at 42d St. Longacre Bldg. N. Y. Tel. Bry. 7176.

SOUTH AMERICA—NORTON LINE
Direct Passenger Service to Montevideo and Buenos Aires.
Norton Lilly & Co., G.A., Produce Exch. Bldg., N.Y.

NORWEGIAN-AMERICA LINE
NORWAY—SWEDEN—DENMARK
FINLAND—RUSSIA VIA HALIFAX
Passenger Office, 5-10 Bridge St., N. Y.

Japan, China, The Philippines Fast luxurious ocean travel to the land of sunshine and flowers. Quickest time across the Pacific. 10 days Vancouver to Yokohama. Reduced round-trip fares. One way via Honolulu if desired. CANADIAN PACIFIC OCEAN SERVICES, 1231 B'way, N. Y.

CALENDARS AND DECISIONS

CASES WILL BE CALLED IN THE ORDER GIVEN BELOW.
(*) This character means *versus* or *against*.

FEDERAL.

Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—280—E. V. Moore, plaintiff, v. V. Taylor, Commissioner of Insurance, &c., et al.—Motion for substitution of S. A. Olsness, Commissioner of Insurance, John Steen, as treas. and J. R. Waters, State Examiner of N. Dak., as the parties defendant herein, granted, on motion of counsel for the defendants in error.
280—Same v. S. A. Olsness, Commissioner of Ins., et al.—Motion to require an additional supersedeas bond or to vacate stay submitted for the defendants in support of the motion by Mr. Aubrey Lawrence for the plain. in opposition thereto.—Motions to dismiss or affirm or to advance submitted for the defends. in support of the motions and for plain. in opposition thereto.
15—The Keetoowah Society et al., apltss., v. F. W. Lane.—Appeal from the Court of Appeals of the Dist. of Col.—Dismissed pursuant to the 10th rule.
434—Fidelity and Columbia Trust Co., as executor, &c., plain., v. City of Louisville.—Argument continued for defendant and concluded for plaintiff.
802—S. C. Cohen, as trustee, &c., petit., v. E. W. Samuels.—Argued for petitioner and for respondent.
499—Crew Levick Co., plain., v. Commonwealth of Pa.—Argued.
4—C. J. Olsen, plain., v. the State of N. Dak.—In error to N. Dak. Supreme Court.—Dismissed with costs.
10—City of Cincinnati, aplt., v. the Cincinnati & Hamilton Traction Co. et al.—Reargument commenced for appellant
Adjourned until tomorrow.
Call for Oct. 15—Nos. 10, 60, 12, (and 733 and 734,) 16, 17, 18, 19, 26, (and 27,) 28, and 29.

Southern District.

CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Second Circuit—Ward, Rogers, and Hough, JJ.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 433, Post Office Building.
Philadelphia & Reading Co. v. Skerman.
Lehigh & Wilkes-Barre Co. v. Sawickas.
Cohen v. Barge
Josephine.
Manton-Goulin Co. v. Dairy Mach. &c.
Kennerdell v. Squire
DISTRICT COURT—Augustus N. Hand, J.—Court opens in Room 827, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
Hanrahan v. Pan Transport Co.
Wojciechowski v. Erie
Delaney v. Cent RR NJ
Elliot v. Percy Birdsall
Cavalan v. C RR of N J
Carney v. Erie RR.
Van Dyke v. N Y & Cuba SS Co.
DISTRICT COURT—Manton, J.—In Room 5, 12th Floor, Woolworth Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
Note—Cases from this calendar may be sent for trial before Mack, J.
New England S S Co. v. Tug N Y Central 19 and 21.
Cent RR of NJ v. Tug Orange.
D, L & W RR v. Tug Bridgeton.
Arrue v. Cons Coal Co and United Line.
Brooks v. Schooner Fannie Palmer.
Dwyer v. Tug Westchester.
Ackerman Ltg v. Tug Britannia.
Preston v. same.
Hackemer v. same.
Smith v. Toshevin.
Austro-Am SS Co v. Thomas.
Am Cons. & Co v. Cons Wafer Co.
Beard v. Tug Flannery.
Domestic Co v. Bissell
Court opens in Room 827, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Jury calendar.
US v. Beloochustan R W Co. (2.)
Barreiros v. Tivives SS Corp.
McDonald v. Rossiter Rty Co.
Cymerys v. C RR of NJ
Mogk v. Lehigh Val RR
Gulf Refining v. Barnet
Williams v. same.
Williams Line v. Newtown Creek Tow Co.
Union Ferry v. Cox.
Daly v. Union Ferry Co.
Union Ferry Co v. Tug N Y Central 17.
Moran T. & T. Co v. Tug Perth Amboy.
Potter Transp Co v. Tug Baker Bros.
Same v. Williams.
Same v. Power.
Same v. Murphy.
Same v. Ryan.
Same v. Jos Petzer.
Same v. Mary Petzer.
Same v. Taylor.
Same v. Stetzer.
Same v. Miehling.
Same v. Swartzell & Tiernan.
Same v. Karacsak.
Same v. Fudjisaki.
Same v. Swedish Steamship Co.
Same v. Fudjisaki.
Same v. Swedish Steamship Co.
DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M. in Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 10:30 A. M. At 11:30 A. M.: US ex rel Stein v. Bell, (habeas corpus.)
Re Chevra Thora Anahe Chesed.

Eastern District.

DISTRICT COURT—Chatfield, J.—Room 323, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn, at 9:30 A. M.—Criminal calendar.
US v. Kennedy.
At 10:30 A. M.:
US v. McMahon, (on trial.)
Same v. Ryan, (2.)
Same v. Rice.
Same v. Schmidt.
Same v. Hufcut.
Same v. Nicksaker.
Same v. Manner.
Same v. Corse.
Same v. O'Conner, (2.)
Same v. Kierstead.
DISTRICT COURT—Veeder, J.—At 10:30 A. M. at Room 312, P. O. Bldg., Brooklyn.
Re Chevra Thora Anahe Chesed.
Gellman v. Wolfinger.
Gold v. Kahn.
Levine v. Cent Madison Co., Inc.
Sullivan v. Rich Ligst & RR.
Keohoe v. The Hayden Co.
Cusimonia v. Barber Asphalt, (2.)
Paulson v. Beaver.
Meier v. Riverside Taxi Service, Inc.
Wolfsohn v. Newmark.
Mozolevsky v. Lessne.
Lent v. Walter.
Mancuso v. Bradley Cont. Co., (2.)
Maring v. Erie RR.
Becker v. Linch.
Shart v. Cent RR of NJ
Morenstein v. Carmen.
R. Cohen v. Shirk.
J. Cohen v. same.
F. Cohen v. same.
Rothenberger v. Lesslie.
Castelluzzio v. N Y Veal & Mutton Co.
Brennan v. P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Rothkoff v. Ledman.
Same v. Ledman.
Cruinich v. N Y Rys.
Kramer v. Monaco.
J. Balter v. Gunnieson.
J. Balter v. same.
Taylor v. Bloch.
Swift v. N Y Cent RR.
Weinstein v. N Y Cons RR.
Schachtman v. Devlin.
Ondrayka v. N J Zinc Co of Pennsylvania.
Whiting v. Int R T.
Levy v. Liebert.
Lamb v. Third Av RR.
Dechterman v. Rity Co.
Freund v.
Schaffer v. Schmid.
Frankel v. NY Edison
Joseph Koehler, Inc v. Terry & Tench Co.
Glaser v. Consol Gas Co of N. Y.
Bila v. Bloomingdale.
Keisman v. Fry Nyburg Rity Co.
Caffey v. Cuyler Rity
Connolly v. Moscowitz.
Blemenfeld v. Kemp.
Partridge v. Andre.
Schneider v. B H R R.
Appell v. Abrahams.
Finkelstein v. Levy.
Spina v. Belvedere.
Rosenblum v. Apell.
Gusefska v. Lowell.
Kilsewski v. L V Coal.
PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.
Derring v. Mail.
Schneider v. Sicroedbach.
McCready v. Gaston.
Sisson v. Liquor Seized 102 Attorney St.
Mugg v. Bernstein.
Tepperberg v. Silebrecht.
Anspacher v. Am Asph Pav Co.
Weiss v. Baldwin & Co.
Spencer v. Cryl.
Stanley v. Paramount Pictures Corp.
Nacirema Co. v. Cassidy.
Sisson v. Schattman.
Am Ins Co v. Barrett.
B. Keenan & Sons v. Johns-Manville Co.
Le Roy v. Pennington.
Gatti-McQuade Co v. Mad Paper Co.
Alex Hamilton Inst v. Allen.
Brauer v. Lawrence (2.)
Newman Tire & Rub Co., Inc v. Lee T Sales
White v. Astro Const.
Cahn v. Davis.
West v. Beardsley.
Mortland Chem Co v. Stein.
Pikeny Rity Corp v. Germania Eng & Const Co., Inc.
Marshall v. Pribil.
Montag v. Ginsberg.
Arkanburgh v. Milroy.
Nelson v. Meikelham.
Wm Morris & Co., Inc v. Providence Washington Ins Co.
Usdansky v. Lane.
Davis v. Isman.
Gellman v. Wolfinger.
Gold v. Kahn.
Levine v. Cent Madison Co., Inc.
Sullivan v. Rich Ligst & RR.
Keohoe v. The Hayden Co.
Cusimonia v. Barber Asphalt, (2.)
Paulson v. Beaver.
Meier v. Riverside Taxi Service, Inc.
Wolfsohn v. Newmark.
Mozolevsky v. Lessne.
Lent v. Walter.
Mancuso v. Bradley Cont. Co., (2.)
Maring v. Erie RR.
Becker v. Linch.
Shart v. Cent RR of NJ
Morenstein v. Carmen.
R. Cohen v. Shirk.
J. Cohen v. same.
F. Cohen v. same.
Rothenberger v. Lesslie.
Castelluzzio v. N Y Veal & Mutton Co.
Brennan v. P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Rothkoff v. Ledman.
Same v. Ledman.
Cruinich v. N Y Rys.
Kramer v. Monaco.
J. Balter v. Gunnieson.
J. Balter v. same.
Taylor v. Bloch.
Swift v. N Y Cent RR.
Weinstein v. N Y Cons RR.
Schachtman v. Devlin.
Ondrayka v. N J Zinc Co of Pennsylvania.
Whiting v. Int R T.
Levy v. Liebert.
Lamb v. Third Av RR.
Dechterman v. Rity Co.
Freund v.
Schaffer v. Schmid.
Frankel v. NY Edison
Joseph Koehler, Inc v. Terry & Tench Co.
Glaser v. Consol Gas Co of N. Y.
Bila v. Bloomingdale.
Keisman v. Fry Nyburg Rity Co.
Caffey v. Cuyler Rity
Connolly v. Moscowitz.
Blemenfeld v. Kemp.
Partridge v. Andre.
Schneider v. B H R R.
Appell v. Abrahams.
Finkelstein v. Levy.
Spina v. Belvedere.
Rosenblum v. Apell.
Gusefska v. Lowell.
Kilsewski v. L V Coal.
PART XIV.—Platzek, J.—At 10 A. M.
Derring v. Mail.
Schneider v. Sicroedbach.
McCready v. Gaston.
Sisson v. Liquor Seized 102 Attorney St.
Mugg v. Bernstein.
Tepperberg v. Silebrecht.
Anspacher v. Am Asph Pav Co.
Weiss v. Baldwin & Co.
Spencer v. Cryl.
Stanley v. Paramount Pictures Corp.
Nacirema Co. v. Cassidy.
Sisson v. Schattman.
Am Ins Co v. Barrett.
B. Keenan & Sons v. Johns-Manville Co.
Le Roy v. Pennington.
Gatti-McQuade Co v. Mad Paper Co.
Alex Hamilton Inst v. Allen.
Brauer v. Lawrence (2.)
Newman Tire & Rub Co., Inc v. Lee T Sales
White v. Astro Const.
Cahn v. Davis.
West v. Beardsley.
Mortland Chem Co v. Stein.
Pikeny Rity Corp v. Germania Eng & Const Co., Inc.
Marshall v. Pribil.
Montag v. Ginsberg.
Arkanburgh v. Milroy.
Nelson v. Meikelham.
Wm Morris & Co., Inc v. Providence Washington Ins Co.
Usdansky v. Lane.
Davis v. Isman.
C B Kain v. Huppert.
M. Kain v. same.
Smith v. Addems.
Simon v. Sesshoitz (2).
Tencza v. L V Coal.
Amann v. Wilhart Rity
Schonfeld v. Dechterman Van & Exp.
De Angelis v. NY Rys.
Feig v. Goldsmith.
Windram v. Bklyn Daily Eagle.
McCarthy v. Solling.
Diamond v. Lurival Rity
McGuire v. Albert A. Volk Co.
Vlasto v. Tetanis.
Berkowitz v. Deck Con.
Fox v. Klingenstein.
Diamond v. Lurival Rity
Weed v. Am Dock Co.
Pomerance v. Chappelle.
Adele (Int R T Co.
Fine v. Koppelman.
Wombwell v. Adams Express Co.
Lawrence Son & Gerrish, Inc v. De Vlorne v. Miller's Restaurant.
Fitzgerald v. Gottlieb.
Wilson v. Harper's Weekly Corp.
Abbey v. Union Ry.
Ruger v. Gayer.
Engle v. Reinhardt.
Gerety v. Harlem Market Warehouse Co.
Brucale v. Donetsky.
Weissbeich v. Fitzgerald.
Thiel Detective Serv. v. Burns Int Det Agy.
Cammack v. Schiller.
Cohen v. Mansbach.
H Barcow v. same.
Taylor v. Schiller.
Licari v. Nelson.
Manhattan Inv Co v. Bradley Cont Co.
Manson v. NY, NH & H.
Schuster v. Int Mer Mar
Channessian v. Eliot.
Pleser v. Meyer.
Visono v. Union Ry of NYC.
Zangara v. Clark.
Jeffries v. Nassau Elec. RR.
Dusschlag v. Welling.
Jeffries v. Nas El RR.
Dusschlag v. Welling.
Sharkey v. Schwarzler
Rothmann v. Thompson
Korostishovsky v. Leibowitz.
Weiss v. Weinberg

STATE.

Court of Appeals

Stewart et al. v. Title Guar & Surety Co.
Phelps Stokes Estate, In re Nixon.
Burrell v. NY et al.
Haring v. B H RR et al.
Sheedy v. Foster et al.
Hart v. McKeever.
Shaffer v. Mohawk Val Brew Corp.
Vogel Co v. Bacher Con.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Clarke, P. J.; Scott, Smith, Davis, and Shearn, JJ.—Enumeration of motions at 2 P. M.
Crown v. Goldstein Co, Inc.
West v. Woman's Hosp.
Hardy v. Lyon.
Rosellini v. E Rutzler Co.
Iwanauskas v. P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Radda v. Radda.
Reich v. Hasbrouck.
Becker v. Clark.
Stadler v. Scott.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
NY Pneu Serv Co v. Edison Co.
Re McGowan v. Williams.
Pearson v. Pearson.
Sullivan v. J S Realty.
Prime v. Empire Carrying Co.
Re Baumlin.
Talbot Boiler & Eng Co v. Connor.
Randell v. Ranken Rity.
Re Ratner.
Ellingsworth v. Rabitzek & Arv.
Lazard v. Watson.
Henn v. Bolohnino.
Cohen v. S. A. Horwitt, Inc. (2.)
Roberts v. Roman Baths Co, Inc.
Mandelbaum v. Berkman
Chodosh v. same.
S Rabino & Co, Inc v. Ciner Mfg Co.
Katz v. Goldstein.
Cinn v. Frohman, Inc v. Pop Corn Co. & P, Inc.
Cranville v. Williams.
Holland Sec Co v. Greenhut (2.)
Baez v. Cohen.
McKenzie v. Lane.
Schwartz v. Lippman.
Appel v. Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank.
Houselle v. Voit.
Guarino v. Adams.
Fuchs v. Henigen.
Bush, Bench & Gent, Inc v. Reichard.
Moers v. Pell.
Seamen's Bank for Saving v. Dwyer.
Weinstein v. Bunkind.
Van Dyck Estate v. Elo Bldg Co.
PART II.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Blets v. Bellin.
Landes v. Landes.
Brown v. Doherty.
In re Public Service Com. &c.
Krecker v. Krecker.
Wallace v. Wallace.
Walter v. Walter.
Preferred causes:
Sherwood v. Holbrook.
McDermott & Hanigan v. Ritz Realty Co.
Franklin Sav Bank v. Newman.
Bogen v. Louis.
General calendar:
Cameron v. Thomas.
Kiddie v. Dunham.
Townsend v. Hanenschwag.
Schwartz v. Schwartz.
Frastoli v. Hamburger.
Goldberg v. Bauer.
Napashtek v. Napashtek.
Saltzman v. Eliman.
Danko v. Danko.
Berger v. Alt.
At 2 P. M.:
Hughes v. Chadwick.
PART IV.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Motions.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Certiorari cases:
Charter Const Co v. Purdy.
O'Connor v. Bklyn Tr. London v. Ginsberg.
Heindsmann v. Queens L & T Co, Inc.
Stevenson v. O'Conor.
Brenon Film Corp v. Fox Film Corp.
Fox Film Corp v. Brenon Film Corp.
Sondheim v. Aletre Amus Co.
McSherry v. McSherry.
Grobner v. Grobner.
Felesztyn v. Felesztyn.
White v. Barstow & Co, Inc.
Le Manuquais v. Sperry.
Epstein v. Golden.
Brown v. Brown.
Man Life Ins Co v. Hammerstein Opera.
Honig v. Honig.
Rosenbaum Co v. Gutlid.
Rogers v. Kavanbaugh.
Garabejits v. Gasabejits.
Disbrow v. Disbrow.
Leger v. Leger.
Case on.
PARTS VII. and VIII.—Not in session.
TRIAL TERMS—Part II.—Newburger, J.—At 10 A. M.
Fox v. Bloom (2.)
Bonfield v. Bush.
Michael v. Martinez.
Nemerov v. Poales Elec Co.
Landsman v. Gordon.
Case on.
PART III.—Greenbaum, J.—At 10 A. M.
Adzerycka v. Holbrook.
Cabot & Rollins.
Sonderman v. Silberblatt, (2.)
Ehrich v. Guar Tr Co.
Cohen v. Rimehart.
Kramer v. Richards.
Pierson v. E T Co.
Reinish v. Un Ry.
Glick v. Union Ry of NYC.
Herwich v. Kaltsher.
Whitman v. Maclay.
Castringo v. Jacks.
Winterkorn v. NY & Q Co.
Ferry Ry. (2.)
Echo Start.
J. Buller v. Linch.
H. Buller v. same.
Harmon v. Cent Un Gas.
Quicker Service Ry.
M. Fischer v. same.
Goldberg v. Linch.
Drucker v. NY Con RR.
Casey v. NY.
Dalton v. Horn.
Caggiano v. Linch.
Same v. Williams.
Same v. Power.
Same v. Murphy.
Same v. Ryan.
Same v. Jos Petzer.
Same v. Mary Petzer.
Same v. Taylor.
Same v. Stetzer.
Same v. Miehling.
Same v. Swartzell & Tiernan.
Same v. Karacsak.
Same v. Fudjisaki.
Same v. Swedish Steamship Co.
Same v. Fudjisaki.
Same v. Swedish Steamship Co.

NEW YORK COUNTY.

Supreme Court.

APPELLATE DIVISION — Clarke, P. J.; Scott, Smith, Davis, and Shearn, JJ.—Enumeration of motions at 2 P. M.
Crown v. Goldstein Co, Inc.
West v. Woman's Hosp.
Hardy v. Lyon.
Rosellini v. E Rutzler Co.
Iwanauskas v. P & R Coal & Iron Co.
Radda v. Radda.
Reich v. Hasbrouck.
Becker v. Clark.
Stadler v. Scott.
APPELLATE TERM—Recess.
SPECIAL TERM—Part I.—Donnelly, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Litigated motions.
NY Pneu Serv Co v. Edison Co.
Re McGowan v. Williams.
Pearson v. Pearson.
Sullivan v. J S Realty.
Prime v. Empire Carrying Co.
Re Baumlin.
Talbot Boiler & Eng Co v. Connor.
Randell v. Ranken Rity.
Re Ratner.
Ellingsworth v. Rabitzek & Arv.
Lazard v. Watson.
Henn v. Bolohnino.
Cohen v. S. A. Horwitt, Inc. (2.)
Roberts v. Roman Baths Co, Inc.
Mandelbaum v. Berkman
Chodosh v. same.
S Rabino & Co, Inc v. Ciner Mfg Co.
Katz v. Goldstein.
Cinn v. Frohman, Inc v. Pop Corn Co. & P, Inc.
Cranville v. Williams.
Holland Sec Co v. Greenhut (2.)
Baez v. Cohen.
McKenzie v. Lane.
Schwartz v. Lippman.
Appel v. Chatham & Phenix Nat Bank.
Houselle v. Voit.
Guarino v. Adams.
Fuchs v. Henigen.
Bush, Bench & Gent, Inc v. Reichard.
Moers v. Pell.
Seamen's Bank for Saving v. Dwyer.
Weinstein v. Bunkind.
Van Dyck Estate v. Elo Bldg Co.
PART II.—Whitaker, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Ex parte business.
PART III.—Delehanty, J.—At 10:15 A. M.—Motions.
Blets v. Bellin.
Landes v. Landes.
Brown v. Doherty.
In re Public Service Com. &c.
Krecker v. Krecker.
Wallace v. Wallace.
Walter v. Walter.
Preferred causes:
Sherwood v. Holbrook.
McDermott & Hanigan v. Ritz Realty Co.
Franklin Sav Bank v. Newman.
Bogen v. Louis.
General calendar:
Cameron v. Thomas.
Kiddie v. Dunham.
Townsend v. Hanenschwag.
Schwartz v. Schwartz.
Frastoli v. Hamburger.
Goldberg v. Bauer.
Napashtek v. Napashtek.
Saltzman v. Eliman.
Danko v. Danko.
Berger v. Alt.
At 2 P. M.:
Hughes v. Chadwick.
PART IV.—Finch, J.—At 10:30 A. M. Motions.
PART V.—Not in session.
PART VI.—Lehman, J.—At 10:30 A. M.—Certiorari cases:
Charter Const Co v. Purdy.
O'Connor v. Bklyn Tr. London v. Ginsberg.
Heindsmann v. Queens L & T Co, Inc.
Stevenson v. O'Conor.
Brenon Film Corp v. Fox Film Corp.
Fox Film Corp v. Brenon Film Corp.
Sondheim v. Aletre Amus Co.
McSherry v. McSherry.
Grobner v. Grobner.
Felesztyn v. Felesztyn.
White v. Barstow & Co, Inc.
Le Manuquais v. Sperry.
Epstein v. Golden.
Brown v. Brown.
Man Life Ins Co v.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 17.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BROADWAY, 2,300 to 2,308, n e corner of 86th St, 102.7x114.7x irregular; Peter Doelger Brewing Co. to Maier Realty Corporation, 170 Broadway, mtg $150,000, all liens, Oct. 15; attorneys, Alexander & Mattison, 170 Broadway.....$100

BROOME ST., s w corner Lafayette St, 55x114; Marion S. L. Martin to Anna B. Smith, Elmwood, N. J. Oct. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

FORSYTH ST, 145, w s, 24x100; Mary Gordon to Thelma Gordon, 181 Elm St, Yonkers, N. Y., ½ interest as party of first part in 2-3 parts, subject to life estate of Joseph Levy; mtg $16,000, Jan. 16.....$1

RIDGE ST, w s, 125 ft s of Delancey St, 25x75; Dora Rothenberg to Rosie Rothman, 1,018 Dely Av, ½ parts, all liens, Oct. 16; attorney, H. L. Kunstler, 149 Rivington St.....$1

NICHOLAS PLACE, e s, 239.1 ft w of Prescott Av, runs s w 150.4 x s e 150.8 to n w s of Prescott Av x n e x e 123.1 x n w 202 to beginning; Emma L. Cole, widow of Isaac D. Cole, Jr., to Blanche L., wife of Seymour Rosedale, — Prescott Av, all liens, Oct. 16; attorney, William H. Walling, 26 Cortlandt St.....$1

ED AV, 2,286, e s, 75 ft s 118th St, 25x100, with all title to strip on n s, 154x100; Max Stern to Ida, his wife, 14 West 127th St, Oct. 17.....$100

8TH AV, s e corner of 126 St, 47.2x180; 73d Street Realty Co. to 253 5th Avenue Corporation, 185 Broadway, mtg $200,000, b. and s., all liens, Oct. 4; attorneys, Taylor, K. & Black, 166 Broadway.....$400,000

8TH AV, w s, 50 ft s of 126th St, 25x90; Laura E. Walker to Sarah Hainer, 396 East 194th St, mtg $20,000, Oct. 15; attorneys, McLaughlin & S., 15 William St.....$100

EIGHTH ST, s s, 125 ft e of 3d Av, 25x94.9; Marshall L. Werrin to Frank L. Werrin, 1,215 Madison Av, mtg, $5,000, Oct. 15; attorneys, Miller and A., 61 Broadway.....$1

EAST 87, 241 to 249 West, n s, 122.8 ft e of 11 Av, 82.6x100.6, foreclosure Oct. 9; Saul R. Rogers, referee, to 245 West 81st St. Corp'n, 55 Liberty St, mtg $275,000, Oct. 16; attorneys, Wesselman & Kraus, 55 Liberty St.....$50,000

2ND ST, 621-27 West, n s, 300 ft w of 9th Av, 100x147.4x100.4x139.8; Gertrude A. Vanderbeck to Louis Chaskin, 517 West 126th St, mtg $90,000, b. and s., Oct. 11; attorneys, Philip D. Shapiro, 119 Nassau St.....$100

96TH ST, 115 East, n s, 175 ft e of Park Av, 25x100, foreclosure Oct. 14; Geo. W. Catlin, referee, to Broadway Savings Institution, 5-7 Park Pl, Oct. 18; attorney, Richard Kelly, 233 Broadway.....$15,000

97TH ST, n s, 350 ft e of Columbus Av, 16.8x5.7; Annie Kolbe, individually as executrix, to William Kolbe, 17 Prospect St, New Rochelle, N. Y., ¼ part, mtg $17,000, all liens, Oct. 16.....$100

98TH ST, 29-7 West, 100.8x100.11, Broadway, 100x100.8; People's Pulpit Assn. to Elknur Realty Co., 1,482 Broadway, mtg $600,000, Oct. 4; attorney, T. J. Condy, 150 Nassau St.....$1

97TH ST, 332 West, s s, 315 ft w of West End Av, 20x102.2; Chas. J. Campbell to Annie T. Campbell (Fitzgerald) and Mayme J. Campbell, 1,887 Teller Av, Bronx, quitclaim, 20-100ths; attorney, N. Y. Title and Mortgage Co., 135 Broadway.....$1

97TH ST, 117 East, n s, 200 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.8, foreclosure Oct. 4; same to same, Oct. 15; attorney, same.....$15,000

98TH ST, 119 East, n s, 225 ft e of Park Av, 25x100.8, foreclosure Oct. 4; same to same, Oct. 15; attorney, same.....$15,000

98TH ST, 402-22 East, s s, 93 ft e of 1st Av, 270x100.11, foreclosure, Oct. 3, 1917; Edward S. Greenbaum, referee, to Alice Townsend, Princeton, N. J., et al, executors, Oct. 13; attorneys, Everett, C. & B., 37 Wall St.....$48,300

122D ST, 322 West, s s, 223.5 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 18.2x100.11; Mary Foley to Thomas Comba, 128 West 90th St, mtg $22,500, Oct. 13; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

123D ST, 232 West, s s, 325 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.11; Caroline Westenfelder to Morris Siegel, 346 East 67th St, mtg $18,000; attorney, J. V. Mitchell, 233 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Morris Siegel to Nellie Reilly, 1,400 Grand Concourse, mtg $18,000, all liens; attorney, same.....$1

90TH ST, 312 West, n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 23x102.2; Sophia Drenchhahn to Dora Schulz, 415 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, mtg $20,000, Sept. 26; attorney, M. Strassman, 383 Broadway.....$1

112TH ST, 67 West, n s, 250 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100; Thomas Comba to Mary Foley, 331 South 4th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., mtg $17,000, Oct. 16; attorney, Lee Schaffel, 71 Chambers St.....$100

124TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Sophia Drenchhahn to Dora Schulz, 415 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, mtg $20,000, Sept. 26; attorney, M. Strassman, 383 Broadway.....$1

142D ST, 208 West, s s, 125.1 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11; William Schneider to Teresa R., his wife, on the premises, mtg $7,000, Oct. 16 .....$1

Bronx.

BURNSIDE AV, e w corner of Harrison Av, runs n 75 x e 91.10 x s 40.3 x s 88.3 to Harrison Av x n 100; also Grand Av, s w corner of Burnside Av, runs w 171.9x9.1x w 8.4 x s Harrison Av x s 121.2x s — to Grand Av x n 80.8; Jerome Avenue Realty Co. to Citizens Realty Co., 507 5th Av, one-fifth part, mtg $18,000, Oct. 15; attorney, Clemitt Realty Co., 507 5th Av.....$100

CLAY PROPERTY; same to Milton M. Silverman, et al, executors, three-tenths part, 319 West 89th St, mtg $18,000, Oct. 15; attorney, Estate of C. M. Silverman, 358 West 161st St.....$100

CLAREMONT AV, 616 and 618, s s, 42.5x100.7x irregular; William H. Caldwell, Jr., to Herman Wallstrom, 841 Beck St, mtg $12,000, Aug. 29; attorneys, Hilquit & L., 30 Church St.....$1

CROTONA AV, e s, 90 ft s of 167th St, 20x100; Minnie Marcuse to Rose Wertheimer, 627 West 161st St, Oct. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CROTONA AV, e s, 110 ft s of 167th St, 20x100; Minnie Marcuse to Rose Wertheimer, 627 West 161st St, Oct. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

GIFFORD AV, n s, 205.8 ft e of Balcom Av, 25x100; Mathilde Anderson to Wans F. Gere, 729 Van Nest Av, Oct. 15; attorneys, Lyon & D., 27 Cedar St.....$1

JENNINGS ST, n s, 50 ft w of Stebbins Av, 16.7x100; Ralph R. Clark et al., heirs, to Angelo Marinaro, 1,070 Stebbins Av, mtg $4,000, Oct. 16; attorneys, R. E. Berrien, 148th St and 3d Av.....$100

MOSHOLU PARKWAY, n w corner Concord St, 50x100; George Ulrich to Minnie Watzky, 735 Crawford Av, Oct. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOCUST AV, w s, 25 ft s of 141st St, 75x100; Leslie T. Lehmeyer to 37 West 139th Street Realty Co., Inc., 35 Nassau St, Oct. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOT 6, Block 17, map of Morris Park; Otto Lenninger to Rose L. Lenninger, his wife, 41 Barclay Av and Clarence St, ½ part, Oct. 10; attorney, M. Kretsch, 537 Prospect Av.$1

LOT 118, map St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Building Corp. to John Whalen, 3,220 Layton Av, Sept. 21; attorney, George Centar, 391 East 149th St.....$1

LOT 152, amended map of Bronxwood Park; Chas. S. Dean to Sophie Mascia, 702 South Oak Drive, mtg $8,000, Oct. 15; attorneys, Hirleman & V., 391 East 149th St.....$100

LOT 207, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Bisinger, Kraus to Otto Lenninger, 41 Barclay Av and Clarence St, Oct. 10; attorney, M. Kretsch, 537 Prospect Av.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Morris Siegel to Nellie Reilly, 1,400 Grand Concourse, mtg $18,000, all liens; attorney, same.....$1

90TH ST, 312 West, n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 23x102.2; Sophia Drenchhahn to Dora Schulz, 415 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, mtg $20,000, Sept. 26; attorney, M. Strassman, 383 Broadway.....$1

112TH ST, 67 West, n s, 250 ft e of Lenox Av, 25x100; Thomas Comba to Mary Foley, 331 South 4th Av, Mount Vernon, N. Y., mtg $17,000, Oct. 16; attorney, Lee Schaffel, 71 Chambers St.....$100

124TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of Columbus Av, 25x100.11; Sophia Drenchhahn to Dora Schulz, 415 Sterling Place, Brooklyn, mtg $20,000, Sept. 26; attorney, M. Strassman, 383 Broadway.....$1

142D ST, 208 West, s s, 125.1 ft w of 7th Av, 16.8x99.11; William Schneider to Teresa R., his wife, on the premises, mtg $7,000, Oct. 16 .....$1

Bronx.

BURNSIDE AV, e w corner of Harrison Av, runs n 75 x e 91.10 x s 40.3 x s 88.3 to Harrison Av x n 100; also Grand Av, s w corner of Burnside Av, runs w 171.9x9.1x w 8.4 x s Harrison Av x s 121.2x s — to Grand Av x n 80.8; Jerome Avenue Realty Co. to Citizens Realty Co., 507 5th Av, one-fifth part, mtg $18,000, Oct. 15; attorney, Clemitt Realty Co., 507 5th Av.....$100

CLAY PROPERTY; same to Milton M. Silverman, et al, executors, three-tenths part, 319 West 89th St, mtg $18,000, Oct. 15; attorney, Estate of C. M. Silverman, 358 West 161st St.....$100

CLAREMONT AV, 616 and 618, s s, 42.5x100.7x irregular; William H. Caldwell, Jr., to Herman Wallstrom, 841 Beck St, mtg $12,000, Aug. 29; attorneys, Hilquit & L., 30 Church St.....$1

CROTONA AV, e s, 90 ft s of 167th St, 20x100; Minnie Marcuse to Rose Wertheimer, 627 West 161st St, Oct. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CROTONA AV, e s, 110 ft s of 167th St, 20x100; Minnie Marcuse to Rose Wertheimer, 627 West 161st St, Oct. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

GIFFORD AV, n s, 205.8 ft e of Balcom Av, 25x100; Mathilde Anderson to Wans F. Gere, 729 Van Nest Av, Oct. 15; attorneys, Lyon & D., 27 Cedar St.....$1

JENNINGS ST, n s, 50 ft w of Stebbins Av, 16.7x100; Ralph R. Clark et al., heirs, to Angelo Marinaro, 1,070 Stebbins Av, mtg $4,000, Oct. 16; attorneys, R. E. Berrien, 148th St and 3d Av.....$100

MOSHOLU PARKWAY, n w corner Concord St, 50x100; George Ulrich to Minnie Watzky, 735 Crawford Av, Oct. 17; attorney, Lawyers Title and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOCUST AV, w s, 25 ft s of 141st St, 75x100; Leslie T. Lehmeyer to 37 West 139th Street Realty Co., Inc., 35 Nassau St, Oct. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

LOT 6, Block 17, map of Morris Park; Otto Lenninger to Rose L. Lenninger, his wife, 41 Barclay Av and Clarence St, ½ part, Oct. 10; attorney, M. Kretsch, 537 Prospect Av.$1

LOT 118, map St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Building Corp. to John Whalen, 3,220 Layton Av, Sept. 21; attorney, George Centar, 391 East 149th St.....$1

LOT 152, amended map of Bronxwood Park; Chas. S. Dean to Sophie Mascia, 702 South Oak Drive, mtg $8,000, Oct. 15; attorneys, Hirleman & V., 391 East 149th St.....$100

LOT 207, map of St. Joseph's Orphan Asylum, Bisinger, Kraus to Otto Lenninger, 41 Barclay Av and Clarence St, Oct. 10; attorney, M. Kretsch, 537 Prospect Av.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Otto Lenninger to Rose Lenninger, his wife, as Barclay Av and Clarence St, ½ part, mtg $2,500, Oct. 10; attorney, same.....$1

UNION AV, s e corner of 167th St, 40x100; Nellie Johnson to John Johnson, 2600 Morris Av; mtg $35,000, April 21; attorney, John Johnson, 140th St. and Walton Av.....$1

WINTON AV, w s, 75 ft n of 156th St, runs w 93.8 x n 25 x e 40 x s 25 to beginning; Statutory Holding Company to Emanuel J. Myers, 232 West 78th St., May 19; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

BOYD ST, s e s, being Lot 652, map of Laconia Park, 22x100; Simira Mascia to Clara S. Dean, 17 Irving Place, mtg $7,100, Oct. 16; attorney, W. F. Halsted, 44 Pine St.....$100

BAY AV, 3,586, e s, 75 ft s Leland Manor to Louis E. Lehmeyer, 805 East 55th St, mtg $14,500, Oct. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

62ND AV, s w corner of Bryant Av, 100x200; Peter F. Walter to Theodore E. Walter, 1,515 Bryant Av, mtg $9,000, Oct. 16; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

66TH ST, 470 East, s s, 50x100; Hunts Point Realty Co., to Utility Realty Co., 30 East 42d St, mtg $22,250, Oct. 16; attorney, W. M. Wechsler, 30 East 42d St.....$1

LIS PENDENS.

Manhattan.

50TH ST., 520 WEST; Frederic D. Weekes, Trustee, against People of the State of New York; amended foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

97TH ST, s s, 300 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.8; Adele Kneeland against 340 West 102d St Corp., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. L. Segert.

Bronx.

HEWITT PLACE, e s, 125 ft s of 158th St, 25x100; New York Investors' Corp. against William Hamblin et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, H. Swain.

LOTS 203, 205, 204, 206, map for partition sale of Lott G. Hunt estate; Mary A. Wood against Michael J. Doyle et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Clocke, Koch & Seidy.

LOT 25, Block 2880, Section 11 on tax map; Charles L. Bergerot against Louis F. Ament et al., action to foreclose transfer of tax lien; attorney, C. H. Schwartzman.

TINTON AV, 359; Stephen P. Sturges et al., against Curt Otto et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, J. J. Speth.

WALTON AV, e w corner of Cheever Place, 75x97.7; also Walton Av, w s, 75 ft s of Cheever Place, 75x96.7; 324 Ward Realty Co. of the City of New York against Ellen O'Neill et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorney, F. P. Worlom.

LOT 1, 2, 3, 12 ft s of Willow Av, 101.5x100; Manhattan Mortgage Co. against Tip-Top Laundry, Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Carrington & Pierce.

EAST ST, 673 EAST; Walter Leonard et al. against 673 East Water Street Corp., Inc., et al., foreclosure of mortgage; attorneys, Wendall, Gibbons & Edmonds.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR LEASE OR SALE

191-193 Canal st.
31-33-35 East 4th st.
80-82 Clinton st.

Clinton st., in conjunction with 97-99-101-103 Attorney st.

Estate of Martin Grossman,
P. O. Box 232, White Plains, N. Y.
or through any broker.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FORECLOSURE BARGAIN.

Five-story, wide, triple apartment, Bronx, near Subway Station; rental, $4,800; price, $36,000; free and clear; easy terms.
BYRNE & BAUMANN,
80 EAST 42ND ST.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Mapleton Park

Brooklyn's New Home Centre
Sea Beach Subway
SEND FOR PHOTO OF
PRETTY BRICK HOUSE
READY TO OCCUPY.
Alco Building Company
217 Broadway Barclay 4685
Property Office, 22d Avenue Station of the Sea Beach Subway.

Beautiful Colonial Home.
CENTRE HALL TYPE
13 spacious rooms, 3 baths; exceptionally large closets; open fireplaces; handsome living room; 9 minutes to Church Avenue express station, Brighton Beach Subway. Quick buyer can get $3,000 reduction.
WESTWOOD REALTY COMPANY
685 Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn

PARK SLOPE FOR $7,000.

Ten-room brownstone residence, handsomely carpeted, screens, shades, &c.; perfect condition; must sacrifice 30 days. Owner, Room 800, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

CALIF. SEMI-BUNGALOW

built for all-year home; 7 rooms, bath, steam heat; garage; 4,000 square feet; refined neighborhood; sidewalks; electricity, gas, sewer; privilege of restricted bathing beach, yacht club; free mooring for your motor boat; about three minutes' walk from pier and station; 30 minutes to Herald Square; will sell to responsible party for $600 cash, balance very easy terms. R. S. S., 249 West 34th St., N. Y. City.

Forest Hills Gardens

"A Forward Movement in Suburban Development."
15 minutes from Penn. Station.
Houses and Villa Plots for Sale.
SAGE FOUNDATION HOMES CO.,
47 West 34th St., or Forest Hills, L. I.
Send for Booklet T.

OVERLOOKING THE LAKE.

Modern cottage of seven rooms and bath; full cellar; heat; good location; plenty of ground for vegetables and poultry; only 30 minutes out; can be bought for less than city rent; must have $200 cash, balance $18 per month. GREAT BARGAIN, 975 Times Downtown.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

SCARSDALE BARGAIN

A Homey little Estate of 2½ acres, half lawn and garden half woodland. Dutch Colonial house, 5 master bedrooms, 3 servants' rooms, 3 baths, 3-car garage, coach rooms; mile from station and Golf Club. Owner will sell at Title Company's appraisal.
Griffen, Prince & Ripley, Inc.
18 East 41st Street, N. Y. C.

WYKAGYL

On the ridge at New Rochelle is considered one of Westchester's Garden spots. No more beautiful setting for a country home can be found. Winding drives and small lakes, streams and artistic houses of the best type. This is the time of the year to see it in all its beauty. Convenient to railway station, schools, churches and markets, and adjoins a fine country club. Write for booklet and other information, or better still, call and see it. WYKAGYL OFFICE, North & Paine Avenues, New Rochelle.

SPECIALISTS IN
WESTCHESTER AND
NEARBY CONNECTICUT
PROPERTIES.
INSURANCE—MONEY TO LOAN ON
BOND AND MORTGAGE.
Fish & Marvin 527 5th Ave.

AT NEW ROCHELLE

Beechmont Park; modern 12-room dwelling; baths; also sun parlor; two-car garage; acre of ground; fine shade trees; all kinds of shrubs; near trolley; price exceptionally low; might rent.
FOX REALTY CO.,
51 East 42d St., New York.

$15,000

A TREMENDOUS BARGAIN at Southfield Point. English stucco house of 12 rooms and 8 baths, overlooking the Sound. Garage for 3 cars and chauffeur's quarters; 5 minutes to Stamford Station. Might rent.
F. L. FIELD, 18 EAST 41ST ST.

FARM BARGAIN

Within commuting distance, on Harlem Railroad. 200 acres, fine soil, ten-room house with fireplaces; dairy barn; outbuildings; with lake. $75 per acre. No exchange.
Phone 1818.
Clark, Lee, Tibbits Co., Inc. White Plains, N. Y.

FOR SALE OR RENT

at Colonial Heights; large house with 8 rooms and bath; tastefully decorated; all improvements; price $12,250. A. Reiner, Tuckahoe, N. Y.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

A GARDEN FARM in New York City.

Price $4,900; beautiful "garden farm" at Laurelton; house just completed; 5 rooms and bath; fruit trees, vegetable garden; thirty minutes from Manhattan or Brooklyn; electric trains—plenty of them; close to station, churches, schools, golf, and stores; environment for children unexcelled.
Exceptional opportunity to purchase this "garden farm" on easy terms. If interested, inquire or call LAURELTON DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Suite 509, 1 West 34th St., New York City ('phone Greeley 2741), or on the property ('phone Springfield 1984-R).

SEMI-BUNGALOW

Just completed; owner cannot occupy; 6 rooms, tile bathroom, extra large living room full width of house; open fireplace; up-to-date kitchen; large china dresser; new model gas range with improved hot-water attachment; combination gas and electric fixtures; hot-water heat; spacious porches; front and side openings into living room, can be closed in as sun parlor for the winter; large grounds; 6,000 square feet; 3 minutes' walk to beautiful sandy bathing beach; 40 minutes from city; owner's loss your profit. Will sell for $4,500; worth $5,000; $850 cash, balance very easy monthly payments. B. BARGAIN, 243 W. 34th st., N. Y. City.

North Shore, L. I.

Owner offers his artistic 11 room, 3 bath English house, 1 acre beautiful laid-out grounds, at less than cost price; 1 minute from station; 30 minutes from N. Y., electrical express service. Terms arranged. H. K., 78 Times.

HUNTINGTON.

$30 Lots
High and dry; best location for home or investment; boating, bathing and fishing; near trolley, depot and schools.
$3 DOWN—$1 MONTHLY.
35x100. Warranty Deed.
Free Railroad Tickets.
B. SEITMAN, 106 Flatbush Av., Brooklyn.

Waterfront Farm Bargain

Fine 145-acre farm, 1,200 feet frontage Long Island Sound, beach, bluff, views, mostly cultivated, orchard, double highway frontage, fertile soil, $175 acre; terms.
HARVEY B. MEVINS,
WOOLWORTH BUILDING, NEW YORK.

HILLTOP BUILDING SITE

High-class neighborhood, Huntington section; 40 acres; choice road frontage; near water; wonderful views; pond and stream; price $200 per acre; worth double.
Theo. S. Hall, 47 West 34th St., N. Y.

SMALL POULTRY FARM

8 rooms; house needs repairs; convenient to station and trolley; one hour from city; sell to quick buyer for $100 cash, balance $12 per month. B. THOMAS, 243 West 34th St., N. Y.

Passavant Building

440 4th Avenue.....S. W. Corner 30th St.
New 16-Story Building.....Strictly Fireproof
Entire 16th or SKYLIGHT FLOOR, $7000
OFFICES AND SHOWROOMS, $830 to $1950

UNOBSTRUCTED NORTH LIGHT. LOWEST INSURANCE RATE.

AUTOMATIC SPRINKLERS. COMPLETE SUPERVISORY SERVICE.

MOORE & WYCKOFF, 546 5th Avenue
CORNER 45TH STREET. TELEPHONE BRYANT 1363.

1 West 67th St.

More for the tenant than anywhere else. The first building to combine privacy of home with convenience of hotel.

STUDIO Duplex Apartments, 2 to 6 rooms and bath, with large north lights for artists, and similar apartments facing south for non-professionals. Unfurnished only. Rents from $1,500 to $3,000.

Ball Room, Exhibition Room, Swimming Pool, Squash Courts and Roof Playground for children.

MEALS served from restaurant in apartments without charge for service. Raw materials converted into food by best chefs obtainable and brought to apartments by specially constructed electric dumbwaiters without charge for cooking. Refrigeration free.

The famous Gustave Becker, chief chef Hotel Blackstone, Chicago, conducts restaurants.

Apply on premises. Telephone Col. 4204.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Overlooking Huntington Bay

A very attractive home, every modern convenience; 4 bedrooms and bath and room for maid; select section; fine bathing beach; owner having home elsewhere will sacrifice for $7,000; this is less than house could be reproduced, without cost of land; everything perfect order. Write for particulars.
DANIEL GERARD, 1,270 B'way (33d), N.Y.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WAR OPPORTUNITY

Owing to removal, must sell this handsome all-year home, near New York; splendid transportation; best surroundings, schools, clubs, &c.; house built two years ago; no expense was spared to make it a REAL home; contains five master bedrooms, two baths, three toilets, spacious, handsomely finished living room, sanitary kitchen, every improvement and convenience; most of them not put in ordinary houses; garage; large corner plot; price $13,000; worth $16,000; terms to suit; a decided bargain for quick sale; particulars and pictures upon request. G. A. ROFF, Room 518, 1 328 B'way.

IDEAL HOME WITH GARAGE

Price, $5,500. Cash Required, $500.
House has seven large, airy rooms, cosy inglenook, with open fireplace; tiled floor; sanitary gas kitchen; handsomely finished living room, beamed ceiling; dining room; spacious piazza; plenty of closet room; tiled bath; steam heat; convenient to schools, clubs, churches; good transportation; 35 minutes out; large plot; all conveniences; owing to business change must sell; this house was built by day's work by owner for his own occupancy and no expense was spared. Full particulars.
F. W. Waggoner, Room 518, 47 West 34th St.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

4th Ave. Above 23d St. | 3 Lots Will Build to suit
907 Broadway HESS INC. Cor. 20th St.
Telephone Gramercy—6052.

A FEW DESIRABLE OFFICES IN THE
FULTON BUILDING
S.-W. Cor. Fulton & Nassau Sts.
TO SELECT TENANTS
William F. Fuerst, Inc., Agt.
87 NASSAU ST.

OFFICE SPACE

For rent: About 4,000 sq. ft. on 12th floor World's Tower Bldg., 110 W. 40th St., to sublet. Conveniently arranged for single offices or suites. Elegant light each room. Possession at once. Inquire Room 1209.

RENT OR LEASE—75x100 LOFT

with unlimited power, excellent loading and transit facilities.
RENT $200 PER MONTH
M. R. FLOORING CO.,
139th St. & Rider Av. Tel. 6300 Melrose

WANTED FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

WANTED

2000 to 4000 Sq. Ft.
of Office Space
Below Liberty Street
GEO. R. READ & CO.
30 Nassau St.

WANTED

12,000 to 14,000 square feet of Factory Space, preferably on one floor. In Greater New York. Live steam. State full particulars. O. C., 95 Times.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—Furnished.

Furnished House to Rent.
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.
Centrally located on Main St. Reception hall, living room, music room, dining room, kitchen, and pantry on first floor; five bedrooms, sewing room and bath on second floor; all furnished complete; commodious verandas, spacious grounds, and garage; rent $100 per month for Winter season, or permanent; reference given and required. X 301 Times Annex.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

WILHELMINA

7th Av., 1,919, Corner 116th; one block to subway and L express station; corner apartment, 8 large, light rooms, exceptional closet space; night and day uniformed elevator service. Completely redecorated and ready to move in; $80.

7 WEST 24TH ST. Two rooms and bath, all improvements, second floor front, $50 month. One at $40 month. Call and see. Ring knright bell.
Goodale, Parry & Dwight, Inc., Agents.
Gramercy 4410. 5 East 32rd St.

340 WEST 86TH ST.
7 ROOMS, 3 BATHS, $2,000.
M. H. Gaillard & Co.
2,299 Broadway. 'Phone Schuyler 3979.

ROCKLEDGE COURT,

2,044 Albany Court,
231st St. Subway Station.
4 ROOMS.....$28-$32
AGENT ON PREMISES.

65 Central Park West.

A very desirable eight-room Apartment; large, light, airy rooms; overlooking park; high-class elevator house; rent $1,800. Apply Superintendent on premises.

340 WEST 86th ST.
2 Rooms & Kitchenette
$900 TO $1,000.
M. H. GAILLARD & CO.,
2299 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 3979.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS

135 West 79th St.
NEW FIREPROOF BUILDING.
1 Apt. 3 Rooms & Bath, Rental $1,260.

Prince's Court,
N. E. Cor. 164th St. & Broadway.
1 Apt. 7 Rooms & Bath,
Convenient to subway. Buses pass door.
Rental $960.

248 West 105th St.
Excellent Location.
7 & 8 Rooms & Bath, $1,020 to $1,200.

J. ROMAINE BROWN CO.,
299 Madison Avenue.
Tel. Murray Hill—1481.

NEARING COMPLETION

370 Central Park West

The Apartment House Unique.
S. W. Corner of 97th Street.
An Oasis in the Desert of Sameness.
Featuring Elizabethan Architecture.
Suites of 2 to 7 Rooms,
Rentals $700 to $1,800.
Special 3 room suites.
Several charming suites with huge Studio Room, high studded ceiling, open fireplace. For booklet, floor plans, etc.,
See Renting Agent on premises, or
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORP.
299 Madison Ave., corner 41st St.
'Phone Vanderbilt 3237.

998 Fifth Avenue
Northeast Corner 81st St.
MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING
OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK
To rent, unfurnished, large apartment, 16 rooms and 4 bathrooms.
Also, Duplex apartment, 14 rooms and 4 bathrooms
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co.
16 EAST 46TH STREET.

Devonshire
Broadway, Corner 112th St.
9 Rooms—Foyer—3 Baths.
Large and Bright.
All corner, $2100.
South Apt., $1800.

Katahdin
567 West 113th St.
Cor. of B'way.
Eight Large Rooms, $1400 yearly.
Only one apartment left.
W. P. SHERIDAN, Agent,
649 Riverside Drive.
M'ginside 434. Cor. 127th St.

Chesterfield
250 Riverside Drive
Northeast Corner 98th St.
10-Story High-Grade Elevator Apartments.
7-8 Rooms, 2 & 3 baths
Rents $1,600 to $2,100
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
Peter Lowenfeld 22 William St. Tel. Hanover 5960

Very Choice Apartment of
7 Rooms, Rent $1,300
Overlooking Central Park
The Mohonk
275 Central Park West,
between 87th and 88th Streets.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
Peter Lowenfeld, 22 William St. Tel. Hanover 5960

The Raymore,
1 West 63th St., Cor. Central Park W.
7 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1,500 to $2,200
Apply Superintendent on premises, or
Bing & Bing, 119 West 40th St.

69 WEST 46TH ST.
3rd Floor. 20x60.
Rent $1,100 Per Year.
RULAND & WHITING CO.,
710 Madison Av. Plaza 4951.

63 WEST 46TH ST.
One Room & Bath Apt.
Rent $540 Per Year.
RULAND & WHITING CO.,
710 Madison Av. Plaza 4951.

Skylight Studios
5 West 16th Street
Bachelor Apartments
$30 to $60

The Langham
73d St.—Central Park West—74th St.
Offers Two Desirable Suites of 10 Rooms
ONE OF WHICH MAY BE HAD FURNISHED
This house was built under the supervision of Messrs. Clinton & Russell. It is luxuriously finished, no expense having been spared in its construction.
The unexcelled service is one of its attractions.
IT IS ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.

Chatsworth
344 West 72d Street, at Riverside Drive
Suites of 8 to 10 Rooms
Rental, 1,400 to 3,000 per Annum
Representative on Premises, or
L. J. Phillips & Co., Agents
72d St. & Columbus Ave. Telephone Columbus 2750.

182 West 58th Street
A Corner Residential Building
Overlooking Central Park and Readily Accessible to the Business and Amusement Centres
ONE SUITE OF 10 ROOMS AND 5 BATHS, $5,000
Also Suite of 14 Rooms and 5 Baths, $8,000
Unusually Large Entertaining Space—Appointments and Service Unexcelled
Specially arranged four-room Doctor's Suite, with private entrance, $2,000 per annum.
Inspection Invited—Resident Manager. Columbus—4253.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN—West Side.

GARFIELD
338 West 56th St., Block from Broadway.
Most CENTRAL LOCATION.
Here are Unusual Values.
8 large, light rooms $1,100-$1,200 and bath.
ONE PHYSICIAN'S APARTMENT.
Elevator, electric light, parquet floors, &c.
THEO. ROGERS BRILL,
351 West 59th St. Columbus 1497.

HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
One
8 & 9 Room Corner Apartment;
Very large, all outside, exceptionally large rooms.
WESTWOOD COURT,
433 Ft. Washington Ave.
West 179th to 180th Sts.

MANHATTAN—East Side.

THE WOOLSEY
141 East 44th Street
East of Lexington Avenue.
2 Rooms, Bath Kitchenette
Unfurnished, $60.00 to $75.00
Furnished, $70.00 to $85.00
Satisfactory Reference Indispensable.
Apply to Superintendent on premises, or
BING & BING
119 West 40th St. Phone 0610 Bryant

MAPLE COURT
1229 PARK AVE., COR. 96TH.
High-Class Elevator Apartments
7 & 8 Rooms, $1,000-$1,350
2 baths.
A very choice 8-room corner Suite, also Dentist's Apartment, 8 Rooms. Must Be Seen To Be Appreciated.
Apply Premises or A. BRANDSTEIN, (Harlem—1518). 133 East 118th St.

CROSS CHAMBERS
210 Fifth Avenue.
Overlooking Madison Square Park.
Studio consisting of large room and bath. Maid's service. Possession. Superintendent on premises.
FRED'K FOX & CO.
14 W 40th St. Vanderbilt 540

109-111 EAST 56TH ST.,
Near Park Av.
Select Studio Apartment, two rooms and bath, extra large and light; $80; elevator, maid, and hall service. On premises or
HALL & BLOODGOOD,
542 Fifth Av. Vanderbilt 1732.

A.—HOFFMAN ARMS
640 MADISON AV., COR. 59TH ST.
6 to 10 ROOMS, REDUCED RENTS
Accessible location; large rooms; near park.

BRONX.

New Corner House
Just Completed.
8-4-5 elegant room apartment, all modern improvements; telephones service, etc.
N. E. Cor. 167th St. & Vyse Av.
Near Simpson St. subway station.

BROOKLYN.

NEW APARTMENTS.
20 Minutes to Union Square.
Take 4th Av. subway to 9th St. express station, Brooklyn; 5 minutes' walk to apartments.
4-5 Rooms, Rents $34-$45,
extra large; modern improvements; decoration to suit. Ownership management on premises, daily and Sunday.
358-362 11th St., 5th and 6th Avs., Brooklyn.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

The Grosvenor,
5th Av. and 10th St.
A very desirable apartment
4 Rooms with 2 baths.
Rooms of exceptional large size.

64 East 34th Street
ADJOINING VANDERBILT HOTEL
Unusually Large
1 and 2 ROOM
Apartments $75 Up
MEALS AND SERVICE IF DESIRED
Newly Decorated
S. KAMIN, Premises. Tel Murray Hill 815.

HOTEL CALUMET
340 West 57th St.
Near Central Park; centre all transit facilities. High-class, fireproof residential hotel. Refined patronage. Attractive outside non-housekeeping apartments, one room and bath and larger suites, unfurnished or furnished. Large closets. Superior restaurant; polite service; sensible rates.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

SUBLET FURNISHED
10

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 126.—Completely furnished, 7 rooms, piano; lovely view. Schuyler 5620.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 400, (112th.) 6B.—Six large rooms; best class; overlooks Hudson.

THORNDYKE APT. HOTEL, 208 West 54th.—Attractive suite, two rooms and bath; full hotel service; low weekly, monthly rates.

UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES. — Furnished cosiest apartments; long, short leases. WICKLIFFE GREY, Furnished Apartment Specialist, 200 West 59th St. Columbus 3974.

WEST END AV., 575.—Five sunny outside rooms, two baths, facing Hudson south; charming, smart, positively new furniture; piano, china, linen; would also share with lady of couple; reasonable.

WEST END.—6 rooms, 3 baths; artistic furnishings; 3 bedrooms. Columbus 3974.

WEST END, (90s.)—Exquisitely furnished 6 rooms, 3 baths, new. Columbus 3974.

WILL SHARE high-class apartment; one or two gentlemen, bachelors. R 19 Times.

Unfurnished—East Side.

222, 215 EAST.—Floors; all light rooms; old-fashioned private house; suitable studios, housekeeping.

307TH, 4 EAST.—Studio; top floor; north light; steam heat; electricity; $40. Kahn.

307TH, 18 EAST.—Large studio room; two bedrooms, bath, kitchen; $1,200. Payson Merrill Co., 9 East 44th St.

307TH, 62 EAST.—Elevator apartment, seven rooms; electricity; all modern improvements; $750.

307TH, 122 EAST.—Saloon floor, two rooms and bath, together or separately, in private house. Park Av.

IRVING PLACE, 71, S. W. Corner 19th St. (Gramercy Park Section.)—Two-room and bath penthouse-keeping apartment, $840, with service; open fireplace, electric light, steam heat; 3 rooms and bath in rooms if desired; also studio, $300. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 62 Cedar St. Tel. John 5700.

MADISON AV., 173, (Between 33d and 34th Sts.)—Three rooms and bath non-housekeeping, $1,200; elevator, telephone, resident maid and valet; meals served in rooms if desired. WM. A. WHITE & SONS, 62 Cedar St. Tel. 5700 John.

MADISON, 922, (Corner 73d.)—Studio or apartment, 2 rooms, bath, $45-$55.

STUYVESANT PARK, Rutherford Place, 3.—Six rooms, $70.

Unfurnished—West Side.

422 WEST.—Exclusive block; "The Chimes"; 5 rooms, bath, steam; $38 for couple of refinement; no small children.

55 WEST.—Apartment of four rooms, bath, and kitchenette in private house; rent, $70.

227 WEST.—Ground floor, 2 rooms, kitchenette, bath; steam; sunshine; fireplace; $45.

329 WEST.—Three front rooms, with large bathroom, in exclusive house; excellent location; an exceptional apartment for couple; rent $60. Goodwin & Goodwin, 148 West 57th St.

121 WEST.—Parlor floor, exceptionally large rooms; private baths.

44 WEST, (adjoining Central and Manhattan Square Park.)—Eight rooms, three baths, $1,000; eleventh floor, 13,000; three 18x28; bedrooms all face south; modern fireproof building. Superintendent, on premises.

17 WEST.—7 large, light rooms, bath; one flight up; $60; with electric light, $65.

316 WEST, (Adjoining Corner Riverside Drive.)—Sublet 6 rooms, very desirable, modern elevator apartment. Apply Supt.

220 WEST.—To sublet, unfurnished apartment; eight rooms, two baths; modern improvements. Apt. 3E., The Borchardt.

517 WEST.—High-class elevator apartments, 5, 6 rooms; owner's management. Telephone 8240 Morningside.

365 WEST.—9 room apartment, 2d floor; newly decorated; all improvements; price very reasonable; tenant must leave town. Moraes.

485 WEST.—High-class apartments, 4 rooms, $55; subway, L.

APARTMENTS—STUDIOS.

2, 4, 7 ROOMS; MODERATE RENTS.

327 WEST 56TH ST.

CORNER APARTMENT. SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.

9-Rooms and Foyer—All Floors Parquet.

Very Attractive, Large Rooms.

THE WESTMINSTER.

255 West 145th St, Corner St. Nicholas Av.

CORNER APARTMENT.

8 Rooms; Every One Outside.

Very Attractive.

HARTLEY HALL.

685 Central Park West, Corner 100th St.

EIGHT-ROOM CORNER APARTMENT AT 93D STREET.

OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK.

SOUTHERN EXPOSURE.

"THE TURIN."

RENT $2,100.

LEWIS B. PRESTON, INC., 165 Broadway. TELEPHONE 4470 CORTLANDT.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 596, (137th St.,) Apt. 3B.—8 rooms, bath; 1 year.

ST. NICHOLAS PLACE, 76.—5 large, sunny, outside rooms; new house. Jacobson.

WEST END AV., 708.—Single apartment; 8 large rooms, bath; improvements. Janitor.

$60 FOR 8 ROOMS; ELEVATOR.

All modern rooms, 14x20; all outside; act quick. 518 West 157th St.

8 Rooms and 2 Baths

THE ROSARY, 306 WEST 99TH ST.

$1400 and $1500.

M. H. GAILLARD & CO.,

2399 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 2979.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Responsible couple want high-class furnished apartment, five rooms and bath with shower, upper west side, until April 1; no children; scrupulous care guaranteed. Address, stating full particulars and lowest price, W. P., 852 Columbus Av.

Couple require large, bright, warm room or two, bath, kitchenette or cooking facilities; convenient to "L"; surroundings; unquestionable references; about $10. R 15 Times.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENTS WITH US.

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,

261 COLUMBUS AV.

TEL. 2750 COL.

REFINED COUPLE want, furnished, three rooms, bath, kitchenette apartment, between Fiftieth and Eightieth; rent not to exceed $100 monthly. Address V 43 Times.

WANTED—6 to 8 rooms, well furnished, by small, responsible family, 70th to 96th St., west side, $150 to $200. L. F., 288 Amsterdam Av. Columbus 2467.

Modern bachelor apartment, 2 rooms and bath; prefer 72d St. up, west side, or Washington Sq. section; write fully, stating price; no agents. J 6 Times.

RESPONSIBLE clients wanting high-class furnished apartments; immediate and future rentals. Clark Realty, 30 East 42d. Vanderbilt 1450.

Responsible party wants furnished apartment, 6 rooms, 3 baths; west side; pay $350 month. Telephone Vanderbilt 1453.

RESPONSIBLE party wants furnished apartment, 9 rooms, 3 baths, west side; pay $350 month. Telephone Vanderbilt 1453.

Two or three rooms, housekeeping apartment, 90th to 100th St., west side; state price. Apartment S-C, 230 West 97th.

HIGH-CLASS, (two master's bedrooms,) six or seven rooms, not over $150. Write 745 West End Av.

List your Home Comfort Furnished Apartments with Isabel Daintry, 16 West 47th Street. Tel. Bryant 4614.

LIST YOUR FURNISHED APARTMENT.

Large demand, select clientele. Mrs. Dingle-man, Renting Specialist, 154 W. 72d. Col. 836.

APARTMENTS WANTED, FURNISHED. Exclusive Renting, 176 W. 72d. Col. 848.

I can rent your apartment furnished. B. K. Van Winkle, 156 W. 72d St. Col. 1077.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

207TH, 8 EAST.—Handsome rooms, all improvements; gentlemen; private residence; Washington Sq.

111TH, 10 EAST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large and small, steam-heated rooms; electricity.

61ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Large, furnished rooms; private baths, steam heat, electric light; board optional; references.

61ST, 41 EAST.—Newly decorated, handsomely furnished; all conveniences. Gramercy 3158.

62ND, 16 EAST.—All comforts, refined home, completely furnished, cheerful room; bath; references.

61ST, 27 EAST.—Rooms, newly decorated, furnished or unfurnished; references. Phone 3258 Plaza.

96TH, 229 EAST.—Large front parlor; running hot and cold water; reasonable.

62ND, 31 EAST.—Desirable room in private house in select neighborhood; references.

EAST ORANGE, 20 Lenox Av.—Large front room; all improvements; on floor with bath; three minutes from D., L. & W. station.

IRVING PLACE, 14. — Front rooms; box-spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 220 (36th).—Musical studios; suitable for teaching; rented by the day or hour.

MADISON AV., 1,429.—Well furnished, elevator and telephone; only $3 and $4.

PARK AV., 70, (38th St.)—Single room for gentleman; elevator; $5.

West Side.

97TH, 60 WEST.—Large, small rooms, overlooking Park; bachelors, references, high-class house.

58TH ST.—Large and small rooms, next bath; modern corner, elevator apartment. Belmonte, 45 Cedar.

Furnished Rooms

30 cents per agate line

West Side.

57TH, 222 WEST. — Single, double rooms; electricity; lavatories; business couple, gentlemen; references. Thompson.

57TH, EAST of 7TH AV.—Attractive, southern room in private elevator apartment. Phone Circle 3053, extension 6.

40 WEST 58TH ST.

Rooms and suites, attractively furnished.

68TH, 61 WEST.—Large rooms, private bath; also small rooms; board optional.

69TH, 145 WEST. — Doctor's unfurnished suite; also other attractively furnished rooms; telephone. Buckley.

69TH, 61 WEST.—Rear parlor, with private bath; kitchenette; other rooms; maid service.

70TH, END WEST.—Exceptionally large, superbly furnished apartment; two-four rooms; service.

70TH, 111 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; two or three gentlemen; parlor floor; suitable for physician; electricity.

70TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; electricity, telephone; near subway; references required.

70TH, 219 WEST.—Excellent rooms, private bath; telephone; park studio room to rent, moderate; convenient to bus, cars, subway. Phone Columbus 2721.

70TH, 253 WEST.—Well-furnished room; running water; private house; references required.

70TH STREET—2,030 BROADWAY.

Attractively furnished ten rooms; three baths; Ormonde Apartments. Johnson. Telephone 6314 Columbia.

70TH, 130 WEST.—Desirable room, private bath; constant hot water; electricity; references.

70TH, 278 WEST.—Large rooms, bath connecting; $6-$7; gentlemen, business couple; telephone; reference.

71ST, 303 WEST.—Two bedrooms, private bath and parlor; electricity; breakfast; men; references.

71ST, 45 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; phone, electricity, and running water; desirable location.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Three-window front, second floor, private house; $8.

71ST, 124 WEST.—Large room; private bath; other rooms; electric light; steam heat.

72D, 261 WEST.—High-class Winter reservations; handsomely furnished double rooms; private baths.

72D ST., 302 WEST.—Attractive room and bath; also suite suitable for three gentlemen.

72D, 121 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, private bath, also handsome suite.

73D, 167 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished room; running water; also attractive small rooms; all adjoining bath; reasonable.

73D ST., 103 WEST.—Large, small, newly decorated; hot, cold running water; exceptional.

73D, 158 WEST.—Large, newly furnished room; suitable two; electricity; references required.

73D, 275 WEST.—Nicely furnished medium-sized room, bath adjoining; electric lights; telephone.

73D, 136 WEST.—Large, small rooms, electricity, subway, "L"; references. Telephone Columbus 4185.

74TH, 105 WEST.—Small and medium rooms, comfortably furnished, near bath; gentlemen only; private house; references required; Jewish family.

74TH, 33 WEST.—SPACIOUS SUITE, TWO ROOMS, PRIVATE BATH, IN STEAM-HEATED, LUXURIOUSLY FURNISHED HOME; BREAKFAST; $175 MONTHLY.

74TH, 25 WEST.—High-class unsurpassed, superbly furnished apartment; two-four rooms; service.

74TH, 111 WEST.—Large room, southern exposure; two or three gentlemen; parlor floor; suitable for physician; electricity.

74TH, 144 WEST.—Attractive rooms; electricity, telephone; near subway; references required.

75TH, 125 WEST.—Large, attractive room; private bath; also desirable small room; all conveniences.

75TH, 158 WEST.—Large rooms, $8-$9; electricity; parquetry; exclusive residence; telephone; desirable.

76TH, 46 WEST.—Comfortable room and bed-room; running water; select residence; references; $9.

75TH, 3 WEST.—Newly furnished large rooms, continuous hot water, electricity, $6-$10.

75TH, 14 WEST.—Elegant front room, twin beds; lavatory; electricity; well heated; telephone; refined.

75TH, 143 WEST.—Newly furnished, light, airy rooms; private baths. Schuyler 7323.

76TH, 55 WEST.—Exceptionally attractive furnished room; all improvements; bachelors or couple.

76TH, 180 WEST.—Room, private bath; parquet floor, electricity; private house; references.

76TH, 244 WEST.—Elegantly furnished rooms; exclusive house; electricity; telephone; maid service. Col. 4581.

76TH, 314 WEST.—Front room, private bath; large sunny room and single room.

77TH, 150 WEST.—Newly furnished renovated southern rooms, individual baths; electricity; parlors; studio.

77TH, 354, (West End.)—Front large room, electricity; front parlor; reasonable; references.

77TH, 109 WEST.—Front parlor for rent, $25 month; suitable for business.

77TH, 160 WEST.—Desirable single rooms, southern exposure; gentlemen; references.

77TH, 118 WEST.—Private house, two large rooms; connecting bath; single, en suite.

78TH, 107 WEST.—Large rooms, newly decorated; southern exposure; gentlemen or couple; reference.

78TH, 112 WEST.—Beautiful large rooms, connecting shower bath; small room; exclusive house.

78TH, 122 WEST.—Large, handsome front room and lavatory, electricity, references.

79TH, 213 WEST.—Large, small; bath; business people preferred; furnished or unfurnished; references.

79TH, 169 WEST.—Large, well furnished room, with private bath; immaculate; block subway.

79TH, 212 WEST.—Magnificent parlor floor suite; private bath; comforts; best transportation; also single rooms; reference required.

79TH, 146 WEST.—Newly furnished, large room; southern exposure; running water; connecting bath.

80TH, 147 WEST.—Large, handsome newly furnished, sunny room; all conveniences; references.

81ST ST., 166 WEST.—Attractive large and medium rooms; convenient subway and L stations.

81ST, 118 WEST. — Large attractive front room, private bath; convenient "L," subway.

82D, 24 WEST.—Parlor floor suite, private bath; electricity; medium rooms; comfortable home.

84TH, 342 WEST.—In exclusive neighborhood, private residence; all conveniences; $7-$10 weekly; appointment by telephone. 8253 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 62 WEST.—Private family will rent to gentlemen large room, running water, in house near 86th St. "L" station.

84TH, 816 WEST.—Parlor, adjoining bedroom, near bath, ground floor apartment, couple or ladies preferred.

84TH, 333 WEST.—Attractive large room, hot and cold water, electricity, phone.

85TH, 170 WEST.—Cheerful homelike rooms; running water, electricity. Schuyler 6635, Beer.

85TH, 136 WEST.—Nicely furnished, medium size rooms; running water, electricity, telephone.

85TH, 329 WEST.—Front and back parlor; beautifully furnished; with or without board; all conveniences; single and double rooms.

85TH, 58 WEST.—Very large front room, dressing room; electricity, telephone; $9.

86TH, (549 West End Av.)—Single room, private house, $4; gentleman only.

86TH, 341 WEST.—Large comfortable room, adjoining bath; suitable one or two; references.

86TH, 22 WEST.

Splendid sunny large and medium rooms, bath; breakfast. Schuyler 8197.

87TH, 201 WEST.—Attractively furnished, 3 rooms and kitchenette, $65 monthly; elevator apartment.

87TH, 171 WEST.

BEAUTIFUL, WARM, NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS.

88TH, 128 WEST.—Large room, kitchenette; other rooms; southern exposure; quiet; convenient.

89TH, 330 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, twin beds, single, en suite; with, without bath.

91ST, 182 WEST.—Elegant suite, bath adjoining; phone; independent; gentlemen. Apt. 2.

91ST, 4 WEST.—Single or en suite; all conveniences; private family; adults; references. Apt. 2.

94TH, 153 WEST.—Nicely furnished double room, adjoining bath; private family; references.

96TH, 231 WEST.—Handsome room, facing Broadway; running water; suitable for gentleman; private family; breakfast optional; very reasonable. Apt. 7C.

97TH, 209 WEST.—Front suite, exceptionally fine rooms; high-class elevator apartment; business people preferred. Apt. 3C.

98TH, 201 WEST.—Beautifully furnished front room in refined home. Apt. 4L.

101ST, 5 WEST.—Parlor, adjoining room; piano; also single rooms; gentlemen; reasonable. Bancel.

101ST, 205 WEST.—Attractive large, small light rooms; convenient "L," subway.

103D, 2 WEST.—Beautiful, large, light front rooms, for 2, $6. Phone Robinson.

107TH, 230 WEST.—French lady has newly decorated rooms; all conveniences; private baths; elevator apartment. Apt. 5S.

107TH, 18 WEST.—A sunny, handsomely furnished room; home comforts; private family; shower; $3.50. Lyons.

108TH, 256 WEST (Corner Broadway.)—Large front room, $5.50; gentleman; telephone. Rogers.

West Side.

109TH, 509 WEST. — Elegantly furnished room; light; running water; private family; high-class apartment; references. Apt. 1-A.

111TH, 507 WEST.—Well furnished parlor bedroom; all conveniences; elevator. Apt. 43.

112TH, (Broadway.) — Overlooking Hudson; single or en suite; exclusive. 5066 Morningside, Apartment 10-C.

143TH, 536 WEST.—Large, attractively furnished front room, bay window; breakfast. Apt. 5I.

114TH, 622 WEST.—Light, large, attractive rooms; ladies only. Apt. 52.

116TH, 438 WEST.—Large, outside room; all conveniences; references. Apt. 43.

118TH, 430 WEST.—Desirable, bright, well-furnished rooms in modern apartment. Periam.

118TH, 414 WEST.—Pleasant, large, single room; elevator building; electricity; $5.50. Apt. 3.

121ST, 523 WEST.—Two large front rooms, southern exposure; alcove; large room, with kitchen; attractive small room. Seller.

121ST, 537 WEST.—Southwest corner room; attractive outlook and furnishings. K.

122D, 216 WEST.—Small rooms, clean, well furnished house, telephone; references.

123D, 528 WEST.—Large rooms; southern exposure, running water; private; reasonable. O'Meara.

125TH, 629 WEST.—1st Apt., 2 nice, airy bedrooms; home privilege; gentlemen preferred.

125TH, (583 Riverside Drive.)—Delightful front room, overlooking Hudson; homelike; Apt. 6I.

168TH, 601 WEST. (Broadway.)—Outside room; private bath; breakfast; $65 monthly. Elsworth.

ALLERTON HOUSE FOR BACHELORS,

302 West 22d St.

Genial atmosphere and spirit of a well-appointed club for men of refinement; new fireproof building; billiard room; single, $4.50 to $8.50 weekly; rooms for two, $3.50 weekly each.

BROADWAY, 2,890, (112th.)—Homelike, well-furnished room, adjoining bath; high-class apartment; references. Telephone Morningside 3908. Apartment 8.

BROADWAY, 2,880, Corner 112th.—Large room, with private bath; every convenience; private family; references exchanged. Apt. 3.

CHARMING room in high-class apartment for lady willing to pay for exclusiveness. Phone mornings Schuyler 7562.

FIVE-ROOM apartment, 4th floor, front; will lease for year; silver, linen, and china. Immediate possession. Telephone 3040 Morningside. Thompson.

Front room with bath in a most exclusive house; furnished to suit; fine view of Hudson; breakfast if desired; $85. Phone Schuyler 2776.

PHONE RIVERSIDE 992.

Gentleman can have homelike, sunny, comfortable room, with private bathroom, in elegant, strictly private residence, occupied by owner. Riverside Drive, near 103d subway; references.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, (corner 90th.)—Handsomely furnished large corner room; overlooking Hudson; private family. Phone Riverside 2748, Apt. 2-A.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 583.—Delightful front room, overlooking Hudson; homelike; reasonable. Apt. 61.

SUPERB furnished apartment; two-four rooms; service.

WEST END AV., 826.—Superior accommodations, with, without bath; refined gentlemen only; breakfast.

WEST END, 896.—Two large front rooms, residence, $11. Phone 5893 Riverside.

Staten Island.

FOR ONE OR TWO business men, one large double room; heat, electricity; two closets; $5 a week; no other rooms. G. N. H., 128 Frelinghuysen Road, Tompkinsville, S. I.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

87TH, 171 WEST.
SELECT NEIGHBORHOOD.
LARGE, WARM ROOMS.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

RESPONSIBLE YOUNG MERCHANT desires room, bath, with small, refined family, high-class apartment, below 90th, West; no other roomers; state how many in family; give particulars; highest references exchanged. X 237 Times Annex.

LARGE alcove or two smaller, or kitchen end of apartment; quiet neighborhood; outside; not exceeding $30 monthly; for refined couple; state floor. L 616 Tremont.

Furnished room, with bath, wanted by a lady employed during the day; room must be well heated; references required. Address M, Box 46, Katonah, New York.

Couple wish well furnished room; board; refined surroundings; convenient to express subway station. X 339 Times Annex.

Room and board wanted by army officer for indefinite time. Reply box X 344 Times Annex.

ROOM.—Private ba'h, steam heat, electric light; within short riding distance Herald Square. R 9 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

Westchester County.

ROCKLEDGE MANOR HOTEL AND COTTAGE.—Delightful home at moderate prices; convenient to New York City. 124 Bruce Av., Yonkers.

HIGHCLIFFE HOTEL, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Unexcelled home cooking; river view. Yonkers 2161.

New Jersey.

ELMWOOD HOTEL,
43-45 South Walnut St.,
East Orange, N. J.
Accommodates 100; fifty bathrooms;
Thirty minutes from Broadway.

Room with private bath and first-class table board for two, $20 to $30.

Room with private bath and first-class table board for one, $13 to $17.

Parlor, bedroom, and private bath with table board for two, $31 to $39.

All rooms handsomely furnished; special reduction to permanent guests.

THE MARLBOROUGH,
45 North Arlington Av.,
East Orange, N. J.
"30 Minutes from Broadway."

A parlor, bedroom, and private bath in a delightful family hotel, together with excellent meals for two persons, from $30 to $60 per week; situated in beautiful East Orange; 150 trains a day. Take Lackawanna or Erie Hoboken hotel one block from East Orange station. Write for Booklet.

W. T. READE Resident Prop.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

54TH, 13-15 EAST.—Boarding place of exceptional excellence and exclusiveness; moderate; references.

MADISON AV., 213, (36th.)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

MADISON AV., 191-193.—Large rooms with bath; excellent table.

West Side.

16TH, 7 WEST, (Near 5th Av.)—Large, small rooms, excellent board; all improvements.

16TH, 20-22 WEST.—Large, small rooms, private bath; unexcelled board; telephone.

46TH, 309 WEST.—Large, sunny front room; also single room; good board.

49TH, 16 WEST.—Rooms, private bath; table boarders; references.

54TH, 54 WEST.

Large, small rooms; private baths; references.

55TH ST., 16 WEST.—Table boarders; room, bath; gentlemen; references.

55TH, 44 WEST.—Elegant, large rooms; private baths, steam, electricity; table and service the best.

58TH, 128 WEST.—Comfortable room in private home; gentleman; continuous hot water; references.

58TH, 46 WEST.—Large and single rooms; private bath; excellent table; references.

70TH, 23 WEST.—Large double room; southern exposure; newly furnished; bath adjoining; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine; table guests; reasonable rates; references. Mrs. Newburg.

70TH, 200 WEST., (Overlooking Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive room, comfortably furnished; running water; high class elevator house; board. Hubbell.

70TH, 209 WEST.—Board, attractive weekly rate; wholesome home table. Hubbell.

72D, 223 WEST.—New management; electricity, steam heat, elevator; table guests; permanent.

72D, 212 WEST.—Large, sunny room for two men. Columbus 6396.

72D, 253 WEST.—Double front room, with board; southern exposure.

73D, 302 WEST.—Large parlor floor room; private baths; medium room; phone.

73D ST., 112 WEST.

Desirable rooms, Subway, elevator, references

75TH, 147 WEST.—Handsome second floor, furnished; tiled bathroom; board optional; references exchanged.

76TH, (on West End Av., 344.)—Select accommodations, attractive suite, bath, single room, running water, steam, electricity, excellent table.

76TH, 249 WEST.—Large room with private bath; parlor, dining; references.

77TH, 116-124 WEST.—Attractive rooms, double, single, steam heat; excellent cuisine; reference.

78TH ST., 166 W.—Large and small handsomely furnished rooms, all conveniences; excellent table.

BOARDERS WANTED.

West Side.

79TH, 114-132 WEST, (Wide, Parked Street.)—Unusual and attractive; large parlors; tea room and lounge; telephone; booklet; references.

79TH, 122 WEST.—Second floor, large rooms, private bath; electricity; French cuisine; reference.

82D, 124 WEST, (Graycourt.)—New, attractive, and modern; references; table guests; booklet.

82D, 128-130 WEST.—Very desirable rooms; hot and cold water; private bath.

83D, 25 WEST.—Two beautiful rooms, private bath, single, en suite, couple or gentlemen, excellent cuisine. Schuyler 8227.

83D, 17 WEST.—Refined Jewish house; excellent table; home surroundings; table guests.

87TH, 130 WEST.—Large and small rooms, connecting bath; home cooking; references.

86TH, 139 WEST.—Attractive room, private bath; also single room; excellent table; references required; Southern family.

86TH, 164 WEST.—Attractive double rooms, suite; unexcelled table; references. Schuyler 7563.

86TH, 174 WEST.—Desirable rooms for couples, electricity; good meals; home environment.

87TH, 128 WEST.—Comfortable large rooms, conveniences, electricity; excellent board. Telephone Schuyler 5441.

88TH, 316 WEST.—Attractive single and double rooms; unusually good table; refined surroundings.

93D, 265 WEST.—Large, double room; private bath, electricity; smaller room; excellent table.

94TH, 50 WEST.—Exceptional boarding; 32 rooms; 16 on one floor; mahogany furnishings, 4-poster beds; table unexcelled. Smith.

95TH, 65 WEST, (The Roselle.)—Elegantly furnished large and small rooms; table board.

120TH ST., 116 WEST.

Pleasant rooms with, without baths; excellent Jewish table; conveniences. Brody, Morningside 2123.

THE EVELYN LODGE.

Superb Location, 20 min. Downtown, N. Y. Lovely Furnished; Excellent Chef & Service; Parlors, Smoking Rooms, Comforts, Cleanliness. Weekly, $12-$20 per adult, with meals.

71 CENTRAL AV., ST. GEORGE, S. I.

WEST END AV., 520.—Young girl students, attractive home with French and chaperonage.

WEST END AV., 301, (74th.)—Large rooms, private bath, board; also single. Columbus 1747.

WEST END AV., 524, (86th.)—Rooms, suite, with private bath; excellent table; references.

BOARD WANTED.

Refined widow wishes room and board in small boarding house or private family, where there are business or professional people. R 16 Times.

Refined couple, with baby 14 months old, desire large room, bath, and board with private family; best references; permanent; state terms particulars. R 8 Times.

REFINED WIDOW wishes room and board in small boarding house or private family where there are business or professional people. R 16 Times.

TWO LADIES want one large room or two single rooms with board, 50s, near 5th Av.; references. V 24 Times.

BY AN ELDERLY LADY, pleasant room and bath, with board; willing to furnish room; vicinity 5th Av. and 40th St.; state price, location stairs, &c. V 30 Times.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

A COMPLETE LINE OF CARS.

CLOSED CARS, TOURINGS, ROADSTERS. Overlands, Willys-Knights and other makes. At prices that will tempt you.

CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
WILLYS-OVERLAND, INC.,
Broadway at 60th St. Open Evenings.
WRITE FOR USED CAR BULLETIN.

AN OLDSMOBILE LIMOUSINE.

Beautiful 1916 model; looks like new; seats 5 inside; complete electric equipment; condition perfect; guaranteed. 150 West 55th.

AN UNUSUAL USED CAR LIST.
1917 MERCER, SPORTING "4."
1917 STUTZ BULLDOG SPECIAL.
1917 "LIVELY 16" SPEEDSTER.
STUTZ H. C. S., BABY SPEEDSTER.
1917 HUDSON 4-PASSENGER SPEEDSTER.
1917 CADILLAC LANDAULET.
1917 CADILLAC VICTORIA.
1917 CADILLAC ROADSTER.
1916 CADILLAC TOURING.
1917 LIBERTY TOURING.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH; NEVER RUN.
1917 PAIGE "6-55" SPEEDSTER.
HUDSON 1917 CABRIOLET.
BURRELLE, 1,704 Broadway, corner 54th.

BARGAINS IN SELECT USED CARS.
1917 STEARNS LIMOUSINE.
1917 HUDSON TOWN CAR.
1917 STUTZ 6-VALVE SPEEDSTER.
1917. HUDSON SPORT MODEL.
1917 MARMON CHUMMY ROADSTER.
1917 LINCOLN TOURING.
1917 MITCHELL TOWN CAR.
1917 CHALMERS TOWN CAR.
1917 PAIGE SEDAN.
1917 SCRIPPS-BOOTH ROADSTER, Model G.
SCRIPPS-BOOTH COUPE.
SERIES 1917 STUDEBAKER, $575.
MERCER SPEEDSTER.
1917 MITCHELL TOURING.
1917 CADILLAC CABRIOLET.
1916 WILLYS-KNIGHT COUPE.
1916 MERCER RUNABOUT.
1916 WHITE TOURING.
1916 PACKARD LIMOUSINE.
1916 OVERLAND 6-CYLINDER.
1916 SCRIPPS-BOOTH.
1916 KISSEL KAR, Victoria Brougham.
TIME PAYMENTS ARRANGED.
TRADES CONSIDERED.
NEW YORK MOTOR CAR EXCHANGE,
237 WEST 57TH ST.
TWO DOORS FROM BROADWAY.
Open Sundays and Evenings. Phone Circle 667-668.

B'KLYN BRANCH WILLYS-OVERLAND.
Special Offerings at Reduced Prices.

1917 Overland Country Club, model 85-4.
1917 Overland Touring, model 75-B.
1916 Overland "All Year Car," "83-B."

OVERHAULED AND GUARANTEED.
CASH OR TIME PAYMENTS.
1,224 Bedford. Corner Hancock St.

BODY FOR LIMOUSINE.—Will fit a Stearns or any standard chassis. Elite, 136 West 52d St. Circle 6118.

BUICK 1916 Little-Six Touring. Perfect.
BUICK 1916 Little-Six Roadster. Like new.
DODGE 1916 Touring. Condition guaranteed.
NATIONAL 1916 Twin-Six Tour. Reasonable.
HARLEM EXCHANGE, 2,061 7th. Morn. 9367.

BUICKS, 1917-1916.
Tourings, roadsters, closed. Flack, 1,709 Broadway.

BUICK, 1916 runabout; like new; reasonable. 1,930 Broadway.

CADILLAC "8" LIMOUSINE BROUGHAM; VERY EXCEPTIONAL.

One of the handsomest ever offered for sale; can be seen day, evening, or Sunday; demonstration any time. On exhibition at BRIGHTON, 1,077 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

CADILLAC (1917) SEDAN CONVERTIBLE.
CADILLAC (1917) TOURING, LIKE NEW.
F. TURNER, 20 Broad. Phone 4473 Rector.

CADILLAC limousine, brand-new condition; first-class service guaranteed; monthly, season; very, very cheap. Mulenthal. Telephone 6890 Audubon.

CADILLAC Touring, 1916, in perfect mechanical condition throughout, newly painted, 2 new tires, full equipment. 201 West 64th St.

CADILLAC 1917 limousine, also landaulet, sedan, touring; bargains. Cook Macconnell, 1,790 Broadway.

CADILLAC limousine, 1916; has only been used one season. 537 Park Av.

CADILLAC.—Must sell beautiful 14 Cadillac limousine, 1,930 Broadway.

CHALMERS six, 7-passenger touring; engine self-starter, transmission, body, &c.; in fine running order; price, $450. Mr. Snavely, fourth floor, 224 West 57th St. Phone Columbus 510.

CHALMERS 1916 five passenger touring car. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

CHALMERS cabriolet, 1915, slightly used; in excellent condition. Standard, Col. 4648.

CHANDLER Used Cars and Others.
OVERHAULED, PAINTED, GUARANTEED.
Chandler 17 and 16, Touring.
Chandler 17, Chummy Roadster.
Buick "Light 6," Touring, late 1916.
Willys-Knight Touring, late 1916.
CONCOURSE MOTOR CAR CO.,
2,400 Concourse. Phone Fordham 2588.

CHANDLER, Model 17, sedan; good tires; guaranteed; any demonstration; no dealers. Jas. J. Reynolds, Port Chester, N. Y.

CHANDLER, latest model, 7-passenger touring, 4 weeks old, 6 new oversize Fisk tires, slip covers; bargain. Mad. Sq. 2462.

CHANDLER "Model 17," with winter top. WALLACE, 1789 BROADWAY.

CHEVROLET touring, late 1917; full equipment; first-class condition; price $450. G. L. Hobart, 121 Flushing Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

CHEVROLET roadster; "Royal Mail"; electric lights and starter; price $350. G. L. Hobart, 121 Flushing Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

CLEMENT BAYARD, foreign, late importation, small, 4-passenger touring, small seat on side, victoria top, with extra beautiful town body; self-starter, electric lights, one of the last cars shipped to this country; will sacrifice for $750; original price $10,000. Owner, Private Garage, 16 East 39th near 5th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

DODGE 1916 RUNABOUT.
LITTLE USED; CHEAP.
THE BRIGHTON,
1,077 ATLANTIC AV., BROOKLYN.

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES.

CADILLAC TOURING, 1917, Model 55, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; completely overhauled, repainted Cadillac Blue, in exceptional condition. This car has special equipment as to tires, etc. CADILLAC TOURING, 1916, Model 53, 7-pass.; in very fine condition; good tires and paint, including full equipment.

CADILLAC TOURING, 1916, Model 53, 5-pass.; in good mechanical condition and fine running order, all good tires. Price is right.

CADILLAC RUNABOUT, 1916, 8-cyl., Model 53, very good condition and just repainted Cadillac green.

CADILLAC TOURING, 1915, Model 51, 8-cyl., 7-pass.; in good condition. Will sell reasonable.

Detroit Cadillac Motor Car Co.,
536 Broad St., Newark, N. J.
Tel. Mulberry 3240. Used Car Dept.

FORD coupelet; no reasonable offer refused. 1,930 Broadway.

FRANKLIN 1917 touring; must be disposed of at once. 1,930 Broadway.

HUDSON super six touring; $800 if sold at once. 1,930 Broadway.

LANCIA ROADSTER.

Most beautiful car in city; electric self-starter, lights; condition perfect; guaranteed; will sacrifice for quick sale. 1,966 Broadway.

LIBERTY Brougham, 1917; condition perfect; must sacrifice. Drug store, Broadway and 98th St. Phone Riverside 7377.

LOCOMOBILE 6-38, LIMOUSINE.

Gentlemen, will sacrifice at your own price; car has been used private two seasons; electric self-starter and lights. 150 West 55th St.

LOCOMOBILE, 1916. — Seven passenger; Model 35; like new; original paint; mechanically perfect; $2,300; private. Mont, 132 Nassau St.

LOCOMOBILE for sale; run 5,000 miles; guaranteed mechanically perfect; landaulet-touring body. Phone (in mornings) Riverside 2108.

LOCOMOBILE, 1914, touring, 6-48; paint, tires, everything O. K.; always privately owned; $1,100. Coughlin, 250 West 100th.

LOCOMOBILE, 1916, seven-passenger touring; fine condition. Box 299 Times, 8 Rector St.

MACK truck, five ton, in excellent condition. G. L. Hobart, 121 Flushing Av., Jamaica, N. Y.

MARMON 1917 seven-passenger touring car; guaranteed the same as new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d St. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1916 four passenger club roadster; like new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

MARMON 1917 five passenger brougham; like new. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

MARMON Model 41 touring; like new; cost $3,250; take $1,000 cash. 1,930 Broadway.

MITCHELL Sedan; a beautiful Winter car, little used; will sell for $700; cost $2,250; perfect condition. Phone Columbus 8026 for demonstration.

NATIONAL NEWPORT convertible sedan; excellent appearance; mechanically guaranteed; sacrifice, $1,000; or will trade for car for particular party. X 325 Times Annex.

OLDSMOBILE 1917 four passenger club roadster; like new; run 2,500 miles. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d. Col. 1028.

OVERLAND 1916 five passenger brougham. Marmon Automobile Co., 12 West 62d.

OWEN MAGNETIC.—Latest model touring; condition perfect; shock absorbers. Phone Columbus 8963.

OWEN Magnet

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, 24, N. Y. U., graduate; 6 years' experience, import, export trade, accounting, foreign exchange, desires opportunity, where ability, hard work counts. A. E. P., Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 30, desires position afternoons; thorough knowledge bookkeeping, shorthand, correspondence, office managing, selling; highest credentials. O 226 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, ambitious, conscientious, four years' commercial experience, high school education, excellent penman, seeks position with reliable concern. Box V., 202 Grand St.

YOUNG MAN, 26, office executive, stenographer, good knowledge secretarial work, desires permanent connections; highest credentials furnished. T 196 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 28, INTELLIGENT, SEEKS POSITION; WILLING TO WORK HARD; NO SELLING; EXCELLENT REFERENCES. O 317 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes to connect with commercial or banking house; previously employed in bank for three years; can furnish references. V 9 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, thoroughly experienced bookkeeping, office routine, selling, wishes position; attending New York University evenings. V 7 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (28,) exempt, experienced stock showroom selling, desires to connect with house where integrity and ability will bring results. T 159 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school graduate, desires position with well-established wholesale house; two years' business experience; highest references. V 23 Times.

YOUNG MAN, educated, wishes position wholesale house learning stock, becoming salesman short time. Stetter, 2,245 Hughes Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, (18;) high school education; business experience; excellent references. P., Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 22, well educated, wishes clerical position; thoroughly experienced in all office detail. Morris Scheier, 522 Wes 161st.

YOUNG MAN of 25, with long experience in cotton goods and handkerchief line, desires selling position; references. T 168 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position to work for board while attending school in city. X 227 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, 22, experienced store clerk and salesman, high school education, seeks position. O 308 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 28, nine years' experience buying general dry goods, good correspondent. David Grossi, 27 Morningside Av.

YOUNG MAN, 26, (exempted,) wants position; eight years business experience. O 231 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, (19,) business experience, desires connection with reliable firm where he can show his ability. V 22 Times.

YOUNG MAN wishes position with reliable firm, inside or outside. O 235 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ADDRESSERS wanted by large publishing house; must be experienced; $8 per week and bonus. Apply Miss Cadbock, 326 Hudson St., N. Y. C.

ADVERTISING DEPARTMENT MANAGER, between the ages of 25 and 35, to take charge of department of twelve girls; prefer one who has held a similar position and who has knowledge of bookkeeping; the applicant must be well-bred and well-educated and have considerable force and tact in handling girls; she must be well-dressed, of pleasing appearance and personality, and able to interview business people intelligently; only those who know absolutely that they can fill every one of these requirements need apply; state salary desired. 18 Times.

ASSISTANT in office of publishing house; high school education. J 21 Times.

A WOMAN WHO CAN SELL FURNITURE.

A PROMINENT DEPARTMENT STORE HAS A VACANCY FOR A YOUNG WOMAN WHO POSSESSES KNOWLEDGE OF FURNITURE AND, IN ADDITION, HAS SOME SKETCHING AND CREATIVE ABILITY. APPLY J 27 TIMES.

BILL CLERK.—Must be able to operate Underwood biller and be quick and accurate at figures; only those who have had experience need apply. S. H. Kahn & Co., 225 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER

EXPERIENCED IN CONTROLLED ACCOUNTS; LEDGER CLERKS COMPETENT TO HANDLE LARGE NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS AND TAKE OFF TRIAL BALANCE; PURCHASE JOURNAL ENTRY CLERKS, GOOD PENMEN; BOOKKEEPER EXPERIENCED ON CHECK REGISTER AND PAYING BILLS; MUST KNOW HOW TO FIGURE ANTICIPATION. APPLY BY LETTER ONLY, GIVING EXPERIENCE AND SALARY DESIRED. J. S. BAILEY CO., 502 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

BOOKKEEPER AND CORRESPONDENT.—Experienced; take full charge of office; controlling accounts; salary $18. O 310 Times Downtown.

CASHIER WANTED

by a large factory to handle petty cash and assist in general office work; to a young lady with experience along these lines and a fair amount of intelligence an excellent opportunity is offered; must be a resident of Brooklyn; state age and names of previous employers. Address Cashier, D 221 Times Downtown.

CASHIER.—EXPERIENCED MACHINE BOX OFFICE CASHIER OF OVER 25 YEARS OF AGE. APPLY BROOKLYN ICE PALACE, BEDFORD AND ATLANTIC AVS., BROOKLYN.

CHECKER acustomed to Hicks system. Apply Johnson, Hotel Gregorian, 42 West 26th St.

CLERK FOR INSURANCE OFFICE. ROOM 1507, 200 5TH AV.

COMPANION wanted for elderly French lady few hours for 4 days every week. Phone before 9:30 A. M., 2207 Riverside. Camille McMillan.

FILING CLERK.—Young lady; must have experience. Address in own handwriting, stating age, nationality, religion, experience, references; and wages desired at start. O 326 Times Downtown.

GENERAL HOUSEKEEPER.—White, for Long Beach; 2 in family; good home for middle-aged woman. Phone Long Beach 99.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
NEW YORK,
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF
SALESPERSONS
FOR THEIR
ENGRAVING AND COMMERCIAL STATIONERY DEPTS.
Apply Superintendent's Office, Fifth Floor.

GIRL to assist with chamberwork part of week, other light duties and sewing; private family; city references required. 21 East 93d St.

GIRL, by wholesale dry goods house, to do filing and attend to mail; state age, references, and salary wanted. O 302 Times Downtown.

GIRL, experienced, order department shoe factory office. I. Miller, Carlton and Flushing Avs., Brooklyn.

GOVERNESS, French; experienced, with good personal city references, for children going to school. Call 123 West 79th Thursday, between 9-10 or 2-3.

HOUSEWORKER.—Young girl, white, light housework and help in dentist's office; lives at home; must be neat, obliging; good position to right person; give qualifications, references, wages expected. V 31 Times.

HOUSEWORKER, competent, neat, references; good wages; small family; no laundry. Phone Riverside 4257, or call 645 West End Av., Apt. 14A, between 10 and 12 today.

HOUSEWORKER.—Experienced girl, general housework; good wages; small family; no laundry; references required. Call mornings, Thursday, 27 West 83d St.

LADIES' MAID, experienced, and good sewer; personal city reference required; Call Thursday, between 9-10 or 2-3, at 123 West 79th St.; carfare paid.

MOTHER'S HELPER

to assist in care of child afternoons and help in kitchen; family 2 adults and chauffeur-butler; recommendations required as to honesty and trustworthiness; work is very light. 200 Park St., Montclair, N. J., or evenings for interview in New York by calling Mr. Finley, Rector 6485.

HELP WANTED—Female.

MAID, in private day school, to assist with young children and make herself generally useful; references. Apply 10:30 to 1, 34 West 68th St.

MODEL.—SAMPLE; BUST 36; EXPERIENCED; STEADY POSITION. MURRAY & WERSBA, 29 WEST 30TH ST.

NURSE.—Experienced young lady to take charge of two children; must be thoroughly experienced; steady position; good home. Inquire Willard, 844 Broadway.

NURSE. — Lengthy experience unnecessary; permanent position, suburbs. Box V. Z., 104 East 14th.

NURSE.—Physician requires experienced office nurse; permanent resident position; good home, fair salary. 62 West 87th St.

NURSE, for child of 2 years. Mrs. A. M. Porter, 249 West 130th St.

NURSERY GOVERNESS wanted: previous experience not necessary if qualifications are proper; an exceptionally good position in a nice home in New Rochelle. Answer stating fully education, training and experience. Give age and salary expected. X 277 Times Annex.

REPRESENTATIVE.—Woman over 30, possessing more than ordinary tact and ability, to call on our flat mothers and explain successful character building plan for children; permanent position; straight salary and extra bonuses. Room 710, 105 West 34th St.

SALESLADY.—Smart-looking young woman; high-class; permanent position; $20-$50 weekly sal.-comm. No. 1,612 Candler Bldg., 220 West 42d St.

SALESLADIES, $2 day, extra on Saturdays. Call today. Weisbecker, 270 West 125th.

SALESWOMEN.

WE REQUIRE EXPERIENCED AND INEXPERIENCED SALESWOMEN FOR OUR BARGAIN TABLES; PERMANENT POSITION, CONGENIAL SURROUNDINGS; NO SATURDAY NIGHT WORK. APPLY SUPT. BARNETT BROS.,
Columbus Av. and 74th St.

STENOGRAPHER and typewriter wanted by export commission house; elegant experience and accurate worker; good position, with excellent chance for advancement; state references, salary, and experience in detail. L 256 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Over 20; high school graduate living Manhattan or Bronx preferably; reply in own handwriting, stating age, experience, church connection, salary desired. R 18 Times.

STENOGRAPHER and record clerk, for automobile concern; must be capable; good opportunity; good pay, give record of experience in letter. P 182 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, Bookkeeper; moderate salary; Christian firm. Tierney Shop, 7 East 38th St.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; Brooklyn resident preferred. Apply Fulton Bag Co., 830 Wythe Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced in law office; state experience and salary. L 267 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER in large organization; state age, experience, and salary desired. X 245 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER, well educated, efficient; satisfactory remuneration. Box O 331 Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATOR AND OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Young lady; state experience, if any, and salary expected. V 17 Times.

TEACHERS.—An exceptional opportunity for normal school or college trained women in high-class traveling position; must be 28 to 40 years of age, good personality, and able to demonstrate the fundamental principles of penmanship; salary and commission; $1,500 to $2,500. Apply N. Y. Metropolis, 347 5th Av., New York, Vanderbilt 4825. Call afternoons, 2 to 5.

TEACHER Wanted—The rush of new students makes it necessary to open additional classes rooms; we want competent instructors of Isaac Pitman shorthand; permanent positions; good salary. Applications strictly confidential. Wood's Business School, 54th Av. and 125th St.

TEACHER, over 25; a year's work in educational line; town near New York; salary commensurate with ability. Call Room 711, 110 West 34th St.

TEACHER, Gregg shorthand, immediately; state particulars, references, salary. Address School, O 284 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, FILING CLERK and switchboard operator.—Must be quick and have had billing experience; good opportunity; salary to start $12. J 18 Times.

TYPIST and stenographer, preferably residing near office, Broadway and 58th; write, stating experience and salary. V 19 Times.

WOMAN wanted to take charge of catering for household of 35; must have good executive market experience and skill in making simple but attractive menus. Apply Henry Street Settlement, 265 Henry St.

YOUNG LADIES—Neat appearance and ability, well program space commission. Navy Relief Society, Room 2800, 220 West 42d.

YOUNG LADY to work in bank; must write a good hand; quick and accurate at figures. R 28 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN to assist in office and stock of real estate importer; must have good reference. J 32 Times.

Employment Agencies.

STENOGRAPHERS, office assistants, typists, bookkeepers; good openings for educated, refined Americans. Clark Agency, 5 Beekman St. Cortlandt 4249.

STENOGRAPHERS, Bookkeepers, Clerks, Typists wanted. Quick Service Employment Agency, 1112 Times Building.

Instruction.

STENOGRAPHERS WANTED.

The demand for stenographers, secretaries, and typists is unprecedented; why not qualify when in 30 days the average student writes 100 words per minute by Boyd's Syllab-ic Shorthand? Now is the time to register. Make investigations at once. Call, write, or telephone for three trial lessons and convince yourself. MOON'S SCHOOLS, 50 East 42d St., 587 West 181st St., N. Y., and 214 Livingston St., Brooklyn.

FILE CLERKS.—Our six weeks' course will teach you more about filing than you could learn by yourself in years; we secure positions for our graduates paying from $12 up; our evening classes are limited, so register now. National Training School for Filing, Shaw-Walker Co., 60 Franklin St. Telephone Franklin 2261.

$12

this week, Day or Night, pays for Complete Course in Stenography, Typewriting, Telegraphy; positions guaranteed. Est. 1884. Gaffey's School, 25-27 West 34th St.

FILING AND SECRETARIAL COURSES.
Instruction in day and evening classes.
NEW YORK SCHOOL OF FILING,
Singer Building, New York.

PRIVATE SECRETARIAL TRAINING. PRATT'S SCHOOL, 44 WEST 45TH ST. INDIVIDUAL INSTRUCTION.

HELP WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANTS, EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPERS AND STENOGRAPHERS,

FOR TEMPORARY POSITIONS.

SEVEN DAYS A WEEK, TEN HOURS A DAY. CALL (DO NOT WRITE OR PHONE) ON J. PETER GOODWIN, COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE, CITY HALL, LONG ISLAND; SALARY DEPENDENT UPON PROFICIENCY.

ACCOUNTANT.—MUST BE WELL TRAINED AND HAVE ACTUAL EXPERIENCE IN CHARGE OF COST DEPARTMENT AND ACCOUNTS IN LARGE FACTORY; APPLICANTS TO BE CONSIDERED MUST STATE AGE, PREVIOUS EMPLOYERS, AND SALARIES EARNED; ALSO RATE WANTED TO START. FOR MAN WILLING TO WORK HARD AND POSSESSING COMMON SENSE THIS OPENING HOLDS A FINE OPPORTUNITY; ONLY HIGH-GRADE MEN NEED APPLY. ADDRESS O. A. W., 404 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

A SALESMAN'S FUTURE.

Where is the salesman who does not realize that his future must be something higher than merely selling goods?

Yet how many selling jobs offer a chance beyond the selling?

Here is a selling job that is different.

The General Manager of this Company wants to associate with him a young man, who, if of the right kind, will be a real salesman.

Secondly, he must be a fit associate—clean cut, energetic, high grade, and of good personality.

He must be between 30 and 35 and have earned over $4,000 a year, because this position starts him at a salary of $5,000.

The work is in selling a $400 labor-saving machine. Therefore, it requires a man who can interest big men and convince them.

Besides, this man will have to assist in other work than selling—must be capable of taking charge at times—of developing, in fact, into a real part of the business and training other salesmen.

Now we have tried to state our needs plainly. Check them over and see if the job fits you in every detail. It it does not, please do not answer, because no detail stated above will be waived.

Write freely and fully as consideration will only be given letters telling age, education, selling experience in detail, past salaries and the kind of work in which you are now engaged.

HIGH GRADE, V 10 TIMES.

ASSISTANT BUSINESS MANAGER, young man, traveling musical comedy; best references and $250 cash security required. G. L. 167 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER for farm 60 miles from New York; board and lodging provided; state experience, age, salary, and reference. O 241 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14-15, to learn designing for wall paper and fabrics; paid while learning, with steady advancement; bring drawings. Ericson & Weiss, 13 East 30th St.

BOY, bright, good at figures, wanted for general office work by large corporation; age 16-17; good hours, surroundings and advancement. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

BOYS, bright, energetic, active, for stock and errands; splendid chance to grow up in good, clean business. Apply 8:30 A. M., Victrola Store, 27 West 34th St.

BOY.—By wholesale dry goods house; good chance for advancement; state age, references, and salary wanted. O 301 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of large insurance company; good chance for advancement; salary to start, $7 per week. Address Boy, P. O. Box 1,425, New York City.

BOYS wanted, 14-16; large downtown offices; salary $7. D 323 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Intelligent office boys; must be over 16; splendid opportunity for advancement. Swift & Co., 32 10th Av.

BOY for office work, 15 to 17 years old; willing and steady worker; opportunity for advancement. V 36 Times.

BOY wanted, 16-17; stock broker's office; state relation; must come well recommended. D 378 Times Downtown.

BOY for general office work; salary to start, $8. Write for appointment, P. O. Box 57, Grand Central Station, New York.

BOY wanted to make himself generally useful in advertising office. Apply William H. Wise, 400 West 59th St.

BOYS for office, 17-18 to begin; chance for advancement in wholesale house. Silks, M 192 Times.

BOY wanted for office work; good salary and opportunity. Q 296 Times Downtown.

BOY about 16 years, deliver bundles and work around office. O 306 Times Downtown.

BOY wanted in the office of an insurance company; must be 15 or 16 years of age; a good penman, reside with parents, and come well recommended. O 288 Times Downtown.

BOY, energetic young chap, wanted; good chance for bright boy; some business experience or high school education desirable; prefer one living in Greenpoint. 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY in law office; must be at least 16 years of age and reside with parents. Address in applicant's own handwriting, stating experience, if any, L 302 Times Downtown.

BOY, good at figures, wanted for general office work by large corporation; age 16-17; good hours, surroundings and advancement. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

BOYS, bright, energetic, active, for stock and errands; splendid chance to grow up in good, clean business. Apply 8:30 A. M., Victrola Store, 27 West 34th St.

BOY.—By wholesale dry goods house; good chance for advancement; state age, references, and salary wanted. O 301 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of large insurance company; good chance for advancement; salary to start, $7 per week. Address Boy, P. O. Box 1,425, New York City.

BOYS wanted, 14-16; large downtown offices; salary $7. D 323 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Intelligent office boys; must be over 16; splendid opportunity for advancement. Swift & Co., 32 10th Av.

BOY for office work, 15 to 17 years old; willing and steady worker; opportunity for advancement. V 36 Times.

BOY wanted, 16-17; stock broker's office; state relation; must come well recommended. D 378 Times Downtown.

BOY for general office work; salary to start, $8. Write for appointment, P. O. Box 57, Grand Central Station, New York.

BOY wanted to make himself generally useful in advertising office. Apply William H. Wise, 400 West 59th St.

BOYS for office, 17-18 to begin; chance for advancement in wholesale house. Silks, M 192 Times.

BOY wanted for office work; good salary and opportunity. Q 296 Times Downtown.

BOY about 16 years, deliver bundles and work around office. O 306 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED.—Bright boy in law office. Apply after 10 A. M., Room 31, 69 Wall St.

BRIGHT YOUNG MAN

wanted to assist in laboratories, powder rooms and other departments of a perfume manufacturing plant; good pay; steady work; excellent chance for advancement; must be honest, willing to work, and well recommended. Apply at once with references to A. A. Vantine & Co., Inc., 68 Hunterspoint Av., L. I. City. Take Queensboro subway to Hunterspoint Av. station and elevator to 5th floor.

BUTLER-VALET WANTED; THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED; PERSONAL CITY REFERENCE REQUIRED. ADDRESS, STATING NATIONALITY, AGE, AND WAGES EXPECTED, N. L. S., P. O. BOX 249, GENERAL P. O.

CARPENTER FOREMAN OR BLDG. SUPT. Wanted.—Capable of taking charge; out-of-town work; mill building experience preferable; state particulars of record and salary wanted. X 241 Times Annex.

Help Wanted—Male

30 cents per agate line

ASSISTANT WINDOW TRIMMER.
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.
REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG MAN AS AN ASSISTANT WINDOW TRIMMER; THOSE ONLY WITH DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE NEED APPLY; A PERMANENT POSITION TO THE RIGHT PARTY. APPLY AT SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, MAIN FLOOR, ANNEX.

AI DESIGNERS, detailers, and tracers wanted for machinery and tools. Address "Tracer," 182 Times Downtown.

BANK CLERKS, MESSENGERS, &C.—Bank requires services of young men to begin as messengers; also experienced clerks; reply, stating age, experience, if any, and salary expected. J 11 Times.

BILLING CLERK.—Experienced, must be accurate at figuring and rapid worker on Underwood typewriter; only those having these qualifications need apply. Chas. A. Schieren Co., 25 Ferry St.

BOOKKEEPER-ACCOUNTANT.

Bright, wide-awake young man to handle a heavy ledger in Contractor's office. One who writes neatly, knows his accounts, and can get his trial balance two out of three times at the first crack. No other will do, as we expect good work. Answer in own handwriting, stating age, married or single, education, religion, and general experience. Salary, $1,500 per year. A good opportunity for a hustler, but a poor place for inefficiency.
O 222 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPING MACHINE OPERATOR.—One thoroughly experienced on Ellis machine; must be quick and accurate and able to take off trial balance; hours, 5:30 P. M. to 12:30 A. M.; excellent opportunity for advancement. Address, stating age, references, salary expected, and telephone number, X 334 Times Annex.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT.—Young man about 18; must be quick and accurate; excellent future before him; state reference and salary expected. T 182 Times.

BOOKKEEPER wanted by New York Stock Exchange House; must write most excellent hand; opportunity for advancement. Answer in own handwriting, stating nationality, age, salary, and experience, D 360 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly competent to take off trial balance, by large manufacturing concern; state age, experience, references, salary expected. Box 188, 1,152 Myrtle Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, who is willing to become a salesman for a silverware manufacturer; must have good address; state wages. R 12 Times.

BOOKKEEPERS; competent; give full particulars of age, salary, experience, and references. R. S., 167 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Ledger clerk wanted for Trenton; quick at figures; state experience and salary expected. V 25 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced hotel and restaurant; good salary; state reference. R 2 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and office manager; thoroughly capable; state experience and salary expected. V 29 Times.

BOOKKEEPER first-class man, over 30; state full particulars or no attention paid. X 330 Times Annex.

BOYS!

THINK OF YOUR FUTURE AND LEARN A GOOD TRADE THAT INSURES STEADY WORK THE YEAR AROUND; $6 TO START AND YEARLY ADVANCEMENT IN ADDITION TO LIBERAL BONUS WHILE LEARNING. DOMINICK & HAFF, MANUFACTURING SILVERSMITHS, 543-5-7 WEST 23D ST.

BOY wanted, over 16; one adapted to figures; quick promotion and advance in salary to one capable; salary to start $35 a month. T 181 Times.

BOY.—An opportunity is afforded a bright boy, preferably with high school education, living at home with parents, to enter employ of large fire insurance company, where application and ability receive recognition. Address P. O. Box 2,129.

BOYS WANTED AS PAGES AND MESSENGERS IN LARGE DOWNTOWN BANK; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES; WRITE, STATING AGE AND BIRTHPLACE OF PARENTS. ADDRESS BOX O 328 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOY, intelligent, wanted in Christian firm, about 16 years old, to start as errand boy with a large downtown manufacturer of lighting fixtures; good chance for advancement. Write particulars with application to P. O. Box 585.

BOYS, not over 21 years of age, in large mail order house for shipping and packing departments; steady position, good opportunity for advancement; experience unnecessary. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station.

BOY wanted by New York Stock Exchange house as a messenger; good opportunity for advancement; must be intelligent and write a good hand. Answer in own handwriting, stating nationality, age, experience, and salary. D 359 Times Downtown.

BOYS, 15-20 years, for stockroom and shipping department in large mail order house; steady employment; good opportunity for advancement. Bellas, Hess & Co., 95 Morton St., near Christopher St. station.

BOY wanted in the office of an insurance company; must be 15 or 16 years of age; a good penman, reside with parents, and come well recommended. O 288 Times Downtown.

BOY, energetic young chap, wanted; good chance for bright boy; some business experience or high school education desirable; prefer one living in Greenpoint. 192 Diamond St., Brooklyn.

BOY in law office; must be at least 16 years of age and reside with parents. Address in applicant's own handwriting, stating experience, if any, L 302 Times Downtown.

BOY, 14-15, to learn designing for wall paper and fabrics; paid while learning, with steady advancement; bring drawings. Ericson & Weiss, 13 East 30th St.

BOY, bright, good at figures, wanted for general office work by large corporation; age 16-17; good hours, surroundings and advancement. J. D., P. O. Box 70, Station D.

BOYS, bright, energetic, active, for stock and errands; splendid chance to grow up in good, clean business. Apply 8:30 A. M., Victrola Store, 27 West 34th St.

BOY.—By wholesale dry goods house; good chance for advancement; state age, references, and salary wanted. O 301 Times Downtown.

BOY in office of large insurance company; good chance for advancement; salary to start, $7 per week. Address Boy, P. O. Box 1,425, New York City.

BOYS wanted, 14-16; large downtown offices; salary $7. D 323 Times Downtown.

BOYS.—Intelligent office boys; must be over 16; splendid opportunity for advancement. Swift & Co., 32 10th Av.

BOY for office work, 15 to 17 years old; willing and steady worker; opportunity for advancement. V 36 Times.

BOY wanted, 16-17; stock broker's office; state relation; must come well recommended. D 378 Times Downtown.

BOY for general office work; salary to start, $8. Write for appointment, P. O. Box 57, Grand Central Station, New York.

BOY wanted to make himself generally useful in advertising office. Apply William H. Wise, 400 West 59th St.

BOYS for office, 17-18 to begin; chance for advancement in wholesale house. Silks, M 192 Times.

BOY wanted for office work; good salary and opportunity. Q 296 Times Downtown.

BOY about 16 years, deliver bundles and work around office. O 306 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED.—Bright boy in law office. Apply after 10 A. M., Room 31, 69 Wall St.

CLERK WANTED WITH GENERAL KNOWLEDGE OF BOOKKEEPING AND TYPEWRITING FOR AN AUTOMOBILE COMPANY; MUST BE OVER DRAFT AGE. GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR THE RIGHT MAN. STATE AGE, SALARY, AND REFERENCES, COMPTROLLER, BOX X 240 TIMES ANNEX.

CLERK wanted for invoicing and shipping department of textile exporting concern. Applicants with actual experience in this line, typists, intelligent and quick at figures, may apply between 8 and 9 A. M. to Taylor, Clapp & Beall, 109 Worth St.

COATROOM ATTENDANT. — EXPERIENCED; ACTIVE. APPLY BROOKLYN ICE PALACE, BEDFORD AND ATLANTIC AVS., BROOKLYN; BRING REFERENCES.

COLLECTORS.—We have two vacancies in our collection department for experienced installment collectors; salary $2.50 per day to start. If you have initiative, tact and diplomacy and are seeking a permanent position with a good chance for advancement, call between 10 and 12 A. M., 3 W. 29th St., Room 801.

COLLECTION MANAGER, Catholic, capable and competent to take entire charge of collection department of a national subscription agency; with offices in principal cities of United States; man experienced in handling small installment accounts would be best suited; give experience, age, and references; also salary desired; necessary to furnish surety bond. J 24 Times.

CORRESPONDENTS.

A large mail order house intends to employ and train several young men to be capable and efficient correspondents.

They must be at least 21 years of age and have had a high school education or its equivalent. Business experience is not absolutely necessary, but desirable.

Here is a splendid opportunity for a young man who has had a good education to secure a permanent profitable position where advance in salary is rapid. Minimum starting pay, $15, but more if you have had experience, with gradual increases to $20 inside of a year.

Give full information about yourself—your age, your education, &c.

All replies treated confidentially.
X 340 Times Annex.

COST ACCOUNTANT wanted by large firm of accountants; man who can devise and install cost system in manufacturing plant; must have had previous experience; give full information regarding former employers, &c. L 266 Times Downtown.

DRAFTSMEN.—First-class mechanical detailers, with experience on electric motor trucks preferred, but not necessary. Employment Department, General Vehicle Co., Borden and Star Avs., Long Island City.

DRAFTSMEN, SEVERAL A1 TOOL AND AUTOMATIC MACHINE DESIGNERS. CALL AT ONCE. AMERICAN MACHINE AND FOUNDRY CO., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMEN.

A number of first-class designers on automobile tools wanted. Apply to Kar Engineering Co., 79 East 130th St.

DRAFTSMAN.—Experienced mechanical draftsman. Mergenthaler Linotype, 24 Ryerson Sts., Brooklyn.

ENGINEER wanted for small manufacturing plant; must have thorough knowledge of A. C. system and competent in every way; state age, references, and how long employed in last place. O 222 Times Downtown.

ENGINEER.—Licensed man; good salary. Apply at 11 o'clock daily with references, 14th St. Theatre, 14th St. and 6th Av.

FOREMAN.—First class toolmaker, expert procedurer; all types manufacturing; simplified (any job) procedure. Adelman, 132 West 111th.

FRENCH TEACHER wanted to teach his language in a school; knowledge of English not necessary. Apply in person, stating age, birthplace, studies made, references, by letter, to Professor, 1,364 B'way.

FURNITURE SALESMAN. — Young man; good appearance; salary; Christian firm. Tierny Shop, 7 East 38th St.

HOTEL CLERK wanted with experience in the South for a high-class hotel in this city; salary, $100 per month, with meals, room, and private bath. R. R., 238 Times Downtown.

INSTRUMENT MAKERS

for high-grade work on electrical or mechanical apparatus; only those accustomed to work with micrometer wanted; steady employment; 48 hours weekly; opportunities for advancement. Call 9 A. M., Western Electric Co., Inc., 57 Bethune St.

LEDGER CLERK and cashier, thoroughly efficient, wanted in office of large wholesale clothing house; must be familiar with up-to-date accounting methods, write good hand and be quick and accurate at figures. Light & Schlesinger, 74 Washington Pl.

LEDGER CLERK.

ONE CAPABLE OF TAKING OFF MONTHLY TRIAL BALANCES. APPLY AFTER 9:30, 336 WASHINGTON ST.

LEDGER CLERK in large publishing house; splendid opportunity for a capable man. O 329 Times Downtown.

FEEDER on small 10 Gold St.

MAN.—Sturdy young man wanted for work in receiving department of large organization; state age, experience, and salary desired. X 339 Times Annex.

MAN, aggressive, wanted who can sell absolutely new proposition; must speak Yiddish; salary and commission. M 130 Times.

MANAGER. — Experienced, for restaurant; must furnish bond and willing to work nights. R 8 Times.

MECHANIC'S HELPERS.—Strong young men; steady work. Call immediately, 218 Fulton St.

MEN.—Several men wanted for assembling trucks; $18 per week. Apply 1,893 Broadway.

MILLINERY.—Man to run a great big exclusive millinery store in Buffalo, N. Y.; a great deal of experience is necessary; this is a wonderful chance for a live man. Answer by letter, The Faris, Binghamton, N. Y.

MILLWRIGHT FOREMAN AND MECHANIC.—Experienced, to take charge of new work and upkeep of present operations; out-of-town work; permanent for right man. X 342 Times Annex.

OFFICE ASSISTANTS, about 18 years old, to start in mail department of large corporation and progress through various departments of the business into good positions; splendid opportunity for clean cut, intelligent fellows who can use their heads; experience unnecessary, but good education essential; tell all about your age, religion, education, &c. 1764 Times.

OFFICE BOY FOR LARGE MANUFACTURING CONCERN; MUST BE GOOD PENMAN AND WELL RECOMMENDED; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; STATE SALARY EXPECTED. S. S., 247 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

OFFICE BOY, 16 years of age, in large publishing house; good opportunity for advancement. Apply McClure Publications, Inc., 25 West 44th St., sixteenth floor.

OFFICE BOY for downtown law office; American; apply in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected, L 303 Times Downtown.

PATTERN MAKER experienced on small work for castings. Call S. S. White Dental Mfg. Co., Prince Bay, Staten Island.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced, to carry small line of platinum rings and watch bracelets, mounted and unmounted, as side line; also take special orders from better class retail stores; commission basis; good opportunity for right man. Address X 347 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, live wire, on children's white dresses; also serge regulation dresses; only those with acquaintance among jobber and retail trade need apply; salary or commission. L 300 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Opportunity with national financial institution for man with large acquaintance among substantial people; principally commission. Manager, O 295 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN. — First-class bronze powder salesman, able to call on large consumers; liberal salary; state fully references, &c. M 179 Times.

SALESMAN.—Organizer who can hire and hold men on straight commission, selling local business service contracts; salary and commission; write fully. X 340 Times Annex.

SALESMAN, experienced, to sell corrugated boxes; salary or commission. Apply in person between 12 and 1, Elliott Novelty Co., 155 Greene St.

SALESMAN.—Strong line medium priced dresses for city office trade and jobbers; must be live wire; strictly commission. Perfection Dress Co., 85 East 10th.

SALESMAN, inside, on scales, balances, and kindred lines; permanent position and good salary to right man. O 304 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN wanted to sell Regina Vacuum Cleaners; salary and commission. Regina Co., 41 West 34th St., New York.

SALESMAN.—Age 24 to 29; neat appearance; good conversationalist; salary and commission. Apply Room 1013, 114 Fifth Av.

TOOL DESIGNER.—We have an opening for a good man on small tool designing; this position requires immediate action, and man with right experience can start at once. Bijur Motor Lighting Co., Factory Terminal Building F., Bloomfield St. and River Front, Hoboken.

TOOLMAKERS.
CALL AT
S. S. WHITE DENTAL MFG. CO.,
PRINCES BAY, L. I.

TUTOR wanted for two children, ages 15 and 13; English system. Apply by letter to de Cordova, 206 West 94th St.

WANTED.—Flat hammerer for work on German silver hollow ware. R. Wallace & Sons Mfg. Co., Wallingford, Conn.

WANTED.—Physician who understands diseases of the eye and can refract. Address Burton Optical Co., Scranton, Pa.

YOUNG MAN, about 25 years of age, exempt from military service, for clerical position in office; one who has had experience in pricing and figuring invoices and entering orders; state age, salary expected, and references. O 269 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Wanted, for an export office, a live young man with a good knowledge of hardware and machinery. Reply, stating actual experience, countries with which you have had recent business connections, and salary expected. D 349 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, INTELLIGENT, INDUSTRIOUS WHO HAS EXPERIENCE IN THE MANUFACTURE OF EMBROIDERIES; STEADY AND WELL-PAYING POSITION FOR RIGHT PARTY. X 348 TIMES ANNEX.

YOUNG MAN, active, wanted to take charge of a well-established garment department on the Pacific Coast; some one who has had experience in running a ready-to-wear department. Apply by letter, giving references. to Pacific, Box 41, 1,360 Broadway.

YOUNG MAN.—By Christian firm, between 21 and 26, with several years' clerical experience; capable correspondent; state salary desired and give references. Box L 301 Times downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in claims department of marine insurance company; state age, experience, and salary expected. O 320 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Capable young man to work in office of big pressroom; quick and accurate at figures; no trifler need apply. Press, 186 Times.

YOUNG MAN wanted, about 16 years of age, to make himself useful in shipping department of commission house. Topken Company, 257 4th Av.

YOUNG MAN, bright, wanted in sample department of woolen house; state age, experience, &c. S. A., 216 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN with some knowledge of typewriting and figuring discounts to assist in office work. Address Hardware, 84 White St.

YOUNG MAN of about 18 years to make himself generally useful as salesman and assist in office of lace importer. J 30 Times.

YOUNG MAN, assist shipping clerk; salary $11. L 347 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, to do light porter work; salary $12. Apply 84 White St.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPERS, (3,) Pennsylvania, $125 & transpt.; Clerk, export shipping, $25 & bonus; File Clerks, (4,) $100; Clerks, R. R. & S. S. expr., $40-$75; Junior Clerks, $50-$60. Alliance, Liberty.

4 LEDGER CLERKS, 12 Junior clerks, $5 up. Mgmt. Exchange, Flatiron Building.

SALESMEN.

SALES MANAGER or BROKER-SALESMAN controlling sales force or crew of clean-cut canvassers can make quick connection with big, substantial Oklahoma oil and refining company, governed by board of ten conservative bankers, owning and now developing 45,000 acres of rich oil lands. One of the very best and most attractive investment opportunities ever offered to the public. Exceptional chance to make big, quick money. If you are a hustling, aggressive organizer, capable of directing a whirlwind campaign, enthusing men, and able to present a proposition of real merit and dividend-paying possibilities in a strong, forceful manner, we can use you. Straight commission basis only. Exclusive territory and attractive, convincing advertising matter furnished. Advance money seekers, save your time and mine. This is a BIG proposition for BIG business getters only. For immediate interview address X 343 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.

Lord & Taylor require the services of several experienced salesmen for their Upholstery and Curtain Department.

Call between 9 and 11 A. M.

Superintendent's Office,

7th Floor.

SALESMEN.—BUSINESS EXTENSION AFFORDS AN OPENING FOR SEVERAL TOP-NOTCH TRAVELING SALESMEN WHO WILL GO WHERE THEY ARE SENT AND DO AS THEY ARE DIRECTED; AN OPPORTUNITY FOR A HIGH-CALIBRE MAN TO EARN F

ENEMY INSURANCE BAN.

McAdoo to Deal with Licenses Under the Trading Act.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—President Wilson today delegated to Secretary McAdoo, under the terms of the Trading With the Enemy Act, authority to license enemy insurance companies or to withhold such licenses from them. A request was sent to all State Superintendents of Insurance to transmit to the companies notices setting forth the information required at the time the application for license is made.

The information which Secretary McAdoo requires is as follows: Name of company; country under whose laws incorporated; address of head office in the United States; States and Territories in which company is entered to do business; financial statement of the United States branch; class of business done, (fire, marine, casualty, &c., and direct or reinsurance;) total amount of insurance in force on Sept. 1, 1917; showing the amount of insurance written in each of the several States; total amount of reinsurance received from other insurance companies in the United States, as of September 1, 1917; particulars of all contracts, (class of business and limit of hazard,) reinsuring other insurance companies in the United States, showing names of companies and dates of expiration of such contracts and any further information the applicant may desire to submit.

Applications for licenses must be made prior to Nov. 5.

LOST AND FOUND.

Fifty cents an agate line.

LOST.—1917 Ford touring, license No. 74,836, N. J.; motor No. 1,928,481; stolen, Englewood, N. J., Saturday night, Oct. 6; two tail lights, electric and oil; S. Z. shock absorbers; $50 reward for information leading to recovery. S. L. Sanford, Englewood, N. J. Phone 183R Englewood.

LOST.—Wallet, with notes and other papers, Broadway and 165th St., Tremont Av. and 177th St., or between 41st and 43d Sts. and Broadway; reward offered. M. Goldman, care Hindiemann & Weissman, 112 Bleecker St.

LOST.—In the vicinity of Hickson's, 52d St. and Fifth Av., a diamond platinum bar pin about four inches long, containing thirty-four stones; liberal reward; no questions asked. Mrs. C. F. Madden, 801 West End Av.

LOST.—Oct. 13, Adams Express book on 26th St., between 6th and 8th Avs. Finder please return to S. Altholz & Co., 30-34 West 26th. Farr. 9654.

LOST.—Gentleman's watch and chain; initials "J. K." on back; reward; no questions. Address J. Kiefer, 1,227 East 39th St., Brooklyn.

LOST.—In or near 5th Av. Building, 5th Av. and 23d St., brown Fisher fur collar; reward offered. Return Room 1826, 30 East 42d St.

LOST.—Reward. Black enameled mourning shamrock pin en route to Globe Theatre, afternoon Oct. 12, edged with pearls, small diamond in centre. Telephone 1417 Audubon.

LOST.—Gold chain set with small diamonds, small gold lorgnette attached, Wednesday afternoon, Oct. 17. Reward offered at office of Hotel Devon, 70 West 55th.

LOST OR STOLEN.

One steel wheel, with tire, size 30x3½, front Flat automobile; liberal reward. Edward Spiegel, 1,579 Broadway.

LOST.—Three-stone diamond ring, gypsy setting, between Singer Building and Murray St. Reward if returned to 95 Liberty St., Room 1208.

LOST.—In Gimbel Bros., on the second floor, a red memo book, gilt edge. F. Lopez, Hotel Astor, Room 512, City.

LOST.—Sunday evening, 103d St., Broadway picture theatre, lady's moleskin neckpiece; reward. 620 West 115th St. Apt. 41.

LOST.—Fur neckpiece, Tuesday, in Grand Central Palace; reward. Scott, 255 West 97th St.

LOST.—Evening of Oct. 15 in taxi at Shanley's, Yonkers, sapphire bracelet set in platinum; reward. Seaman, 70 West 46th St.

LOST.—Monday, Oct. 15, vicinity of Ogden Av., 167th and 168th Sts., large sum of money. Walder, 1,207 Ogden Av.

LOST.—Gold Cornell University fraternity watch fob key. Finder return to McCormick, 65 Park Av., for reward.

LOST.—Portfolio, black; Hudson tube train; reward. Mr. Smith, 280 Broadway, Room 832.

LOST.—Tuesday night, subway or 23d St. car, bunch of keys; reward. 531 West 143d St. Apt. 3.

LOST.—Masonic charm set with diamonds; liberal reward for return. H. J. Grupe, 751 E. 137th.

LOST.—Reward. Lady's tortoise shell comb, Saturday, in German Theatre or taxi from there to Palacio Apt., 61 East 65th.

LOST.—Lady's nose glasses, three weeks ago; gold chain. Telephone Chelsea 3156.

LOST.—Citizen papers; returner will be rewarded. Rogoff, 1,145 Fox St., Bronx.

LOST.—Umbrella on bus, name handle; reward. Rogers Primm, 540 West 113th.

REWARD.—Lost, on Franklin Turnpike, near Suffern, Sunday evening, black traveling bag containing apparel. W. J. Ryan, 358 East 57th St.

REWARD.—Baum marten scarf; C. C. Shayne label; uptown Broadway car, 10:30 P. M. Monday, 100th St. Ross, 822 West End Av.

REWARD.—Fur neck scarf, Monday, Riverside bus. Return 305 Singer Bldg. Cortlandt 4072.

$200.00 REWARD.

Return diamond and platinum bracelet, 44 diamonds. Lost on 52d Av., Oct. 16. No questions asked. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$20 REWARD for return of silver fox and ermine neckpiece; uptown subway express, 72d St. station. J 20 Times.

Lost and Found—Cats and Dogs.

LOST.—OCT. 15, SMALL WHITE POODLE, FEMALE ANSWERS TO "BABY." LIBERAL REWARD. PLEASE BRING BACK MY PUPPY. MISS HARRISON, 256 WEST 97TH.

LOST.—Dog, Boston Terrier, 15 months old; dark gray, side of head white; named Girlie; 5th Av.; liberal reward. S. Reilly, Gotham Hotel.

LOST.—German sheep police dog; answers name Rummie; reward. Hotel Astor.

SOUTH SETS RECORD IN FOOD PRODUCTION

Commercial Congress Hears How the Agricultural Call Has Been Answered.

FARM LOAN ACT PRAISED

Harding Tells of Importance of Relations Between Banker and Business Man in War Crisis.

Agriculture and finances were the principal topics discussed yesterday at the various conferences of the Southern Commercial Congress at the Hotel Astor. At the Agricultural Conference, held in the morning, addresses were delivered on the food question and the Federal farm loan law was praised. At a luncheon tendered to W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, and George W. Norris, executive officer of the Federal Farm Loan Board, at the Hotel McAlpin by the Committees on Banking and Finance and Agriculture of the congress Mr. Harding spoke of the importance of close relations between banker and business man during the war crisis. What Southern colleges and universities are doing to meet the new demands made on education by the war were told at the Educational Conference, in the afternoon. Other sections of the congress discussed insurance, engineering and natural resources, and woman's work.

The response of Laurel, Miss., to the appeal for increased raising of food was given special and honorable mention in the agricultural conference. Charles Lathrop Pack of Asheville, N. C., President of the National Emergency Food Gardens Commission, told how the town of Laurel had sold the horses which had formerly drawn the apparatus of the Fire Department and other city vehicles in order to give them to farmers of the surrounding district for agricultural work, and then bought motor apparatus to take their places. The town commissioners then thought coal dealers were holding up the municipality on prices, he said, so the citizens turned out in a body and sawed enough wood to meet the needs of the school buildings and the City Hall. Laurel was given by Mr. Pack as only one instance of the readiness with which the South has responded to the call for more food. Other speakers, in lauding the work of the Federal Farm Loan banks, urged the passage of the bill proposed by Senator Fletcher of Florida, President of the Congress, for the establishment of chambers of agriculture, to do for the farmers what chambers of commerce do for business men.

"The South is breaking all records in food production," said Mr. Pack, "and the city farmer is doing his bit as never before. In North Carolina, for instance, there has been an increase in home canning production from 350,000 jars and cans last year to nearly 4,000,000 this year. In Virginia the 115 branches of the Woman's Suffrage Association asked for our daily garden planting lessons and other data just as the great newspapers of the country were receiving it, and made it their business to see that the material got to the local newspapers. In Kentucky the National League for Women's Service took up the campaign all over the State, and held exhibitions this Fall at all the county fairs. After the planting season the commission took up the canning and drying campaign all over the country, and our estimates show that 460,000,000 cans of food are being placed on the pantry shelves this Fall."

Loans At a Low Rate.

George W. Norris, Federal Farm Loan Commissioner, declared that the Farm Loan act was breaking the "vicious circle" wide open. "If the present $467,000,000 of farm loans paying 8.3 per cent. in interest and commissions were to be refunded at 5 per cent," he said, "there would be an annual interest saving of more than $15,000,000. The system will not only do this—it will enable thousands of small farmers to get loans at a low rate and on easy terms who would not have been able to borrow at all under previous conditions because private loaning companies did not care to bother with their small business. The obtaining of long-time loans will emancipate the borrowers from their economic thralldom to the supply merchant and the local banker and permit them to do safe and diversified farming."

Leonard G. Robinson, President of the Federal Land Bank of Springfield, Mass., declared that most of the opposition to the Farm Loan act had been due to a misapprehension of its true import.

"Ultra radicals," he said, "call it a banking measure; ultraconservatives regard it as a socialistic measure. This in itself shows it is neither the one nor the other. The best sentiment in the country among farmers and bankers alike, however they may differ in details, has gradually crystallized into the belief that the Federal Farm Loan act is one of the most constructive measures ever enacted by Congress."

David Lubin, American delegate to the International Institute of Agriculture at Rome, and Robert B. Van Cortlandt, Chairman of the Committee on Agriculture and Food Supply of the Congress, spoke in support of the Fletcher bill. Mr. Van Cortlandt also discussed the work of the Farmers' Non-Partisan League in North Dakota and said that it was of the highest importance to the success of farmers' organizations to make sure that there was no suspicion that they wanted to promote the welfare of one class of the population at the expense of others. He praised the Fletcher bill, declaring that a similar system had worked effectively in Germany, and added: "The war would be a good time to give this system a trial, as it could be put into operation as an emergency measure, and if shown to be workable and beneficial would without doubt become a permanent feature of our national institutions."

Mr. Lubin said that the economic system of mobilized agriculture was no longer an experiment. "It has proved itself a success in the Central European countries," he said, "and now also in France. It marks an evolution in the field of economics as important as that brought about by electric light in the field of physics. It is important to a country in time of war, for under it the agricultural industry of a country becomes as responsive to Government action as an automobile to its steering wheel. But it is equally important in time of peace; nay, it has now become an imperative necessity, for no country can now remain long in the front rank unless its agriculture is effectively mobilized."

H. T. Davis, President of the Federal Land Bank of New Orleans, said that the farm-loan system was especially calculated to remedy the evils of the tenant system and the one-crop system, and that, while the cure was sure to be slow, his section of the South was already seeing the light.

Senator Thomas P. Gore of Oklahoma talked on financing the war, advocating the employment of taxation as far as possible instead of borrowing, on the ground that borrowing tended to inflation and rising prices.

Talks Finance at Luncheon.

An inevitable decline in general securities was pictured by W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, as one of the logical consequences of flotation of large Government issues such as the second Liberty Loan, at the luncheon at the Hotel McAlpin, but he added that cool-headed banking would avert any money crisis. Mr. Harding also told the hundred or more bankers who gathered about the luncheon table, spread with war-time simplicity, and at which neither wines nor cigars were served, of the importance of close relations between banker and business man during the war crisis, and predicted that no serious disturbances need result from war financing. He announced that an encouraging disposition had been manifested by non-member banks in the last few days to come into the Federal Reserve system.

Introduced by Thomas S. Southgate, Vice President of the Congress, Mr. Harding said that when America entered the war the entire business of the country changed until the foremost business of America today is war.

"There is no business worth while today," he continued, "which is not connected in some way with the supply of material used in war. The progressive banker must keep in touch with events at all times. It is particularly important that he keep in touch with them now. Under ordinary conditions a banker makes loans at his discretion, scrutinising the securities he takes as collateral; today he must not only distinguish as to securities, but he must demand to know the object for which the money loaned is to be spent."

The speaker said he sincerely believed it was a mistaken policy for bankers to withhold from the market any commodity of which the Government or the people stood in need, pointing out that the higher price levels reached the greater the burden on the consumer. To supply such needs, he urged, bankers should be liberal in extending credits.

"When the Government is floating large loans, other securities such as those of railroads," he said, "are bound to suffer. Of course we cannot protect them. There is bound to be a readjustment of values, and that is the penalty we must pay. But I think that a wholesale slaughter can be prevented. I do not think that this recent shrinkage in values was due to an organized bear campaign, but rather to the natural result. I think from the quotations of yesterday and today that the slump has been arrested, that the people are gathering their second breath."

Mr. Harding next discussed the statement attributed to Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo that $14,000,000,000 in loans were to be put out between now and next July. He had heard comment, he said, to the effect that if a railroad company, for example, were going to float a large loan it would not advise the public in advance. "But if it is true that this amount of money is to be raised by the Government, the people are entitled to know it," he asserted. "They should be taken into the confidence of the Government."

Predicting the success of the Liberty Loan, Mr. Harding urged widest participation in it, adding: "I think the $5,000,000,000 will be divided among 8,000,000 people. This loan money will ultimately seek its level, as will money subscribed to any other loans which may follow."

George W. Norris of the Federal Farm Loan Board, the other guest of honor, dwelt upon the present importance of agriculture, and said he rejoiced that under the Federal Farm Loan law the farmer could borrow ready money to prosecute and extend his work.

"The agricultural production of the country," he said, "last year amounted to $11,000,000,000 in round figures, and the production for the coming year is estimated at about $17,000,000,000. It will be seen, therefore, that the amount of money asked for by the Government is more than met by the production of the farmer." Mr. Norris urged the bankers of the country to deal liberally with the farmers, pointing out that they must be depended upon to supply not only the needs of the nation, but a large part of those of our allies.

Work In Southern Colleges.

Dr. William H. Thornton of the University of Virginia in the afternoon told the Educational Conference of the new work being done in Southern Colleges. "New courses are offered in the political geography of all the great European States," he said, "in meteorology, in physical geography, and in international law and diplomacy. From the school of engineering have been taken over courses in plane surveying, topographical surveying, topographical drawing, map making, navigation, field astronomy, automobile construction and care, and the characteristics and uses of timber. Other courses are those in telegraphy, telephony, wireless, signaling, and photography, taught so as to obtain practical values as well as scientific understanding."

P. P. Claxton, Federal Commissioner of Education, and Dr. W. S. Currell, President of the University of South Carolina, also spoke.

At the insurance conference, Judge W. Julian Mack explained the indemnity and insurance plan for the soldiers and sailors, and former Governor Edwin Warfield of Maryland told of the spread of surety insurance and bonding in the South.

WILL ADVERTISE THE SOUTH.

Commercial Congress Plans to Raise $1,200,000 for the Work.

At the closing session of the Southern Commercial Congress last night, on motion of Leland Hume, Chairman of the Resolutions Committee, resolutions with the following provisions were adopted:

To raise $1,200,000, in levies of $25,000 a year for the next three years from each of the sixteen Southern States, for the purpose of advertising the South, under the direction of a committee consisting of the Governors of the States and another member appointed from each State by the President of the Congress.

To devote the energies of the Congress to the enactment of Federal legislation for improving the national system of the marketing of agricultural products.

To urge legislation for the development of water power on navigable rivers and in public lands, with due regard to the safeguarding of public interests.

To ask the Legislatures of the Southern States to utilize convict labor in construction and maintenance of highways.

The resolution on the war read in part as follows: "The Southern Commercial Congress insists that the outstanding fact that we are in the most stupendous war of all times is the controlling fact which precludes all argument as to the cause and reasons and admits of no contention as to why and how. The congress stands for winning the war, and when the war is won and Germany made powerless, or free, it devotedly trusts, as does the nation, that a peace may be secured that will be just and righteous, and that it will be so safeguarded by a 'league of honor among democratic nations' or by some other plan that it shall become the permanent bulwark and hope of the nation."

Other resolutions expressed appreciation of the work of the Southern States Exposition, and of the hospitality of New York in general and the efforts of Oscar S. Straus, Chairman of the New York General Committee, in particular.

A loving cup was presented to Mr. Straus by Ben Altheimer in the name of the Directors of the congress, in appreciation of his efforts in connection with the convention.

At the closing meeting W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, said that the strain imposed on American banking resources by the problem of financing the present war was by no means as heavy in proportion as that presented during the civil war, and that wise and foreseeing leadership by the bankers would be able to direct the most satisfactory distribution of capital to meet war needs without too much weakening of the values of domestic securities.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury L. S. Rowe pointed out that the movement of Latin-American nations to the support of the United States in the war, though somewhat slow, was certain and had already progressed far. He said that care should be taken that our necessary war measures did no harm to Latin America.

Other speakers were William Peabody Malburn, chief National Bank Examiner; John Clausen, Vice President of the Crocker National Bank of San Francisco, and Hamilton Holt.

TO FIGHT NEW PROFITS TAX.

Penn Mutual May Start Opposition for the Insurance Companies.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 17.—Millions of dollars will be involved in a fight which mutual life insurance companies all over the United States will wage against any attempt on the part of the Government, under the War Revenue act, to collect excess profits taxes from them if the attitude of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company of this city is emulated by other concerns of the same kind. That the Penn Mutual will make a contest was indicated today by L. K. Passmore, Vice President of the company, wso said:

"In times such as these we want to pay our proper share of taxes, but we do not want to encourage an interpretation of the law which would place an unjust burden on companies of this kind. We have no capital stock and no profits. The company is operated solely for the benefit of its members.

"We admit our liability to the 2 per cent. income tax under the law of 1916, to the 4 per cent. income tax under this year's war revenue law, to 80 cents a $1,000 on our $102,000,000 annual business, and to the host of stamp taxes on various sorts of papers, such as assignments and transfers. Beyond that we do not believe we should be taxed."

'Sam Browne' Belts Are Barred Here

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—The War Department today put a ban on the wearing of "Sam Browne" belts by American officers serving within the limits of the United States. These belts have been worn by a number of British army officers and consist of a broad waist belt of leather, connected with a narrower leather strap that goes over the shoulder. The "Sam Browne" belts serve no useful purpose but set off the uniform of an officer.

MRS. DE SAULLES PLEADS.

Answers "Not Guilty," and Probably Will Be Tried Next Month.

MINEOLA, L. I., Oct. 17.—Mrs. Blanca De Saulles, accompanied by her counsel, Henry A. Uterhart and County Judge Lewis J. Smith, but showing little interest in the proceedings, was arraigned before Supreme Court Justice Jaycox here this afternoon to plead to the indictment charging her with the murder of her husband, John H. De Saulles, at his home in Westbury on the night of Aug. 3 last.

None of Mrs. De Saulles's relatives nor any of her husband's was in court when she was arraigned and there were very few curious persons about the courthouse.

The court clerk asked how she pleaded to the indictment charging murder in the first degree and Mr. Uterhart answered "Not guilty." There was some debate as to the date of trial and counsel for Mrs. De Saulles said they would be ready about the first week in November. District Attorney Weeks refused to say whether he would call the case to trial at that time, but intimated that he would also be ready.

Safe Milk for Infants and Invalids
HORLICK'S
THE ORIGINAL
MALTED MILK
Rich milk, malted grain, in powder form. For infants, invalids and growing children. Pure nutrition, upbuilding the whole body. Invigorates nursing mothers and the aged. More nutritious than tea, coffee, etc. Instantly prepared. Requires no cooking.
Substitutes Cost YOU Same Price

TAPS
Relieves
Auto-Intoxication
ALL DRUGSTORES — 10c

Satin Lined Overcoats, $40

In this era of soaring prices an offer like this comes as a startling surprise, and yet such values are not unusual at Arnheim's.

Early purchases of all wool exclusive novelties and standard fabrics have made remarkable offerings possible. That's all.

Every garment fashioned to your liking and guaranteed to meet with your absolute approval. Samples on request.

Suits to measure at equally attractive prices.

Arnheim
TWO STORES
BROADWAY & NINTH STREET AND
BET. 42D ST., BET. FIFTH & MADISON AVES.

Do you want the boys who have gone to the front to come back? The purchase of a Liberty Loan Bond helps to insure their return.

Liberty Loan Subscriptions accepted at both our stores.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

The military overcoat
Stylish and serviceable

It's the newest thing for fall; has the soldierly comfort and the military snap and spirit; made in several variations; every one right—right in style, fit, and quality; all-wool for wear, looks, and economy.

Ask the dealer to show you the different designs and be sure to see our label sewed in the pocket before you buy; it's a small thing to look for, a big thing to find.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

Here's the place to get acquainted with the military idea; it's in these all-wool Hart Schaffner & Marx overcoats

Wallach Bros.

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 38th
Third Ave., cor. 125d
846-848 West 125th
Open Saturdays

Godowsky
Appearing at Carnegie Hall, Saturday, Oct. 20th

The sheer beauty of Godowsky's playing, always marked by an exquisite touch, intensity of feeling, and a marvelous technique, has made him one of the greatest stars of the concert platform in America and Europe.

Godowsky makes records exclusively for Columbia, and his remarkable touch and technique are as clearly discernible in the Columbia reproductions as in the playing of the great artist himself.

Ask your dealer to play any of the Godowsky records for you on the Columbia Grafonola, and you will then understand why the great pianist himself chose to make records for Columbia, and why these records are in greatest demand where appreciation of musical art is keenest.

New Columbia Records on Sale the 20th of Each Month

Columbia Grafonola Price $200. Other models at $15 to $350

Columbia Records

Walk Better, Work Better

Whether your work is inside or out, on your feet or sitting, your day will be worth more if your feet are comfortable.

People in every form of work have found this true in wearing the DR. A. REED CUSHION SHOE. They walk better in them—they work better in them. Every hour is made more profitable.

The cushion of felt and cork—a part of the sole of every shoe—makes a big difference.

Most styles $7 to $9.

Dr. A. Reed CUSHION SHOES
For Men, Made by J.P. SMITH SHOE CO. For Women, Made by JOHN ROBERTS SHOE CO.
SOLD ONLY AT
1372 Broadway, at 37th St.
12 Park Place, Woolworth Bldg.